



Swagger Workshop

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<https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training>



Targets

- Read/Write JSON and YAML
- Understand JSON Schema
- Efficient REST API Design with Swagger/OpenAPI



Agenda

- Introduction
 - Review RESTful Web Service
 - Contract Driven Development
- JSON
 - JSON Syntax
 - YAML
 - JSON Schema
- Swagger/OpenAPI
 - OpenAPI Schema
 - Base Properties
 - Resources and Operations
 - Reuse Definitions
 - CRUD
 - Object Relationships
 - Security
 - Best Practices



RESTful Web Services



RESTful Web Service

- REST ... Representational State Transfer
- “REST-compliant web services allow the requesting systems to access and manipulate textual representations of web resources by using a uniform and predefined set of stateless operations”

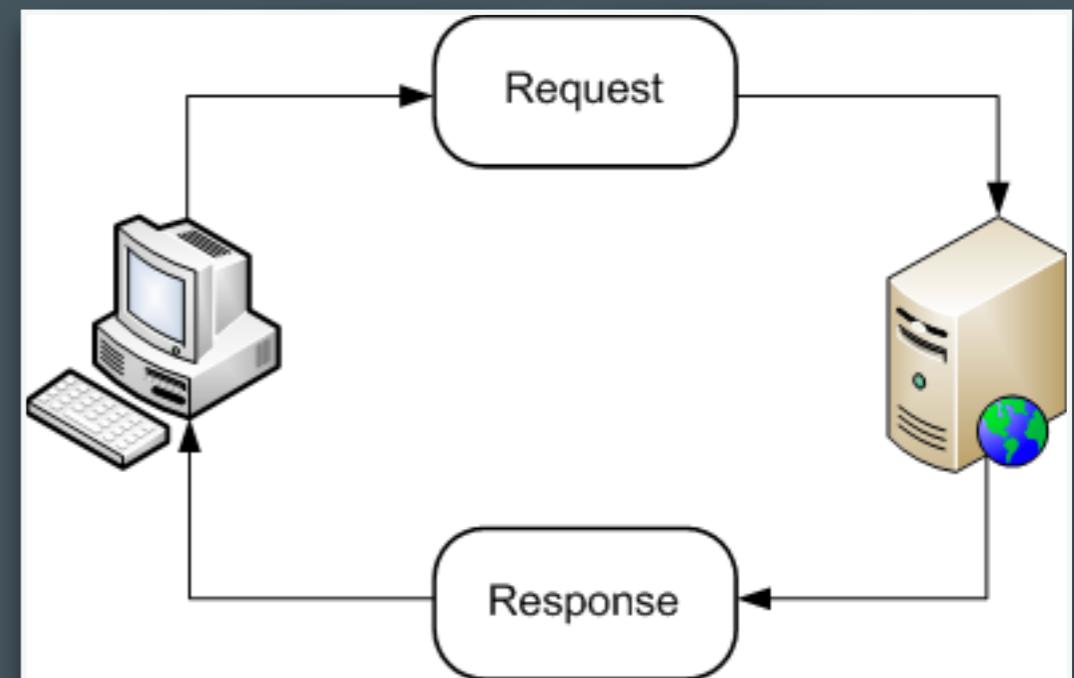


Eigenschaften RESTful Web Services

- Zustandslos
- Transport Protokol:
 - HTTP
- Operationen:
 - GET, POST, PUT, ...
- Web Ressourcen:
 - URL's/URI's
- Datenprotokol:
 - JSON, XML, ...

Eigenschaften HTTP

- Stateless
- Request-Response
- Metadata:
 - Request/Response Headers
- Implemented by:
 - Web Browser (User Agent)
 - Web Server
 - Kommandozeilen Tools
 - Development Libraries





RESTful Resource URL's

- URL's identifizieren Objekte und Funktionen
 - Collections (Listen):
 - <http://api.service.com/resources?param=val>
 - zB: <http://api.service.com/v1/currencies?byRegion=EU>
 - Eindeutiges Objekt:
 - <http://service.com/.../resources/{id}>
 - zB: <http://service.com/v1/currencies/{currencyCode}>
 - Relationen:
 - <http://service.com/.../resources/{id}/relations>
 - <http://service.com/.../resources/{id}/relations/{relationId}>
 - zB: <http://service.com/policies/privacy/translations/de>



