

CSC 385 - Software Quality.

Robot Radar (From CSC 380)

Quality Management Plan

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Document Change Control

The following is the document control for revisions to this document.

| Name | Date | Reason For Changes | Version |
|-------|-------------|---------------------|---------|
| Umang | 09/25/2022 | initial edit to QMP | 1.0 |
| Sven | 09/25/2022 | initial edit to QMP | 1.0 |
| Umang | 11/04/2022 | added CFG DF | 2.0 |
| Sven | 11/045/2022 | added CFG DF | 2.0 |
| Umang | 12/01/2022 | Finals edit to QMP | 3.0 |
| Sven | 12/015/2022 | Finals edit to QMP | 3.0 |

Definition

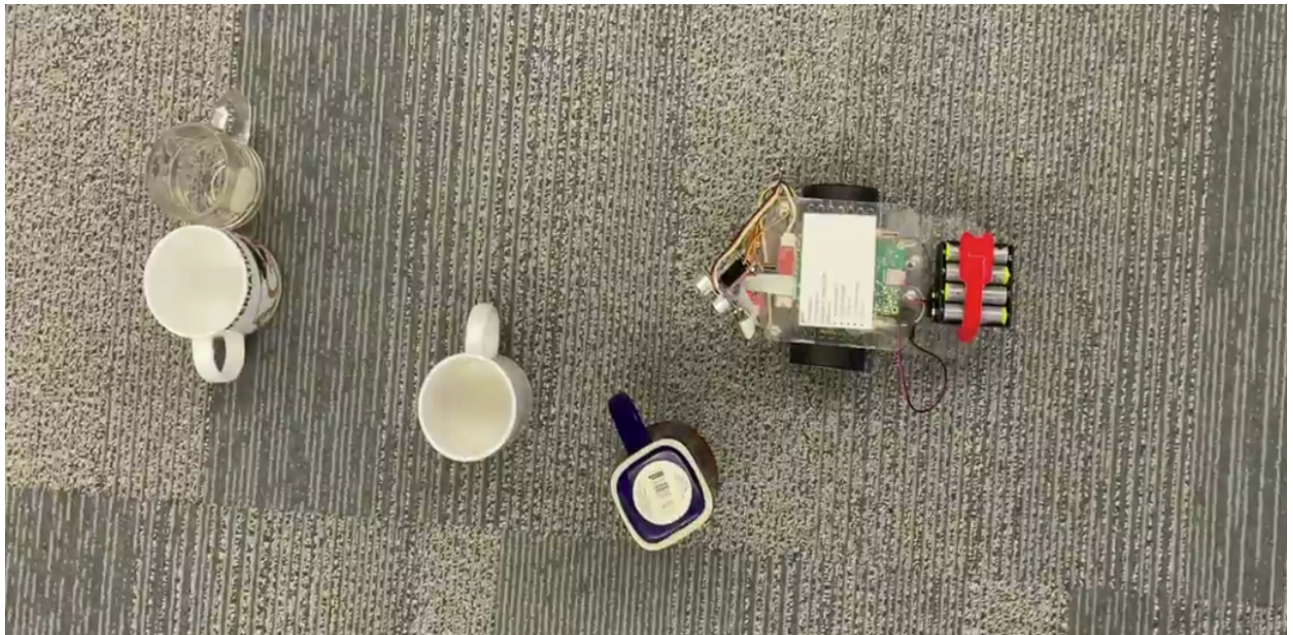
The following are definitions of terms, abbreviations, and acronyms used in this document.

| Term | Definition |
|--------|---|
| PMA | Project Management Advisor Web tool |
| GoPiGo | A Raspberry Pi-Controlled Robot with a servo and wheels |
| Servo | The mechanism that moves the ultrasonic sensor |
| UI | User Interface |
| SRS | System Requirements Specification |
| QMP | Quality Management Plan |
| HSV | Hue, Saturation and Value |
| SRS | software requirement specification document |

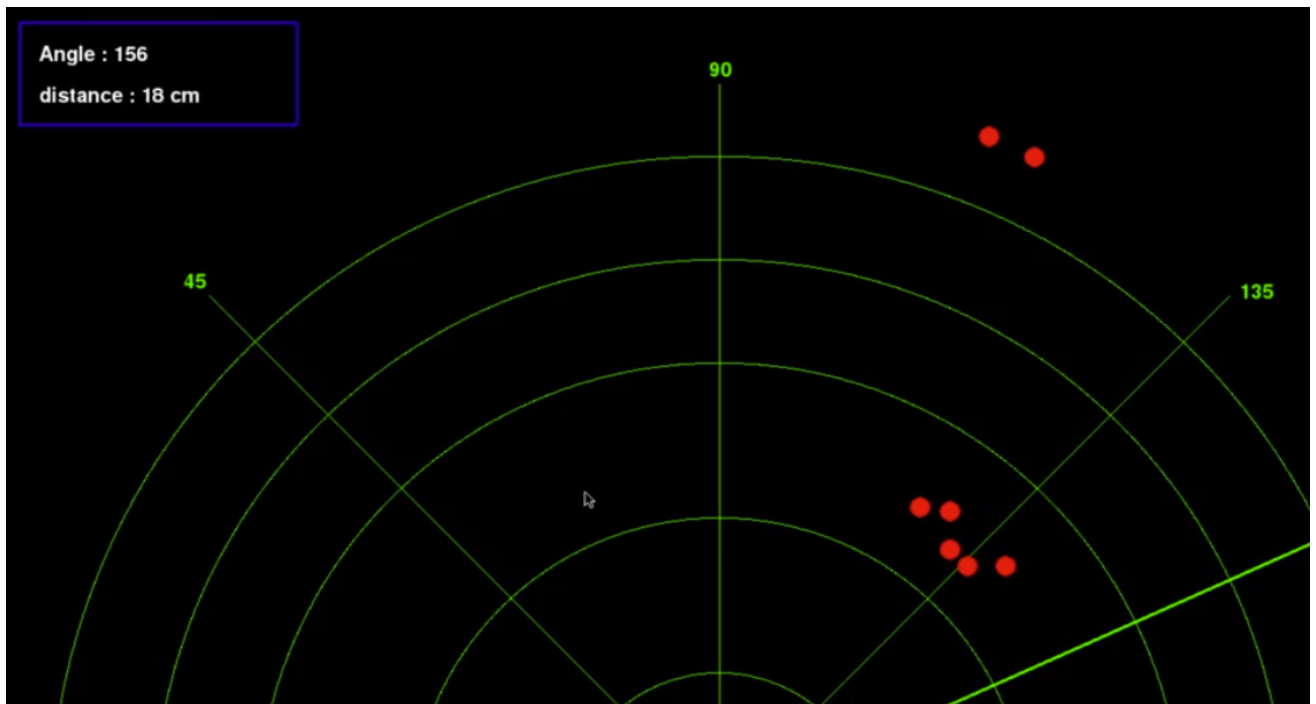
1. Introduction to Robot Radar

This is the project that we developed during our 380 in fall 2021. The project runs on the Raspberry Pi attached to the GoPiGo. The project was to develop a working radar system for the GoPiGo that scans objects and tracks them based on the robot's movements. whereby the robot will understand its environment and avoid collisions. We decided to use ultrasonic translateralization beacons to detect objects in the path and gain an understanding of its environment. The main reason to develop this was that the GoPiGO robot is a straightforward robot anyone can use but driving it carelessly can break it and be costly so we decided to make this program whereby the robot automatically applies brakes when an object is too close to the robot. We also decided to develop a user interface map so that the user can see that the robot does not drive into an object around its surroundings. So the objects would then be displayed on a user interface with colored dots on the radar that would be in its path. Red dot equal to too close and green dot being the farthest

Our implementation of this description was that we developed software that made a robot move in set increments, small enough that they seemed seamless to the user operating the robot. After each increment, the target's coordinates would get updated and move on the display.



(Robot mid-scan of surrounding objects)



(User Display including some target pings)

The most essential methods for our software are `display.py` and `radar.py`. The first is vital for setting up the user interface for our software, drawing the radar lines, and setting up the text boxes, and the latter is the one that is run to move the robot and to activate the scanning of the servo. Some secondary components are the `color.py` file used to determine the color of the targets and the `target.py` file, used in constructing the targets later on in the `radar.py` file.

Purpose of the system:

The Robot Radar program for GoPiGo robots allows the user of the robot to move the robot around thereby understanding its environment and avoiding collisions. The application uses ultrasonic translateralization beacons to detect objects in the path and gain an understanding of its environment. The object would then be displayed on a user interface with colored dots on the radar that would be in its path. It will stop automatically if an object is deemed to be too close, preventing a crash. The GoPiGo API is imported and used to interface with the robot, these methods are limited to sending movement commands to the robot and servo angle commands.

2. Quality Management Approach

The purpose of the Quality Management Plan (Plan) is to outline the following activities: define roles and responsibilities; provide reference documents and guidelines to perform the Quality Assurance (QA), and provide the standards, practices, and conventions used in carrying out QA, Quality Control (QC), and quality improvement activities for our CSC 380 Project; provide the tools, techniques, and methodologies to support QM activities and reporting.

The quality management plan identifies these key components of the project based on files that consist of important methods and their functions.

| File | Method | Function |
|------------|--|--|
| display.py | hsv2rgb(h, s, v) | Used to change color on depending the distance of object |
| | hsv3rgb(h,s,v) | Used to change color on depending the distance of object |
| | draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer) | Initializes the pygame's display window Draws the UI in the pygame's screen Loops through all target objects and draws them on the display Displays the servo's current angle |
| radar.py | us_map() | Moves the Servo to 0 Checks if objects are too close Waits for inputs to start moving |
| target.py | __init__(self, angle, distance) | Used for constructing Target Objects (~ Angle, Distance) |
| gopigo.py | servo(angle) | Used for relaying instructions to the servo to have the angle of the servo, and ultimately the ultrasonic sensor, move. its an API called used from gopigo |

Referenced Delivered Software

"Robot Radar." *GitHub*, 28 Aug. 2021, github.com/asigdel29/RobotRadar.

