### **Problem Statement**

## Finding the best fit by performing all the model

### **Data Collection**

#### Out[2]:

	SUBDIVISION	YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ
0	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1901	49.2	87.1	29.2	2.3	528.8	517.5	365.1	481.1	332.6	388.5
1	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1902	0.0	159.8	12.2	0.0	446.1	537.1	228.9	753.7	666.2	197.2
2	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1903	12.7	144.0	0.0	1.0	235.1	479.9	728.4	326.7	339.0	181.2
3	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1904	9.4	14.7	0.0	202.4	304.5	495.1	502.0	160.1	820.4	222.2
4	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1905	1.3	0.0	3.3	26.9	279.5	628.7	368.7	330.5	297.0	260.7
4111	LAKSHADWEEP	2011	5.1	2.8	3.1	85.9	107.2	153.6	350.2	254.0	255.2	117.4
4112	LAKSHADWEEP	2012	19.2	0.1	1.6	76.8	21.2	327.0	231.5	381.2	179.8	145.9
4113	LAKSHADWEEP	2013	26.2	34.4	37.5	5.3	88.3	426.2	296.4	154.4	180.0	72.8
4114	LAKSHADWEEP	2014	53.2	16.1	4.4	14.9	57.4	244.1	116.1	466.1	132.2	169.2
4115	LAKSHADWEEP	2015	2.2	0.5	3.7	87.1	133.1	296.6	257.5	146.4	160.4	165.4

4116 rows × 19 columns

# **Data Preprocessing**

In [3]:	1	df.head()													
Out[3]:		SUBDIVISION	YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAF	R API	R MA	AY J	UN J	IUL A	UG S	EP O	СТ	NOV
	0	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1901	49.2	87.1	29.2	2 2.	3 528	3.8 51	7.5 36	5.1 48	1.1 33	2.6 38	8.5	558.2
	1	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1902	0.0	159.8	12.2	2 0.	0 446	6.1 53	37.1 22	8.9 75	3.7 66	6.2 19	7.2	359.(
	2	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1903	12.7	144.0	0.0	) 1.	0 235	5.1 47	9.9 72	8.4 32	6.7 33	9.0 18	1.2	284.4
	3	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1904	9.4	14.7	0.0	202.	4 304	1.5 49	5.1 50	2.0 16	0.1 82	0.4 22	2.2	308.7
	4	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1905	1.3	0.0	3.3	3 26.	9 279	9.5 62	28.7 36	8.7 33	0.5 29	7.0 26	0.7	25.4
	4														
In [4]:	1	df.tail()													
Out[4]:		SUBDIVI	SION Y	ÆAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	oc	T
	411	1 LAKSHADW	/EEP	2011	5.1	2.8	3.1	85.9	107.2	153.6	350.2	254.0	255.2	117	4 1
	411	2 LAKSHADW	/EEP	2012	19.2	0.1	1.6	76.8	21.2	327.0	231.5	381.2	179.8	145	9
	411	3 LAKSHADW	/EEP	2013	26.2	34.4	37.5	5.3	88.3	426.2	296.4	154.4	180.0	72	.8
	411	4 LAKSHADW	/EEP	2014	53.2	16.1	4.4	14.9	57.4	244.1	116.1	466.1	132.2	169	.2
	411	5 LAKSHADW	/EEP	2015	2.2	0.5	3.7	87.1	133.1	296.6	257.5	146.4	160.4	165	4 2

