

Comprehensive Guide to Indian Government Schemes for Women and Marginalized Groups

The Indian government has established numerous schemes to empower women and support marginalized communities based on income, caste, and socio-economic status. This guide systematically categorizes these initiatives, ensuring citizens can access benefits tailored to their needs.

I. Schemes for Women

1. Health and Maternity Support

Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY): Provides ₹5,000 in three installments to pregnant women for their first live birth to promote institutional deliveries and postnatal care ^[1]. Eligibility includes women not employed in government sectors.

Indira Gandhi Matritva Sahyog Yojana (IGMSY): Offers cash incentives to pregnant and lactating mothers to improve health outcomes. Targets BPL households and requires antenatal check-ups^[3].

Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY): Provides cash incentives for institutional deliveries, reducing maternal mortality rates. Focuses on high-risk states and rural areas $\frac{[4]}{}$.

2. Economic Empowerment

Stand-Up India Scheme: Facilitates bank loans between ₹10 lakh to ₹1 crore for SC/ST and women entrepreneurs. Covers 75% of project costs, promoting self-employment [4] [5].

Rastriya Mahila Kosh (RMK): Offers micro-credit at concessional rates to women in informal sectors. Targets wage laborers, tribal groups, and female-headed households [1].

Mahila Samman Savings Certificate (MSSC): A two-year fixed deposit with 7.5% interest, allowing investments up to ₹2 lakh. Enhances financial security for women [6].

3. Safety and Rehabilitation

Ujjawala Scheme: Prevents trafficking and rehabilitates victims through shelters, vocational training, and legal aid. Eligibility includes women and children from vulnerable communities [3] [7].

One Stop Centres (OSCs): Provides integrated support (medical, legal, psychological) to violence-affected women. Operates 24/7 under the Nirbhaya Fund [2].

Compensation Scheme for Sexual Assault Victims: Offers financial aid up to ₹10 lakh for medical and legal expenses, varying by crime severity [8].

4. Education and Skill Development

Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (BBBP): Addresses declining child sex ratios by promoting girls' education. Includes awareness campaigns and school infrastructure upgrades [2].

Mahila Shakti Kendras (MSK): Empowers rural women through digital literacy, skill training, and employment linkages. Implemented via student volunteers $\frac{[1]}{2}$.

Support to Training and Employment Programme (STEP): Targets marginalized women (e.g., migrants, tribals) for skill development in agriculture, handicrafts, and $IT^{[3]}$.

5. State-Specific Initiatives

- Maharashtra: Mukhyamantri Majhi Ladki Bahin Yojana offers financial aid to women for education and entrepreneurship [6].
- **Tamil Nadu**: Free Travel for Women in government buses enhances mobility for working women [9].
- Haryana: Kishori Shakti Yojana improves nutrition and self-esteem for adolescent girls [8].

II. Caste-Based Schemes

1. Scheduled Castes (SC)

Post-Matric Scholarship for SC Students: Covers tuition fees, accommodation, and books for higher education. Family income must be below ₹2.5 lakh [10] [11].

National Fellowship for SC Students: Funds M.Phil/Ph.D. candidates with ₹25,000–28,000 monthly stipends. Requires UGC-NET qualification [11].

Top Class Education Scheme: Full financial support for SC students in premier institutions (e.g., IITs, AIIMS). Annual income limit: ₹8 lakh [12].

2. Scheduled Tribes (ST)

Pre-Matric Scholarship for ST Students: For Classes IX–X, covering allowances and academic expenses. Targets BPL families [13].

National Overseas Scholarship: Funds higher education abroad for ST students. Covers tuition, airfare, and living expenses [13].

PVTG Development Scheme: Supports Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups through habitat development, healthcare, and cultural preservation [14].

3. Other Backward Classes (OBC)

Post-Matric Scholarship for OBC Students: Covers tuition fees up to ₹12,000 annually. Income ceiling: ₹1 lakh [15].

Dr. Ambedkar Scheme for Interest Subsidy: Provides interest relief on educational loans for overseas studies. Eligibility: annual income below ₹18 lakh [15].

National Fellowship for OBC Students: Supports postgraduate research with $\ref{2}5,000$ monthly stipends. Requires OBC certificate and merit-based selection [15].

III. Income-Based Schemes

1. Economically Weaker Sections (EWS)

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY): Subsidizes housing loans for EWS (income <₹3 lakh) with 6.5% interest subvention. Covers 30 sq.m. homes [16] [17].

Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme (CLSS): Offers ₹2.67 lakh subsidy on home loans for EWS/LIG categories. Mandates Aadhaar-linked bank accounts [17] [18].

2. Low-Income Groups (LIG)

PM-SVANidhi: Provides ₹10,000 collateral-free loans to street vendors. Repayment incentives improve credit scores ^[5].

Ayushman Bharat Yojana: Health insurance up to ₹5 lakh annually for secondary/tertiary care. Targets 10.74 crore poor families [4].

3. Middle-Income Groups (MIG)

PMAY-CLSS for MIG-I/MIG-II: Interest subsidies of 4% (MIG-I: ₹6–12 lakh income) and 3% (MIG-II: ₹12–18 lakh) on home loans [16] [18].

MUDRA Loans: Collateral-free loans up to ₹10 lakh for women-led enterprises. *Shishu* category covers loans up to ₹50,000 ^[5].

IV. Application Processes

- **Digital Platforms**: Use *myScheme* (<u>myscheme.gov.in</u>) for personalized scheme discovery or *National Scholarship Portal* (scholarships.gov.in) for educational aid [10] [11].
- **Documentation**: Submit caste/income certificates, Aadhaar, and bank details. For PMAY, ensure no prior pucca house ownership [17] [18].
- **Helplines**: Women in distress can contact 181 or visit One Stop Centres [2] [8].

This guide underscores India's commitment to inclusive development through targeted welfare schemes. Citizens are encouraged to verify eligibility via official portals and update documentation for seamless benefit access.



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