<https://github.com/asigdel29/RobotRadar> "

3. Quality Management Objectives

The following are the quality objectives of the project that reflect the overall intentions to be applied to quality throughout the project.

- Identifies the activities, processes, and procedures used to manage quality.
- Defines the quality management methodologies, roles, and responsibilities required for the project
- Ensure project delivered conforms to SRS
- Defines the quality planning, Quality Assurance, Quality Control, and quality improvement processes, and procedures
- Project practices conform to recommended project management standards

4. Quality Team Roles & Responsibilities

The following identifies the quality-related responsibilities of the project team and lists specific quality responsibilities.

| Name | Contact detail | Roles |
|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Umang Patel | upatel2@oswego.edu | Quality Assurance |
| Sven Kappeler | skappele@oswego.edu | Quality Assurance |

5. Project Quality Control

The focus of quality control is on the delivered project. Quality control monitors the project to verify that the delivered project is of acceptable quality and is complete and correct.

The following table identifies

- The major project aspects that will be tested satisfactory quality level.
- The quality standards and the correctness and completeness. Included are any organizational standards that need to be followed.
- The quality control activities will be executed to monitor the quality of the delivered project.
- How often or when the quality control activity will be performed

Quality Properties, Metrics, and Criteria

| Quality Property | Definition | Metric | Criterion |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Correctness | All test cases run have the same result as our expected results such as same (angle, color, distance, time, UI). | Evaluating Specification-Based Testing | The component is considered correct if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 100% of test cases with high criticality pass • 90% of test cases pass with medium criticality pass • 80% of test cases with low criticality pass |
| Efficiency | All test cases run without duplicate/unnecessary tasks being performed. | Performing Source Code-Based Testing and Data Flow Analysis on a Control Flow Diagram | The component is considered efficient if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 100% of test cases with high criticality pass • 90% of test cases pass with medium criticality pass • 80% of test cases with low criticality pass |
| Completeness | All methods and features described in the SRS document are present in the software | Evaluated against the relevant sections in the SRS documents, such as features criteria and expected behaviors | The component is considered complete if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No features or methods are missing (High Completeness) • 10% of methods or features are missing (Medium Completeness) • 20% of the outlined feature or methods are missing (Low Completeness) |

6. Specification-Based Testing

The focus of quality assurance is on the processes used in the project. Quality assurance ensures that project processes are used effectively to produce quality project deliverables.

Specification-based Test

1. servo(angle)
2. init (Angle, distance)
3. hsv2rgb(h, s, v)
4. draw(radar display, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)
5. us_map()

6.1 servo(angle)

a) Equivalence Classes

| Parameter: servo(angle) | Equivalence Class | | Representative |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------|
| | ID | Description | |
| <i>angle</i> | 1.1 | $180 \geq \text{angle} \geq 0$ | 90 |
| <i>angle</i> | 1a | $\text{angle} < 0$ | -20 |
| <i>angle</i> | 1b | $\text{angle} > 180$ | 190 |
| <i>angle</i> | 1.2 | The case that angle is a float | 33.33 |
| <i>angle</i> | 1c | The case that there is no input for angle | NULL |
| <i>angle</i> | 1d | Angle is not a Float or and Int //Angle is a string. | "test" |

b) Derived Test Cases

| Test Case ID | (angle) | Exp. Result |
|--------------|---------|---|
| TC#1 | 90 | <i>Servo move to 90 degrees</i> (Straight ahead) |
| TC#2 | -20 | "IOError" |
| TC#3 | 185 | "IOError" |
| TC#4 | 33.33 | <i>Servo move to 30 degrees</i> (Leftish) |
| TC#5 | NULL | "IOError" |
| TC#6 | "test" | "IOError" |
| TF# 7 | a | Error |

c) Boundary Value Analysis:

| Parameter | Boundary Values | Test Case ID(s) |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| angle | angle < 0 | TC#2 |
| angle | 180 < angle | TC#3 |
| angle | MinInt-1, MinInt, MaxInt, MaxInt+1 | TC#8-TC11 |

Additional Test Cases for Boundary Value Analysis

| Test Case ID | (angle) | Exp. Result |
|--------------|----------|-------------|
| TC#8 | MinInt-1 | Fail |
| TC#9 | MinInt | Fail |
| TC#10 | MaxInt | Fail |
| TC#11 | MaxInt+1 | Fail |

6.2 init (angle, distance)

a) Equivalence Classes

| Parameter: init(Angle, distance) | Equivalence Class | | Representative |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------|
| | ID | Description | |
| <i>angle</i> | 2.1 | $180 \geq \text{angle} \geq 0$ | 90 |
| <i>angle</i> | 2a | $\text{angle} < 0$ | -20 |
| <i>angle</i> | 2b | $\text{angle} > 180$ | 190 |
| <i>angle</i> | 2.2 | The case that angle is a float | 33.33 |
| <i>angle</i> | 2c | The case that there is no input for angle | NULL |
| <i>angle</i> | 2d | Angle is not a Float or and Int //Angle is a string. | "test" |
| <i>distance</i> | 3.1 | $1000 \geq \text{angle} \geq 0$ | 100 |
| <i>distance</i> | 3a | distance is null | NULL |

| | | | |
|-----------------|----|------------------------|--------|
| <i>distance</i> | 3b | distance is string | "java" |
| <i>distance</i> | 3c | <i>distance</i> < 0 | -20 |
| <i>distance</i> | 3c | <i>distance</i> > 1000 | 3000 |

b) Derived Test Cases

| Test Case ID | (angle) | (distance) | Exp. Result |
|--------------|---------|------------|--|
| TC#12 | 90 | 100 | Object is marked on 90 degrees at distance 100 is stored in array Target. (passed test case) |
| TC#13 | null | 100 | error |
| TC#14 | 120 | null | error |
| TC#15 | java | 100 | error |
| TC#16 | 100 | java | error |
| TC#17 | -20 | 100 | error |
| TC#18 | 80 | 3000 | error |
| TC#19 | 90 | -100 | error |
| TC#20 | 260 | 300 | error |

c) Boundary Value Analysis:

| Parameter | Boundary Values | Test Case ID(s) |
|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| angle | angle < 0 | TC#17 |
| angle | 180 < angle | TC#20 |
| angle | MinInt-1, MinInt, MaxInt, MaxInt+1 | TC#21-TC24 |
| distance | distance < 0 | TC#19 |
| distance | 1000 < distance | TC#18 |
| angle | MinInt-1, MinInt, MaxInt, MaxInt+1 | TC#21-TC24 |

Additional Test Cases for Boundary Value Analysis

| Test Case ID | (angle) | (distance) | Exp. Result |
|--------------|----------|------------|-------------|
| TF# 21 | max int | max int | Error |
| TC#22 | MinInt-1 | MinInt-1 | Fail |
| TC#23 | MinInt | MinInt | Fail |
| TC#24 | MaxInt | MaxInt | Fail |

6.3 hsv2rgb(h, s, v)

a) Equivalence Classes

| Parameter: hsv2rgb(h, s, v) | Equivalence Class | | Representative |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | ID | Description | |
| <i>h</i> | 4.1 | $0 \leq h \leq 360$ | 80 |
| <i>h</i> | 4.a | $h < 0$ | -10 |
| <i>h</i> | 4.b | $h > 360$ | 490 |
| <i>h</i> | 4.c | <i>h</i> is not an int | "this" |
| <i>s</i> | 5.1 | $0 \leq s \leq 100$ | 50 |
| <i>s</i> | 5.a | $s < 0$ | -12 |
| <i>s</i> | 5.b | $s > 100$ | 1000 |
| <i>s</i> | 5.c | <i>s</i> is not an int | "is a" |
| <i>v</i> | 6.1 | $0 \leq v \leq 100$ | 50 |
| <i>v</i> | 6.a | $v < 0$ | -9000 |
| <i>v</i> | 6.b | $v > 100$ | 200 |
| <i>v</i> | 6.c | <i>v</i> is not an int | "test case" |

b) Derived Test Cases

| Test Case ID | <i>h</i> | <i>s</i> | <i>v</i> | Exp. Result |
|--------------|----------|----------|----------|------------------------------------|
| TC#17 | 80 | 50 | 50 | "output dark shade of green color" |
| TC#18 | -10 | -12 | -9000 | error |

| | | | | |
|-------|--------|--------|-------------|-------|
| TC#19 | 490 | 1000 | 200 | error |
| TC#20 | "this" | "is a" | "test case" | error |

c) Boundary Value Analysis:

| Parameter | Boundary Values | Test Case ID(s) |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| h | 0 | TC#17 |
| h | 360 | TC#17 |
| s | 0 | TC#17 |
| s | 100 | TC#17 |
| v | 0 | TC#17 |
| v | 100 | TC#17 |

6.4 draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)

a) Equivalence Classes

- Defect detected in this method as putting the pycharm frame value every time we call draw method
- Defect in naming similar names for method and variables
- Defects detected with fontRenderer have font and UI window size in the parameter is not valid; it can be declared but should not be in the method.

Angle and distance didn't need specification-based testing again because of the methods above from target(angle, distance) so only the target array equivalence class was derived and changed the whole method because of the defect (removing radarDisplay (frame) and frontRenderer(font and size) draw method) It should only have target array to draw or have angle and distance directly to draw the dot on the GUI.

| Parameter: draw(targets, angle, distance,fontRenderer) | Equivalence Class | | Representative |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| | ID | Description | |
| targets | 7.1 | some array | targets[(90,150),(60,110)] |
| targets | 7.a | target is empty | targets[] |
| targets | 7.b | targets is not an array | "array" |
| target | 7.c | array malformed | target [{90,120,70},{100}] |

b) Derived Test Cases

| Test Case ID | targets | angle | distance | Exp. Result |
|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|
| TC#21 | targets[(90,150),(60,110)] | 90 | 100 | " draws a dot on the UI at the distance and angle and move its as the robot moves" |

c) Boundary Value Analysis:

| Parameter | Boundary Values | Test Case ID(s) |
|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| targets | max array size | TC#21 |

6.5 us_map()

Specification-based for us_map is not necessary as the control flow and data flow graph is used to test the function as the function doesn't have parameters to conduct specification-based testing. There are multiple nested loops which can be tested in the sections below to assure the quality of the project.