ut[5]:			d NDFra			f			SUE	BDIVISIO	N YEAR	JAN
	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	1001	40.0	07.4	20.0		500.0	<b>-43</b> -
	0	ANDAMA	N & NIC	OBAR 15	LANDS	1901	49.2	87.1	29.2	2.3	528.8	517.5
	\		N O NTC	ODAD TO	LANDC	1000	0.0	150.0	12.2	0.0	446 1	F27 1
	1		N & NIC			1902	0.0	159.8			446.1	537.1
	2		N & NIC			1903	12.7	144.0	0.0	1.0	235.1	479.9
	3 4		N & NIC N & NIC			1904 1905	9.4	14.7		202.4 26.9		495.1
		ANDAMA	IN & NIC	UDAK 13			1.3	0.0	3.3		279.5	
	 4111			LAKSHA	DMEED	 2011	 5.1	2.8	 3.1	 85.9	 107.2	 153.6
	4111			LAKSHA		2011	19.2	0.1	1.6	76.8	21.2	327.0
	4113			LAKSHA		2012	26.2	34.4	37.5	5.3	88.3	426.2
	4114			LAKSHA			53.2	16.1			57.4	244.1
	4115			LAKSHA			2.2	0.5			133.1	
	4113			LAKSIIA	DWLLI	2013	2.2	0.5	3.7	07.1	199.1	230.0
		JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NO	V D	EC ANN	IUAL J	an-Feb	Mar-Ma	V
	0	365.1	481.1	332.6	388.5				73.2	136.3		3 \
	1	228.9	753.7		197.2				20.7	159.8	458.	
	2	728.4	326.7	339.0	181.2				57.4	156.7	236.	
	3	502.0	160.1	820.4	222.2	308.	7 40	.1 307	79.6	24.1	506.	9
	4	368.7	330.5	297.0	260.7	25.	4 344		6.7	1.3	309.	7
	4111	350.2	254.0	255.2	117.4	184.	3 14	.9 153	33.7	7.9	196.	2
	4112	231.5	381.2	179.8	145.9	12.	4 8	.8 146	5.5	19.3	99.	6
	4113	296.4	154.4	180.0	72.8	78.	1 26	.7 142	26.3	60.6	131.	1
	4114	116.1	466.1	132.2	169.2	59.			95.0	69.3	76.	7
	4115	257.5	146.4	160.4	165.4	231.	0 159	.0 164	12.9	2.7	223.	9
	_		p Oct-									
	0	1696.		0.3								
	1	2185.		6.7								
	2	1874.		0.6								
	3	1977.		1.0								
	4	1624.		0.8								
		1013										
	4111	1013.		6.6								
	4112	1119.	5 16	7.1								

[4116 rows x 19 columns]>

177.6

290.5

555.4

1057.0

958.5

860.9

**411**3

4114

4115

#### In [6]: df.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 4116 entries, 0 to 4115 Data columns (total 19 columns): Column # Non-Null Count Dtype \_ \_ \_ -------------0 SUBDIVISION 4116 non-null object int64 1 YEAR 4116 non-null 2 JAN 4112 non-null float64 3 4113 non-null float64 FEB 4110 non-null float64 4 MAR 5 APR 4112 non-null float64 6 MAY 4113 non-null float64 7 4111 non-null float64 JUN 4109 non-null 8 JUL float64 9 4112 non-null float64 AUG 10 SEP 4110 non-null float64 11 OCT 4109 non-null float64 12 NOV 4105 non-null float64 13 DEC 4106 non-null float64 14 ANNUAL 4090 non-null float64 float64 15 Jan-Feb 4110 non-null 16 Mar-May 4107 non-null float64 17 Jun-Sep 4106 non-null float64 18 Oct-Dec 4103 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(17), int64(1), object(1)

In [7]: 1 df.isna().any()

```
Out[7]: SUBDIVISION
                         False
         YEAR
                         False
         JAN
                          True
                          True
         FEB
         MAR
                          True
         APR
                          True
         MAY
                          True
         JUN
                          True
         JUL
                          True
         AUG
                          True
                          True
         SEP
         OCT
                          True
         NOV
                          True
         DEC
                          True
         ANNUAL
                          True
         Jan-Feb
                          True
         Mar-May
                          True
         Jun-Sep
                          True
         Oct-Dec
                          True
         dtype: bool
```

