ASSIGNMENT 6A

#Mainwindow.h

```
#ifndef MAINWINDOW H
#define MAINWINDOW H
#include <QMainWindow>
QT BEGIN NAMESPACE
namespace Ui { class MainWindow; }
QT END NAMESPACE
class demo{
public:
    void plot(Ui::MainWindow*);
    void bresenham circle(int xCenter, int yCenter, int radius,
Ui::MainWindow *);
    void dda line(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2, Ui::MainWindow *);
    void bresenham line(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, Ui::MainWindow *);
    friend class MainWindow;
};
class MainWindow : public QMainWindow
    Q OBJECT
public:
    MainWindow(QWidget *parent = nullptr);
    ~MainWindow();
    demo obj;
    void delay(int millisecondsTowait);
private slots:
    void on pushButton clicked();
    void on pushButton 2 clicked();
    void on_pushButton_3_clicked();
private:
    Ui::MainWindow *ui;
    friend class demo;
#endif // MAINWINDOW H
#Mainwindow.cpp
#include "mainwindow.h"
#include "ui mainwindow.h"
#include <QColorDialog>
#include <QMessageBox>
#include <QTime>
MainWindow::MainWindow(QWidget *parent)
   : QMainWindow(parent)
    , ui(new Ui::MainWindow)
```

```
{
    ui->setupUi(this);
MainWindow::~MainWindow()
    delete ui;
void delay(int millisecondsTowait) {
    QTime dieTime=QTime::currentTime().addMSecs(millisecondsTowait);
    while (QTime::currentTime() < dieTime) {</pre>
        QCoreApplication::processEvents(QEventLoop::AllEvents,100);
}
QRgb c(qRgb(255,250,255)); //for white color(250 is for white and 0 is for black)
QImage k(500,500,QImage::Format RGB888);
void demo::bresenham circle(int xCenter, int yCenter, int radius, Ui::MainWindow *ui)
{
    int x = 0;
    int y = radius;
    int d = 3 - (2 * radius); //intial decision parameter
    int x_arr[1000], y_arr[1000];
    int count = 0;
            while (x \le y)
                if (d > 0)
                    d = d + 4 * (x - y) + 10;
                    y--;
                }
                else
                    d = d + (4 * x) + 6;
                }
                x++;
                k.setPixel(xCenter + x, yCenter - y, c); // this is the first octant
of the circle
                ui->label_4->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(k));
ui->label_4->show();
                x arr[count] = x,
                y arr[count] = y;
                count++;
                delay(20);
              for(int i = 0; i < count; i++)
//
                                                    //This is the second octant
//
//
                  k.setPixel(xCenter + y_arr[i], yCenter - x_arr[i], c);
11
                  delay(20);
11
                  ui->label_4->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(k));
//
                  ui->label 4->show();
//
//
              for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
                                                   //These are the 3rd and 4th
quadrants. Reflection about x-axis.
//
              {
11
                  k.setPixel(xCenter + x_arr[i], yCenter + y_arr[i], c);
11
                  k.setPixel(xCenter - x_arr[i], yCenter + y_arr[i], c);
11
                  k.setPixel(xCenter + y_arr[i], yCenter + x_arr[i], c);
//
                  k.setPixel(xCenter - y_arr[i], yCenter + x_arr[i],c);
11
                  delay(20);
//
                  ui->label 4->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(k));
```

```
//
                  ui->label 4->show();
11
//
              for(int i = 0; i < count; i++) //This is the second quadrant.
Reflection about y-axis.
//
              {
//
                  k.setPixel(xCenter - y arr[i], yCenter - x arr[i], c);
//
                  k.setPixel(xCenter - x_arr[i], yCenter - y_arr[i], c);
//
                  delay(20);
//
                  ui->label 4->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(k));
//
                  ui->label 4->show();
//
            for(int i = 0; i < count; i++) {</pre>
