# UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

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Subject :- Shell Script

Paper :- VIII

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# **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script / program to print a reverse number of a given number.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to reverse a number. We take a number a reverse it by using 'rev' command, and display it.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter a number" input n
```

```
Step 2 n=`echo $n|rev`

[ rev is a command that returns reverse of the hole inputted string. ]
```

Step 3 print "Number in reverse order =" n

**Step 4** Exit from the program.

## **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script / program to print a reverse number of a given number.

```
echo -n "Enter a Number ="
read n
n=`echo "$n"|rev`
echo "Number in reverse order =$n"
```

#### **Output:-**

```
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 4.sh Enter a Number =14
Number in reverse order =41
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 4.sh Enter a Number =483
Number in reverse order =384
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 4.sh Enter a Number =64064
Number in reverse order =46046
```

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script / program to determine whether the number is prime or not.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to check a number that is prime or not. Here we take a number and if it is a prime number then display prime otherwise not prime.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter a Number ="
        input n
        flag \leftarrow 0
        i ← 2
Step 2 Loop continues when i less than or equal to n/2 true
               If n mod I equal to 0 then
                       flag \leftarrow 1
                       goto Step 3
               [End of if]
               i ← i+1
         [ End of Loop ]
Step 3 If n not equal to 1 AND flag equal to 0 then
               print "n is a Prime Number."
        else
               print "n is Not a Prime Number."
         [End of if]
```

**Shell Script:-**

**Step 4** Exit from the program.

# Write a shell script / program to determine whether the number is prime or not.

```
then
flag=1
break
fi
done
if [ $flag -eq 0 -a $n -ne 1 ]
then
echo "$n is a Prime Number."
else
echo "$n is Not a Prime Number."
fi
```

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 5.sh Enter a Number =23

23 is a Prime Number.

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 5.sh Enter a Number =18

18 is Not a Prime Number.

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 5.sh Enter a Number =103

103 is a Prime Number.

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 5.sh Enter a Number =97

97 is a Prime Number.

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 5.sh Enter a Number =91

91 is Not a Prime Number.

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script / program to determine whether a particular user logged into the system or not.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to check that a user is logged in or not. Here we take a user name and if it is already logged in then prints it's name otherwise we wait for that user when he/She login and then display the waiting time we were waited for that user.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter the User Name ="
        input u
        t ← 0
        f \leftarrow 0
Step 2 Loop starts
                ch ← `who| grep -i $u`
                [ here who command finds the all user that currently logged in and grep -i finds that string
                is present into that fie or not and if not exist then returns it otherwise return
                nothing. ]
Step 2.1
                If ch not equal to nothing then
                        If f equal to 0 then
                                print u "is already logged in."
                        else
                                print u "is logged in after " t "minutes."
                        [ End of if ]
                        exit from the program.
Step 2.2
                else
                        wait for 60 seconds
                        t ← t+1
                        f ← 1
                [End of if]
        [ End of Loop ]
```

**Step 3** Exit from the program.

# **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script / program to determine whether a particular user logged into the system or not.

```
echo -n "Enter the User Name ="
read u
t=0
f=0
while true
do
       ch=`who|grep -i $u`
       if [ "$ch" != "" ]
       then
               if [ $f -eq 0 ]
               then
                       echo "$u is already logged in."
               else
                       echo "$u is logged in after $t minutes."
               fi
               exit
       else
               sleep 60
               t=\$((\$t+1))
               f=1
       fi
done
```

## Output:-

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 6.sh Enter the User Name =susovan susovan is already logged in.

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script /program that reads an integer and test whether it is divisible by 11 using divisibility rule.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to check that a number is divisible or not. Here we take a integer number and check it by 11's divisibility rule that is divisible or not, if yes then print divisible otherwise print not divisible.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter a Number ="
        input n
        i ← 1
        s \leftarrow 0
Step 2 Loop starts
               ch=`echo "$n"|cut -c $i`
               [ cut -c cut a character of the string from which location that passes into it and returns
               that character. ]
Step 2.1
               If ch equal to nothing then
                        goto the Step 3
               [ end of if ]
Step 2.2
               If I mod 2 equal to 1 then
                        s ← s+ch
               else
                        s ← s-ch
               [ end of if ]
               i ← i+1
        [ end of Loop ]
Step 3 If s mod 11 equal to 0 then
               print n "is Divisible by 11."
        else
                print n "is Not Divisible by 11."
        [end of If]
```

