SP-Homework-1

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Question 1

Question 1

Write a shell script that takes a filename as an argument and uses grep to search for a specific pattern within the file. Implement error handling using trap to catch any errors that may occur during execution.

Terminal Output ${\tt felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air~HM-1~\%~chmod~+x~Q1.sh}$ felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q1.sh sample.txt "hello" ./Q1.sh: line 4: [: missing `]' Error:_sample.txt_not_found_or_not_readable felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air_HM-1_%_vim_sample.txt ${\tt felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air_HM-1_\$_cat_sample.txt}$ Hello hello 1233 4231 #!@# #!3213 GSH ${\tt System_programing.}$ felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air_HM-1_%_./Q1.sh_sample.txt_"hello" ./Q1.sh:_line_4:_[:_missing_`]' 2:hello felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 %

Question 2

Question 2

Create a shell script that demonstrates the usage of set, unset, and shift commands. Your script should receive command-line arguments, set some variables, unset them, and then shift the arguments to demonstrate the change.

echo "before_set:_\$1=\$1,_\$2=\$2,_\$3=\$3" # using 'set' to change positional parameters set s1 s2 s3 echo "After_set:_\$1=\$1,_\$2=\$2,_\$3=\$3" # using 'unset' to remove a variable var="Hello" echo "Before_unset:_var=\$var" unset var echo "After_unset:_var=\${var:-Unset}" # using 'shift' to move positional parameters shift echo "After_shift:_\$1=\$1,_\$2=\$2,_\$3=\$3"

Terminal Output

```
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % chmod +x Q2.sh
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q2.sh h1 h2 h3
before set: $1=h1, $2=h2, $3=h3
After set: $1=s1, $2=s2, $3=s3
Before unset: var=Hello
After unset: var=Unset
After shift: $1=s2, $2=s3, $3=
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 %
```

Question 3

Question 3

Write a shell script that uses a for loop to iterate over a list of filenames in a directory obtained using the find command. Display each filename found.

```
#save directory in dir, by defolt currect directory
DIR=${1:-.}
echo "Searching_file_in_$DIR"

#using find to get file from directory
for file in $(find "$DIR" -type f); do
    echo "Found_file:_$file"
done
```

Terminal Output

```
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % chmod +x Q3.sh
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q3.sh
Searching file in .
Found file: ./Q3.sh
Found file: ./Q2.sh
Found file: ./Q1.sh
Found file: ./sample.txt
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q3.sh ../
Searching file in ../
Found file: ..//HM-1/Q3.sh
Found file: ..//HM-1/Q2.sh
Found file: ..//HM-1/Q1.sh
Found file: ..//HM-1/sample.txt
Found file: ..//LAB-1/LAB-1-SP.pdf
Found file: ..//.DS_Store
Found file: ..//LAB-2/lab2_Task1.pdf
Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/abzal.c
Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/Abdurashid.c
Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/output Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/lib.h
Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/lab2-Task-2.c
Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/Abzal.o
Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/lab-2_Task1.c
Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/Abdurashid.o
Found file: ..//LAB-2/codes/libfoo.a
Found file: ..//LAB-5/tloutput
Found file: ..//LAB-5/task3.c
Found file: ..//LAB-5/output
Found file: ..//LAB-5/t2output
Found file: ..//LAB-5/lab5
Found file: ..//LAB-5/task2.c
Found file: ..//LAB-5/task1.c
Found file: ..//LAB-5/Untitled.pdf
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 %
```

Question 4

Question 4

Develop a shell script that utilizes a while loop and case statement to continuously prompt the user for input until they enter a specific keyword to exit. The script should display a menu with options for the user to choose from using echo and read.

while true; do echo "Enter_1_to_get_currect_date" echo "Enter_2_to_get_currect_directory" echo "Enter_0_to_exit" read -p "Enter_your_choise" choise case \$choise in 1) echo "Currect_date_%(date)" ;; 2) echo "Currect_directory" ls -l ;; 0) echo "GoodBye" exit 0 ;; esac done

```
Terminal Output
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % chmod +x Q4.sh
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q4.sh
Enter 1 to get currect date
Enter 2 to get currect directory
Enter 0 to exit
Enter your choise 1
Currect date %(date)
Enter 1 to get currect date
Enter 2 to get currect directory
Enter 0 to exit
Enter your choise2
Currect directory
total 40
-rwxr-xr-x 1 felixnowman staff 311 Feb 25 17:32 Q1.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 felixnowman staff 368 Feb 26 10:12 Q2.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 felixnowman staff 209 Feb 26 10:39 Q3.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 felixnowman staff 292 Feb 26 11:13 Q4.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 felixnowman staff 60 Feb 26 09:45 sample.txt
Enter 1 to get currect date
Enter 2 to get currect directory
Enter 0 to exit
Enter your choise0
GoodBye
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % vim Q4.sh
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q4.sh
Enter 1 to get currect date
Enter 2 to get currect directory
Enter 0 to exit
Enter your choise1
Currect date Wed Feb 26 11:14:59 +05 2025
Enter 1 to get currect date
Enter 2 to get currect directory
Enter 0 to exit
Enter your choise0
GoodBye
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 %
```