               k.setPixel(xCenter + y arr[i], yCenter - x arr[i], c);
               k.setPixel(xCenter + x_arr[i], yCenter + y_arr[i], c);
               k.setPixel(xCenter - x_arr[i], yCenter + y_arr[i], c);
               k.setPixel(xCenter + y arr[i], yCenter + x arr[i], c);
               k.setPixel(xCenter - y arr[i], yCenter + x arr[i],c);
               k.setPixel(xCenter - y arr[i], yCenter - x arr[i], c);
               k.setPixel(xCenter - x arr[i], yCenter - y arr[i], c);
               delay(20);
               ui->label_4->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(k));
               ui->label 4->show();
}
void demo::bresenham line(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, Ui::MainWindow *ui)
    int dx = abs(x2 - x1);
       int sx = x1 < x2 ? 1 : -1; // condition to check if x1 > x2 then we need to
decrement.
        int dy = -abs(y2 - y1);
        int sy = y1 < y2 ? 1 : -1;
        int err = dx + dy; // error value as we have taken dy negative so its dx - dy
        // err is to get the integer value of the nearest pixel
        while (true)
            k.setPixel(x1, y1, c);
            if (x1 == x2 && y1 == y2)
                break;
            int e2 = 2 * err; // decision parameter
            if (e2 >= dy)
                err += dy;
                x1 += sx;
            if (e2 <= dx)
                err += dx;
                y1 += sy;
        ui->label->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(k));
void demo::dda line(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2, Ui::MainWindow *ui)
    float dx = (x2 - x1);
        float dy = (y2 - y1);
        float step = (abs(dx) \ge abs(dy)) ? abs(dx) : abs(dy); // this is the no of
steps the program must run
        // also checks if slope > 1 or < 1.
```

```
dx = dx / step; // this is the increment that must happen in each step
       dy = dy / step;
       float x = x1, y = y1;
       int i = 1;
       while (i <= step) // repeat the loop till step gets over
           k.setPixel(x, y, c);
           x += dx;
           y += dy;
           _
i++;
       ui->label->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(k));
}//hi
void MainWindow::on pushButton clicked()
   QMessageBox message, msg, msg1;
                                             //Exception handling to check the
entered values. Accepts integers only from 1 to 400.
       if(ui->textEdit->toPlainText().isEmpty()||ui->textEdit 2-
>toPlainText().isEmpty()||ui->textEdit 3->toPlainText().isEmpty())
           message.information(0,"Error!","Empty Inbox");
       }
       else if(ui->textEdit->toPlainText().toInt() > 500 || ui->textEdit 2-
>toPlainText().toInt() > 500 || ui->textEdit_3->toPlainText().toInt() > 500 )
       {
           msg.information(0,"Error", "Enter integer values between 1 to 400 only!");
       else if(ui->textEdit->toPlainText().toUInt() && ui->textEdit 2-
>toPlainText().toUInt() && ui->textEdit 3->toPlainText().toUInt())
           obj.plot(ui);
       }
       else
       {
           msgl.information(0, "Error", "Enter integer values between 1 to 500!");
void demo::plot(Ui::MainWindow *ui){
   int xC = ui->textEdit->toPlainText().toInt();
   int yC = ui->textEdit 2->toPlainText().toInt();
   int rad = ui->textEdit 3->toPlainText().toInt();
   float x1 = xC + rad * (float) sqrt(3) / 2;
   float x2 = xC - rad * (float) sqrt(3) / 2;
   float y1 = yC + rad / 2;
   //for drawing inner circle
   dda line(x1, y1, x2, y1, ui);
   dda_line(x1, y1, xC, (float)yC - rad, ui);
   bresenham line(x2, y1, (float)xC, (float)yC - rad, ui); //left side of
the triangle
void MainWindow::on pushButton 2 clicked()
   QRgb Color(QColorDialog::getColor().rgb());
   c=Color;
```

```
void MainWindow::on_pushButton_3_clicked()
{
    for (int x=0;x<500;++x) {
        for (int y=0;y<500;++y) {
             k.setPixel(x,y,qRgb(0,0,0));
        }
    }
    ui->label_4->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(k));
}
```