7. Data-Flow Annotated Control Flow Graphs.

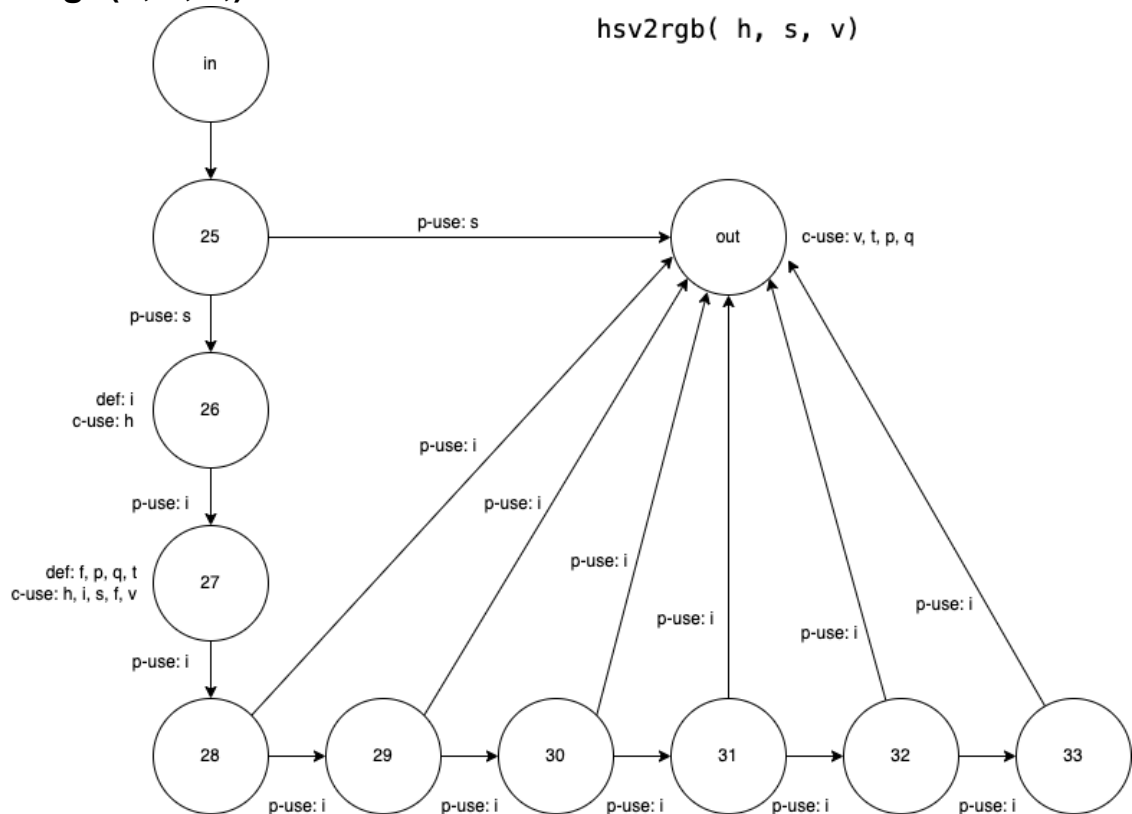
7.1 servo(angle)

servo(angle) is an API call to GoPiGo Servo, we can't perform a Data flow Annotated control flow graph as it was not created as our project but was used to build the project.

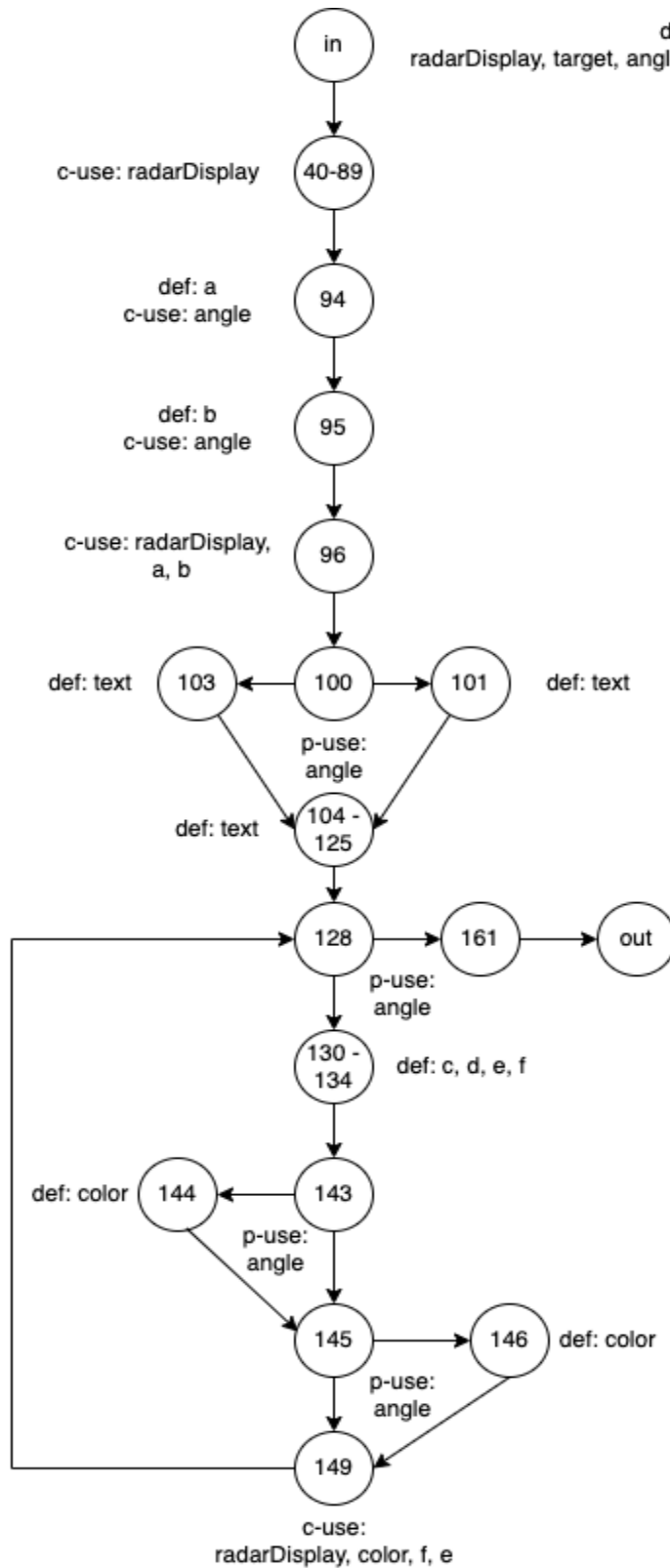
7.2 init(self, angle, distance)

Init(self, angle, distance) method is an instance method with four lines using self. Constructing a Data Flow Annotated control flow graph on a simple and straightforward constructor method isn't necessary.

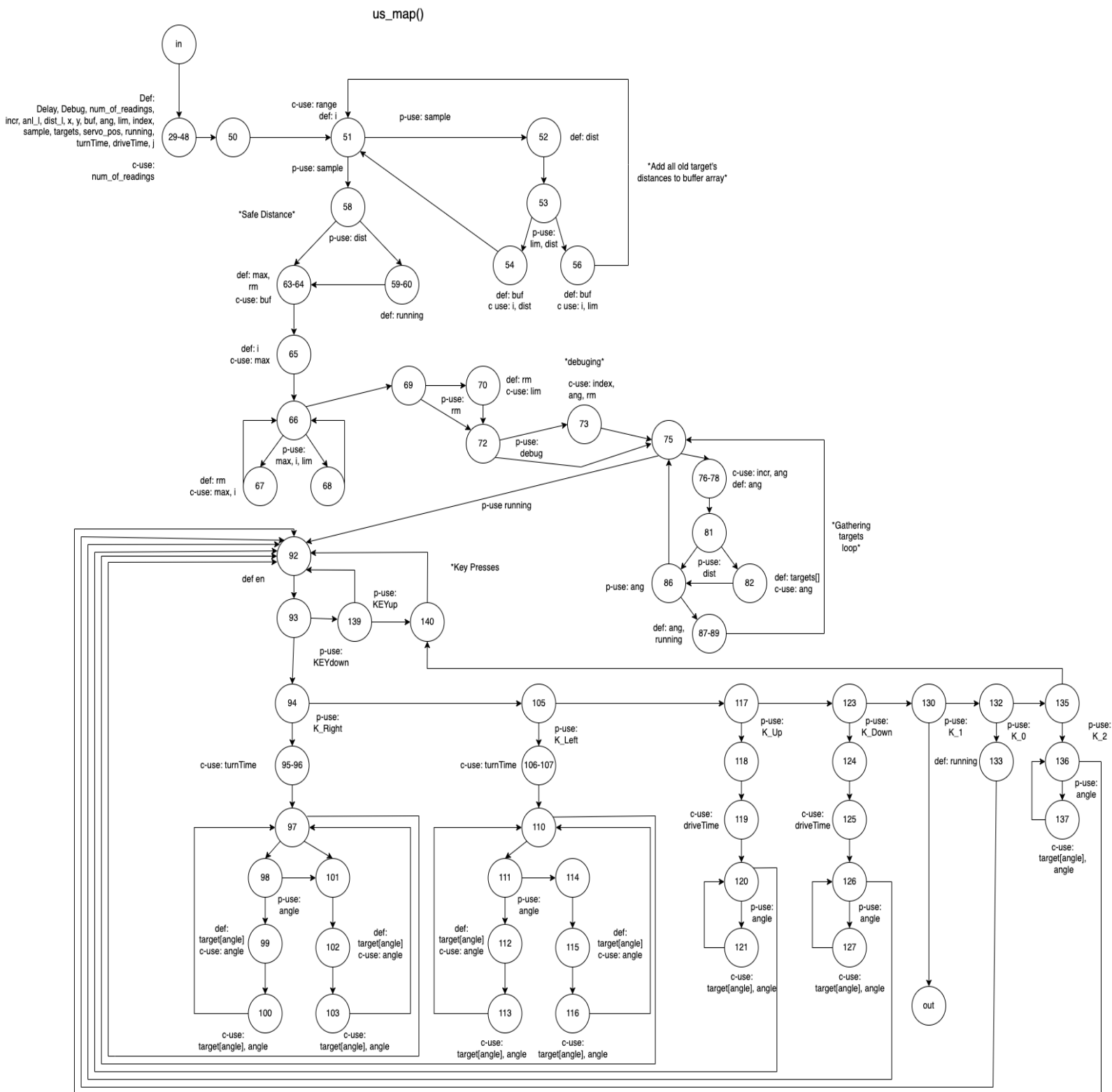
7.3 hsv2rgb(h, s, v,)



