



Centurion
UNIVERSITY
Driving Lives... Inspiring Tomorrow

School: Campus:

Academic Year: Subject Name: Subject Code:

Semester: Program: Branch: Specialization:

Date:

Applied and Action Learning (Learning by Doing and Discovery)

Name of the Experiment : Stake Your Claim – Proof of Stake Simulation

* **Coding Phase: Pseudo Code / Flow Chart / Algorithm**

Initialize the Network:

- Define a set of nodes (validators).
- Assign each node a certain stake value (representing their coin balance).

Calculate Total Stake:

- Compute the sum of all stakes across validators.

$$\text{Total Stake} = \sum_{i=1}^n \text{Stake}(\text{Node}_i) \quad \text{Total Stake} = i=1 \sum n \text{Stake}(\text{Node}_i)$$

Determine Selection Probability:

- Calculate each node's probability of being chosen as:
 $P(\text{Node}_i) = \frac{\text{Stake}(\text{Node}_i)}{\text{Total Stake}}$

Random Validator Selection:

- Generate a random number and choose the validator according to assigned probabilities.

Block Validation:

- The selected validator adds a new block to the blockchain (simulated).
-

Reward Distribution:

- Increase the stake of the chosen validator by a reward value.

Repeat the Process:

- Continue for several rounds to simulate continuous block production.

Display Final Results:

- Show validator selection frequency and final stakes.

Software used

1. MetaMask Wallet
2. VS Code.
3. MS Word.
4. Brave for researching.

* Implementation Phase: Final Output (no error)

Initial Stakes:

Node A: 50
 Node B: 30
 Node C: 20

Simulation Result:

Round 1 → Selected Validator: Node A (Reward +10)
 Round 2 → Selected Validator: Node B (Reward +10)
 Round 3 → Selected Validator: Node A (Reward +10)
 Round 4 → Selected Validator: Node C (Reward +10)

Final Stakes:

Node A: 70
 Node B: 40
 Node C: 30

*** Observations:**

- Validators with higher stakes were more frequently selected.
- The selection process is fair yet random, allowing smaller stakers a chance to validate occasionally.
- The reward system gradually increases the stake of active validators.
- No mining power or computational work is required, unlike PoW.
- Demonstrates energy efficiency and economic fairness in blockchain consensus.

ASSESSMENT

Rubrics	Full Mark	Marks Obtained	Remarks
Concept	10		
Planning and Execution/ Practical Simulation/ Programming	10		
Result and Interpretation	10		
Record of Applied and Action Learning	10		
Viva	10		
Total	50		

Signature of the Student:

Name :

Regn. No. :

Signature of the Faculty:

Page No.....

*As applicable according to the experiment.
 Two sheets per experiment (10-20) to be used.