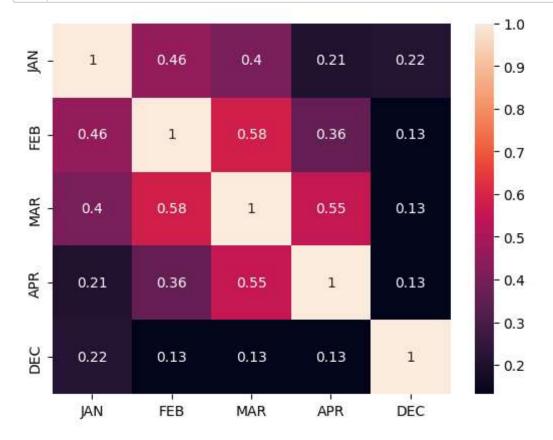
memory usage: 611.1+ KB

```
In [8]:
           1 df.isnull().sum()
 Out[8]: SUBDIVISION
                           0
          YEAR
                           0
          JAN
                           4
          FEB
                           3
          MAR
                           6
          APR
                           4
          MAY
                           3
                           5
          JUN
                           7
          JUL
          AUG
                           4
                           6
          SEP
          OCT
                          7
          NOV
                          11
          DEC
                          10
          ANNUAL
                          26
                          6
          Jan-Feb
                          9
          Mar-May
          Jun-Sep
                          10
          Oct-Dec
                          13
          dtype: int64
 In [9]:
           1 df.dropna(inplace=True)
In [10]:
           1 df.isnull().sum()
Out[10]: SUBDIVISION
                         0
          YEAR
                          0
          JAN
                         0
          FEB
                          0
          MAR
                          0
                          0
          APR
                          0
          MAY
                          0
          JUN
          JUL
                          0
                          0
          AUG
          SEP
                          0
                          0
          OCT
                          0
          NOV
          DEC
                          0
          ANNUAL
                         0
          Jan-Feb
                         0
                          0
          Mar-May
          Jun-Sep
                         0
          Oct-Dec
          dtype: int64
In [11]:
           1 df.shape
Out[11]: (4090, 19)
```

```
1 df['ANNUAL'].value_counts()
In [12]:
Out[12]: ANNUAL
         1024.6
                   4
         770.3
                   4
         790.5
                   4
         1353.8
                   3
         1138.2
                   3
         419.8
                   1
         428.9
                   1
         527.8
                   1
         322.9
                   1
         1642.9
                   1
         Name: count, Length: 3712, dtype: int64
In [13]:
           1 df['Jan-Feb'].value_counts()
Out[13]: Jan-Feb
         0.0
                   238
         0.1
                   80
         0.2
                    52
         0.3
                    38
         0.4
                    32
         66.5
                     1
         80.9
                     1
         26.4
                     1
                     1
         102.5
         69.3
                     1
         Name: count, Length: 1211, dtype: int64
In [14]:
           1 df['Mar-May'].value_counts()
Out[14]: Mar-May
         0.0
                   29
         0.1
                   13
         0.3
                   11
         8.3
                   11
         2.9
                   10
                   . .
         165.6
                   1
         246.3
                   1
         248.1
                   1
         151.3
                   1
         223.9
         Name: count, Length: 2248, dtype: int64
```

```
1 df['Jun-Sep'].value_counts()
In [15]:
Out[15]: Jun-Sep
         334.8
                  4
         434.3
                  4
         573.8
                  4
         613.3
                  4
         403.9
                 3
         897.7
                  1
         301.6
                  1
         380.9
                  1
         409.3
                  1
         958.5
                  1
         Name: count, Length: 3670, dtype: int64
In [16]:
          1 df['Oct-Dec'].value_counts()
Out[16]: Oct-Dec
         0.0
                  16
         0.1
                  15
         0.5
                  13
         0.6
                  12
         0.7
                  11
         124.5
                  1
         139.1
                   1
         41.5
                   1
         95.4
                   1
         555.4
                   1
         Name: count, Length: 2378, dtype: int64
```

## **Data Visualisation**



## **Linear Regression**

```
In [20]: 1 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2)
```

```
In [21]:
             lr=LinearRegression()
             lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[21]: LinearRegression()

200

100

0

50

100

150

200

250

300

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page