## **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script /program that reads an integer and test whether it is divisible by 11 using divisibility rule.

```
echo -n "Enter a Number ="
read n
i=1
s=0
while true
do
       ch=`echo "$n"|cut -c $i`
       if [ "$ch" = "" ]
       then
               break
       fi
       if [ $(($i%2)) -eq 1 ]
       then
               s=$(($s+$ch))
       else
               s=$(($s-$ch))
       fi
       i=\$((\$i+1))
done
if [ $(($s%11)) -eq 0 ]
then
       echo "$n is Divisible by 11."
else
       echo "$n is Not Divisible by 11."
fi
```

#### **Output:-**

```
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 7.sh Enter a Number =146
146 is Not Divisible by 11.
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 7.sh Enter a Number =121
121 is Divisible by 11.
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 7.sh Enter a Number =712457
712457 is Not Divisible by 11.
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 7.sh Enter a Number =278828
278828 is Divisible by 11.
```

# Assignment No :- 5.i

# **Program Statement:-**

```
Write a shell / program to print a pattern.
```

```
*
* *
* *
* * *
```

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to print a pattern. Here we take the lines numbers as input and prints the corresponding pattern.

#### Steps:

**Step 3** Exit from the program.

# **Shell Script:-**

```
# Write a shell / program to print the following pattern
# *
# * *
# * * *
# * * *
# * * *
# ...
```

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 8a.sh Enter the Line Number =6

\*

\* \*

\* \*

\* \* \*

\* \* \*

\* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \*

# Assignment No :- 5.ii

# **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell / program to print a pattern.

```
*
    * * *
    * * * * *
```

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to print a pattern. Here we take the lines numbers as input and prints the corresponding pattern.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter the Line Number ="
        input n
        i ← 0
Step 2 Loop continue when i less than n true
              j ← n-1
Step 2.1
              Loop continue when j greater than to i true
                      print blank space
                      j ← j-1
              [ end of Loop ]
Step 2.2
              j ← 0
              Loop continue when j is less than to i*2+1 true
                      print "*"
                      j ← j+1
              [ end of Loop ]
              print a new line.
              i ← i+1
        [ End of Loop ]
```

**Step 3** Exit from the program.

# **Shell Script:-**

```
# Write a shell / program to print the following pattern
#
#
#
# .....
echo -n "Enter the Line Number ="
read n
for ((i=0;i< n;i++))
do
       for ((j=n-1;j>i;j--))
               echo -n " "
       done
       for ((j=0;j<i*2+1;j++))
       do
               echo -n "* "
       done
       echo
done
```

## **Output:-**

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 8b.sh Enter the Line Number =7

# Assignment No :- 5.iii

# **Program Statement:-**

```
Write a shell / program to print a pattern.
```

```
1
0 1
1 0 1
0 1 0 1
```

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to print a pattern. Here we take the lines numbers as input and prints the corresponding pattern.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter the Line Number =" input n i \leftarrow 0 str \leftarrow ""

Step 2 Loop continue when I less than n true If i mod 2 equal to 0 then str \leftarrow "1 "str else str \leftarrow "0 "str [ end of If ] print str with new line. i \leftarrow i+1 [ end of Loop ]
```

Step 3 Exit from the program.

## **Shell Script:-**

```
# Write a shell / program to print the following pattern # 1 # 0 1 # 1 0 1 # 0 1 0 1 # .......
```

# **Assignment No :- 5.iv**

# **Program Statement:-**

```
Write a shell / program to print a pattern.

\sin x = x - x^3/3! + x^5/5! - x^7/7! + \dots
```

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to print a pattern. Here we take the item numbers as input and prints the corresponding pattern.

#### Steps:

Step 3 Exit from the program.

## **Shell Script:-**

```
# Write a shell / program to print the following pattern # \sin x = x - x^3/3! + x^5/5! - x^7/7! + \dots

echo -n "Enter the term numbers =" read n echo -n "Sin x = x" for ((i=1;i<n;i++)) do

if [\$((\$i\%2)) -eq 0] then echo -n "+ x^*((2*\$i+1))/\$((2*\$i+1))!"
```

```
else echo -n "- x^{(2*5i+1)}/((2*5i+1))! " fi done echo
```

```
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 8d.sh Enter the term numbers =10 Sin x = x - x^3/3! + x^5/5! - x^7/7! + x^9/9! - x^11/11! + x^13/13! - x^15/15! + x^17/17! - x^19/19!
```

# **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script /program to generate a possible combinations of 1,2 and 3.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to print the all possible combination of 1,2 and 3. Here we use 3 Loop to print the all possible combination.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "All possible combinations of 1, 2 and 3:-"

Step 2 for i in (1,2,3)

Step 3 for j in (1,2,3)

Step 4 for k in (1,2,3)

print value of ijk
[end of Loop]

[end of Loop]
```

Step 5 Exit from the program.

## **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script /program to generate a possible combinations of 1,2 and 3.