RESTful Operationen

URL	GET	PUT	PATCH	POST	DELETE
Collection: https://api.example.com/resources	Auflistung der Elemente	Ersetzen der kompletten Liste von Elementen	Typischerweise nicht benutzt	Anlegen eines neuen Elements in der Liste. Liefert üblicherweise die Id für das neue Element	Löscht die komplette Liste
Element: https://api.service.com/resources/item10	Holen des Elements	Ersetzen des Elements oder neu Anlegen falls es nicht existiert	Ersetzen von speziischen Attributen eines Elements	Typischerweise nicht benutzt.	Löscht ein Element aus der Liste



Demo - Simple REST Service



REST API Contract



REST Contract

- Beschreibt die Schnittstelle
- mittels Beschreibungssprache:
 - RESTful API Description Langauge (analog zu WSDL)
 - [swagger.io](#) (Open API Spec)
 - RAML



Contract Driven Development

- Interface-First Development
 - Die Schnittstelle existiert vor dem Code und nicht umgekehrt
- Schnittstelle wird mit Beschreibungssprache umgesetzt und nicht in Code
- Code Generieren für
 - Server
 - Client
- Mocking
- Dokumentation
- Clients (Konsumenten) und Server (Implementierungen) können getrennt von einander umgesetzt werden, sobald die Schnittstelle existiert
- Typischerweise von oder gemeinsam mit der Fachabteilung umgesetzt

REST API mit Open API Spec

```

1  swagger: '2.0'
2
3  info:
4    title: Redbull Policy Center Internal API
5    description: The Redbull Policy Center Internal API provides restful
       operations for SPA.
6    version: 1.3.0
7
8  basePath: /internal/api/policies
9
10  produces:
11    - application/json
12
13  consumes:
14    - application/json
15
16  tags:
17    - name: policies_internal
18    | description: Policy Center Internal API
19
20  paths:
21    /projects:
22      get:
23        summary: List projects
24        tags:
25          - policies_internal
26        parameters:
27          - in: query
28            name: unpublished
29            description: if true, returns only projects with unpublished
               policy translations.
30        type: boolean
31        required: false
32        default: false
33        x-timeout: 60000
34        responses:
35          200:
36            description: a list of projects
37            schema:
38              type: array
39              description: A list of project objects.
40              items:
41                $ref: '#/definitions/Project'

```

Redbull Policy Center Internal API

1.3.0

[Base URL: /internal/api/policies]

The Redbull Policy Center Internal API provides restful operations for SPA.

policies_internal Policy Center Internal API

GET /projects List projects

POST /projects Create project.

GET /projects/{projectId} Retrieve project by id.

PUT /projects/{projectId} Create or update project.

DELETE /projects/{projectId} Deletes a project.

GET /projects/{projectId}/policies Retrieve all policies assigned to a project

GET /projects/{projectId}/policies/{policyId}/publishedUrls

Retrieve published urls for a policy and project



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Code Generierung Server/Client

Generate Server ▾	Generate Client ▾	
ada-server	jaxrs-resteasy	rust-server
aspnetcore	jaxrs-resteasy-eap	scala-lagom-server
erlang-server	jaxrs-spec	scalatra
finch	lumen	sinatra
go-server	msf4j	slim
haskell	nancyfx	spring
inflector	nodejs-server	undertow
java-pkmst	php-silex	ze-ph
java-play-framework	php-symfony	
java-vertx	pistache-server	
jaxrs	python-flask	
jaxrs-cxf	rails5	
jaxrs-cxf-cdi	restbed	

Generate Client ▾			
ada	elixir	jmeter	scalaz
akka-scala	elm	kotlin	swagger
android	erlang-client	lua	swagger-yaml
apex	flash	objc	swift
bash	go	perl	swift3
closure	groovy	php	swift4
cpprest	haskell-http-client	powershell	tizen
csharp	html	python	typescript-angular
csharp-dotnet2	html2	qt5cpp	typescript-angularjs
cwiki	java	r	typescript-aurelia
dart	javascript	ruby	typescript-fetch
dynamic-html	javascript-closure-angular	rust	typescript-jquery
eiffel	jaxrs-cxf-client	scala	typescript-node



Demo - Simple Rest Service mit Swagger



JSON



JSON

- "Javascript Object Notation"
- Hierarchical Structure
- Enables efficient parsing
- Javascript native (subset)
- Programming language agnostic
- Excellent tooling
- Spec: <http://json.org>