7.4 draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)



7.5 us_map()



8. Control Flow Based Tests.

8.1 servo(angle)

servo(angle) is an API call to GoPiGo Servo, we can't perform control flow based testing because there isn't Data flow Annotated control flow graph as it was not created as our project but was used to build the project

8.2 init(self, angle, distance)

Init(self, angle, distance) method is an instance method with four lines using self. control flow based is not applicable because there is no Data Flow Annotated control flow graph for a simple and straightforward constructor method isn't necessary.

8.3 hsv2rgb(h, s, v,)

a) C₂-Path coverage testing

| Test Case ID | Parameters | | | Coverage | |
|--------------|------------|-----|-----|---------------------------------------|------|
| | h | s | v | path | % |
| TC#25 | 100 | 0 | 100 | { in, 25, out } | 27.3 |
| TC# 26 | 300 | 50 | 50 | { in,25,26,27,28,out } | 55.5 |
| TC# 27 | 0 | 100 | 100 | { in,25,26,27,28,29,out } | 63.6 |
| TC# 28 | 50 | 100 | 100 | { in,25,26,27,28,29,30,out } | 72.7 |
| TC# 29 | 100 | 100 | 100 | { in,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,out } | 81.8 |
| TC# 30 | 150 | 100 | 100 | { in,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,out } | 90.9 |
| TC# 31 | 200 | 100 | 100 | { in,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,out } | 100 |

b) C₃-Condition Testing

All permutations of all conditions are already being tested because of the way it was coded, with its array of 'if' statements.

8.4 draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)

c) C₄-loop testing

| Test Case ID | Parameters | | | | | Coverage | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| | radar Display | targets | angle | distance | fontRenderer | path | % |
| TC#32 | pygame.display.set_model(1400,800) | [120] | 120 | 25 | pygame.font.Font(default front20) | {in,40-89,94,95,96,100,103,104-125,128,130-134,143,144,145,149,128,161,out } 18 | 88.9 |
| TC#33 | pygame.display.set_model(1400,800) | [175] | 175 | 55 | pygame.font.Font(default front20) | {in,40-89,94,95,96,100,101,104-125,128,130-134,143,145,146,149,128,161,out} | 88.9 |
| TC#34 | pygame.display.set_model(1400,800) | [120] | 120 | 65 | pygame.font.Font(default front20) | {in,40-89,94,95,96,100,103,104-125,128,161,out} | 61.1 |
| TC#35 | pygame.display.set_model(1400,800) | [170, 175, 180] | 170, 175, 180 | 70, 72, 73 | pygame.font.Font(default front20) | {in,40-89,94,95,96,100,101,104-125,128,(130-134,143,145,146,149,128,)^3, 161,out} | 88.9 |

d) C₃-Test (Condition Testing)

Truth Table for C₃-Test

| Test Case ID | x | x <= 0 | x >= 30 | x <= 0 x >= 30 |
|--------------|-----|--------|---------|-------------------|
| TT#1 | -10 | T | F | T |
| TT#2 | 40 | F | T | T |
| TT#3 | 15 | F | F | F |

8.5 us_map()

d) C₂-Path coverage testing

| Test Case ID | Parameters | Coverage | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|
| | no parameters only keyboard inputs | path | % |
| TC#36 | (1valid right/s) | { in,29-48,50,51,52,53,56,51,52,53,54,51,58, 63-64,65,66,68,69,70,72,75,76-78,81,82, 86,87-89,75,76-78,81,86,75,92,93,94,95-9 6,97,(98,101,102,103,97)^180,(98,99,100, 97)^180,92,93,94,105,117,123,130,out } | 58% |
| TC#37 | (1debug left/s) | { in,29-48,50,51,52,53,56,51,52,53,54,51,58 ,59-60,63-64,65,66,67,66,68,69,72,73,75, 76-78,81,82,86,87-89,75,76-78,81,86,75,9 2,94,105,106-107,110,(111,114,115,116,11 0)^180,(111,112,113,110)^180,92,93,94,10 5,117,123,130,out } | 63% |

| | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| TC#38 | (1valid f/s) | { in,29-48,50,51,52,53,56,51,52,53,54,51,58 ,63-64,65,66,68,69,70,72,75,76-78,81,82, 86,87-89,75,76-78,81,86,75,92,93,94,105, 117,118,119,120,(121,120)^360,92,93,94, 105,117,123,130,out } | 52% |
| TC#39 | (1valid b/s) | { in,29-48,50,51,52,53,56,51,52,53,54,51,58 ,63-64,65,66,68,69,70,72,75,76-78,81,82, 86,87-89,75,76-78,81,86,75,92,93,94,105, 117,123,124,125,126,(127,126)^360,92,93 ,94,105,117,123,130,out } | 52% |
| TC#40 | (1valid redraw/restart/ stop/) | { in,29-48,50,51,52,53,56,51,52,53,54,51,58 ,63-64,65,66,68,69,70,72,75,76-78,81,82, 86,87-89,75,76-78,81,86,75,92,93,94,105, 117,123,130,132,135,136,(137,136)^360,9 2,93,94,105,117,123,130,132,133,92,93,9 4,105,117,123,130,out } | 54% |
| TC#41 | (1valid up/s) | { in,29-48,50,51,52,53,56,51,52,53,54,51,58 ,63-64,65,66,68,69,70,72,75,76-78,81,82, 86,87-89,75,76-78,81,86,75,92,93,94,105, 117,123,130,132,135,140,92,93,139,92,93 ,94,105,117,123,130,out } | 52% overall 100% |

Paths and coverages were determined by user keystrokes resulting in the robot's movement.

9. Data Flow Based Tests.

9.1 servo(angle)

servo(angle) is an API call to the GoPiGo servo . We can't perform Data flow based tests as it was not created by use, rather it was used by our project. Going into the API for data flow can make it too complex and diverts from our goal to assure the quality of the Robot Radar then GoPiGo servo API.

9.2 init(self, angle, distance)

Init(self, angle, distance) method is an instance method with four lines using self. performing Data flow based testing on a simple and straightforward method isn't necessary.

9.3 hsv2rgb(h, s, v,)

a) DEF, C-USE, and P-USE sets

| node n | DEF (n) | C-USE (n) |
|--------|-------------|---------------|
| in | { h,s,v } | { } |
| 25 | { } | { } |
| 26 | { i } | { h } |
| 27 | { f,p,q,t } | { h,i,s,f,v } |
| 28 | { } | { } |
| 29 | { } | { } |
| 30 | { } | { } |
| 31 | { } | { } |
| 32 | { } | { } |

| | | |
|-----|----|-------------|
| 33 | {} | {} |
| 34 | {} | {} |
| 35 | {} | {} |
| out | {} | { v,t,p,q } |

| edge (n, m) | P-USE (n, m) |
|--------------|--------------|
| { 25 , out } | { s } |
| { 25 , 26 } | { s } |
| { 28 , out } | { i } |
| { 28 , 29 } | { i } |
| { 29 , out } | { i } |
| { 29 , 30 } | { i } |
| { 30 , out } | { i } |
| { 30 , 31 } | { i } |
| { 31 , out } | { i } |
| { 31 , 32 } | { i } |
| { 32 , out } | { i } |
| { 32 , 33 } | { i } |
| { 33 , out } | { i } |

b) DCU and DPU sets

| Variable x | node n | DCU (x, n) | DPU (x, n) |
|------------|--------|------------|--|
| h | in | { 26,27 } | { (25 , out),(25 , 26) } |
| s | in | { 27 } | { } |
| v | in | { 27,out } | { } |
| i | 26 | { 27 } | {(28,out),(28,29),(29, out),(29,30),(30,out),(30,31),(31,out)(31,32),(32,out),(32,33),(33, out)} |
| f | 27 | { 27 } | { } |
| p | 27 | { out } | { } |
| q | 27 | { out } | { } |
| t | 27 | { out } | { } |

c) Test Cases for All-Uses Criterion (reused test cases)

| Path | Test Case | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|
| | ID | h | s | v |
| { in, 25, out } | TC# 25 | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| { in,25,26,27,28,out } | TC# 26 | 300 | 50 | 50 |
| { in,25,26,27,28,29,out } | TC#27 | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| { in,25,26,27,28,29,30,out } | TC#28 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
| { in,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,out } | TC#29 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| { in,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,out } | TC#30 | 150 | 100 | 100 |
| { in,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,out } | TC#31 | 200 | 100 | 100 |

