

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\DELL\Downloads\ionosphere.csv")
df
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	1	0	0.99539	-0.05889	0.85243	0.02306	0.83398	-0.37708	1.1	0.03760	...	-0.511
0	1	0	1.00000	-0.18829	0.93035	-0.36156	-0.10868	-0.93597	1.00000	-0.04549	...	-0.265
1	1	0	1.00000	-0.03365	1.00000	0.00485	1.00000	-0.12062	0.88965	0.01198	...	-0.402
2	1	0	1.00000	-0.45161	1.00000	1.00000	0.71216	-1.00000	0.00000	0.00000	...	0.906
3	1	0	1.00000	-0.02401	0.94140	0.06531	0.92106	-0.23255	0.77152	-0.16399	...	-0.651
4	1	0	0.02337	-0.00592	-0.09924	-0.11949	-0.00763	-0.11824	0.14706	0.06637	...	-0.015
...
345	1	0	0.83508	0.08298	0.73739	-0.14706	0.84349	-0.05567	0.90441	-0.04622	...	-0.042
346	1	0	0.95113	0.00419	0.95183	-0.02723	0.93438	-0.01920	0.94590	0.01606	...	0.013
347	1	0	0.94701	-0.00034	0.93207	-0.03227	0.95177	-0.03431	0.95584	0.02446	...	0.031
348	1	0	0.90608	-0.01657	0.98122	-0.01989	0.95691	-0.03646	0.85746	0.00110	...	-0.020
349	1	0	0.84710	0.13533	0.73638	-0.06151	0.87873	0.08260	0.88928	-0.09139	...	-0.151

350 rows × 35 columns

```
In [3]: pd.set_option('display.max_rows',10000000000)
pd.set_option('display.max_columns',10000000000)
pd.set_option('display.width',95)
```

```
In [4]: print('This DataFrame has %d Rows and %d Columns'%(df.shape))
```

This DataFrame has 350 Rows and 35 Columns

```
In [5]: df.head()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	1	0	0.99539	-0.05889	0.85243	0.02306	0.83398	-0.37708	1.1	0.03760	0.85243	1	-0
0	1	0	1.00000	-0.18829	0.93035	-0.36156	-0.10868	-0.93597	1.00000	-0.04549	0.50874	-0	
1	1	0	1.00000	-0.03365	1.00000	0.00485	1.00000	-0.12062	0.88965	0.01198	0.73082	0	
2	1	0	1.00000	-0.45161	1.00000	1.00000	0.71216	-1.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0	
3	1	0	1.00000	-0.02401	0.94140	0.06531	0.92106	-0.23255	0.77152	-0.16399	0.52798	-0	
4	1	0	0.02337	-0.00592	-0.09924	-0.11949	-0.00763	-0.11824	0.14706	0.06637	0.03786	-0	

```
In [6]: features_matrix=df.iloc[:,0:34]
```

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In [7]: target_vector=df.iloc[:,-1]
```

```
In [8]: print('The features matrix Has %d Rows And %d Column(s)'%(features_matrix.shape[0], features_matrix.shape[1]))
```

The features matrix Has 350 Rows And 34 Column(s)

```
In [9]: print('The features matrix Has %d rows And %d Column(s)%(np.array(target_vector).shape[0], np.array(target_vector).shape[1]))
```

The features matrix Has 350 rows And 1 Column(s)

```
In [10]: features_matrix_standardized=StandardScaler().fit_transform(features_matrix)
```

```
In [13]: algorithm=LogisticRegression(penalty='l2', dual=False, tol=1e-4, C=1.0, fit_intercept=True)
```

```
In [14]: Logistic_Regression_Model=algorithm.fit(features_matrix_standardized, target_vector)
```

```
In [16]: observation=[[1,0,0.99539,-0.05889,0.8524299999999999,0.02306,0.8339799999999999]]
```

```
In [17]: predictions=Logistic_Regression_Model.predict(observation)
print('The model predicted The observation To Belong To class%s'%(predictions))
```

The model predicted The observation To Belong To class['g']

```
In [20]: print('The Algorithm was Trained to predict one of the Two classes:%s'%(algorithm.classes_[0]))
```

The Algorithm was Trained to predict one of the Two classes:['b' 'g']

```
In [21]: print("""The model says the probability of the observation we passed Belonging To class ['b'] Is """)
print()
print("""The model says the probability of the observation we passed Belonging To class ['g'] Is """)
```

The model says the probability of the observation we passed Belonging To class ['b'] Is 0.006773046322455567

The model says the probability of the observation we passed Belonging To class ['g'] Is 0.9932269536775444

```
In [ ]:
```

