

Character Classes: Ranges

- **[nvj]** matches any character that is either **n**, **v** or **j**

node.**j**s **v**0.12.2

- **[^abc]** - matches any character that is **not** **a**, **b** or **c**

Abraham

- **[0-9]** - character range matches any digit from **0** to **9**

John is **8** years old.

Predefined Classes

- **\w** - matches any **word character** (a-z, A-Z, 0-9, _)
- **\W** - matches any **non-word character** (the opposite of \w)
- **\s** - matches any **white-space** character
- **\S** - matches any **non-white-space** character (opposite of \s)
- **\d** - matches any **decimal digit** (0-9)
- **\D** - matches any **non-decimal character** (the opposite of \d)

Quantifiers

- ***** - matches the previous element zero or more times

`\+\d*` → `+359885976002 a+b`

- **+** - matches the previous element one or more times

`\+\d+` → `+359885976002 a+b`

- **?** - matches the previous element zero or one time

`\+\d?` → `+359885976002 a+b`

- **{3}** - matches the previous element exactly 3 times

`\+\d{3}` → `+359885976002 a+b`

Grouping Constructs

- **(subexpression)** - captures the matched subexpression as numbered group

`\d{2}-(\w{3})-\d{4}` → `22-Jan-2015`

- **(?:subexpression)** - defines a non-capturing group

`^(?:Hi|hello),\s*(\w+)$` → `Hi, Peter`

- **(?<name>subexpression)** - defines a named capturing group

`(?<day>\d{2})-(?<month>\w{3})-(?<year>\d{4})` → `22-Jan-2015`

Backreferences Match Previous Groups

- **\number** - matches the value of a numbered capture group

```
<(\w+)[^>]*>.*?<\/\1>
```

```
<b>Regular Expressions</b> are cool!
```

```
<p>I am a paragraph</p> ... some text after
```

```
Hello, <div>I am a<code>DIV</code></div>!
```

```
<span>Hello, I am Span</span>
```

```
<a href="https://softuni.bg/">SoftUni</a>
```

- Regex in Java library
 - `java.util.regex.Pattern`
 - `java.util.regex.Matcher`

```
Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("a*b");  
Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher("aaaab");
```

```
boolean match = matcher.find();  
String matchText = matcher.group();
```

Searches for the
next match

Gets the matched text

Checking for a Single Match

- **find()** - gets the first pattern match

```
String text = "Andy: 123";  
String pattern = "([A-Z][a-z]+): (?<number>\\d+)";
```

```
Pattern regex = Pattern.compile(pattern);  
Matcher matcher = regex.matcher(text);
```

```
System.out.println(matcher.find());           // true  
System.out.println(matcher.group());          // Andy: 123  
System.out.println(matcher.group(0));        // Andy: 123  
System.out.println(matcher.group(1));        // Andy  
System.out.println(matcher.group(2));        // 123  
System.out.println(matcher.group("number")); // 123
```

+ - Matches the element one or more times

Replacing with Regex

- To replace **every/first** subsequence of the input sequence that matches the pattern with the given replacement string
 - **replaceAll(String replacement)**
 - **replaceFirst(String replacement)**

```
String regex = "[A-Za-z]+";  
String string = "Hello Java";  
Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile(regex);  
Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(string);  
String res = matcher.replaceAll("hi");    // hi hi  
String res2 = matcher.replaceFirst("hi"); // hi Java
```


Splitting with Regex

- `split(String pattern)` - splits the text by the pattern
 - Returns `String[]`

```
String text = "1 2 3 4";
```

```
String pattern = "\\s+";
```

Matches whitespaces

```
String[] tokens = text.split(pattern);
```

`tokens = {"1", "2", "3", "4"}`

Solution: Match Full Names

```
String listOfNames = reader.readLine();

String regex = "\\b[A-Z][a-z]+ [A-Z][a-z]+";
Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile(regex);
Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(listOfNames);

while (matcher.find()) {
    System.out.print(matcher.group() + " ");
}
```

Check your solution here: <https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1672/>

Solution: Match Dates

```
String input = reader.readLine();

String regex =
"\b(?:<day>\d{2})(\.|\/| -)(?:<month>[A-Z][a-z]{2})\b2(?:<year>\d{4})\b";

Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile(regex);
Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(dates);

while (matcher.find()) {
    System.out.println(String.format("Day: %s, Month: %s, Year: %s",
        matcher.group("day"), matcher.group("month"),
        matcher.group("year")));
}
```

Check your solution here: <https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1672/>