9.4 draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)

d) DEF, C-USE, and P-USE sets

| node n | DEF (n) | C-USE (n) |
|---------|--|-------------------------------|
| in | { radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer } | { } |
| 40-89 | { } | { radarDisplay } |
| 94 | { a } | { angle } |
| 95 | { b } | { angle } |
| 96 | { } | { radarDisplay, a, b } |
| 100 | { } | { } |
| 101 | { text } | { } |
| 103 | { text } | { } |
| 104-125 | { text } | { } |
| 128 | { } | { } |
| 130-134 | { c,d,e,f } | { } |
| 143 | { } | { } |
| 144 | { color } | { } |
| 145 | { } | { } |
| 146 | { color } | { } |
| 149 | { } | { radarDisplay, color, f, e } |
| 161 | { } | { } |

| edge (n, m) | P-USE (n, m) |
|---------------|--------------|
| { 100 , 101 } | { angle } |
| { 100 , 103 } | { angle } |
| { 128 , 130 } | { angle } |
| { 128 , 161 } | { angle } |
| { 145 , 146 } | { angle } |
| { 145 , 149 } | { angle } |

e) DCU and DPU sets

| Variable x | node n | DCU (x, n) | DPU (x, n) |
|--------------|---------|--------------------|--|
| angle | in | { } | {(100,101),(100,103), (128,130),(128,161), (145,146),(145,149) } |
| target | in | { } | { } |
| distance | in | { } | { } |
| fontRenderer | in | { } | { } |
| radarDisplay | in | { 40-89, 96, 149 } | { } |
| a | 94 | { } | { } |
| b | 95 | { } | { } |
| c | 130-134 | { } | { } |
| d | 130-134 | { } | { } |
| e | 130-134 | { 149 } | { } |
| f | 130-134 | { 149 } | { } |
| text | 101 | { } | { } |
| text | 103 | { } | { } |

| | | | |
|-------|---------|---------|-----|
| text | 104-125 | { } | { } |
| color | 144 | { 149 } | { } |
| color | 146 | { 149 } | { } |

f) Test Cases for All-Uses Criterion

| Path | Test Case | | | | distance | fontRenderer |
|---|-----------|--|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| | ID | radarDisplay | targets | angle | | |
| {in,40-89,94,95,96,100,103,104-125,128,130-134,143,144,145,149,128,161,out } | TF# 8 | pygame.display .set_model(140 0,800) | [120] | 120 | 25 | pygame.font.Font(defaultfront20) |
| {in,40-89,94,95,96,100,101,104-125,128,130-134,143,145,146,149,128,161,out} | TF# 9 | pygame.display .set_model(140 0,800) | [175] | 175 | 55 | pygame.font.Font(defaultfront20) |
| {in,40-89,94,95,96,100,103,104-125,128,161,out} | TF# 10 | pygame.display .set_model(140 0,800) | [120] | 120 | 65 | pygame.font.Font(defaultfront20) |
| {in,40-89,94,95,96,100,101,104-125,128,(130-134,143,145,146,149,128,)^3, 161,out} | TF# 11 | pygame.display .set_model(140 0,800) | [170,175 , 180] | 170, 175, 180 | 70, 72, 73 | pygame.font.Font(defaultfront20) |

9.5 us_map()

g) DEF, C-USE, and P-USE sets

| node n | DEF (n) | C-USE (n) |
|--------|---|--------------------|
| in | { } | { } |
| 29-48 | {Delay,Debug,num_of_readin gs,incr, anl_l, dist_l, x, y, buf, ang,lim,index,sample,targets, servo_pos, running, turnTime, driveTime,j } | { num_of_reading } |
| 50 | { } | { } |
| 51 | { i } | { range } |
| 52 | { dist } | { } |
| 53 | { } | { } |
| 54 | { buf } | { i, dist } |
| 56 | { buf } | { i, lim } |
| 58 | { } | { } |
| 59-60 | { running } | { } |
| 63-64 | { max, rm } | { buf } |
| 65 | { i } | { max } |
| 66 | { } | { } |
| 67 | { rm } | { max, i } |

| | | |
|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 68 | { } | { } |
| 69 | { } | { } |
| 70 | { rm } | { lim } |
| 72 | { } | { } |
| 73 | { } | { index, ang, rm } |
| 75 | { } | { } |
| 76-78 | { ang } | { incr , ang } |
| 81 | { } | { } |
| 82 | { target[] } | { ang } |
| 86 | { } | { } |
| 87-89 | { ang , running } | { } |
| 92 | { en } | { } |
| 93 | { } | { } |
| 94 | { } | { } |
| 95-96 | { } | { turnTime } |
| 97 | { } | { } |
| 98 | { } | { } |

| | | |
|---------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 99 | { target[angle] } | { angle } |
| 100 | { } | { target[angle] , angle } |
| 101 | { } | { } |
| 102 | { target[angle] } | { angle } |
| 103 | { } | { target[angle],angle } |
| 105 | { } | { } |
| 106-107 | { } | { turnTime } |
| 110 | { } | { } |
| 111 | { } | { } |
| 112 | { target[angle] } | { angle } |
| 113 | { } | { target[angle] , angle } |
| 114 | { } | { } |
| 115 | { target[angle] } | { angle } |
| 116 | { } | { target[angle] , angle } |
| 117 | { } | { } |
| 118 | { } | { } |
| 119 | { } | { driveTime } |

| | | |
|-----|-------------|---------------------------|
| 120 | { } | { } |
| 121 | { } | { target[angle] , angle } |
| 123 | { } | { } |
| 124 | { } | { } |
| 125 | { } | { driveTime } |
| 126 | { } | { } |
| 127 | { } | { target[angle] , angle } |
| 130 | { } | { } |
| 132 | { } | { } |
| 133 | { running } | { } |
| 135 | { } | { } |
| 136 | { } | { } |
| 137 | { } | { target[angle], angle } |

| edge (n, m) | P-USE (n, m) |
|-------------|--------------|
| { 51, 52 } | { sample } |
| { 51, 58 } | { sample } |

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| { 53, 54 } | { lim dest } |
| { 53, 56 } | { lim, dist } |
| { 58,59-60 } | { dist } |
| { 58, 63-64 } | { dist } |
| { 66,67 } | { max,i,lim } |
| { 66,68 } | { max,i,lim } |
| { 69,70 } | { rm } |
| { 69 72 } | { rm } |
| { 72, 73 } | { debug } |
| { 72, 75 } | { debug } |
| { 75, 76-78 } | { running } |
| { 75,92 } | { running } |
| { 81,82 } | { dist } |
| { 81,86 } | { dist } |
| { 86, 75 } | { ang } |
| { 86,87-89 } | { ang } |
| { 98, 101 } | { angle } |

| | |
|-------------|-----------|
| { 98, 99 } | { angle } |
| { 111,112} | { angle } |
| { 111,114} | { angle } |
| { 120,121} | { angle } |
| { 120, 92 } | { angle } |
| { 126,127} | { angle } |
| { 126, 92 } | { angle } |
| { 136,92 } | { angle } |
| { 136,137} | { angle } |

h) DCU and DPU sets

| Variable x | node n | DCU (x, n) | DPU (x, n) |
|-----------------|--------|------------|--------------------|
| Delay | 29-48 | { } | { } |
| Debug | 29-48 | { } | {(72,73),(72,75) } |
| num_of_readings | 29-48 | { 29-48 } | { } |
| incr | 29-48 | { 76-78 } | { } |
| ang_l | 29-48 | { } | { } |
| dist_l | 29-48 | { } | { } |
| x | 29-48 | { } | { } |
| y | 29-48 | { } | { } |
| buf | 29-48 | { 63-64 } | { } |

| | | | |
|-----------|-------|--|---|
| angel | 29-48 | { 99,100,102,103,112, 115,116,121,127,137 } | {(98,101),(98,99),(11 1,112),(111,114),(120 ,121),(120,92),(126,1 27),(126,92),(136,92) ,(136,137)} |
| lim | 29-48 | { 56,70 } | { (53,54), (53,56), (66,67) ,(66,68) } |
| index | 29-48 | { 73 } | { } |
| sample | 29-48 | { } | { (51,52),(51,58) } |
| targets | 29-48 | { } | { } |
| servo_pos | 29-48 | { } | { } |
| running | 29-48 | { } | { (75,76-78), (75-792,)} |
| turnTime | 29-48 | { 95-96,106-107 } | { } |
| driveTime | 29-48 | { 119 ,125 } | { } |
| j | 29-48 | { } | { } |
| i | 51 | { 54,56, 67} | {(66,67)(66,68) } |
| dist | 52 | { 54,} | { (53,54),(53,56),(58,5 9-60)(58,63-64),(81,8 2),(81,86) } |
| buf | 54 | { 63-64 } | { } |
| buf | 56 | { 63-64 } | { } |
| running | 59-60 | { } | { (75,76-78), (75-792,)} |
| max | 63-64 | { 65,67 } | {(66,67)(66,68) } |
| rm | 63-64 | { 73 } | {(69,70),(69,72) } |
| i | 65 | { 54,56, 67 } | {(66,67)(66,68) } |

| | | | |
|----------|-------|--|---|
| rm | 67 | { 73 } | {(69,70),(69,72) } |
| rm | 70 | { 73 } | {(69,70),(69,72)} |
| angle | 76-78 | { 99,100,102,103,112, 115,116,121,127,137 } | {(98,101),(98,99),(11 1,112),(111,114),(120 ,121),(120,92),(126,1 27),(126,92),(136,92) ,(136,137)} |
| target[] | 82 | { 100,103,116,121,127 ,137 } | { } |
| ang | 87-89 | { 73,76-78,82 } | {(86,75),(86,87-89)} |
| running | 87-89 | { } | { (75,76-78), (75-792,)} |
| target[] | 99 | { 100,103,116,121,127 ,137 } | { } |
| target[] | 102 | { 100,103,116,121,127 ,137 } | { } |
| target[] | 112 | { 100,103,116,121,127 ,137 } | { } |
| target[] | 115 | { 100,103,116,121,127 ,137 } | 1. { } |
| running | 133 | { } | { (75,76-78), (75-792,)} |

i) Test Cases for All-Uses Criterion

Can't perform all use criteria because the method does not have any parameter and this being the main method for the program . The flow of data through the method is more like 'the sensor reads for the data to show on the GUI to the user' and the 'user input' is the other data required for the robot to move around. data is created when the program runs.

10. Class Test Strategy

The Modality of the classes in Robot Radar are mostly modal. Allowed method calls depend on current attributes values and the sequences of previous method calls. We had to design it in such a fashion in order for certain actions to not occur before other ones. (For example; Driving only after a full scan is performed by the radar)

10.1 Method Scope Test.

The following table explains and shows each class in the robotradar its modality with the explanation of why it modaled that way.

| Class | Methods | Modality | Explanation |
|------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| color.py | - | Does Not Contain Methods | Method is an enumeration |
| display.py | hsv2rgb(h, s, v) draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer) | Modal | Allowed method calls depend on current attributes values and the sequences of previous method calls The order of the method calls are very important for setting up the display properly. Certain aspects of the interface have to be made before the addition of other artifacts onto the display window, (targets, angle, sweeping radar) |
| radar.py | us_map() | Modal | Allowed method calls depend on current attributes values and the sequences of previous method calls. The sequence in which the methods inside the class are referenced are very dependent on what occurs prior to said call, as it determines how and when the robot moves and uses the servo. We made the class like this to ensure that a safety distance check was performed before the robot could start driving again, meaning that certain functions, like movement, are only allowed to be called after a radar sweep. |
| gopigo.py | servo(angle) | Modal | Used for relaying instructions to the servo to have the angle of the servo, and ultimately the ultrasonic sensor, move. its an API called used from GoPiGo |
| main.py | - | Does Not Contain Methods | Only used to start the program, does not contain any other methods |
| target.py | __init__(self, angle, distance) | Non-Modal | Only a Constructor, used for marking individual targets. |

10.1a Category Partition Test

I. servo(angle).

Category partition testing extending Equivalence class testing [servo\(angle\)](#)

The following table show primary and secondary function of the method servo(angle)

| | Function |
|------------------|--|
| Primary | Used for relaying instructions to the servo to have the angle of the servo, and ultimately the ultrasonic sensor, move. its an API called used from GoPiGo |
| Secondary | API supply usmap() radar the ability to move sevor for the radar to scan for objects |

Category partition testing cant be derived because the method calls gopigo API to rotate the servo.

II. init(self, angle, distance).

Category partition testing extending Equivalence class testing [init \(angle, distance\)](#)

The following table show primary and secondary function of the method __init__(self, angle, distance)

| | Function |
|------------------|--|
| Primary | Used for constructing Target Objects (~ Angle, Distance) |
| Secondary | creates multiples objects |

Category partition testing can be derived because its a constructor class

III. hsv2rgb(h, s, v).

Category partition testing extending Equivalence class testing [hsv2rgb\(h, s, v\)](#)

The following table show primary and secondary function of the method hsv2rgb

| | Function |
|------------------|--|
| Primary | Unused in RobotRader for change color on depending the distance of object |
| Secondary | does not have a secondary function because the methos isnt called by the program |

Category partition testing cannot be derived because the function does not have a secondary function in the program as it has not been used; the fix would be to delete the method and free the unused code from the program.

IV. draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)

Category partition testing extending Equivalence class testing
[draw\(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer\)](#)

The following table show primary and secondary function of the method draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)

| | Function |
|------------------|--|
| Primary | Initializes the pygame's display window, Draws the UI in the pygame's screen, Loops through all target objects and draws them on the display, Displays the servo's current angle |
| Secondary | supply radar with the init frame and object to display on use interface |

Category partition testing

| Interface parameters, | ID | Description | Representative |
|-----------------------|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| targets | 7.1 | some array | targets[(90,150),(60,110)] |
| targets | 7.a | target is empty | targets[] |
| targets | 7.b | targets is not an array | "array" |
| target | 7.c | array malformed | target [{90,120,70},{100}] |

Derived Test Cases

| Test Case ID | targets | angle | distance | Exp. Result |
|--------------|----------------------------|-------|----------|--|
| TC#21 | targets[(90,150),(60,110)] | 90 | 100 | " draws a dot on the UI at the distance and angle and move its as the robot moves" |

Boundary Value Analysis:

| Parameter | Boundary Values | Test Case ID(s) |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| targets | max array size | TC#21 |

V. us_map()

Category partition testing extending Equivalence class testing [us_map\(\)](#)

The following table show primary and secondary function of the method us_map

| | Function |
|------------------|---|
| Primary | Function: Moves the Servo to 0, Checks if objects are too close, Waits for inputs to start moving |
| Secondary | takes user input to move the robot |

Deriving Category Partition Testing Values for us_map()

| Interface parameters, | ID | Description | Representative |
|-----------------------|------|---------------|----------------|
| Delay | 8.1 | some double. | 0.2 |
| Delay | 8.a | NOT a double. | "bark" |
| Debug | 9.1 | some int | 1 |
| Debug | 9.a | not an int | "zero" |
| Num_of_readings | 10.1 | some int | 45 |
| Num_of_readings | 10.a | not an int | "fortyfive" |
| Incr | 11.1 | some int | 2 |
| Incr | 11.a | not an int | "circles" |

| | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|---|--|
| buf | 12.1 | some int | 40 |
| buf | 12.a | not an int | "buffer" |
| ang | 13.1 | some int | 90 |
| ang | 13.a | not an int | "angle" |
| lim | 14.1 | some int | 1000 |
| lim | 14.a | not an int | "limit" |
| index | 15.1 | some int | 0 |
| index | 15.a | not an int | "index" |
| sample | 16.1 | some int | 2 |
| sample | 16.a | not an int | "sample" |
| targets | 17.1 | some array | targets[(90,150),(60,110)] |
| targets | 17.a 17.b 17.c | target is empty targets is not an array array malformed | targets[] "array" target [{90,120,70},{100}] |
| running | 18.1 | some int | 1 |
| running | 18.a | not an double | "running" |
| turnTime | 19.1 | some double | 0.305 |
| turnTime | 19.a | not an double | "turnTime" |
| driveTlme | 20.1 | some double | 0.305 |
| driveTlme | 20.a | not an double | "driveTime" |

Derived Test Cases

| Test Case ID | Variable | Input value | Exp. Result |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|---|
| TC#42 | Delay | 0.02 2 | time delay by 0.02seconds time delay by 2 seconds |
| TC#43 | Debug | 0 1 | does not print index, ang, rm print index, ang, rm |
| TC#44 | Num_of_readings | 45 90 | "incrementing 45 degree" "incrementing 90 degree" |
| TC#45 | Incr | 2 5 | "incrementing 2 cycle" "incrementing 5 cycle" |
| TC#46 | buf | 0 2 | buffering by 0 buffering by 2 |
| TC#47 | ang | 15 30 | angle 15 degree angle 30 degree |
| TC#48 | lim | 1000 100 | 1000 centimeter scan radar 100 centimeter scan radar |
| TC#49 | index | 0 1 | does not print index, print index, ang |
| TC#50 | sample | 0 2 | scan 0 rounds scan 2 rounds |
| TC#51 | targets | [(90,150),(60,110)] | draws a dot on the UI at the distance and angle and move its as the robot moves |
| TC#52 | running | 0 1 | stop running keeps running |
| TC#53 | turnTime | 0.305 0.500 | speed 0.305 speed 0.500 |
| TC#54 | driveTime | 0.305 0.500 | speed 0.305 speed 0.500 |

Tests of individual method are carried out in:
Section [5\) Specification based testing.](#)

10.1b Source-Code Test.

source-code-based testing is carried out in:
Section [7\) Control Flow based testing](#).

- `hsv2rgb(h, s, v,)` - [C2-Path coverage testing](#)
- `draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)` - [C4-loop testing](#)
- `us_map()` - [C2-Path coverage testing](#)
- `hsv2rgb(h, s, v,)` - [All-Uses Criterion](#)
- `draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)` - [All-Uses Criterion](#)

