HW3

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Load the data

```
gene_mapping <- read.csv('~/HW3_R/gene_mapping.txt', sep='\t')
dongola <- read.csv('~/HW3_R/DONGOLA_genes.txt', sep='\t')
zanu <- read.csv('~/HW3_R/ZANU_genes.txt', sep='\t')</pre>
```

Data Exploration

Gene mapping

```
head(gene_mapping, n=4)
```

```
##
     contig middle.position strand ord
                                            name ref.genes
## 1
                                     0 gene_3542
                      31135
                                -1
## 2
          2
                      38868
                                -1
                                     1 gene_3543
## 3
         2
                      42746
                                                          1
                                 1
                                     2
                                         gene_80
## 4
                      46243
                                -1
                                     3 gene_3544
                                                          1
##
                                                      DONG
## 1 NC_053517.1,111908344,1,6540,DONG_gene-LOC120894913
## 2 NC_053517.1,111899667,1,6539,DONG_gene-LOC120904110
## 3 NC_053517.1,111895084,-1,6538,DONG_gene-LOC120904105
## 4 NC_053517.1,111891588,1,6537,DONG_gene-LOC120904096
```

Column description:

- contig: chromosome name in ZANU
- middle.position: position of gene center in ZANU chromosome coordinate
- strand: direction of gene in relation to chromosome scaffold direction
- ord: just an index of record
- name: gene name in ZANU
- ref.genes: how many genes are homologus to this one from ZANU
- DONG: complex string for DONGOLA gene(s) information separated by "," for one gene and ";" between genes

For one gene this complex string has structure:

- sequence_id id from NCBI where is this gene in DONGOLA genome (not only chromosomes here)
- middle coordinate of the gene
- strand
- length of the gene
- gene name from DONGOLA annotation.

Dongola genes

```
head(dongola,n=4)

## ID start end strand

## 1 gene-L0C120906950 59885 60345 -1

## 2 gene-L0C120906947 61728 64249 1

## 3 gene-L0C120906949 88010 88555 -1

## 4 gene-L0C120906948 90190 90789 -1
```

Zanu genes

```
head(zanu,n=4)

## ID start end strand

## 1 gene_13164 5022 23194 -1

## 2 gene_13165 40014 45938 -1

## 3 gene_13166 92876 97357 -1

## 4 gene_12497 99657 102434 1
```

Editing Gene mapping dataframe

Editing DONG column

```
#create dataframe from DONG column in gene_mapping dataframe
dong <- gene_mapping$DONG
dong <- (strsplit(dong,",")) #separate by comma
dong <- as.data.frame(dong)
dong <- as.data.frame(t(dong)) # column to rows
rownames(dong) <- NULL
colnames(dong) <- c('sequence_id','middle_coordinate','strand_d','gene_length','gene_name')
# bind two dataframes and removing DONG column
gene_mapping <- cbind(gene_mapping[0:6],dong)
head(gene_mapping,n=4)</pre>
```

```
contig middle.position strand ord
                                    name ref.genes sequence_id
##
                               ## 1
                  31135
                           -1
        2
                                1 gene 3543
## 2
                  38868
                                                1 NC 053517.1
## 3
                  42746
                           1
                                2 gene_80
                                                 1 NC_053517.1
## 4
                  46243
                           -1
                               3 gene_3544
                                                 1 NC_053517.1
   middle_coordinate strand_d gene_length
##
                                                 gene name
                                 6540 DONG_gene-LOC120894913
## 1
          111908344 1
## 2
                        1
           111899667
                                 6539 DONG_gene-LOC120904110
           111895084
## 3
                         -1
                                 6538 DONG gene-LOC120904105
                                 6537 DONG_gene-LOC120904096
## 4
           111891588
                        1
```

Editing contig column

Editing sequence_id column

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome/?term=Anopheles%20Arabiensis%20DONGOLA