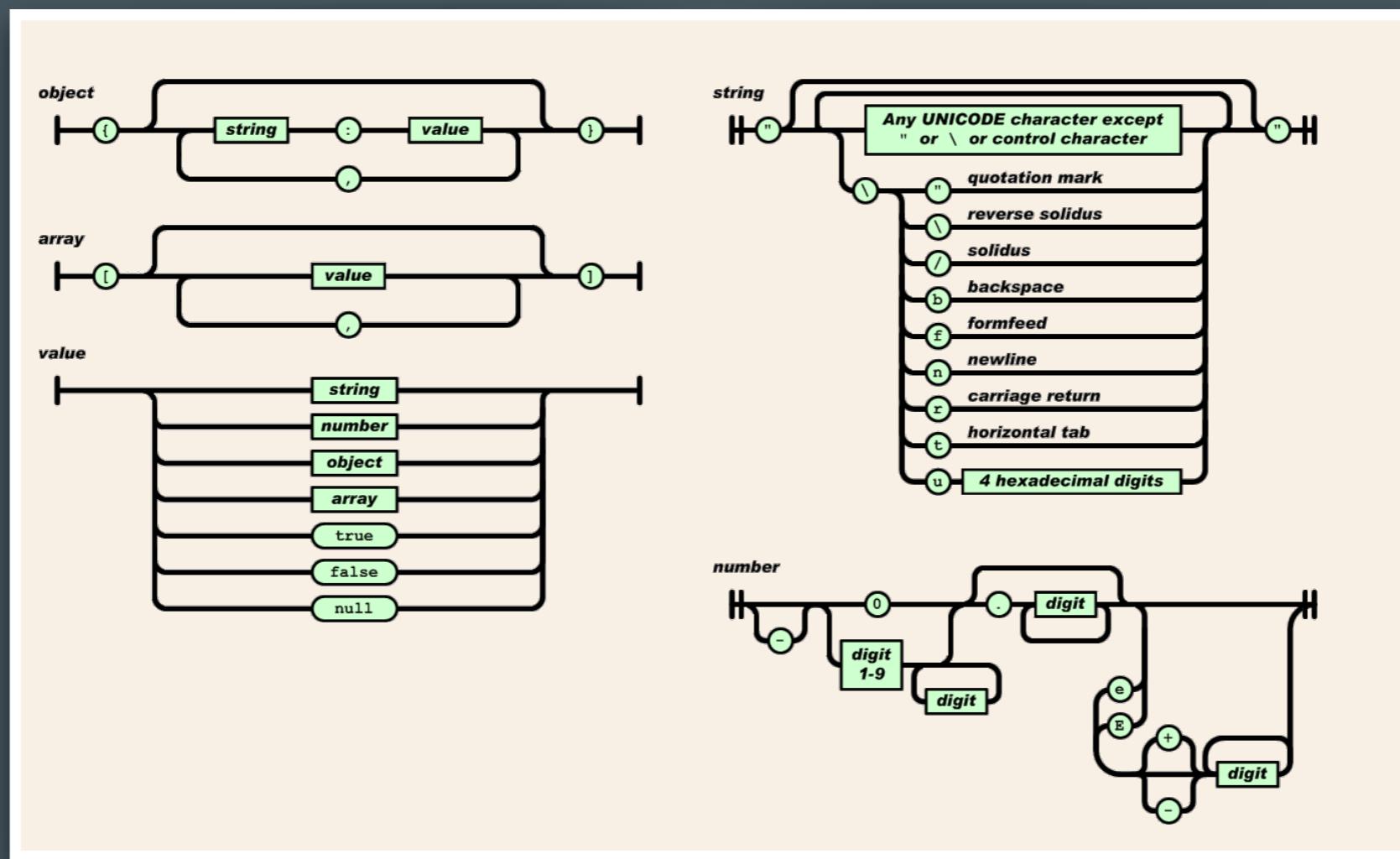
```
{  
  "stringValue": "value",  
  "numberValue": 0,  
  "booleanValue": true,  
  "nullValue": null,  
  
  "object": {  
    "stringProperty": "value",  
    "intProperty": 0,  
    "boolProperty": true  
  },  
  
  "intArray": [0, 1, 2, 3, 5],  
  "stringArray": ["a", "b", "c"],  
  
  "objectArray": [  
    {  
      "stringProperty": "value",  
      "intProperty": 0,  
      "boolProperty": true  
    },  
    {  
      "stringProperty": "xxx",  
      "intProperty": 1,  
      "boolProperty": false  
    }  
  ]  
}
```



JSON vs. XML

- XML is a document markup language. JSON is not.
- XML has a schema. JSON does not.
- XML includes namespaces. JSON does not.
- JSON maps directly to object models. XML does not.
- JSON is less verbose than XML.
- JSON parsing is faster.