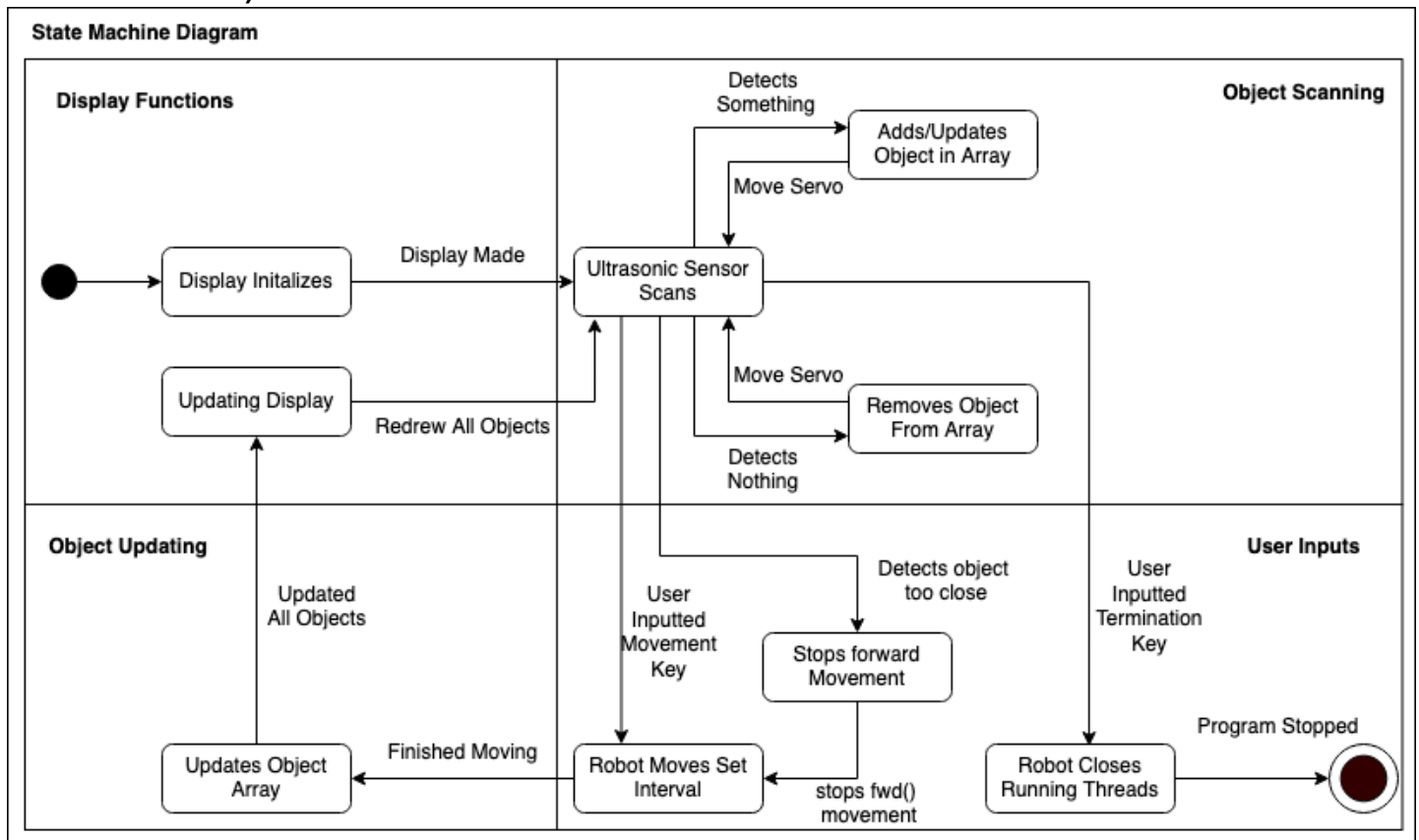
10.1c Polymorphism Test

No polymorphism for robot radar since there are no inheritances inside of the classes.

10.2 Class Scope Test.

Class Scope testing the call order of methods depends on the object state we are using state based testing approach deriving sequences to be tested according to the event coverage criterion.

a) Automaton Robot Radar



1) Transition Matrix:

| State | | Event / Transition | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| ID | state | Display Made | Detects Something | User Inputted Termination Key | Move Servo | Detects Nothing | Detects object too close | User Inputted Movement Key | Finished Moving | Updated All Objects | Redrew All Objects | stops fwd() movement |
| 1 | Display Initializes | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Ultrasonic Sensor Scans | | 3 | | | 5 | 7 | 6 | | | | |
| 3 | Adds/ Updates Object in Array | | | | 2 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Updating Display | | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| 5 | Removes Object From Array | | | | 2 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Robot Moves Set Interval | | | | | | | | 8 | | | |
| 7 | Stops forward Movement | | | | | | | | | | | 6 |
| 8 | Updates Object Array | | | | | | | | | 4 | | |
| 9 | Robot Closes Running Threads | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

2) Coverage Criterion: All Events

| Test Case ID | Event Vector | Exp. End state | Coverage | % |
|--------------|---|-----------------------------|--|-----|
| | | | Covered Events | |
| TC55 | Display Made (2), User Inputted Movement Key (6), Finished Moving (8), Updated All Objects (4), Redrew all Objects (2), User Inputted Termination Key (9). | Robot Closes Running Thread | Display Initialization, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Adds/Updates Object in Arrays, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Stop Forward Object Movement, Robot Move set Interval, Update Object Array, Update Display, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Robot Closes Running Thread | 50% |
| TC56 | Display Made (2), Detects Something (3), Moves Servo (2), Detects Object Too Close (7), Stop Forward Movement (6), Finished Moving (8), Updated All Objects (4), Redrew all Objects (2), User Inputted Termination Key (9). | Robot Closes Running Thread | Display Initialization, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Robot Movement Set Interval, Update Object Array, Update Display, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Robot Closes Running Thread | 75% |
| TC57 | Display Made (2), Detects Something (3), Moves Servo (2), Detect Nothing (5), Moves Servo (2), User Inputted Movement Key (6), Finished Moving (8), Updated All Objects (4), Redrew all Objects (2), User Inputted Termination Key (9). | Robot Closes Running Thread | Display Initialization, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Adds/Updates Object in Arrays, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Remove Object from Array, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Robot Move set Interval, Update Object Array, Update Display, Ultrasonic Sensor Scan, Robot Closes Running Thread | 75% |

b) Flattened Class Scope Test and Class Interaction Test.

No Inheritance for robot radar

11. Quality Tools

The following lists the tools to be used to support quality management implementation and the purpose or use of the tool.

IDE - Pycharm

Testing Software - Pytest

12. Quality Control and Assurance Problem Reporting Plan

Quality was managed rigorously, The project assurance will monitor quality and report exceptions using the following table logs to itemize, document, and track closure items reported through quality management activities.

Quality Control Log

| Exception ID Number | Review Date | Findings | Resolution | Error/Fault/Failure |
|---------------------|-------------|---|--|---|
| QC-Exc-1 | 10/5/2022 | We found a defect in method draw has parameter radarDisplay which passes it every time while its a pygame GUI frame size | remove the radarDisplay from the method as it does not need to be changed every time draw is called while it can be called in display class | Fault: Poor code implementation leading to inefficient runtime execution. |
| QC-Exc-2 | 10/5/2022 | We found draw method parameter naming the variables similar to other methods name and variable same (This might be confusing for a person if they didn't have an idea of what happening in the coding and more commenting is require) | Resolution have current servo_angle, current_angle or current_distance or object_distance (name the variable and method a little difference and specific names to reduce confusion for the person maintaining the code/ software | Fault: Poor naming conventions may lead to bad readability and confusion later on. |
| QC-Exc-3 | 10/6/2022 | We found fontRenderer in the method parameter which is just the font name and size which should be declared in the class but not included in the method. | Removed the fontRenderer from the method as it does not need to be changed every time draw is called. | Fault: Poor code implementation leading to inefficient runtime execution. |
| QC-Exc-4 | 11/1/2022 | Extensively long methods and nested loops which might be hard to track the out | break it down in multiple methods and trying to make the loops a little | Fault: Confusing and oddly written loops and if |

| | | | | |
|----------|------------|--|---|---|
| | | comes (movement method, servo movement method, updating screen in a method all concurrently) | less nested.(tracking and testing will be easier with less nested loops) | statements may lead to bad readability and confusion later on. |
| QC-Exc-5 | 11/3/2022 | Found a useless pair of 'if' statements, the second 'if' should just be an 'else' because it is always the case that if the first 'if' isn't true the second if is | changed the pair of 'if' statements to 'else' (in draw method line 143-145) | Fault: Poor code implementation for loop which can be if else then making two branch loop again |
| QC-Exc-6 | 11/3/2022 | unused method in draw hsv2rgb | the method does some weird bit changing to change color picked from stack overflow found even playing with it around. | Error: 2 people were working on separate branches of the code and made essentially duplicate methods |
| QC-Exc-7 | 11/30/2022 | found unused variable in radar.py variable ang_l, dist_l, x, y, j and pos | delete unused variable | Error: Unnecessary code |
| QC-Exc-8 | 11/30/2022 | found int variable used as boolean 0 and 1 in radar.py variable names index debug and running | use boolean variable for true or false | Fault: Poor code implementation and use of variable having a boolean is easier for logic operation decisions |
| QC-Exc-9 | 12/1/2022 | We have noticed that the way the robot turns, every target will slowly be incremented incorrectly due to the turning radius of the robot | Take into account where the servo is on the robot | Error: Didn't realize that the radar offset changed the readings significantly. Fault: The robot does not take into consideration that the radar isn't in the middle of the robot |

| | | | | |
|-----------|---------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | Failure: The targets will slowly become increasingly more incorrect |
| QC-Exc-10 | 12/2/22 | Found an unused import, pyCamera | Remove the unused import | Error: Useless import leading to inefficient runtime execution. |

13. Summary pyUnit screenshot

```

RobotRadar / Radar.py
43 servo_pos = 160
44 running = 1
45 turnTime = .305
46 driveTime = .305
47 j = 0
48
49 while True:
50     for i in range(sample):
51         dist = us_dist(15)
52         if dist < lim and dist >= 0:
53             buf[i] = dist
54         else:
55             buf[i] = lim
56
57     if dist < 2:
58         stop()
59         running = 0
60
61     max = Counter(buf).most_common()
62     rm = -1
63     for i in range(len(max)):
64         if max[i][0] <= lim and max[i][0] <= 0:
65             rm = max[i][0]
66             break
67     if rm == -1:
68         rm = lim
69
70     if debug == 1:
71         print
72         index, ang, rm
73
74     if running == 1:
75         servo(ang)
76         time.sleep(delay)
77         ang += incr
78
79     if dist != -1 and dist <= 50:
80         us_map()

```

Above we can see multiple problems that the API are being called but aren't compatible for laptops as they specifically need to be run on Gopigo robots as they aren't supported on normal machines.

```
Terminal: Local + v
copying test/run_tests__tests/print_stderr/__init__.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/print_stderr
copying test/run_tests__tests/print_stderr/fake_4_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/print_stderr
creating build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/print_stdout
copying test/run_tests__tests/print_stdout/fake_3_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/print_stdout
copying test/run_tests__tests/print_stdout/fake_2_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/print_stdout
copying test/run_tests__tests/print_stdout/__init__.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/print_stdout
copying test/run_tests__tests/print_stdout/fake_4_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/print_stdout
creating build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/incomplete_todo
copying test/run_tests__tests/incomplete_todo/fake_3_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/incomplete_todo
copying test/run_tests__tests/incomplete_todo/fake_2_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/incomplete_todo
copying test/run_tests__tests/incomplete_todo/__init__.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/incomplete_todo
creating build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/exclude
copying test/run_tests__tests/exclude/magic_tag_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/exclude
copying test/run_tests__tests/exclude/fake_2_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/exclude
copying test/run_tests__tests/exclude/__init__.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/exclude
copying test/run_tests__tests/exclude/invisible_tag_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/exclude
creating build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/timeout
copying test/run_tests__tests/timeout/sleep_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/timeout
copying test/run_tests__tests/timeout/fake_2_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/timeout
copying test/run_tests__tests/timeout/__init__.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/timeout
creating build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/everything
copying test/run_tests__tests/everything/sleep_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/everything
copying test/run_tests__tests/everything/magic_tag_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/everything
copying test/run_tests__tests/everything/fake_2_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/everything
copying test/run_tests__tests/everything/incomplete_todo_test.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/everything
copying test/run_tests__tests/everything/__init__.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/tests/run_tests__tests/everything
creating build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/docs
copying docs/__init__.py -> build/lib.macosx-10.9-universal2-3.11/pygame/docs

14:24 4 spaces Python 3.11 (color)
```

When setting up the PyTest there were a few problems that were encountered. When attempting to get the code running without the actual robot, more than half of the tests we would want to run would be impossible as they are testing the functionality of the physical robot interacting with targets in the real world; meaning that we would have to remove almost all our current API's and scaffold in all our targets and remove any trace of this even being a moving robot. PyTest would essentially be only testing the functionality of the GUI and when that is the case, PyTest does not seem appropriate to test a GUI.

14. Results

Keyboard user input test cases and results

| Input Key | Expected output | Results |
|-----------|---------------------|---------|
| Up | robot goes forward | Success |
| Left | robot turns left | Success |
| Down | robot goes backward | Success |
| Right | robot turns right | Success |
| 0 | radar sweep | Success |
| 1 | program exits | Success |

Robot sensor results

| Input Key | Expected output | Results |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| Sensor data to display | print angle of the object | Success |

Colored GUI on sensor reading

| Input Key | Expected output | Results |
|--------------------------|---|---------|
| Object to radar/map | Draw a red,yellow, green dot [Red- Object >15] [Yellow- 15<Object >35] [Green- Object >35] | Success |
| Robot Movement to object | change dot according to direction of the robot movement | Success |
| Sensor Update | update dot location | Success |

GUI

| Input Key | Expected output | Results |
|--------------------------------|---|---------|
| sensor/servo scanning | Use the servo angle movement to print Radar grid | Success |
| Initial Sensor data to radar | print dot on the radar grid | Success |
| Movement after scanning object | Robot keeps track of object and obstacle movement | Success |

Conclusion:

We have a sufficient amount of test cases to test this using PyUnit but we can't perform them due to the machine incompatibility and we can still justify that most of the test which are expected to pass will pass and those expected to fail will fail as we had tested the robot during CSC 380 last few weeks of class. The limitations and constraints for these projects were a little too much as we were making a program for a different machine. For example while working in CSC 380 we had to rewrite the code on Gopigo to run it and now we can't perform those tests. Justifying our Quality property about 90% of tests will pass for correctness and efficiency and about 10% of features are missing one of them is camera live stream from Gopigo. further below is the code of the unit test for each file

15. Unit test with MagicMock

15.1 File name colors.py

```
import unittest

class TestColors(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_white_color(self):
        self.assertEqual(white, (255, 255, 255))

    def test_black_color(self):
        self.assertEqual(black, (0, 0, 0))

    def test_red_color(self):
        self.assertEqual(red, (255, 0, 0))

    def test_orange_color(self):
        self.assertEqual(orange, (255, 165, 0))

    def test_green_color(self):
        self.assertEqual(green, (0, 255, 0))

    def test_transparent_red_colors(self):
        self.assertEqual(red1L, (255, 26, 26))
        self.assertEqual(red2L, (255, 51, 51))
        self.assertEqual(red3L, (255, 77, 77))
        self.assertEqual(red4L, (255, 102, 102))
        self.assertEqual(red5L, (255, 128, 128))
        self.assertEqual(red6L, (255, 153, 153))

    def test_green_color(self):
        self.assertEqual(green, (0, 255, 0))

    def test_yellow_color(self):
        self.assertEqual(yellow, (255, 255, 0))

    def test_blue_color(self):
        self.assertEqual(blue, (0, 0, 255))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    unittest.main()
```

15.2 display.py

```
import unittest
from unittest.mock import MagicMock
import colors
import colorsys
import pygame
import picamera
import math
import time
from gopigo import *
import sys
from collections import Counter
import io
from radar import *

class TestRadar(unittest.TestCase):

    @classmethod
    def setUpClass(cls):
        cls.colors = MagicMock()
        cls.colorsys = MagicMock()
        cls.pygame = MagicMock()
        cls.picamera = MagicMock()
        cls.math = MagicMock()
        cls.time = MagicMock()
        cls.gopigo = MagicMock()
        cls.sys = MagicMock()
        cls.Counter = MagicMock()
        cls.io = MagicMock()
        cls.radar = MagicMock()

    def test_hsv2rgb(self):
        hsv2rgb = MagicMock()
        self.assertTrue(hsv2rgb(0.5, 0.5, 0.5))

    def test_hsv3rgb(self):
        hsv3rgb = MagicMock()
        hsv3rgb.return_value = (128, 128, 128)
        self.assertEqual(hsv3rgb(0.5, 0.5, 0.5), (128, 128, 128))

    def test_draw(self):
        draw = MagicMock()
        radarDisplay = MagicMock()
        targets = MagicMock()
```

```

    angle = MagicMock()
    distance = MagicMock()
    fontRenderer = MagicMock()
    draw(radarDisplay, targets, angle, distance, fontRenderer)
    draw.assert_called()

def test_math_sin(self):
    math_sin = MagicMock()
    math_sin.return_value = 0.5
    self.assertEqual(math_sin(0.5), 0.5)

def test_math_cos(self):
    math_cos = MagicMock()
    math_cos.return_value = 0.5
    self.assertEqual(math_cos(0.5), 0.5)

def test_pygame_draw_circle(self):
    pygame_draw_circle = MagicMock()
    pygame_draw_circle.assert_called()

def test_pygame_draw_rect(self):
    pygame_draw_rect = MagicMock()
    pygame_draw_rect.assert_called()

def test_pygame_draw_line(self):
    pygame_draw_line = MagicMock()
    pygame_draw_line.assert_called()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    unittest.main()

```

15.3 main.py

```

import unittest
from unittest.mock import MagicMock

class TestRadar(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_gopigo_import(self):
        gopigo = MagicMock()
        gopigo.assert_not_called()

    def test_print_robot_radar(self):
        print_robot_radar = MagicMock()
        print_robot_radar("Robot Radar")
        print_robot_radar.assert_called_once_with("Robot Radar")

```

```

def test_print_loading(self):
    print_loading = MagicMock()
    print_loading("Loading.....")
    print_loading.assert_called_once_with("Loading.....")

def test_while_loop(self):
    radar_import = MagicMock()
    while_loop = MagicMock()
    while_loop(True)
    while_loop.assert_called()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    unittest.main()

```

15.4 radar.py

```

import unittest
from unittest.mock import MagicMock
import pygame
import io
import math
import time
import colors
import sys
from target import *
from display import *
from gopigo import *
from collections import Counter

```

```

class TestRadar(unittest.TestCase):

```

```

    @classmethod
    def setUpClass(cls):
        cls.pygame = MagicMock()
        cls.pcamera = MagicMock()
        cls.io = MagicMock()
        cls.math = MagicMock()
        cls.time = MagicMock()
        cls.colors = MagicMock()
        cls.sys = MagicMock()
        cls.target = MagicMock()
        cls.display = MagicMock()

```



```

        cls.gopigo = MagicMock()

    def test_us_map(self):
        us_map = MagicMock()
        self.assertTrue(us_map())

    def test_stop(self):
        stop = MagicMock()
        stop.assert_called()

    def test_right(self):
        right = MagicMock()
        right.assert_called()

    def test_left(self):
        left = MagicMock()
        left.assert_called()

    def test_fwd(self):
        fwd = MagicMock()
        fwd.assert_called()

    def test_servo_angle(self):
        servo = MagicMock()
        servo.return_value = 180
        self.assertEqual(servo(180),180)

    def test_color(self):
        color = MagicMock()
        color.assert_called()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    unittest.main()

```

15.5 sensorTest.py

```

import unittest
from unittest.mock import MagicMock
from gopigo import *
import time

class TestGoPiGo(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_stop_on_obstacle(self):

```

```

        distance_to_stop = 20 # Distance from obstacle where the GoPiGo should
stop
        raw_input = MagicMock(return_value="") # simulate user input
        us_dist = MagicMock(side_effect=[10, 15, 20, 25, 30]) # simulate sensor
measurements

        fwd() # Start moving

    while True:
        dist = us_dist(15) # Find the distance of the object in front
        self.assertLess(dist, distance_to_stop) # Check whether it stops at 20
        stop() # Stop the GoPiGo
        break

    time.sleep(.1)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    unittest.main()

```

15.6 Target.py

```

import unittest
import time
import colors
from gopigo import *

class TestTarget(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_init(self):
        target = Target(45, 30)
        self.assertEqual(target.angle, 45)
        self.assertEqual(target.distance, 30)
        self.assertAlmostEqual(target.time, time.time(), delta=1e-5)
        self.assertEqual(target.color, ())

    def test_set_color(self):
        target = Target(0, 0)
        target.color = (255, 0, 0)
        self.assertEqual(target.color, (255, 0, 0))
    def test_distance_setter(self):
        target = Target(0, 0)
        target.distance = 15
        self.assertEqual(target.distance, 15)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    unittest.main()

```