Question 5

Question 5

Design a shell script that takes two numbers as positional parameters and calculates their sum, difference, product, and quotient using expr. Display the results with appropriate messages.

Shell Script Code [\$# -ne 2] && echo "usage: \$0 <num1> <num2>" && exit 1 num1=\$1 num2=\$2 echo "sum:_\$(expr_\$num1_+_\$num2)" echo "difference:_\$(expr_\$num1_-_\$num2)" echo "product:_\$(expr_\$num1_*_\$num2)" if [\$num2 -ne 0]; then quotient=\$(expr \$num1 / \$num2) else quotient="Not_divisible" fi echo "Division:_\$quotient"

Terminal Output

```
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % chmod +x Q5.sh
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q5.sh 5 10
sum: 15
difference: -5
product: 50
Division: 0
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q5.sh 15 10
sum: 25
difference: 5
product: 150
Division: 1
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 %
```

Question 6

Question 6

Create a shell script that checks if a file exists. If the file exists, it prints a message saying "File already exists." If the file does not exist, it uses the touch command to create the file and prints a message saying "File created successfully." Utilize the AND list () to execute the touch command only if the file doesn't exist. Once the file is created use find command with any test and by any action.

Terminal Output

```
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % chmod +x Q6.sh felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q6.sh sample.txt Enter file name: sample.txt file exits
-rw-r--r- 1 felixnowman staff 60 Feb 26 09:45 ./sample.txt felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q6.sh s
Enter file name: something.txt
./Q6.sh: line 10: ehco: command not found
-rw-r--r- 1 felixnowman staff 0 Feb 28 10:56 ./something.txt felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % vim Q6.sh felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q6.sh
Enter file name: something1.txt file created
-rw-r--r- 1 felixnowman staff 0 Feb 28 10:56 ./something1.txt felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 %
```

Question 7

Question 7

Create a script that accepts a mathematical expression from the user and evaluates it using $\{(())\}$ and expr.

Terminal Output

```
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % chmod +x Q7.sh
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q7.sh
enter mathmatical expressin 2+3
result with (( )): 5
result expr: 2+3
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q7.sh
enter mathmatical expressin 2 + 3
result with (( )): 5
result expr: 5
```

Question 8

Question 8

Implement a script that creates a backup of all .txt files in a directory, appending a timestamp to the backup name.

Terminal Output

```
felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % chmod +x Q8.sh felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q8.sh Backup created: backup/sample_20250301072636.txt Backup created: backup/something_20250301072636.txt Backup created: backup/something1_20250301072636.txt done
```

Question 9

Question 9

Create a script that continuously monitors a given directory and notifies when a new file is added.

directory to monitor monitor_dir="." # notify when a new file is added #installed fswatch for notification fswatch -0 "\$monitor_dir" | while read -d "" new_file; do echo "New_file_added:_\$new_file" done

Terminal Output

Question 10

Question 10

Write a script that extracts usernames from the /etc/passwd file and prints them in sorted order.

Shell Script Code

```
cut -d: -f1 /etc/passwd | sort
# cut extracts specific fields from a file.
# -d: sets : as the delimiter since /etc/passwd uses colons.
# -f1 selects the first field, which contains usernames.
# sort arranges them in alphabetical order.
```

Terminal Output felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % chmod +x Q10.sh felixnowman@Felixs-MacBook-Air HM-1 % ./Q10.sh # Note that this file is consulted directly only when the system is running # Open Directory. # Open Directory. # See the opendirectoryd(8) man page for additional information about # User Database # in single-user mode. At other times this information is provided by ## ## _accessoryupdater _amavisd _analyticsd _aonsensed _appinstalld _appleevents _applepay _appowner _appserver _appstore _ard _assetcache _astris _atsserver _audiomxd _avbdeviced _avphidbridge _backgroundassets _biome _calendar _captiveagent ces _clamav _cmiodalassistants _coreaudiod

_coremediaiod ... (and more lines)