# SQL MODULE LAB - 8 BY Sushritha V

### Lab 1:

Use the Student management system Database and table from our previous lab and write a sql query to achieve the below scenario.

Assume you are managing a university database that tracks student enrollments in various courses. You have two tables, "Student" and "Enrollment". The goal is to retrieve information about each student's ID, first name, last name, and their enrollment details, including the enrollment ID and the associated course ID. Hint: Use inner join to retrieve data.

### Submission:

Create an SQL script file containing your solutions for all tasks (queries). Name the file "lab\_assignment1.sql" Provide comments above each query to indicate the query's purpose.

ChatGPT Exercise

Using ChatGPT generates SQL queries of the below problem.

### Scenario 1:

Imagine you have tables for students and courses. Use an inner join to generate a list of all possible student-course combinations, displaying the student name and course name.

We have a "Student" table with the following a columns:StudentId,FirstName,lastName and "Course" table with the following a columns: CourseId,CourseName and Enrollment table with the following a

columns:EnrollmentID,StudentID(Foreign key),CourseID(Foreign Key).You want to use inner join to generate a list of all possible student-course combinations.Generate the ChatGPT prompt for the above scenario.

1. Assume you are managing a university database that tracks student enrollments in various courses. You have two tables, "Student" and "Enrollment". The goal is to retrieve information about each student's ID, first name, last name, and their enrollment details, including the enrollment ID and the associated course ID. Hint: Use inner join to retrieve data.

# Output:

	> FROM student > INNER JOIN 6	_	ON s.TD = e.	STD:				
	+		+	 		<b></b>	·	
ID	First_Name	Last_Name	City	Age	Date_Of_Joining	SID	MARKS	DID
1	Akash	Kumar	Jaipur	24	2020-03-28	1	99	5007
2	Aaishwarya	Ray	Mumbai	32	2020-05-29	2	66	5007
3	Abhay	Chander	Mumbai	27	2019-08-07	3	76	5010
5	Bishwas	Bora	Ahmedabad	44	2015-02-01	5	26	5002
6	Bimla	Bhatt	Ahmedabad	21	2021-03-21	6	45	5003
7	Brijesh	Kumar	Jaipur	22	2021-01-01	7	81	5004
8	Arjun	Shet	Bangalore	19	2020-12-31	8	31	5004
9	Ramya	Bose	Bangalore	25	2019-09-25	9	28	5001
11	Suhas	Rai	Bangalore	27	2016-05-14	11	56	5002
12	Goutham	Sharma	Ahmedabad	26	2020-07-20	12	79	5005
13	Dilshan	Gupta	Jaipur	23	2014-02-07	13	61	5007
14	Sachin	Acharya	Bangalore	22	2020-01-01	14	30	5009
15	Tanveer	Ahmed	Chennai	23	2019-05-09	15	41	5010
16	Rupali	Gupta	Chennai	21	2020-06-23	16	75	5001
17	Deepika	Verma	Ahmedabad	26	2017-08-22	17	55	5007
19	Zhyn	Jackman	Bangalore	24	2019-06-22	19	71	5004
	<del></del>	+	+	+		H	·	

### **ChatGPT Exercise**

Using ChatGPT generates SQL queries of the below problem. Scenario 1: Imagine you have tables for students and courses. Use an inner join to generate a list of all possible student-course combinations, displaying the student name and course name. We have a "Student" table with the following a columns:StudentId,FirstName,lastName and

### code:

a)CREATE TABLE Student (Student\_Id INT PRIMARY KEY, First\_Name VARCHAR (55) NOT NULL, Last\_Name VARCHAR (55) NOT NULL);

