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// Banker's Algorithm
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    // P0, P1, P2, P3, P4 are the Process names here
    int n, m, i, j, k;
    n = 5; // Number of processes
    m = 3; // Number of resources
    int alloc[5][3] = { { 0, 1, 0 }, // P0
                          { 2, 0, 0 }, // P1
                         { 3, 0, 2 }, // P2
                         { 2, 1, 1 }, // P3
                         { 0, 0, 2 } }; // P4
    int max[5][3] = \{ \{ 7, 5, 3 \}, // P0 \}
                       { 3, 2, 2 }, // P1
                       { 9, 0, 2 }, // P2
                       { 2, 2, 2 }, // P3
                       { 4, 3, 3 } }; // P4
    int avail[3] = { 3, 3, 2 };
    int f[n], ans[n], ind = 0;
    for (k = 0; k < n; k++) {
        f[k] = 0;
    int need[n][m];
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
            need[i][j] = max[i][j] - alloc[i][j];
    int y = 0;
    for (k = 0; k < 5; k++) {
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            if (f[i] == 0) {
                int flag = 0;
                 for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
                     if (need[i][j] > avail[j]){
                         flag = 1;
                          break;
                     }
                 }
                if (flag == 0) {
                     ans[ind++] = i;
                     for (y = 0; y < m; y++)
                         avail[y] += alloc[i][y];
                     f[i] = 1;
                }
            }
        }
    printf("Following is the SAFE Sequence\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
    printf(" P%d ->", ans[i]);
    printf(" P%d", ans[n - 1]);
    return (0);
}
```

[root@localhost Documents]# gcc bankersalgo.c
[root@localhost Documents]# ./a.out
Following is the SAFE Sequence
P1 -> P3 -> P4 -> P0 -> P2