```
echo "All possible combinations of 1, 2 and 3 :-"
for i in 1 2 3
do

for j in 1 2 3
do

for k in 1 2 3
do

echo "$i$j$k"
done
done
done
```

# **Program Statement:-**

Write a menu driven shell script / program using switch statement.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to print a pattern.

[End of if]

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "1. Add Numbers.\n2. Subtract Numbers.\n3. Multiply Numbers.\n4. Divide
       Numbers.\n5. Exit."
Step 2 print "Enter Your choice ="
        input n
        print "Enter A ="
        input a
        print "Enter B ="
        input b
Step 3 If n equal to 1 then
              print "Ans of a+b =" a+b
              goto Step 9
        [End of if ]
Step 4 If n equal to 2 then
              print "Ans of a-b =" a-b
              goto Step 9
        [End of if]
Step 5 If n equal to 3 then
              print "Ans of a*b =" a*b
               goto Step 9
        [End of if]
Step 6 If n equal to 4 then
              print "Ans of a/b =" a/b
               goto Step 9
        [End of if]
Step 7 If n equal to 5 then
               goto Step 9
```

```
Step 8 If n not equal to 1,2,3,4,5 then print "Worng choice" goto Step 9
[End of if]
```

Step 9 Exit from the program.

#### **Shell Script:-**

```
# Write a menu driven shell script / program using switch statement that has the following
options:
# 1. Add numbers
# 2. Subtract numbers
# 3. Multiply numbers
# 4. Divide numbers
# 5. Exit
echo -e "1. Add Numbers.\n2. Subtract Numbers.\n3. Multiply Numbers.\n4. Divide
Numbers.\n5. Exit."
echo -n "Enter your Choice ="
read n
echo -n "Enter A ="
read a
echo -n "Enter B ="
read b
case $n in
       1)
              echo "Ans of $a+$b = `echo "scale=2;$a+$b"|bc`"
              echo "Ans of $a-$b = `echo "scale=2;$a-$b"|bc`"
       2)
       3)
              echo "Ans of $a*$b = `echo "scale=2;$a*$b"|bc`"
       4)
              echo "Ans of $a/$b = `echo "scale=2;$a/$b"|bc`"
       5)
              exit
       *) echo "Wrong Choice."
esac
```

#### **Output:-**

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 11.sh

- 1. Add Numbers.
- 2. Subtract Numbers.
- 3. Multiply Numbers.
- 4. Divide Numbers.
- 5. Exit.

Enter your Choice =1

Enter A =10

Enter B =35

Ans of 10+35 =45

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 11.sh

- 1. Add Numbers.
- 2. Subtract Numbers.
- 3. Multiply Numbers.
- 4. Divide Numbers.
- 5. Exit.

Enter your Choice =2

Enter A = 48

Enter B = 129

Ans of 48-129 =-81

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 11.sh

- 1. Add Numbers.
- 2. Subtract Numbers.
- 3. Multiply Numbers.
- 4. Divide Numbers.
- 5. Exit.

Enter your Choice =3

Enter A = 30

Enter B = 5

Ans of 30\*5 = 150

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh programs/Assignment\$ sh 11.sh

- 1. Add Numbers.
- 2. Subtract Numbers.
- 3. Multiply Numbers.
- 4. Divide Numbers.
- 5. Exit.

Enter your Choice =9

Wrong Choice.

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 11.sh

- 1. Add Numbers.
- 2. Subtract Numbers.
- 3. Multiply Numbers.
- 4. Divide Numbers.
- 5. Exit.

