

task_8.3

Machine Learning (WiSe 2025/2026)

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Assignment 8 Task 3

Here's a table with the input values:

	a	b	t
Example 1	1	0	1
Example 2	0	1	0

given is that all weights are initialized with 0.1 and the learning rate η is 0.3

Formula for input to the hidden layer (here it is Sigmoid function):

$$z_m = w_{a,m} \cdot a + w_{b,m} \cdot b + w_{1,m} \cdot 1$$

Formula for output of a Sigmoid function:

$$o_m = g(z_m) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

where, z is the input value and e is Euler's number (≈ 2.718)

Calculation of network output for Example 1

Calculation of the processed input to the hidden unit using the formula:

$$o_1 = 0.1(1) + 0.1(0) + 0.1(1) = 0.2$$

Calculating the output of the hidden unit:

$$\frac{1}{1 + (2.718^{-0.2})} = 0.8$$

This obtained output o_1 is used to calculate the input for the output Sigmoid unit.

To calculate the input for the output Sigmoid unit we use the input function formula again:

$$z_n = w_{m,n} \cdot o_m + w_{1,n} \cdot 1 \cdot z_n = (0.1)(0.8) + 0.1(1) \approx 0.18$$

Total final output by the entire network (hidden Sigmoid + output Sigmoid):

$$o_n = g(z_n) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-0.18}} \approx 0.87$$

Calculation of Backpropagation Error (methodology used in Example 1 & 2)

We have the net output of the network (consisting of hidden sigmoid and output sigmoid), we compare this to the target value and calculate the error. Then we back-propagate the adjustment.

Using the Binary Cross-Entropy (BCE) Loss Function:

$$L(y, \hat{y}) = -[y \log(\hat{y}) + (1 - y) \log(1 - \hat{y})]$$

Where,

- y : true value
- \hat{y} : predicted value

We cannot simply plug values in this formula and calculate the error. We need to get the derivative of the loss function w.r.t the net input of the output sigmoid unit, i.e. $\frac{\partial L}{\partial z_n}$, this is also known as error signal $_n$.

In our case of using a sigmoid output unit and BCE loss function, it becomes:

$$_n = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_n} = \hat{y} - y = o_n - t_n = o_n - t = 0.87 - 1 = -0.1$$

Calculation of Weight change for Example 1

Now that we have an error, we can use it to update our weights. This requires calculating the change in weights for both examples then using their sum for the calculation of the total update for each weight. There are two weight change formulae, one for output unit and one for hidden unit.

Change rule for output unit:

$$\Delta w_{j,n} = \eta \cdot _n \cdot o_j$$

Change rule for hidden unit:

$$\Delta w_{i,m} = \eta \cdot _m \cdot x_i$$

where, $_m$ is the backward propagated error from the output unit. This is calculated like so:

$$_m = o_m(1 - o_m) \cdot w_{m,n} \cdot _n$$

We start by calculating the change for the weights of the output unit

$$\Delta w_{1,n} = (0) \cdot (-0.1) \cdot (1) = -0.18 \Delta w_{m,n} = (0) \cdot (-0.1) \cdot (0.8) = -0.071$$

Then we calculate the propagated error for use in calculating change in weights of the hidden unit

$$_m = (0.8)(1 - 0.8) \cdot (0.1) \cdot (-0.1) = -0.011$$

Calculating the change of weights for the hidden unit:

$$\Delta w_{a,m} = \eta \cdot _m \cdot a = (0) \cdot (-0.011) \cdot (1) = -0.00 \Delta w_{b,m} = \eta \cdot _m \cdot b = (0) \cdot (-0.011) \cdot (0) = 0 \Delta w_{1,m} = \eta \cdot _m \cdot 1 = (0) \cdot (-0.011) \cdot (1) = 0$$

Calculation of network output for Example 2

Using the processed input to the hidden unit:

$$z_m = 0.1(0) + 0.1(1) + 0.1(1) = 0.2$$

This input is used to calculate the output of the hidden unit:

$$o_m = g(z_m) = \frac{1}{1 + (2.718^{-0.2})} = 0.8$$

This is one of the inputs fed into the output sigmoid function in this second example. The output of the network includes the static weight and input (bias) as well, i.e. $w_{1,n}$. Therefore the net input received by the output unit is:

$$z_n = (0.1)(0.8) + (0.1)(1) = 0.18$$

The final network output for Example 2 is:

$$o_n = g(z_n) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-0.18}} \approx 0.87$$

Calculation of Backpropagation of Example 2

We start by taking the calculating the error of the ouput of example 2, which is:

$$e_n = o_n - t = 0.87 - 0 = 0.87$$

Calculation of weight change for Example 2

This error is used in calculating weight change for the output sigmoid function:

$$\Delta w_{1,n} = (0.).(-0.87).(1) = 0.11 \Delta w_{m,n} = (0.).(-0.87).(0.8) = 0.0888$$

Then we calculate the propagated error for use in calculating change in weights of the hidden unit

$$e_m = (0.8)(1 - 0.8) (0.1) (-0.87) = 0.01$$

Calculating the change of weights for the hidden unit:

$$\Delta w_{a,m} = \eta \cdot m \cdot a = (0.) (0.01) (0) = 0 \Delta w_{b,m} = \eta \cdot m \cdot b = (0.) (0.01) (1) = 0.000 \Delta w_{1,m} = \eta \cdot m \cdot 1 = (0.) (0.01) (1) = 0.000$$

Final weight updated values

weight	initial value	weight updates Ex 1	weight updates Ex 2	total	final
$w_{m,n}$	0.1	-0.0761	0.0888	0.0127	0.1127
$w_{1,n}$	0.1	-0.1384	0.1616	0.0232	0.1232
$w_{a,m}$	0.1	-0.0034	0	-0.0034	0.0966
$w_{b,m}$	0.1	0	0.0040	0.0040	0.1040
$w_{1,m}$	0.1	-0.0034	0.0040	0.0006	0.1006