JSON Syntax





YAML

- YAML Ain't Markup Langage
- YAML is a human friendly data serialization standard for all programming languages
- <http://yaml.org/>

```
swagger: '2.0'

info:
  title: Hello API
  version: 1.0.0

paths:
  /hello/{username}:
    get:
      produces:
        - application/json
      parameters:
        - name: username
          in: path
          required: true
          type: string
      responses:
        200:
          description: Success
          schema:
            type: string
          examples:
            application/json:
              jan
```



YAML vs. JSON

```
swagger: '2.0'

info:
    title: Hello API
    version: 1.0.0

paths:
    /hello/{username}:
        get:
            produces:
                - application/json
            parameters:
                - name: username
                  in: path
                  required: true
                  type: string
            responses:
                200:
                    description: Success
                    schema:
                        type: string
                    examples:
                        application/json:
                            jan
```



```
{
    "swagger": "2.0",
    "info": {
        "title": "Hello API",
        "version": "1.0.0"
    },
    "paths": {
        "/hello/{username}": {
            "get": {
                "produces": [
                    "application/json"
                ],
                "parameters": [
                    {
                        "name": "username",
                        "in": "path",
                        "required": true,
                        "type": "string"
                    }
                ],
                "responses": {
                    "200": {
                        "description": "Success",
                        "schema": {
                            "type": "string"
                        },
                        "examples": {
                            "application/json": "jan"
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```



Demo - JSON<->YAML



JSON Schema

- Describes existing data format(s).
- Provides clear human- and machine- readable documentation.
- Validates data which is useful for:
 - Automated testing.
 - Ensuring quality of client submitted data.
- <https://json-schema.org/understanding-json-schema/>

JSON Schema Beispiel

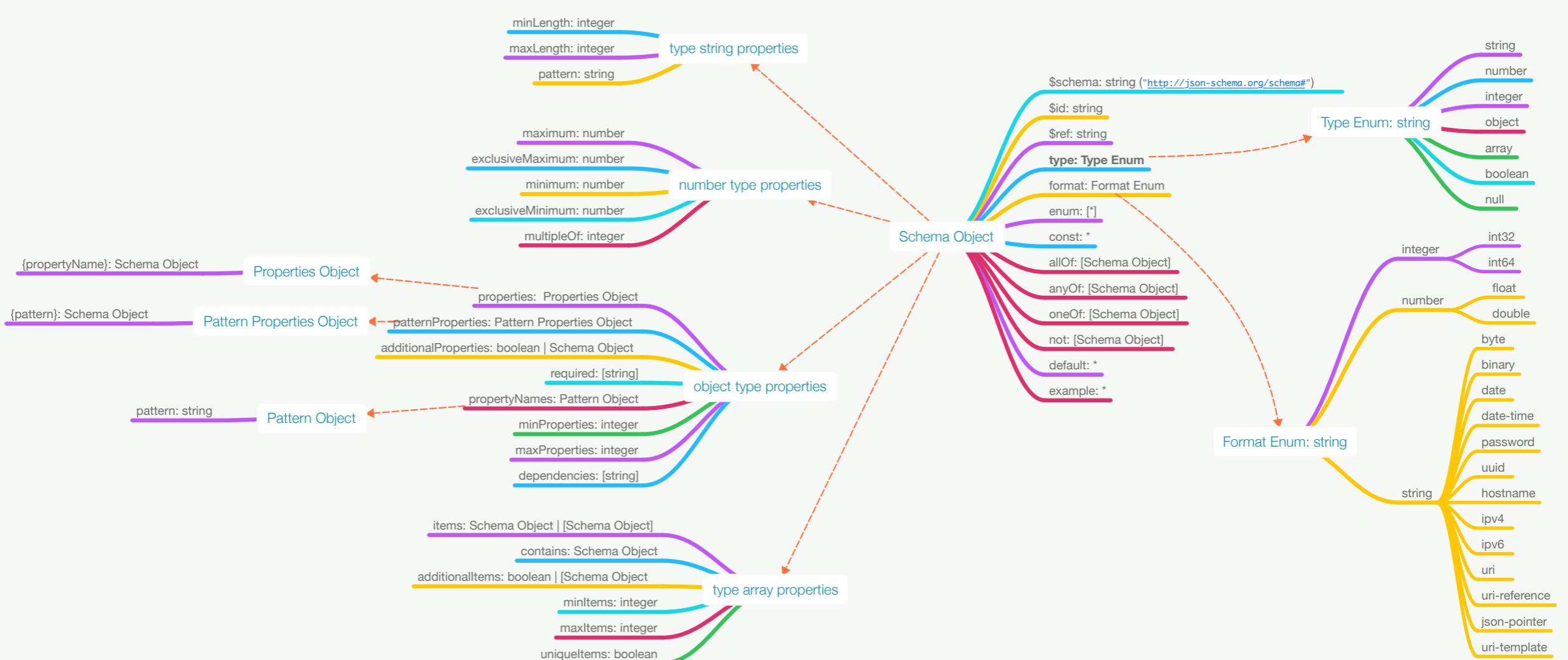
```
{  
  "name": "George Washington",  
  "birthday": "February 22, 1732",  
  "address": "Mount Vernon, Virginia, United States"  
}  
  