Enter your Choice =4

Enter A = 125

Enter B =6

Ans of 125/6 = 20.83

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script / program to count number of lines and words in a file.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to count number of lines and words in a file. Here take a file name as input and we find the line number and word number of that file.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter the File name ="
         input fn
         In ← 0
         w \leftarrow 0
         flag \leftarrow 0
Step 2 open the file fn in output mode
Step 3 Loop continue when read I true
         [ read I means that it read every line from the file that opens in output mode. ]
                i ← 1
                Loop starts
Step 3.1
                         ch = `echo "$l"|cut -c $i`
                        [ cut -c cut a character of the string from which location that passes into it and
                         returns that character. ]
                         If ch equal to nothing then
Step 3.1.1
                                 goto Step 3.2
                         [End of if]
                        if ch equal to between one of them " ", ", ", ", ", ", "?" then
Step 3.1.2
                                 if flag equal to 0 then
                                         w \leftarrow w+1
                                         flag \leftarrow 1
                                 [end of If]
                         else
                                 flag \leftarrow 0
                         [End of if]
                        i ← i+1
                [End of Loop]
Step 3.2
                if flag equal to 0 then
                         w ← w+1
                [End of if]
                In ← In +1
```

```
[ End Of Loop ]
```

**Step 4** print in file fn words =w and line =ln

**Step 5** Exit from the program.

## **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script / program to count number of lines and words in a file.

```
echo -n "Enter the File name ="
read fn
In=0
w=0
flag=0
exec<$fn
while read I
do
        i=1
       while true
        do
               ch=`echo "$I"|cut -c $i`
               if [ "$ch" = "" ]
               then
                       break
               fi
               if [ "$ch" = " " -o "$ch" = "," -o "$ch" = "." -o "$ch" = ";" -o "$ch" = "?" ]
               then
                       if [ $flag -eq 0 ]
                       then
                               w=\$((\$w+1))
                               flag=1
                       fi
               else
                       flag=0
               fi
               i=\$((\$i+1))
        done
        if [ $flag -eq 0 ]
        then
               w=\$((\$w+1))
        ln=\$((ln+1))
done
echo "In file '$fn'"
echo "Words =$w"
echo "lines =$In"
```

## Output:-

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 13.sh Enter the File name =a.txt In file 'a.txt'
Words =578
lines =184
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 13.sh Enter the File name =13.sh
In file '13.sh'
Words =142
lines =40

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script / program to find the sum and average of first "N" numbers (20<=N=<50).

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to find the sum and average of first "N" numbers (20<=N=<50). User will asked to input N. The program must check the validity of "N" as input on by user.

#### Steps:

## **Shell Script:-**

Step 6 Exit from the program.

# Write a shell script / program to find the sum and average of first "N" numbers (20<=N=<50). User will asked to input N. The program must check the validity of "N" as input on by user.

```
echo -n "Enter the N (20<=N<=50) =" read n # Input condition checking
```

```
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 14.sh Enter the N (20<=N<=50) =25 Sum =325 Average =13.00 susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 14.sh Enter the N (20<=N<=50) =30 Sum =465 Average =15.50 susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 14.sh Enter the N (20<=N<=50) =60 Your Entered Number is Not in Range. susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 14.sh Enter the N (20<=N<=50) =10 Your Entered Number is Not in Range.
```

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script / program to print a text file in reverse way.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to print a text file in reverse way .Here we take a file name as a input and print that file in reverse way.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter a File Name ="
    input fn
    str ← ""

Step 2 open the file fn in output mode

Step 3 Loop continue when read I true
    [ read I means that it read every line from the file that opens in output mode. ]
        str ← I"\n"str
    [ End of Loop ]

Step 4 print str

Step 5 Exit from the program.
```

#### **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script / program to print a text file in reverse way.

```
echo -n "Enter the File name ="
read fn
str=""
exec<$fn
while read I
do
str=$I"\n"$str
done
echo -e "$str"
```

#### Output:-

```
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh programs/Assignment$ cat 1.sh
# Assignment No :- 1
# Write a shell script / program to generate Fibonacci series up to a certain number.
echo -n "Enter the Extreme Limit ="
read n
a=0
b=1
while [ $a -le $n ]
do
      echo -n "$a "
      c=$(($a+$b))
      a=$b
      b=$c
done
echo
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh programs/Assignment$ sh 15.sh
Enter the File name =1.sh
echo
done
b=$c
a=$b
c=$(($a+$b))
echo -n "$a "
do
while [ $a -le $n ]
b=1
a=0
read n
echo -n "Enter the Extreme Limit ="
# Write a shell script / program to generate Fibonacci series up to a certain number.
# Assignment No :- 1
```

# **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script / program to find the sum of N numbers taken as parameter input.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to find the sum of N numbers taken as parameter input. Here we take the values form the terminal and find their Sum.

#### Steps:

## **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script / program to find the sum of N numbers taken as parameter input.

s=\$((\$s+\$i))
done
echo -e "\nSum of that Numbers =\$s"

## **Output:-**

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 16.sh No Arguments Passes. susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 16.sh 1 2 3 4 5 6 Arguments Passes as the Parameter:- 1 2 3 4 5 6 Sum of that Numbers =21 susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 16.sh 10 23 34 21 643 27 Arguments Passes as the Parameter:- 10 23 34 21 643 27 Sum of that Numbers =758

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script / program to rename a group of files.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to rename a group of files for example, rename all files where file name end with .HTM so that they end with .HTML.

#### Steps:

Step 3 print "Complete conversion."

**Step 4** Exit from the program.

## **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script / program to rename a group of files for example, rename all files where file name end with .HTM so that they end with .HTML.

```
echo -n "Enter the Existing file Extension ="
read efe
echo -n "Enter the Converting file Extension ="
read cfe
for i in `ls *$efe`
do
```

ch=`echo "\$i"|cut -d'.' -f 1` ch=\$ch\$cfe mv \$i \$ch done echo "Complete conversion"

## **Output:-**

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ Is 10.sh 12.sh 14.sh 16.sh 18.sh 19.sh 20.sh 22.sh 24.sh 26 28.sh 2.sh 31.sh 3.sh 5.sh 7.sh 8b.sh 8d.sh a.txt 11.sh 13.sh 15.sh 17.sh 18student.txt 1.sh 21.sh 23.sh 25.sh 27.sh 29.sh 30.sh 32.sh 4.sh 6.sh 8a.sh 8c.sh 9.sh susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh programs/Assignment\$ sh 17.sh Enter the Existing file Extension =.sh Enter the Converting file Extension =.c Complete conversion susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ Is 19.c 20.c 22.c 24.c 26 28.c 2.c 31.c 3.c 5.c 7.c 8b.c 10.c 12.c 14.c 16.c 18.c 8d.c a.txt 11.c 13.c 15.c 17.c 18student.txt 1.c 21.c 23.c 25.c 27.c 29.c 30.c 32.c 4.c 6.c 8a.c 8c.c 9.c susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 17.sh Enter the Existing file Extension =.c Enter the Converting file Extension =.sh Complete conversion susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh programs/Assignment\$ Is 10.sh 12.sh 14.sh 16.sh 18.sh 19.sh 20.sh 22.sh 24.sh 26 28.sh 2.sh 31.sh 3.sh 5.sh 7.sh 8b.sh 8d.sh a.txt 11.sh 13.sh 15.sh 17.sh 18student.txt 1.sh 21.sh 23.sh 25.sh 27.sh 29.sh 30.sh 32.sh 4.sh 6.sh 8a.sh 8c.sh 9.sh

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script to the division awarded to each student.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to the division awarded to each student. The students are awarded division as per following rules:- (1) Percentage above or equal to 60-1st division. (2) Percentage between 50 to 59 - 2nd division. (3) Percentage between 40 to 49 - 3rd division. (4) percentage less than 40 -FAIL.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Data In Student File :-"
        print the file 18student.txt
        print "Students Divisions :-"
Step 2 open the file 18student.txt in output mode
        input I
        [ read I means that it read every line from the file that opens in output mode. ]
Step 3 Loop continue when read I true
        [ read I means that it read every line from the file that opens in output mode. ]
                set I
                nm ← $1
                p \leftarrow (\$2+\$3+\$4+\$5)/4
                print nm
Step 3.1
                if p greater than or equal to 60 then
                        print "1st division"
                [end of if]
Step 3.2
                else
                        if p greater than or equal to 50 then
                                 print "2<sup>nd</sup> division"
                        else
Step 3.3
                                 if p greater than or equal to 40 then
                                         print "3rd division"
Step 3.4
                                 else
                                         print "Fail ."
                                 [end of if]
                        [end of if]
                [end of if]
```

Step 4 Exit from the program.

#### **Shell Script:-**