Chr	Seq id
2	NC_053517.1
3	$NC_053518.1$
X	NC_053519.1

```
# rename sequence_id to chromosome
gene_mapping$sequence_id[gene_mapping$sequence_id == 'NC_053517.1'] <- '2'
gene_mapping$sequence_id[gene_mapping$sequence_id == 'NC_053518.1'] <- '3'
gene_mapping$sequence_id[gene_mapping$sequence_id == 'NC_053519.1'] <- '1'

# convert X chromosome into numeric value for downstrean analysis

# explore sequence_id column
unique(gene_mapping$sequence_id)[0:8]</pre>
```

```
## [1] "2"
## [5] "NW_024412121.1" "NW_024412103.1" "NW_024412152.1" "NW_024412162.1"
# leave only only 2, 3 and X chromosomes in sequence_id column
chromosomes <- c( "2", "3", "1")
gene_mapping <- gene_mapping[gene_mapping[,"sequence_id"] %in% chromosomes,]</pre>
unique(gene_mapping$sequence_id)
## [1] "2" "1" "3"
Editing gene_name column
# remove 'DONG_' in the beginnig of the gene_name
gene_mapping$gene_name <- lapply(gene_mapping$gene_name, sub, pattern = '^DONG_', replacement ="")
gene_mapping$gene_name <- as.character(gene_mapping$gene_name)</pre>
X as numeric value in ZANU
gene_mapping$contig <- sub("X", "1", gene_mapping$contig)</pre>
# final gene_mapping dataframe
head(gene_mapping, n=4)
    contig middle.position strand ord
                                         name ref.genes sequence_id
##
## 1
       2 31135
                             -1 0 gene_3542
                                                                  2
                                                      1
                              -1
                                                                  2
## 2
         2
                    38868
                                   1 gene 3543
                                                      1
                    42746
                              1 2
                                                                  2
## 3
        2
                                       gene_80
                                                      1
                    46243 -1
## 4
        2
                                   3 gene_3544
                                                                  2
                                                      1
   middle_coordinate strand_d gene_length
                                                 gene_name
                                     6540 gene-LOC120894913
## 1
            111908344 1
            111899667
                                   6539 gene-LOC120904110
## 2
                           1
## 3
           111895084
                           -1
                                     6538 gene-L0C120904105
## 4
            111891588
                           1
                                     6537 gene-L0C120904096
```

"3"

"NW 024412154.1"

Creation of dataframe with closest Dongola and Zanu genes

"1"

```
# calculate distances between Dongola and Zanu genes
gene_mapping$distance <- abs(gene_mapping$middle.position - as.numeric(gene_mapping$middle_coordinate))</pre>
# remove rows where Dongola chromosomes not equal to Zanu chromosomes
gene_mapping<-subset(gene_mapping, contig==sequence_id)</pre>
```

```
# remove multiple Dongola genes according to closest distance
new_data<-data.frame()
unique_names<-unique(gene_mapping$gene_name)</pre>
for (i in unique_names){
  gene_collector<- gene_mapping[gene_mapping$gene_name == i, ]</pre>
 min_count<-min(gene_collector$distance)</pre>
 new_data<-rbind(new_data,gene_collector[gene_collector$distance == min_count, ])</pre>
new_data <- new_data[order(new_data$distance),]</pre>
# remove multiple Zanu genes according to closest distance
new data1<-data.frame()</pre>
unique_names<-unique(new_data$name)</pre>
for (i in unique_names){
  gene_collector<- new_data[new_data$name == i, ]</pre>
 min_count<-min(gene_collector$distance)</pre>
 new_data1<-rbind(new_data1,gene_collector[gene_collector$distance == min_count, ])</pre>
final_mapping <- new_data1[order(new_data1$distance),]</pre>
head(final_mapping, n=4)
##
         contig middle.position strand ord
                                                    name ref.genes sequence_id
                                    -1 420 gene_13388
## 16445
                        7865798
                                                                 1
## 17420
              1
                        22554898
                                     1 1158 gene 13057
                                                                 1
                                                                              1
## 15952
              1
                           14108
                                     -1
                                           0 gene_13164
                                                                 1
                                                                              1
## 17310
              1
                       20658297
                                     1 1063 gene_13015
                                                                 1
##
        middle_coordinate strand_d gene_length
                                                          gene_name distance
## 16445
                  7858209
                                 1
                                            416 gene-LOC120905991
                                                                         7589
## 17420
                  22562586
                                  -1
                                           1090 gene-LOC120906736
                                                                         7688
## 15952
                     30435
                                  -1
                                                                        16327
                                                1 gene-LOC120905715
## 17310
                  20675475
                                  -1
                                           1046 gene-LOC120905674
                                                                        17178
```