{  
  "first_name": "George",  
  "last_name": "Washington",  
  "birthday": "1732-02-22",  
  "address": {  
    "street_address": "3200 Mount Vernon Memorial Highway",  
    "city": "Mount Vernon",  
    "state": "Virginia",  
    "country": "United States"  
  }  
}
```



```
{  
  "type": "object",  
  "properties": {  
    "first_name": { "type": "string" },  
    "last_name": { "type": "string" },  
    "birthday": { "type": "string", "format": "date-time" },  
    "address": {  
      "type": "object",  
      "properties": {  
        "street_address": { "type": "string" },  
        "city": { "type": "string" },  
        "state": { "type": "string" },  
        "country": { "type": "string" }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```



JSON Schema Object





JSON Schema Tools

- Command Line
 - *ajv*: Another JSON Schema Validator
 - <https://ajv.js.org/>
- Online
 - JSON Schema Tool
 - <https://www.jsonschema.net/>
 - JSON Editor Online
 - <https://jsoneditoronline.org/>
 - JSON Schema Validator
 - <https://www.jsonschemavalidator.net/>



JSON Schema Demo



Lab 01 - Create a JSON Schema

https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training/tree/master/labs/01_json_schema



Swagger Tools



Swagger Tools

- Swagger Editor
- Swagger UI
- Swagger Codegen
- Swagger Hub



Swagger Editor

The screenshot shows the Swagger Editor interface. On the left, there is a code editor window displaying a Swagger 2.0 JSON schema. The schema defines a 'Hello API' with a single endpoint: GET /hello/{username}. This endpoint requires a 'username' parameter (path type) and produces application/json content. A success response (200) is defined with a schema of type string. Examples of responses are shown as application/json objects. The right side of the interface displays the 'Hello API' documentation. It includes the title 'Hello API 1.0.0', a 'default' section, and a detailed view of the /hello/{username} endpoint. This view shows the method (GET), path, parameters (username), responses (application/json), and curl command. Below this, there are sections for Request URL (https://editor.swagger.io/hello/xxx) and Server response.

```
swagger: '2.0'
info:
  title: Hello API
  version: 1.0.0
paths:
  '/hello/{username}':
    get:
      produces:
        - application/json
      parameters:
        - name: username
          in: path
          required: true
          type: string
      responses:
        '200':
          description: Success
          schema:
            type: string
          examples:
            application/json: jan
```

Hello API 1.0.0

default

GET /hello/{username}

Parameters

Name Description

username * required
string
(path)

Responses Response content type application/json

Curl

```
curl -X GET "https://editor.swagger.io/hello/xxx" -H "accept: application/json"
```

Request URL

https://editor.swagger.io/hello/xxx

Server response

Code Details

<https://editor.swagger.io/>



Swagger UI

swagger https://swagger-training.ams3.digitaloceanspaces.com/genol-tvp/genol-tvp-api.yaml Explore

Genol TVP 1.0.0-SNAPSHOT
[Base URL: /api]
<https://swagger-training.ams3.digitaloceanspaces.com/genol-tvp/genol-tvp-api.yaml>

The Genol TVP API provides restful operations for SPA.