```
# A student examination files containing the following format:
# Name sub1 sub2 sub3 sub4
# The students are awarded division as per following rules :
# i) Percentage above or equal to 60-1st division.
# ii) Percentage between 50 to 59 - 2nd division.
# iii) Percentage between 40 to 49 - 3rd division.
# iv) percentage lesa than 40 -FAIL.
# Write a shell script to the division awarded to each student.
echo "Data In Student File :-"
cat 18student.txt
echo
echo "Students Divisions :-"
exec<18student.txt
read I
while read I
do
       set $I
       nm=$1
       p=`echo "scale=2;($2+$3+$4+$5)/4"|bc`
       echo -n $nm"
       if [ 1 -eq `echo "$p>=60"|bc` ]
       then
              echo "1st division."
       elif [ 1 -eq `echo "$p>=50"|bc` ]
       then
              echo "2nd division."
       elif [ 1 -eq `echo "$p>=40"|bc` ]
       then
              echo "3rd division."
       else
              echo "Fail."
       fi
done
```

## **Output:-**

```
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 18.sh Data In Student File :-
NAME SUB_1(Marks) SUB_2(Marks) SUB_3(Marks) SUB_4(Marks)
Susovan 30 30 40 100
Shuvendu 30 100 40 30
Sourav 100 30 30 40
Sanada 80 80 80 80
Priya 80 80 80 80
Kanisha 80 80 80 80
Bikram 30 30 40 10
```

Students Divisions:Susovan 2nd division.
Shuvendu 2nd division.
Sourav 2nd division.
Sanada 1st division.
Priya 1st division.
Kanisha 1st division.
Bikram Fail.

# **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script to find sort of n numbers of an array in ascending order.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to find sort of n numbers of an array in ascending order. Here we take total no of numbers and the numbers to sort them is ascending order.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter the Size of Array ="
        input n
        print "Enter the Elements :-"
        input a[]
        [read all elements one by one]
        print a[]
        i ← 0
Step 2 Loop continue when i less than n true
               j ← i+1
Step 2.1
               Loop continue when j less than n true
                       if a[i] greater than a[i] then
                               temp ← a[i]
                               a[i] ← a[i]
                               a[i] ← temp
                       [ end of if ]
                      j ← j+1
               [ end of Loop ]
               i ← i+1
        [ end of Loop ]
Step 3 print "Elements After Sorting:-"
        print a[]
```

#### **Step 4** Exit from the program.

# **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script to find sort of n numbers of an array in ascending order.

```
echo -n "Enter the Size of Array ="
```

```
read n
echo "Enter the Elements :- "
for ((i=0;i< n;i++))
do
        echo -n "A[$i] ="
        read a[$i]
done
echo "Elements Are :-"
for ((i=0;i< n;i++))
do
        echo -n "${a[$i]} "
done
for ((i=0;i< n;i++))
do
        for ((j=i+1;j< n;j++))
        do
                if [ ${a[$i]} -gt ${a[$j]} ]
                then
                        temp=${a[$i]}
                        a[\$i]=\$\{a[\$i]\}
                        a[$j]=$temp
                fi
        done
done
echo -e "\nElements After Sorting:-"
for ((i=0;i< n;i++))
do
        echo -n "${a[$i]} "
done
echo
```

```
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 23.sh
Enter the Size of Array =4
Enter the Elements :-
A[0] = 1
A[1] = 9
A[2] = 2
A[3] = 6
Elements Are:-
1926
Elements After Sorting:-
1269
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh programs/Assignment$ sh 23.sh
Enter the Size of Array =9
Enter the Elements :-
A[0] = 9
A[1] = 3
A[2] = 1
```

```
A[3] =5
A[4] = 34
A[5] = 0
A[6] = 23
A[7] = 45
A[8] =82
Elements Are:-
9 3 1 5 34 0 23 45 82
Elements After Sorting:-
0 1 3 5 9 23 34 45 82
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh_programs/Assignment$ sh 23.sh
Enter the Size of Array =8
Enter the Elements :-
8= [0]A
A[1] = 7
A[2] = 6
A[3] = 5
A[4] = 4
A[5] = 3
A[6] = 2
A[7] = 1
Elements Are:-
87654321
Elements After Sorting:-
12345678
```

# **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script to find a factorial of a number using recursive process.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to find a factorial of a number using recursive process.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 fac() function
Step 1.1
               if n equal to 0 then
                       goto Step 2
               [ end of if ]
               f \leftarrow f^*n
Step 1.2
               n ← n-1
Step 1.3
               call fac function
Step 2 print "Enter a Number ="
        input n
        f ← 1
        print "Factorial of n is ="
step 3 call fac
        print f
```

**Shell Script:-**

**Step 4** Exit from the program.

# Write a shell script to find a factorial of a number using recursive process.