ASSIGNMENT 6B

#Mainwindow.h

```
#ifndef MAINWINDOW H
#define MAINWINDOW H
#include <QMainWindow>
QT BEGIN NAMESPACE
namespace Ui { class MainWindow; }
QT END NAMESPACE
class MainWindow : public QMainWindow
    Q_OBJECT
public:
    MainWindow(QWidget *parent = nullptr);
    ~MainWindow();
    void bresenham_circle(int x_center,int y_center,int radius);
    void DDA Line(float x1,float y1,float x2,float y2);
    void bresenham line(int x1,int y1,int y2,int x2);
    void assignment();
    void delay(int millisecondsTowait);
private slots:
    void on pushButton clicked();
    void on pushButton 2 clicked();
    void on pushButton 3 clicked();
private:
   Ui::MainWindow *ui;
#endif // MAINWINDOW H
```

#Mainwindow.cpp

```
//Bresenham's circle drawing algorithm.
#include "mainwindow.h"
#include "ui mainwindow.h"
#include <QColorDialog>
#include <OMessageBox>
#include <QTime>
//Initialization of display screen
QImage img(600 , 600, QImage::Format RGB888); //for white color(250 is for white and 0
is for black)
QRgb rgb(qRgb(255, 255, 255));
MainWindow::MainWindow(QWidget *parent)
    : QMainWindow(parent)
    , ui(new Ui::MainWindow)
   ui->setupUi(this);
}
MainWindow::~MainWindow()
   delete ui;
void delay(int millisecondsTowait) {
   QTime dieTime=QTime::currentTime().addMSecs(millisecondsTowait);
    while (QTime::currentTime() < dieTime) {</pre>
        QCoreApplication::processEvents(QEventLoop::AllEvents,100);
void MainWindow::on pushButton clicked()
   assignment();
void MainWindow::assignment()
    // Taking input of diagonal coordinates from the user
    QMessageBox message, message2, message3, msg3;
    if (ui->textEdit->toPlainText().isEmpty() || ui->textEdit 2-
>toPlainText().isEmpty() || ui->textEdit 3->toPlainText().isEmpty() || ui->textEdit 4-
>toPlainText().isEmpty()) {
        message.information(0, "Error", "Enter value in all the boxes");
// else if(ui->textEdit->toPlainText().isSimpleText() && ui->textEdit_2-
>toPlainText().isSimpleText() && ui->textEdit 3->toPlainText().isSimpleText()) {
         message2.information(0,"Error","Enter Numerical values only");
//
//
    }
    else if(ui->textEdit->toPlainText().toInt() > 600 || ui->textEdit 2-
>toPlainText().toInt() > 600 || ui->textEdit 3->toPlainText().toInt() > 600 || ui-
>textEdit 4->toPlainText().toInt() > 600){
       message3.information(0,"Error", "The entered value is out of bounds");
    else if(ui->textEdit->toPlainText().toInt() &&ui->textEdit 2-
>toPlainText().toInt() && ui->textEdit 3->toPlainText().toInt() && ui->textEdit 4-
>toPlainText().toInt())
```

```
{
       int x1 = ui->textEdit->toPlainText().toInt();
       int y1 = ui->textEdit 2->toPlainText().toInt();
        int x2 = ui->textEdit 3->toPlainText().toInt();
        int y2 = ui->textEdit 4->toPlainText().toInt();
    // Calculating the center of the inside circle
        int xC = (x1 + x2)/2;
        int yC = (y1 + y2)/2;
    // Drawing the outside quadrilateral using DDA line drawing Algorithm function
        DDA Line(x1, y1, x2, y1);
        DDA_Line(x1, y1, x1, y2);
        DDA_Line(x1, y2, x2, y2);
        DDA\_Line(x2,y1,x2,y2);
    // Drawing the inside quadrilateral using DDA line drawing Algorithm function
        DDA Line (xC, y1, x1, yC);
        DDA Line(x1, yC, xC, y2);
        DDA_Line(xC, y2, x2, yC);
        DDA_Line(x2, yC, xC, y1);
    // Calculating radius of circle
        int xi = (x1-xC)/2;
        int yi = (y1-yC)/2;
        int xsq = xi*xi;
       int ysq = yi*yi;
        int rad = sqrt((xsq) + (ysq));
    //Drawing circle using Bressemham Circle Drawing Algorithm function
       bresenham circle(xC,yC,rad);
    }
   else{
       msg3.information(0,"Error","Enter the Numberic Vaule!"); //other than intger
won't work
   }
// Implementation of Bressemham Circle Drawing Algorithm
void MainWindow::bresenham circle(int xCenter, int yCenter, int radius)
   //in this method next pixel selected is that one who is at least distance
   int x = 0;
    int y = radius;
    int d = 3 - (2*radius); //Initial dicision parameter
    //Algorithm
   while (x \le y) {
        if(d > 0)
            d = d + 4 * (x-y) + 10; //next decition paratmetr
           y--;
        else {
            d = d + (4 * x) + 6; //next decition paratmetr
        }
        img.setPixel(xCenter + x, yCenter + y , rgb);
                                                       //octet-1
        img.setPixel(xCenter - x, yCenter + y , rgb); //octet-2
        img.setPixel(xCenter + x, yCenter - y , rgb);
                                                       //octet-3
        img.setPixel(xCenter - x, yCenter - y , rgb);
                                                        //octet-4
```

```
img.setPixel(xCenter + y, yCenter + x , rgb);
                                                       //octet-5
        img.setPixel(xCenter + y, yCenter - x , rgb); //octet-6
        img.setPixel(xCenter - y, yCenter + x , rgb); //octet-7
        img.setPixel(xCenter - y, yCenter - x , rgb); //octet-8
    }
   ui->label->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(img));
   ui->label->show();
// Implementation of DDA line drawing Algorithm
void MainWindow::DDA Line(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2)
    float dx = (x2-x1);
   float dy = (y2-y1);
                        // m(slope)=dy/dx
    float step = 0;
    if (abs(dx) >= abs(dy)) \{ //absoulute vaule \}
       step = abs(dx);
    }else {
       step = abs(dy);
    dx=dx/step;
    dy=dy/step;
    float x=x1, y=y1;
    int i = 1;
    while (i <= step) {</pre>
        img.setPixel(x,y,rgb);
        x += dx;
         y += dy;
        i++;
    ui->label->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(img));
}
// Colour selector button
void MainWindow::on pushButton 2 clicked()
    QRgb color (QColorDialog::getColor().rgb());
   rgb = color;
}
// Clear Screen buttton
void MainWindow::on pushButton 3 clicked()
    for (int x = 0; x < 600; ++x)
    for (int y = 0; y < 600; ++y)
    {
      img.setPixel(x, y, qRgb(0, 0, 0));
    }
 ui->label->setPixmap(QPixmap::fromImage(img));
```

OUTPUT:



