Pre-requisites:

1) Install JDK-8

sudo apt-get remove openjdk* sudo apt update sudo apt install openjdk-8-jdk openjdk-8-jre

Do this Only if any error occured

Title: Remote Method Invocation

```
Program:
Interface - AddServerIntf.java
import java.rmi.*;
public interface AddServerIntf extends Remote {
public int add(int d1, int d2) throws RemoteException;
Class – AddServerImpl.java
import java.rmi.*;
import java.rmi.server.*;
public class AddServerImpl extends UnicastRemoteObject
implements AddServerIntf {
public AddServerImpl() throws RemoteException {
super();}
public int add(int d1, int d2) throws RemoteException {
return d1 + d2;
}
Class – AddServer.java
import java.net.*;
import java.rmi.*;
public class AddServer {
public static void main(String args[]) {
try {
AddServerImpl addServerImpl = new AddServerImpl();
Naming.rebind("AddServer", addServerImpl);
System.out.println("Server Started");
catch(Exception e) {
System.out.println("Exception: " + e);
}
Class-AddClient.java
import java.rmi.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class AddClient {
  public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception {
    // Create a scanner object to read input from the user
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
// Prompt the user to enter two numbers
     System.out.print("Enter the first number: ");
     int num1 = scanner.nextInt();
     System.out.print("Enter the second number: ");
     int num2 = scanner.nextInt();
     // Close the scanner
     scanner.close();
     // Perform the RMI lookup and addition
     AddServerIntf obj = (AddServerIntf)Naming.lookup("AddServer");
     int result = obj.add(num1, num2);
     // Display the result
     System.out.println("Addition: " + result);
  }
}
Output:
1<sup>st</sup> terminal:
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 1 and 2$ javac *java
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 1 and 2$ rmiregistry
2nd terminal
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 1 and 2$ java AddServer
Server Started
3rd terminal
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 1 and 2$ java AddClient
Enter the first number: 25
Enter the second number: 25
Addition: 50
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 1 and 2$
Commands
1<sup>St</sup> Teminal
javac *java
rmiregistry
2<sup>nd</sup> Terminal
java AddServer
3<sup>rd</sup> Terminal
```

java AddClient

Title: Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)

Program:

```
ReverseClient.java
// client
import ReverseModule.*;
import org.omg.CosNaming.*;
import org.omg.CosNaming.NamingContextPackage.*;
import org.omg. CORBA.*;
import java.io.*;
class ReverseClient
{
      public static void main(String args[])
              Reverse ReverseImpl=null;
              try
             // initialize the ORB
              org.omg.CORBA.ORB orb = org.omg.CORBA.ORB.init(args, null);
              org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef = orb.resolve initial references
("NameService");
              NamingContextExt ncRef = NamingContextExtHelper.narrow (objRef);
              String name = "Reverse";
              ReverseImpl = ReverseHelper.narrow(ncRef.resolve str(name));
```

```
System.out.println("Enter String=");
              BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(System.in));
              String str = br.readLine();
              String tempStr = ReverseImpl.reverse string(str);
              System.out.println(tempStr);
              }
              catch (Exception e)
              e.printStackTrace();
       }
}
ReverseImpl.java
import ReverseModule.ReversePOA;
import java.lang.String;
class ReverseImpl extends ReversePOA
{
       ReverseImpl()
              super();
              System.out.println("Reverse Object Created");
       }
       public String reverse_string(String name)
```

```
{
              StringBuffer str=new StringBuffer(name);
              str.reverse();
              return (("Server Send "+str));
       }
}
ReverseServer.java
import ReverseModule.*;
import org.omg.CosNaming.*;
import org.omg.CosNaming.NamingContextPackage.*;
import org.omg.CORBA.*;
import org.omg.PortableServer.*;
class ReverseServer
{
       public static void main(String[] args)
              try
              {
                     // initialize the ORB
                     org.omg.CORBA. ORB orb = org.omg.CORBA.ORB.init(args, null);
                     // initialize the BOA/POA
                     POA rootPOA =
POAHelper.narrow(orb.resolve initial references("RootPOA"));
```

```
rootPOA.the_POAManager().activate();
                     // creating the calculator object
                     ReverseImpl rvr = new ReverseImpl();
                     // get the object reference from the servant class
                     org.omg.CORBA.Object ref = rootPOA.servant to reference(rvr);
                     System.out.println("Step1");
                     Reverse h ref = ReverseModule.ReverseHelper.narrow(ref);
                     System.out.println("Step2");
                     org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef =
orb.resolve initial references("NameService");
                     System.out.println("Step3");
                     NamingContextExt ncRef =
NamingContextExtHelper.narrow(objRef);
                     System.out.println("Step4");
                     String name = "Reverse";
                     NameComponent path[] = ncRef.to name(name);
                     ncRef.rebind(path,h ref);
```

```
System.out.println("Reverse Server reading and waiting....");
orb.run();
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    e.printStackTrace();
}

ReverseModule.idl

module ReverseModule
{
interface Reverse
{
    string reverse_string(in string str);
};
};
```

Output: 1st Terminal

```
kunal@Kunal: ~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA
                                                                  Q
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA$ idlj -fall ReverseModule.idl
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA$ javac *.java ReverseModule/*.java
ReverseModule/_ReverseStub.java:46: warning: IORCheckImpl is internal proprietar
y API and may be removed in a future release
     com.sun.corba.se.impl.orbutil.IORCheckImpl.check(str, "ReverseModule._Rever
seStub");
Note: ReverseModule/ReversePOA.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
1 warning
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA$ orbd -ORBInitialPort 1056&
[1] 50200
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA$ java ReverseServer -ORBInitialPort 1056&
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA$ Reverse Object Created
Step1
Step2
Step3
Step4
Reverse Server reading and waiting....
```

2nd terminal

```
kunal@Kunal: ~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA Q = - □ ×

kunal@Kunal: ~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA$ java ReverseClient -ORBInitialPort 1056 -OR

BInitialHost localhost
Enter String=
Hello
Server Send olleH
kunal@Kunal: ~/DS/Assignment 3 CORBA$
```

Commands:

1st Teminal

idlj -fall ReverseModule.idl javac *.java ReverseModule/*.java orbd -ORBInitialPort 1056& java ReverseServer -ORBInitialPort 1056&

2nd Terminal

java ReverseClient -ORBInitialPort 1056 -ORBInitialHost localhost

Title: Message Passing Interface (MPI)

Program:

ScatterGather.java

```
import mpi.MPI;
  public class ScatterGather {
       public static void main(String args[]){
       //Initialize MPI execution environment
       MPI.Init(args);
       //Get the id of the process
       int rank = MPI.COMM WORLD.Rank();
       //total number of processes is stored in size
       int size = MPI.COMM WORLD.Size();
       int root=0;
       //array which will be filled with data by root process
       int sendbuf[]=null;
       sendbuf= new int[size];
       //creates data to be scattered
       if(rank==root){
               sendbuf[0] = 10;
               sendbuf[1] = 20;
               sendbuf[2] = 30;
               sendbuf[3] = 40;
              //print current process number
               System.out.print("Processor "+rank+" has data: ");
               for(int i = 0; i < size; i++){
                      System.out.print(sendbuf[i]+" ");
               System.out.println();
       //collect data in recvbuf
       int recvbuf[] = new int[1];
       //following are the args of Scatter method
       //send, offset, chunk_count, chunk_data_type, recv, offset, chunk_count,
chunk data type, root process id
        MPI.COMM WORLD.Scatter(sendbuf, 0, 1, MPI.INT, recvbuf, 0, 1, MPI.INT,
root);
        System.out.println("Processor "+rank+" has data: "+recvbuf[0]);
        System.out.println("Processor "+rank+" is doubling the data");
```

```
recvbuf[0]=recvbuf[0]*2;
       //following are the args of Gather method
       //Object sendbuf, int sendoffset, int sendcount, Datatype sendtype,
//Object recybuf, int recvoffset, int recvount, Datatype recytype,
//int root)
       MPI.COMM WORLD.Gather(recvbuf, 0, 1, MPI.INT, sendbuf, 0, 1, MPI.INT, root);
       //display the gathered result
       if(rank==root){
              System.out.println("Process 0 has data: ");
               for(int i=0; i<4; i++){
                      System.out.print(sendbuf[i]+ " ");
               }
       //Terminate MPI execution environment
       MPI.Finalize();
}
Output:
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment4MPI$ export
MPJ HOME="/home/kunal/DS/Assignment4MPI/mpj-v0 44"
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment4MPI$ javac -cp $MPJ HOME/lib/mpj.jar
ScatterGather.java
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment4MPI$ $MPJ HOME/bin/mpjrun.sh -np 4 ScatterGather
MPJ Express (0.44) is started in the multicore configuration
Processor 0 has data: 10 20 30 40
Processor 0 has data: 10
Processor 0 is doubling the data
Processor 1 has data: 20
Processor 1 is doubling the data
Processor 2 has data: 30
Processor 2 is doubling the data
Processor 3 has data: 40
Processor 3 is doubling the data
Process 0 has data:
20 40 60 80
```

kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment4MPI\$

Commads

- 1) Download MPJ file and extract it (Download Link = https://sourceforge.net/projects/mpjexpress/files/releases/mpj-v0 44.tar.gz/download)
- 2) Command to Set a environment variable path export MPJ_HOME=<"path to mpj-v0_44">

to copy path right click on extracted folder and copy then paste in terminal ""

- 3) write a ScatterGather.java program and save it and then open the folder in terminal
 - 4) command to compile =

javac -cp \$MPJ HOME/lib/mpj.jar ScatterGather.java

5) command to run =

\$MPJ HOME/bin/mpjrun.sh -np 4 ScatterGather

Title: Clock Synchronization

```
Program:
Server.java
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
public class Server {
public static void main(String[] args) {
try {
ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(1234);
System.out.println("Server started and listening on port 1234");
while (true) {
Socket clienSocket = serverSocket.accept();
System.out.println("Client connected: 0"+
clienSocket.getInetAddress().getHostAddress());
Thread t = new Thread(new ClientHandler(clienSocket));
t.start();
}
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
class ClientHandler implements Runnable {
private Socket clientSocket;
public ClientHandler(Socket socket) {
this.clientSocket = socket;
@Override
public void run() {
PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(clientSocket.getOutputStream(), true);
BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(clientSocket.getInputStream()));
out.println(System.currentTimeMillis());
in.close();
out.close();
clientSocket.close();
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
```

Client.java

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
public class Client {
public static void main(String[] args) {
Socket socket = new Socket("localhost", 1234);
BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));
PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(socket.getOutputStream(), true);
float serverTime = Float.parseFloat(in.readLine());
float clientTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
float timeDifference = serverTime - clientTime;
System.out.println("Server TIme : " + serverTime);
System.out.println("Client time : " + clientTime);
System.out.println("Time Difference : " + timeDifference);
in.close();
out.close();
socket.close();
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
}
```

Output:

1st Terminal

kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 5 Clock Synchronization\$ javac *.java kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 5 Clock Synchronization\$ java Server Server started and listening on port 1234 Client connected: 0 127.0.0.1

2nd terminal

kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 5 Clock Synchronization\$ java Client

Server TIme: 1.71372262E12 Client time: 1.71372262E12

Time Difference: 0.0

kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 5 Clock Synchronization\$

Commands 1st Terminal javac *.java java Server

2nd Terminal java Client

Title: Mutual Exclusion

```
Program:
Tokering.java
import java.util.*;
class tokenring {
public static void main(String args[]) throws Throwable {
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter no of Nodes:");
int n = scan.nextInt();
int m = n - 1;
int token = 0;
int ch = 0, flag = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
System.out.print("" + i);
System.out.println("" + 0);
do {
System.out.println("Enter sender:");
int s = scan.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter receiver:");
int r = scan.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter Data:");
int a;
a = scan.nextInt();
System.out.print("Token Passing");
for (int i = token, j = token; (i % n) != s; i++, j = (j + 1) % n) {
System.out.print("" + j + "->");
System.out.println("" + s);
System.out.println("Sender" + s + "Sending Data:" + a);
for (int i = s + 1; i != r; i = (i + 1) \% n) {
System.out.println("Data" + a + "Forwarded By:" + i);
System.out.println("Receiver" + r + "Received Data:" + a + "\n");
token = s;
do {
try {
if (flag == 1)
System.out.print("Invalid Input!!...");
System.out.print("Do you want to send again?? Enter 1 for yes and 0 for No:");
ch = scan.nextInt();
if (ch != 1 \&\& ch != 0)
flag = 1;
else
```

```
flag = 0;
} catch (InputMismatchException e) {
System.out.println("Invalid Input");
}
} while (ch != 1 && ch != 0);
} while (ch == 1);
}
```

Output:

```
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 6 Mutual Exclusion$ javac tokenring.java kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 6 Mutual Exclusion$ java tokenring
Enter no of Nodes:
6
0123450
Enter sender:
2
Enter receiver:
5
Enter Data:
1
Token Passing0->1->2
Sender2Sending Data:1
Data1Forwarded By:3
Data1Forwarded By:4
Receiver5Received Data:1
```

Do you want to send again?? Enter 1 for yes and 0 for No:0 kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 6 Mutual Exclusion\$

Commands

```
1<sup>st</sup> terminal
javac tokenring.java
java tokenring
```

Title: Election Algorithms

```
Program:
Bully.java
import java.util.*;
public class Bully {
  int coordinator;
  int max processes;
  boolean processes[];
  public Bully(int max) {
     \max processes = \max;
     processes = new boolean[max processes];
     coordinator = max;
     System.out.println("Creating processes..");
     for(int i = 0; i < max; i++) {
       processes[i] = true;
       System.out.println("P"+ (i+1) + " created");
     System.out.println("Process P" + coordinator + " is the coordinator");
  void displayProcesses() {
     for(int i = 0; i < max processes; i++) {
       if(processes[i]) {
          System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " is up");
       } else {
          System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " is down");
     System.out.println("Process P" + coordinator + " is the coordinator");
  void upProcess(int process id) {
     if(!processes[process id - 1]) {
       processes[process id - 1] = true;
       System.out.println("Process " + process id + " is now up.");
       System.out.println("Process " + process id + " is already up.");
  }
```

```
void downProcess(int process id) {
     if(!processes[process id - 1]) {
       System.out.println("Process " + process id + " is already down.");
     } else {
       processes[process id - 1] = false;
       System.out.println("Process " + process id + " is down.");
  }
  void runElection(int process id) {
     coordinator = process id;
     boolean keepGoing = true;
     for(int i = process id; i < max processes && keepGoing; i++) {
       System.out.println("Election message sent from process " + process id + " to process
" + (i+1));
       if(processes[i]) {
         keepGoing = false;
         runElection(i + 1);
     }
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Bully bully = null;
     int max_processes = 0, process id = 0;
     int choice = 0;
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     while(true) {
       System.out.println("Bully Algorithm");
       System.out.println("1. Create processes");
       System.out.println("2. Display processes");
       System.out.println("3. Up a process");
       System.out.println("4. Down a process");
       System.out.println("5. Run election algorithm");
       System.out.println("6. Exit Program");
       System.out.print("Enter your choice:- ");
       choice = sc.nextInt();
       switch(choice) {
         case 1:
            System.out.print("Enter the number of processes:- ");
            max processes = sc.nextInt();
```

```
bully = new Bully(max processes);
       break;
     case 2:
       bully.displayProcesses();
       break;
     case 3:
       System.out.print("Enter the process number to up:- ");
       process id = sc.nextInt();
       bully.upProcess(process id);
       break:
     case 4:
       System.out.print("Enter the process number to down:- ");
       process id = sc.nextInt();
       bully.downProcess(process id);
       break;
     case 5:
       System.out.print("Enter the process number which will perform election:- ");
       process id = sc.nextInt();
       bully.runElection(process id);
       bully.displayProcesses();
       break;
     case 6:
       System.exit(0);
       break;
     default:
       System.out.println("Error in choice. Please try again.");
       break;
}
```

Output:

```
kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 7 Election Algorithm$ javac Bully.java kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 7 Election Algorithm$ java Bully Bully Algorithm