Authorize

genol-tvp

GET /status Validate JWT token

POST /login Login with username and password.

POST /password Modifies the current users password.

POST /passwordResetSend Sends a password reset e-Mail to the given e-Mail address.

POST /passwordResetSendAdmin Sends a password reset e-Mail to the given e-Mail address, if an admin resets the password.

POST /passwordReset Resets a password.

Parameters Try it out

Name	Description
body * required	A password reset request. (body)

<https://editor.swagger.io/>



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Swagger-Hub

The screenshot shows the SwaggerHub interface for a project named "hello". The main area displays the API definition in JSON format:

```
swagger: '2.0'  
info:  
  title: Hello API  
  version: 1.0.0  
paths:  
  /hello/{username}:  
    get:  
      produces:  
        - application/json  
      parameters:  
        - name: username  
          in: path  
          required: true  
          type: string  
      responses:  
        200:  
          description: Success  
          schema:  
            type: string  
          examples:  
            application/json:  
              jan  
# Added by API Auto Mocking Plugin  
host: virtserver.swaggerhub.com  
basePath: /jansolo/hello/1.0.0  
schemes:  
  - https
```

The right side of the interface shows a preview of the "Hello API" at version 1.0.0. It includes a "Schemes" dropdown set to "HTTPS". The "default" section shows a GET endpoint for "/hello/{username}" with a "Try it out" button. The "Parameters" table has one entry: "username" (required, type: string, path). The "Responses" table shows a single row with code "application/json" and description "Success".

<https://app.swaggerhub.com>



Ekraft™

Swagger Codegen

- Code generation from Swagger/Open API Spec
 - Server
 - Client
- Template-driven
 - extensible through own Templates
- <https://github.com/swagger-api/swagger-codegen>

Generate Server ▾ Generate Client ▾			
ada-server	jaxrs-resteasy	rust-server	
aspnetcore	jaxrs-resteasy-eap	scala-lagom-server	
erlang-server	jaxrs-spec	scalatra	
finch	lumen	sinatra	
go-server	msf4j	slim	
haskell	nancyfx	spring	
inflector	nodejs-server	undertow	
java-pkmst	php-silex	ze-ph	
java-play-framework	php-symfony		
java-vertx	pistache-server		
jaxrs	python-flask		
jaxrs-cxf	rails5		
jaxrs-cxf-cdi	restbed		

Generate Client ▾			
ada	elixir	jmeter	scalaz
akka-scala	elm	kotlin	swagger
android	erlang-client	lua	swagger-yaml
apex	flash	objc	swift
bash	go	perl	swift3
closure	groovy	php	swift4
cpprest	haskell-http-client	powershell	tizen
csharp	html	python	typescript-angular
csharp-dotnet2	html2	qt5cpp	typescript-angularjs
cwiki	java	r	typescript-aurelia
dart	javascript	ruby	typescript-fetch
dynamic-html	javascript-closure-angular	rust	typescript-jquery
eiffel	jaxrs-cxf-client	scala	typescript-node



