In [1]: import numpy as np
 import pandas as pd
 import seaborn as sns
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 from sklearn import preprocessing,svm
 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
 from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

· ·									
Out[2]:		ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon
	0	1	lounge	51	882	25000	1	44.907242	8.611560
	1	2	pop	51	1186	32500	1	45.666359	12.241890
	2	3	sport	74	4658	142228	1	45.503300	11.417840
	3	4	lounge	51	2739	160000	1	40.633171	17.634609
	4	5	рор	73	3074	106880	1	41.903221	12.495650
	1533	1534	sport	51	3712	115280	1	45.069679	7.704920
	1534	1535	lounge	74	3835	112000	1	45.845692	8.666870
	1535	1536	рор	51	2223	60457	1	45.481541	9.413480
	1536	1537	lounge	51	2557	80750	1	45.000702	7.682270
	1537	1538	рор	51	1766	54276	1	40.323410	17.568270

1538 rows × 9 columns

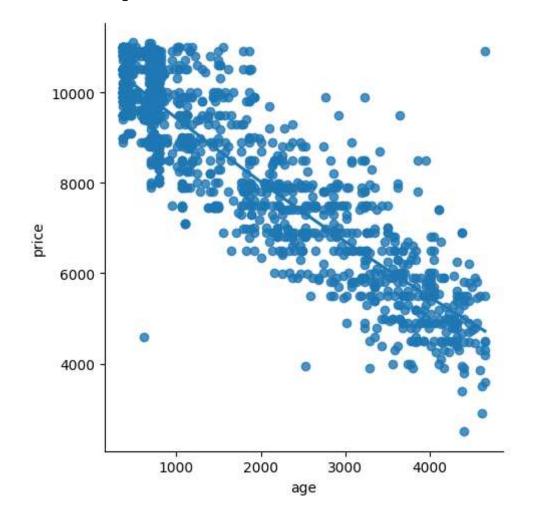
```
In [3]: df=df[['age_in_days','price']]
    df.columns=['age','price']
    df.head(10)
```

Out[3]:

	age	price
0	882	8900
1	1186	8800
2	4658	4200
3	2739	6000
4	3074	5700
5	3623	7900
6	731	10750
7	1521	9190
8	4049	5600
9	3653	6000

```
In [5]: sns.lmplot(x="age",y="price",data=df,order=2,ci=None)
```

Out[5]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x23246cc1150>



```
In [6]: df.describe()
 Out[6]:
                       age
                                  price
          count 1538.000000
                            1538.000000
                            8576.003901
          mean 1650.980494
            std 1289.522278
                            1939.958641
            min
                 366.000000
                            2500.000000
           25%
                670.000000
                            7122.500000
           50% 1035.000000
                            9000.000000
           75% 2616.000000 10000.000000
           max 4658.000000 11100.000000
 In [7]: df.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 1538 entries, 0 to 1537
         Data columns (total 2 columns):
               Column Non-Null Count Dtype
          0
                       1538 non-null
                                        int64
               age
          1
               price 1538 non-null
                                        int64
         dtypes: int64(2)
         memory usage: 24.2 KB
 In [8]: | df.fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
         C:\Users\Sushma sree\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_3600\4116506308.py:1: Setti
         ngWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/s
         table/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://panda
         s.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
         sus-a-copy)
           df.fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
In [10]: x=np.array(df['age']).reshape(-1,1)
```

y=np.array(df['price']).reshape(-1,1)

In [11]: df.dropna(inplace=True)

C:\Users\Sushma sree\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_3600\1379821321.py:1: Setti
ngWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

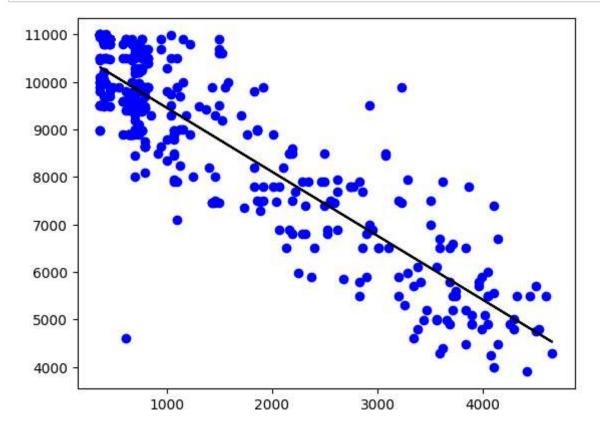
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/s table/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

df.dropna(inplace=True)

```
In [12]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25)
    regr=LinearRegression()
    regr.fit(x_train,y_train)
    print(regr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

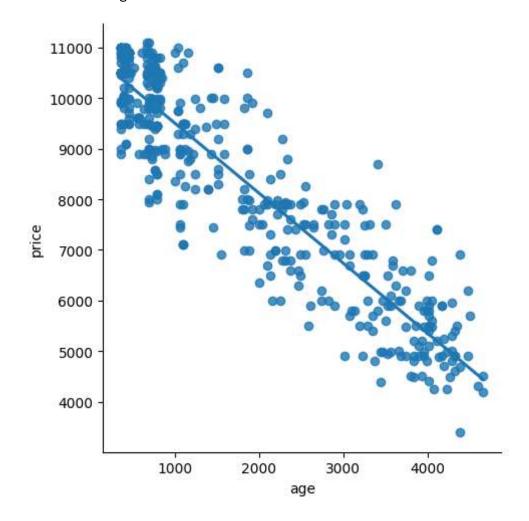
0.7779786781044137

```
In [15]: y_pred=regr.predict(x_test)
    plt.scatter(x_test,y_test,color='b')
    plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color='k')
    plt.show()
```



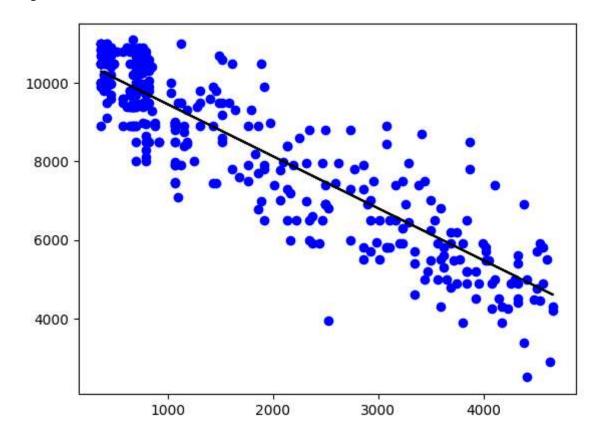
```
In [21]: df500=df[:][:500]
sns.lmplot(x='age',y='price',data=df500,order=1,ci=None)
```

Out[21]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2324afc2cb0>



```
In [22]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25)
    regr=LinearRegression()
    regr.fit(x_train,y_train)
    print("Regression: ",regr.score(x_test,y_test))
    y_pred=regr.predict(x_test)
    plt.scatter(x_test,y_test,color='b')
    plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color='k')
    plt.show()
```

Regression: 0.816526447996026



```
In [23]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
    model=LinearRegression()
    model.fit(x_train,y_train)
    y_pred=model.predict(x_test)
    r2=r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
    print("R2 score:",r2)
```

R2 score: 0.816526447996026

```
In [ ]: # Conclusion this is fit LinearRegression
```