# Output:

```
mysql> use lab7;
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE Student (
    -> Student_Id INT PRIMARY KEY,
    -> First_Name VARCHAR(55) NOT NULL,
    -> Last_Name VARCHAR(55) NOT NULL
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
      mysql> describe student;

      +-----+
      Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |

      +-----+
      Student_Id | int | NO | PRI | NULL | |

      | First_Name | varchar(55) | NO | NULL | |
      |

      | Last_Name | varchar(55) | NO | NULL | |
      |

      +-----+
      3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql>
mysql> INSERT INTO Student (Student Id, First Name, Last Name)
    -> VALUES
    -> (1, 'Paul', 'Patel'),
    -> (2, 'Prithvi', 'Shah'),
    -> (3, 'Uday', 'Raj'),
    -> (4, 'Nikitha', 'kumari'),
    -> (5, 'Naga', 'raju'),
    -> (6, 'Afshan', 'Banu'),
-> (7, 'waseem', 'Shaikh'),
-> (8, 'Krish', 'gupta'),
    -> (9, 'Isha', 'Varma'),
    -> (10, 'Ramya', 'Joshi');
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from Student;
 Student Id | First Name | Last Name
           1 | Paul
                           | Patel
           2 | Prithvi
                           Shah
           3 Uday
                           Raj
           4 | Nikitha
                           kumari
           5 Naga
                           | raju
           6 Afshan
                           Banu
           7 | waseem
                           Shaikh
           8 | Krish
                           gupta
           9 | Isha
                           Varma
          10 Ramya
                           Joshi
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

b)Course" table with the following a columns: CourseId,CourseName.

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Course (
    -> Course Id INT PRIMARY KEY,
    -> Course Name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql>
mysql> INSERT INTO Course (Course Id, Course Name)
    -> VALUES
    -> (1, 'Science'),
   -> (2, 'Medicine'),
-> (3, 'Chemistry'),
    -> (4, 'Music'),
    -> (5, 'Engineering'),
    -> (6, 'English Literature'),
-> (7, 'Finance'),
    -> (8, 'Physical Science'),
    -> (9, 'Accounting'),
    -> (10, 'Law');
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Course;

+------+

| Course_Id | Course_Name |

+-----+

| 1 | Science |

2 | Medicine |

3 | Chemistry |

4 | Music |

5 | Engineering |

6 | English Literature |

7 | Finance |

8 | Physical Science |

9 | Accounting |

10 | Law |

+-----+

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Enrollment table with the following a columns:

EnrollmentID, StudentID (Foreign key), CourseID (Foreign Key).

### Code:

CREATE TABLE Enrollments (Enrollment\_Id INT PRIMARY KEY, Student\_Id INT, Course\_Id INT, FOREIGN KEY (Student\_Id) REFERENCES Student (Student\_Id), FOREIGN KEY (Course\_Id) REFERENCES Course (Course\_Id));

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Enrollments (
    -> Enrollment Id INT PRIMARY KEY,
   -> Student Id INT,
   -> Course Id INT,
    -> FOREIGN KEY (Student Id) REFERENCES Student(Student Id),
    -> FOREIGN KEY (Course_Id) REFERENCES Course(Course_Id)
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
mysql>
mysql> INSERT INTO Enrollments (Enrollment_Id, Student_Id, Course_Id)
    -> VALUES
    -> (1001, 1, 1),
    -> (1002, 2, 2),
    -> (1003, 3, 3),
    -> (1004, 4, 4),
    -> (1005, 5, 5),
    -> (1006, 6, 6),
    \rightarrow (1007, 7, 7),
    -> (1008, 8, 8),
    -> (1009, 9, 9),
    -> (1010, 10, 10);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Enrollments;
 Enrollment_Id | Student_Id | Course_Id |
                          1 |
                                      1
          1001
          1002
                          2 |
                                      2
          1003
                          3 l
          1004
          1005
                          5
                          6
          1007
          1008
                          8 |
          1009
                          9
                         10
          1010
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

You want to use an inner join to generate a list of all possible student-course combinations.

Generate the ChatGPT prompt for the above scenario.

## Code:

SELECT s.Student\_ld, s.First\_Name, s.Last\_Name,

c.Course\_Id, c.Course\_Name

e.Enrollment\_Id, e.Student\_Id, e.Course\_Id;

FROM Enrollments e

INNER JOIN Student s ON e.Student\_Id = s.Student\_Id

INNER JOIN Course c ON e.Course\_ld = c.Course\_ld;

```
mysql> SELECT
     -> s.Student_Id,
     -> s.First_Name,
     -> s.Last Name,
     -> c.Course_Id,
     -> c.Course Name,
     -> e.Enrollment Id
     -> FROM Enrollments e
     -> INNER JOIN Student s ON e.Student_Id = s.Student_Id
     -> INNER JOIN Course c ON e.Course_Id = c.Course_Id;
  Student_Id | First_Name | Last_Name | Course_Id | Course_Name | Enrollment_Id |
              1 | Paul | Patel | 1 | Science |
2 | Prithvi | Shah | 2 | Medicine |
3 | Uday | Raj | 3 | Chemistry |
4 | Nikitha | kumari | 4 | Music |
5 | Naga | raju | 5 | Engineering |
6 | Afshan | Banu | 6 | English Literature |
7 | waseem | Shaikh | 7 | Finance |
8 | Krish | gupta | 8 | Physical Science |
9 | Isha | Varma | 9 | Accounting |
10 | Parmya | Toshi | 10 | Law
                                                                                                             1001
                                                                                                                          1002
                                                                                                                         1003
                                                                                                                        1004
                                                                                                                         1005
                                                                                                                         1006
                                                                                                                         1007
                                                                                                                         1008
                                                                                                                          1009
                                                        | 10 | Law
              10 | Ramya
                                       | Joshi
                                                                                                                          1010
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```