```
}
echo -n "Enter the Number ="
read n
f=1
echo -n "Factorial of $n is"
fac
echo -n " $f"
echo
```

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 27.sh Enter the Number =4
Factorial of 4 is 24
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 27.sh Enter the Number =10
Factorial of 10 is 3628800
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 27.sh Enter the Number =6
Factorial of 6 is 720
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 27.sh Enter the Number =12
Factorial of 12 is 479001600

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script to find the no. of word that containing vowel in text file.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to find the no. of word that containing vowel in text file.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter the File name ="
        input fn
        str ← ""
Step 2 open the file fn in output mode
Step 3 Loop continue when read I true
        [ read I means that it read every line from the file that opens in output mode. ]
Step 3.1
                for i in I
                        ch ← `echo "$i"|grep –i [aeiou]`
                        [ here grep -i finds that string is present into that fie or not and if not exist then
                        returns it otherwise return nothing. ]
                        if ch not equals to nothing then
                                str ← ch"\n"str
                        [ end of if ]
                [end of Loop]
        [End of Loop]
Step 4 ch \leftarrow `echo –e "str"|wc -l `
         [ wc –| returns the total line number of that file passes throw the parameter ]
Step 5 ch ← 'echo "$ch"|cut -d' ' -f 1'
        [ cut -d'.' -f does the string divided into sub fields on basis of ' 'delimiter and returns the
        fields which we want. ]
        print "The number of words that have vowels is" ch
```

Step 6 Exit from the program.

#### **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script to find the no. of word that containing vowel in text file.

```
echo -n "Enter the File Name ="
read fn
str=""
exec<$fn
while read I
do
       for i in $1
       do
               ch=`echo "$i"|grep -i [aeiou]`
               if [ "$ch" != "" ]
               then
                       str=$ch"\n"$str
               fi
       done
done
ch='echo -e "$str"|wc -l '
ch=`echo "$ch"|cut -d' ' -f 1`
echo "In File '$fn' the number of words that containing vowels is $ch"
```

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 31.sh Enter the File Name =4.sh

In File '4.sh' the number of words that containing vowels is 28 susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 31.sh Enter the File Name =5.sh

In File '5.sh' the number of words that containing vowels is 51 susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 31.sh Enter the File Name =a.txt

In File 'a.txt' the number of words that containing vowels is 756 susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 31.sh Enter the File Name =6.sh

In File '6.sh' the number of words that containing vowels is 56 susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 31.sh Enter the File Name =17.sh

In File '17.sh' the number of words that containing vowels is 54

## **Program Statement:-**

Write a shell script to find a large name to its shorted representation.

## **Program Algorithm:-**

#### **Description:**

This is a program to find a large name to its shorted representation.

#### Steps:

```
Step 1 print "Enter a Name ="
         input n
         I \leftarrow \text{`echo "$n"} \mid \text{wc -w`}
         [ wc –w returns the word count from the file that passes throw by parameter. ]
         I ← numeric vlue of I
         str ← ""
        i ← 1
Step 2 Loop continue when i less than I true
                ch ← `echo "$n"|cut -d' ' -f i`
                [ cut –d'.' –f does the string divided into sub fields on basis of ' 'delimiter and
                                                                                                    returns
                the fields which we want. ]
                ch ← `echo "$ch"|cut -c 1`
                [ cut -c cut a character of the string from which location that passes into it and returns
                that character. ]
                str ← str ch "."
                i ← i+1
         [ end of Loop ]
Step 3 ch ← `echo $n|cut -d' ' -f $i`
         [ cut -d'.' -f does the string divided into sub fields on basis of ' 'delimiter and returns the
         fields which we want. ]
         str ← str ch
         print "Short from of the name = " str
```

Step 4 Exit from the program.

## **Shell Script:-**

# Write a shell script to find a large name to its shorted representation.

```
echo -n "Enter a Name ="
```

susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 32.sh Enter a Name =Susovan Das
Short from of the name =S.Das
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 32.sh
Enter a Name =Sapen Kumar Dutta
Short from of the name =S.K.Dutta
susovan@susovan-Inspiron-3542:~/sh\_programs/Assignment\$ sh 32.sh
Enter a Name =Aritra Roy
Short from of the name =A.Roy