# AWS CloudFormation

#### Introduction

- Productivity
  - · Ability to destroy and re-create an infrastructure on the cloud on the fly
  - Automated generation of Diagram for your templates!
  - Declarative programming (no need to figure out ordering and orchestration)
- Separation of concern: create many stacks for many apps, and many layers. Ex:
  - VPC stacks
  - Network stacks
  - App stacks
- Don't re-invent the wheel
  - Leverage existing templates on the web!
  - Leverage the documentation

### CloudFormation Vs. Ansible Vs. Terraform

- CloudFormation is AWS native, and will always contain the latest features and options for AWS Services
- CloudFormation is state based, and AWS figures out how to reach that state
- Ansible and Terraform are instruction based, and it can be difficult to fully orchestrate your stacks
- Ansible and Terraform have to be updated every time a new Services or API option comes from AWS, which can take a <u>long</u> time
- I have used Ansible and CloudFormation, and for AWS related work, I heavily recommend CloudFormation.

#### Just EC2

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Resources:

MyInstance:

Type: AWS::EC2::Instance

Properties:

AvailabilityZone: us-east-1a

ImageId: ami-0080e4c5bc078760e

InstanceType: t2.micro

- Templates have to be uploaded in S3 and then referenced in CloudFormation
- To update a template, we can't edit previous ones. We have to reupload a new version of the template to AWS
- Stacks are identified by a name
- Deleting a stack deletes every single artifact that was created by CloudFormation.

#### YAML

```
34843
                     2001-01-23
      bill-to:
          given :
                     Chris
                     Dumars
              lines: |
                  458 Walkman Dr.
                  Suite #292
                      : Royal Oak
                      : MI
                      48046
      product:
                        : BL394D
            description : Basketball
                        : 450.00
18
                        : BL4438H
            description : Super Hoop
                        : 2392.00
```

- YAML and JSON are the languages you can use for CloudFormation.
- JSON is horrible for CF
- YAML is great in so many ways
- Let's learn a bit about it!
- Key value Pairs
- Nested objects
- Support Arrays
- Multi line strings
- Can include comments!

## Creating S3 Bucket

- Creating a S3 bucket is free
- S3 is the AWS Service for storing static files in a replicated and globally available way
- It powers many websites, Single Page Apps, hosts all the Netflix video content, etc.
- We'll use CloudFormation to provision a S3 bucket!