1. Create processes
2. Display processes
3. Up a process
4. Down a process
5. Run election algorithm
6. Exit Program
Enter your choice:- 1
Enter the number of processes:- 5
Creating processes..
```

- P1 created
- P2 created
- P3 created
- P4 created
- P5 created

Process P5 is the coordinator

Bully Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes
- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 4

Enter the process number to down:- 5

Process 5 is down.

Bully Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes
- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 2

P1 is up

P2 is up

P3 is up

P4 is up

P5 is down

Process P5 is the coordinator

Bully Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes
- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 5

Enter the process number which will perform election:- 4

Election message sent from process 4 to process 5

P1 is up

P2 is up

P3 is up

P4 is up

P5 is down

Process P4 is the coordinator

Bully Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes
- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 6

kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 7 Election Algorithm\$

Commands

javac Bully.java java Bully

Program:

Ring.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class Ring {
  int max processes;
  int coordinator;
  boolean processes[];
  ArrayList<Integer> pid;
  public Ring(int max) {
     coordinator = max;
     \max \text{ processes} = \max;
     pid = new ArrayList<Integer>();
     processes = new boolean[max];
     for(int i = 0; i < max; i++) {
       processes[i] = true;
       System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " created.");
     System.out.println("P" + (coordinator) + " is the coordinator");
  void displayProcesses() {
     for(int i = 0; i < max_processes; i++) {
       if(processes[i])
          System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " is up.");
          System.out.println("P" + (i+1) + " is down.");
     System.out.println("P" + (coordinator) + " is the coordinator");
  void upProcess(int process id) {
     if(!processes[process id-1]) {
       processes[process id-1] = true;
       System.out.println("Process P" + (process id) + " is up.");
       System.out.println("Process P" + (process id) + " is already up.");
  }
  void downProcess(int process id) {
     if(!processes[process id-1]) {
```

```
System.out.println("Process P" + (process id) + " is already down.");
     } else {
       processes[process id-1] = false;
       System.out.println("Process P" + (process id) + " is down.");
  }
  void displayArrayList(ArrayList<Integer> pid) {
     System.out.print("[");
     for(Integer x : pid) {
       System.out.print(x + " ");
    System.out.print(" ]\n");
  }
  void initElection(int process id) {
     if(processes[process id-1]) {
       pid.add(process id);
       int temp = process id;
       System.out.print("Process P" + process id + " sending the following list:- ");
       displayArrayList(pid);
       while(temp != process id - 1) {
          if(processes[temp]) {
            pid.add(temp+1);
            System.out.print("Process P" + (temp + 1) + " sending the following list:- ");
            displayArrayList(pid);
          temp = (temp + 1) \% max processes;
       coordinator = Collections.max(pid);
       System.out.println("Process P" + process id + " has declared P" + coordinator + " as
the coordinator");
       pid.clear();
     }
  }
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Ring ring = null;
     int max processes = 0, process id = 0;
     int choice = 0;
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     while(true) {
```

```
System.out.println("Ring Algorithm");
System.out.println("1. Create processes");
System.out.println("2. Display processes");
System.out.println("3. Up a process");
System.out.println("4. Down a process");
System.out.println("5. Run election algorithm");
System.out.println("6. Exit Program");
System.out.print("Enter your choice:- ");
choice = sc.nextInt();
switch(choice) {
  case 1:
     System.out.print("Enter the total number of processes:- ");
     max processes = sc.nextInt();
     ring = new Ring(max processes);
     break;
  case 2:
     ring.displayProcesses();
     break;
  case 3:
     System.out.print("Enter the process to up:- ");
     process id = sc.nextInt();
     ring.upProcess(process id);
     break;
  case 4:
     System.out.print("Enter the process to down:- ");
     process id = sc.nextInt();
     ring.downProcess(process id);
     break;
  case 5:
     System.out.print("Enter the process which will initiate election:- ");
     process id = sc.nextInt();
     ring.initElection(process id);
     break:
  case 6:
     System.exit(0);
     break;
  default:
     System.out.println("Error in choice. Please try again.");
```

Output:

kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 7 Election Algorithm\$ javac Ring.java

kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 7 Election Algorithm\$ java Ring

Ring Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes
- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 1

Enter the total number of processes:- 5

P1 created.

P2 created.

P3 created.

P4 created.

P5 created.

P5 is the coordinator

Ring Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes
- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 4

Enter the process to down:- 5

Process P5 is down.

Ring Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes
- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 2

P1 is up.

P2 is up.

P3 is up.

P4 is up.

P5 is down.

P5 is the coordinator

Ring Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes

- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 5

Enter the process which will initiate election:- 2

Process P2 sending the following list:- [2]

Process P3 sending the following list:- [23]

Process P4 sending the following list:- [2 3 4]

Process P1 sending the following list:- [2 3 4 1]

Process P2 has declared P4 as the coordinator

Ring Algorithm

- 1. Create processes
- 2. Display processes
- 3. Up a process
- 4. Down a process
- 5. Run election algorithm
- 6. Exit Program

Enter your choice:- 6

kunal@Kunal:~/DS/Assignment 7 Election Algorithm\$

Commands

javac Ring.java java Ring