Creating synteny dual comparison dataframe

```
# ZANU - Species_1
# create fill column according to strand of Zanu and Dongola: if direction
#is identical, than fill will be red (e41a1c), if not than fill will be
# gray (ccccc)
start_z <- c()
end_z <- c()
fill <- c()
for (i in (1:nrow(final_mapping))){
    name <- final_mapping[i, "name"]
    fill <- if (final_mapping[i, "strand"] == final_mapping[i, "strand_d"]) append(fill, "e41a1c")
    else append(fill, "cccccc")
    start_z <- append(start_z, zanu[zanu$ID == name, "start"])
    end_z <- append(end_z, zanu[zanu$ID == name, "end"])
}</pre>
```

```
# length of X, 2, 3 chromosomes
# https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome/gdv/browser/genome/?id=GCF_016920715.1
don end 2 = 111988354 \# Chr2
don end 3 = 95710210 \# Chr3
don_end_1 = 26913133 \# ChrX
# DONGOLA - Species_2
start_d <- c()
end_d \leftarrow c()
for (i in (1:nrow(final_mapping))){
   name <- final_mapping[i, "gene_name"]</pre>
   if (final_mapping[i, "contig"] ==1){
    start <- don_end_1 - dongola[dongola$ID == name, "start"]</pre>
    end <- don_end_1 - dongola[dongola$ID == name, "end"]</pre>
   } else if ((final_mapping[i, "contig"] ==2)){
      start <- don_end_2 - dongola[dongola$ID == name, "start"]</pre>
      end <- don end 2 - dongola[dongola$ID == name, "end"]
   } else {
      start <- don end 3 - dongola[dongola$ID == name, "start"]
      end <- don_end_3 - dongola[dongola$ID == name, "end"]</pre>
  start_d <- append(start_d, start)</pre>
  end_d <- append(end_d, end)</pre>
}
# create synteny_dual_comparison dataframe
synteny dual comparison <- data.frame(Species 1 = as.numeric(final mapping$contig),
Start_1 = start_z, End_1 = end_z, Species_2 = as.numeric(final_mapping$sequence_id),
Start 2 = start d, End 2 = end d, fill =fill)
head(synteny_dual_comparison, n=4)
##
    Species_1 Start_1 End_1 Species_2 Start_2
                                                       End 2 fill
## 1
       1 7865247 7866349 1 19055658 19054278 ccccc
                                        1 4351086 4349049 cccccc
## 2
           1 22553805 22555991
## 3
                   5022
                           23194
                                        1 26894161 26861576 e41a1c
## 4
           1 20657888 20658706
                                        1 6238316 6237208 cccccc
```

Creating karyotype dual comparison dataframe

 End

```
# similar to https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/RIdeogram/vignettes/RIdeogram.html
karyotype\_dual\_comparison \leftarrow data.frame(Chr = c('X', '2', '3', 'X', '2', '3'),
Start = rep(1,6),
End = c(27238055, 114783175, 97973315, 26913133, 111988354, 95710210),
fill = rep(969696,6), species = c("ZANU", "ZANU", "ZANU", "DONGOLA", "DONGOLA", "DONGOLA"),
size = rep(12,6), color = rep(252525,6))
head(karyotype_dual_comparison, n=4)
##
    Chr Start
                           fill species size color
```

```
## 1 X 1 27238055 969696 ZANU 12 252525
## 2 2 1 114783175 969696 ZANU 12 252525
## 3 3 1 97973315 969696 ZANU 12 252525
## 4 X 1 26913133 969696 DONGOLA 12 252525
```

Synteny between ZANU and DONGOLA

```
ideogram(karyotype = karyotype_dual_comparison, synteny = synteny_dual_comparison)
convertSVG("chromosome.svg", device = "png")
```

