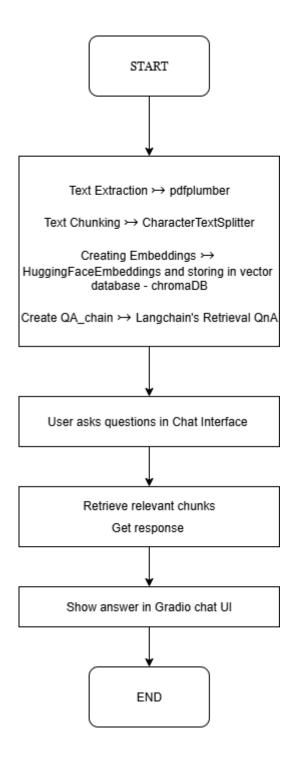
# PDF-BASED CHATBOT

### **Problem Statement**

PDFs are widely used in academic settings and professional workplaces as research papers, reports, manual, and legal papers. Manually extracting relevant information from these documents to find specific information can be time-consuming and inefficient. This project uses large language models (LLMs) and retrieval systems to automate that process. It allows users to upload any PDF and interact with it through a chatbot. The chatbot provides instant, accurate answers using AI tools like Google Gemini and LangChain.

### **Flowchart**



### **Methodology**

Our project uses the following skillset:

- 1. Programming Language: Python is used for building, training and deploying the model
- 2. Libraries Used:
  - → Gradio: The trained model is integrated into a Gradio Interface
  - → pdfplumer: For extracting text from PDF files
  - → Langchain: For creating the retrieval-based QA chain
  - → chromaDB: Vector database used to store and retrieve text embeddings
- 3. Large Language Model(LLM): Google Generative AI (**gemini-2.5-pro**)
- 4. Embeddings: HuggingFace Embedding To convert text chunks into numerical vectors

#### Steps:

- PDF Upload and Text Extraction:
   User uploads a PDF file via a Gradio interface. The text is extracted using pdfplumber.
- 2. Text Preprocessing:

The text is split into manageable chunks using LangChain's CharacterTextSplitter.

3. Embeddings & Vector Store:

Each chunk is embedded using HuggingFaceEmbeddings. Chunks are stored in Chroma, a vector database. This allows for efficient semantic similarity searches when a user asks a question.

4. Question Answering Chain:

When a user inputs a question, the chatbot retrieves the most relevant text chunks from ChromaDB and sends them to the Gemini model(gemini-2.5-pro). LangChain's RetrievalQA chain is used to handle this process.

### **Algorithm**

#### **PDF Chatbot Algorithm:**

- 1. Receive PDF file from user.
- 2. Use pdfplumber to extract text from each page.
- 3. Split the extracted text into overlapping chunks.
- 4. Convert chunks into vector embeddings using HuggingFace.
- 5. Store the vectorized chunks in ChromaDB.
- 6. Set up a RetrievalQA chain with Gemini LLM and Chroma retriever.
- 7. When a user asks a question:
  - a. Retrieve top relevant chunks from Chroma.
  - b. Provide retrieved chunks to Gemini for context-aware response.
  - c. Return answer to the user in the chat interface.

# **Code**

```
!pip install langchain chromadb gradio google-generativeai pdfplumber transformers
langchain-google-genai langchain-community
import os
os.environ['GOOGLE_API_KEY'] = 'AIzaSyCvO8UqBJNIIvXjpsHVPCpy8TRDlcurZZg'

from langchain_google_genai import ChatGoogleGenerativeAI
llm = ChatGoogleGenerativeAI(model="gemini-2.5-pro", temperature=0.2)

import pdfplumber
import tempfile

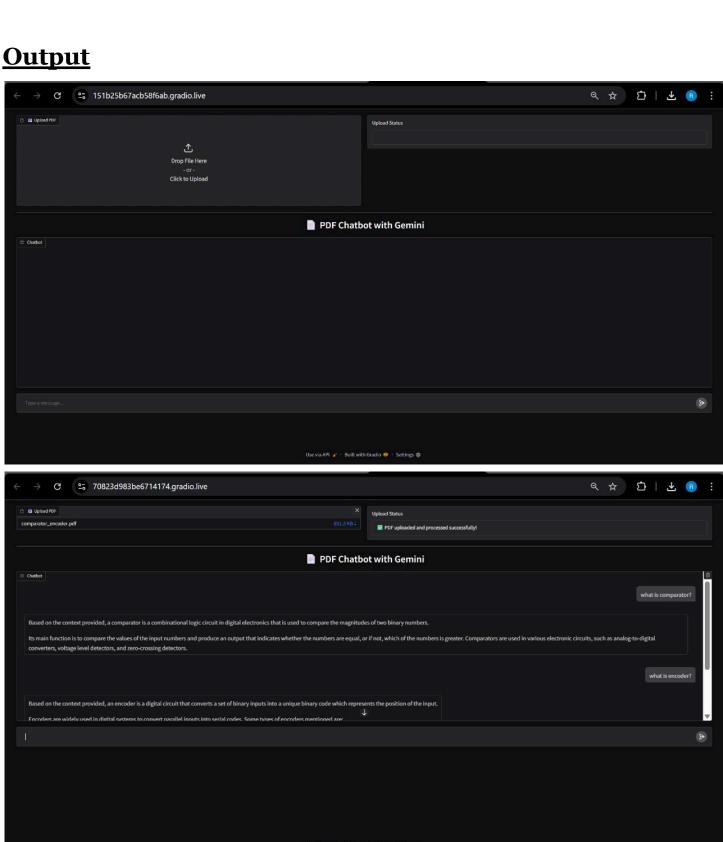
#Function to extract content from pdf using pdfplumber
def read_pdf(file_obj):
    try:
        with pdfplumber.open(file_obj) as pdf:
        text = ""
        for page in pdf.pages:
```

