

## 优化 / 数学规划 (Optimization / Mathematical Programming)

从一个可行解的集合中, 寻找最优的元素.

minimize  $f_0(x)$

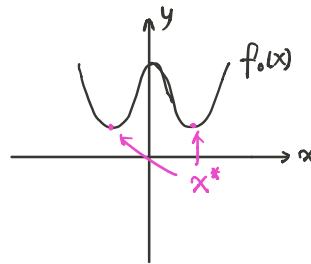
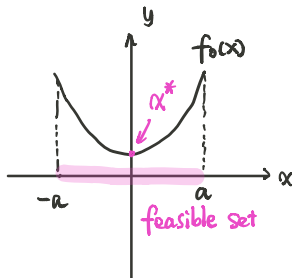
subject to  $f_i(x) \leq b_i, i=1, \dots, M$

$x = [x_1, \dots, x_n]^T$  优化变量 (Optimization Variable)

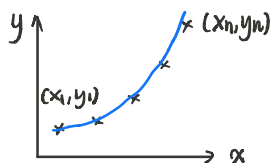
$f_0: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  目标函数 (Objective function).

$f_i: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  不等式约束 (inequality constraint).

$x^*$  最优 (optimal)  $\Leftrightarrow \forall z, z \in \{f_i(z) \leq b_i, i=1, \dots, M\}$   
 $f_0(z) \geq f_0(x^*)$  可行解集 (feasible set)



## 数据拟合问题

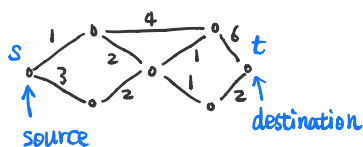


$$y = ax^2 + bx + c.$$

$$\text{minimize } \varepsilon_1^2 + \varepsilon_2^2 + \dots + \varepsilon_n^2$$

$$\varepsilon_i = y_i - (ax_i^2 + bx_i + c), i=1, \dots, n$$

## 最短路径问题



$\{V, E\}$

$$\min \sum_{(i,j) \in E} w_{ij} x_{ij}$$

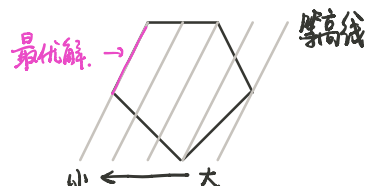
$$\text{s.t. } x_{ij} = 0 \text{ or } 1 \text{ (是否选择边 } (i,j) \text{)}$$

$$\sum_j x_{ij} - \sum_j x_{ji} = \begin{cases} 1 & i=s \text{ (源结点)} \\ -1 & i=t \text{ (目标结点)} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

## 线性规划 / 非线性规划

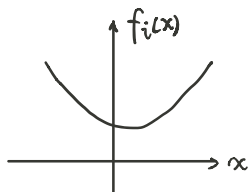
$$f_i(\alpha x + \beta y) = \alpha f_i(x) + \beta f_i(y)$$

$$\forall i=0, 1, \dots, M \text{ (线性函数)}$$

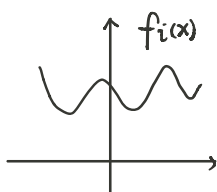


### 凸规划/非凸规划

$$f_i(\alpha x + \beta y) \leq \alpha f_i(x) + \beta f_i(y) \quad \forall i=0, 1, \dots, M$$

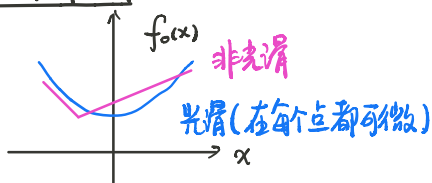


凸函数



非凸函数

### 光滑/非光滑



### 连续/非连续

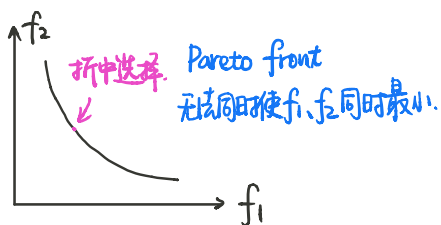


可行域



可行域是离散点

### 单目标/多目标



$$\begin{aligned} &\min f_1(x) \\ &\quad f_2(x) \\ \Rightarrow &\min f_1(x) + \lambda f_2(x) \end{aligned}$$