```
with nbviewer.org.
In [22]:
             lr.intercept_
Out[22]: 9.152350153272794
In [23]:
             lr.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[23]: 0.14915515739755592
In [24]:
             y_pred=lr.predict(x_test)
In [25]:
             plt.scatter(x_test,y_test,color='b')
           2
             plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color='k')
             plt.show()
           600
           500
           400
           300
```

```
In [26]: 1 df500=df[:500] 2 df500
```

#### Out[26]:

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	DEC
0	49.2	87.1	29.2	2.3	33.6
1	0.0	159.8	12.2	0.0	160.5
2	12.7	144.0	0.0	1.0	225.0
3	9.4	14.7	0.0	202.4	40.1
4	1.3	0.0	3.3	26.9	344.7
507	28.4	21.3	63.0	239.8	1.9
508	9.4	41.6	52.1	134.3	0.9
509	13.8	35.9	40.8	82.9	3.9
510	19.1	2.5	94.4	210.8	8.3
511	20.4	29.9	15.6	83.7	6.6

500 rows × 5 columns

```
In [27]: 1 x=df500[['FEB']]
2 y=df500['JAN']
```

```
In [28]: 1 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2)
```

```
In [29]: 1 lr=LinearRegression()
2 lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[29]: LinearRegression()

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

```
In [30]: 1 lr.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[30]: -0.058616121876582605
```

In [31]: 1 ### The Linear regression has the 0.009% of accuracy

## **Ridge Regression**

```
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
In [32]:
             from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [33]:
           1 features=df.columns[:5]
           2 target=df.columns[-5]
In [34]:
           1 | x=np.array(df['JAN']).reshape(-1,1)
           2 y=np.array(df['FEB']).reshape(-1,1)
In [35]:
           1 | x=df[features].values
           2 y=df[target].values
           3 | x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2)
In [36]:
           1 ridgeReg=Ridge(alpha=10)
           2 ridgeReg.fit(x_train,y_train)
           3 train_score_ridge=ridgeReg.score(x_test,y_test)
           4 test score ridge=ridgeReg.score(x test,y test)
In [37]:
           1 print("\n Ridge Model:\n")
           2 | print("The train Score for ridge model is{}".format(train_score_ridge))
           3 print("The test score for ridge model is {}".format(test score ridge))
```

#### Ridge Model:

The train Score for ridge model is 0.999999999922101 The test score for ridge model is 0.999999999922101

Conclusion: The train Score for ridge model is 0.9999999999732 The test score for ridge model is 0.99999999999732

## **Lasso Regression**

```
In [40]: 1 print("\n Lasso Model: \n")
2 lasso=Lasso(alpha=10)
3 lasso.fit(x_train,y_train)
4 train_score_ls=lasso.score(x_train,y_train)
5 test_score_ls=lasso.score(x_test,y_test)
6 print("The train score for is model is {}".format(train_score_ls))
7 print("The test score for ls model is {}".format(test_score_ls))
```

#### Lasso Model:

The train score for is model is 0.9999295366875157 The test score for ls model is 0.9999291499381193

```
In [42]:
           1 pd.Series(lasso.coef_,features).sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="bal
Out[42]: <Axes: >
           1.0
           0.8
           0.6
           0.4
           0.2
           0.0
                                                APR
                     FEB
                                   MAR
                                                              DEC
                                                                           ΜM
In [44]:
              from sklearn.linear_model import LassoCV
             lasso_cv=LassoCV(alphas=[0.0001,0.001,0.01,1,10],random_state=0).fit(x_tr
              print(lasso_cv.score(x_train,y_train))
```

```
print(lasso_cv.score(x_test,y_test))
```

0.9999999999993

0.999999999999999

0.01618268382513577 0.9999992110406136

## **Elastic Net**

```
In [45]:
             from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
           2 eln=ElasticNet()
           3 eln.fit(x,y)
           4 print(eln.coef_)
             print(eln.intercept_)
             print(eln.score(x,y))
         [9.99095428e-01 0.00000000e+00 3.08223758e-05 0.00000000e+00
          0.00000000e+00]
```

0.000940216989064446

## Conclusion

```
In [ ]: 1
```