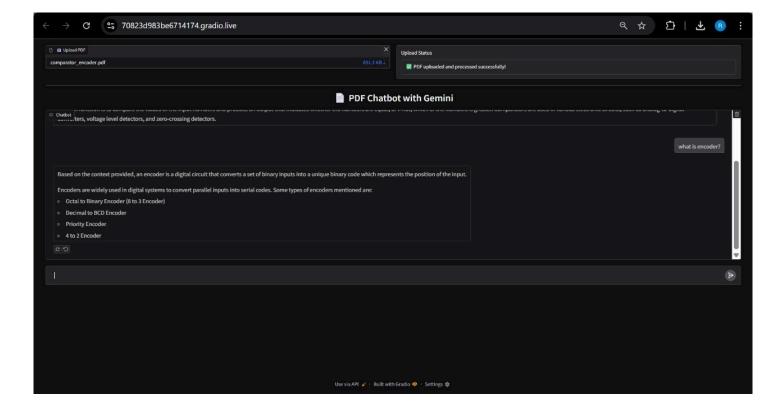
```
page_text = page.extract_text()
                if page text:
                    text += page text + "\n"
    except Exception as e:
        return f"PDF Read Error: {e}"
from langchain.text splitter import CharacterTextSplitter
def chunk text(text, chunk size=1000, chunk overlap=200):
    splitter = CharacterTextSplitter(separator="\n", chunk size=chunk size,
chunk overlap=chunk overlap)
    return splitter.split text(text)
from langchain.embeddings import HuggingFaceEmbeddings
embedding = HuggingFaceEmbeddings()
from langchain.vectorstores import Chroma
def create_vector store(chunks):
    return Chroma.from texts(texts=chunks, embedding=embedding)
from langchain.chains import RetrievalQA
#Setting up a RetrievalQA Chain
    qa_chain = RetrievalQA.from_chain_type(
       llm=llm,
        chain type="stuff",
        retriever=retriever,
import gradio as gr
qa_chain = None
def process_pdf(file):
    try:
       if not file:
            return "X No file uploaded."
        text = read pdf(file)
        if text.startswith("PDF Read Error"):
```

```
if not chunks:
            return "X No text content found in PDF."
       vectorstore = create vector store(chunks)
       qa_chain = create_qa_chain(vectorstore)
        return "V PDF uploaded and processed successfully!"
    except Exception as e:
       return f"X Error during processing: {str(e)}"
def answer_question(question, history):
       history.append({"role": "assistant", "content": "X Please upload a PDF
       return history
       print(f" User asked: {question}")
       docs = qa chain.retriever.get relevant documents(question)
       print(f" Retrieved {len(docs)} relevant chunks.")
        for i, doc in enumerate(docs[:2]):
            print(f"Chunk 1:\n{doc.page content[:300]}...\n")
        response = qa chain.invoke({"query": question})
       answer = response.get("result", "No answer found.")
       history.append({"role": "user", "content": question})
       history.append({"role": "assistant", "content": answer})
        return history
    except Exception as e:
       print("X Exception during question answering:", e)
       history.append({"role": "assistant", "content": f"X Error: {e}"})
       return history
upload = gr.File(label="Upload PDF")
chatbot = gr.ChatInterface(fn=answer question, type='messages', title=" 📄 PDF Chatbot
with Gemini", fill height=True)
app = gr.Blocks()
with app:
```

```
with gr.Row():
     upload_button = gr.File(label=" Upload PDF", file_types=['.pdf'])
     output = gr.Textbox(label="Upload Status")
     upload_button.change(fn=process_pdf, inputs=upload_button, outputs=output)
     chatbot.render()

app.launch(share=True)
```





# **Conclusion**

This project presents an efficient and user-friendly solution for interacting with PDF documents. By combining text extraction, chunking, vector-based search, and a responsive interface, it enables users to ask questions and receive relevant answers from their uploaded PDFs.

The system simplifies the process of finding information in large documents, making it especially useful for students, educators, and professionals. Overall, it enhances productivity by reducing the time spent manually searching through PDFs and offers a practical tool for document-based learning and reference.