Demo Swagger Tools



Swagger / OpenAPI Spec



Swagger/OpenAPI Spec

- “Swagger is a project used to describe and document RESTful APIs.”
- Versions:
 - OpenApi Specification 2.0
 - <https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md>
 - OpenAPI Specification 3.0
 - <https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/3.0.2.md>
- Are written in JSON or YAML

```
swagger: '2.0'

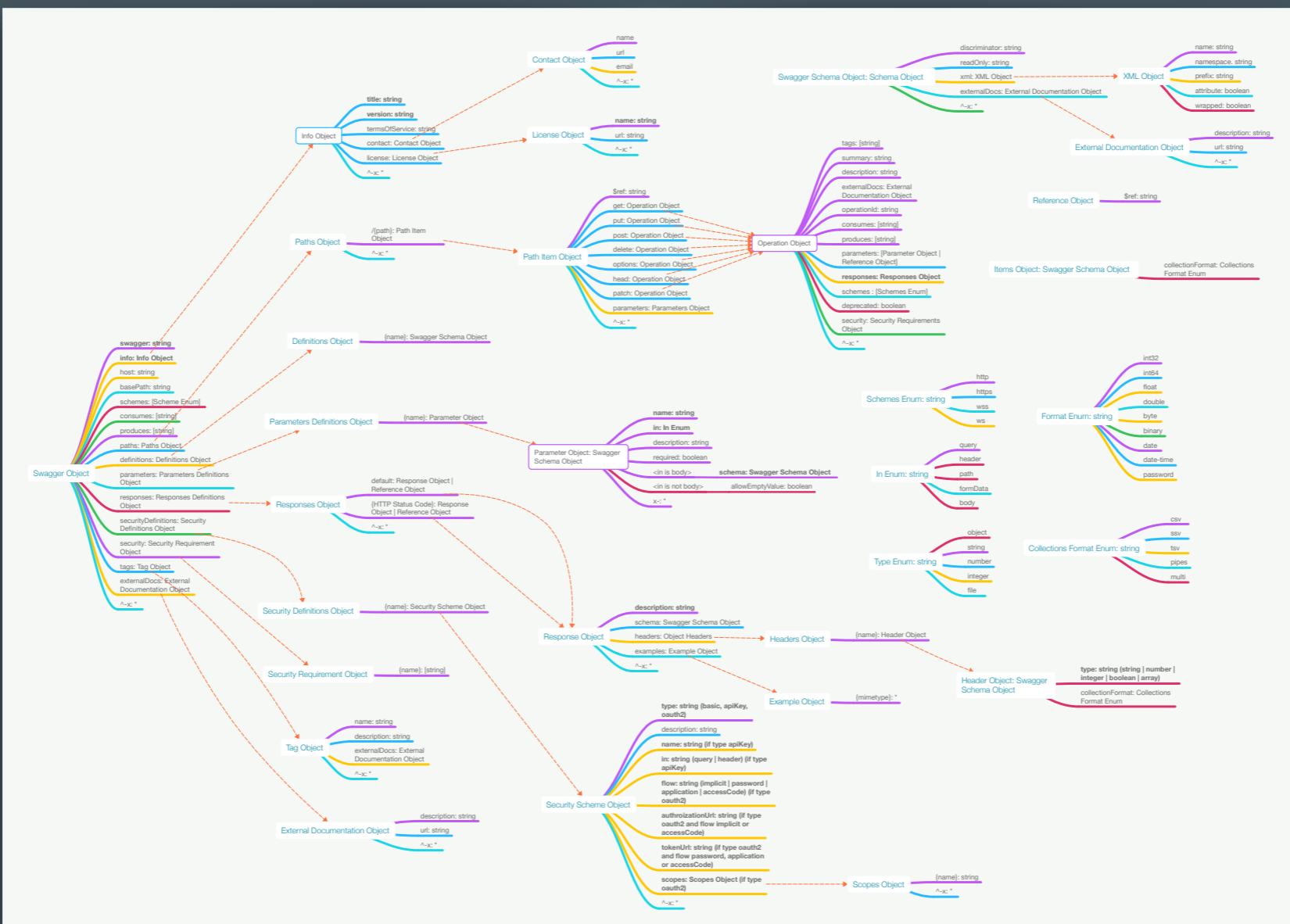
info:
  title: Policies API
  version: '1.0.0'

  basePath: /policies-api/1

  consumes:
    - application/json
  produces:
    - application/json
    - text/plain

  paths:
    /policies:
      get:
        summary: Gets all policies
        description: Gets policies by given parameters
        parameters:
          - name: audience
            in: query
            type: string
            description: Query policies by audience
          - name: policyType
            in: query
            type: string
            description: Query policies by policy type
          - name: mandatory
            in: query
            type: boolean
            description: Query mandatory policies
        responses:
          200:
            description: Successfully retrieved policies
            schema:
              type: array
              items:
                $ref: '#/definitions/policy'
            examples:
              application/json:
                - title: Privacy Policy International
                  policyType: privacy
                  audience: International
                  defaultLanguage: en
                  mandatory: true
                  translations:
                    - title: سياسة الخصوصية الخامسة بريد بول
                      releaseDate: 2017-04-21T11:50:37.358Z
                      language: ar
```

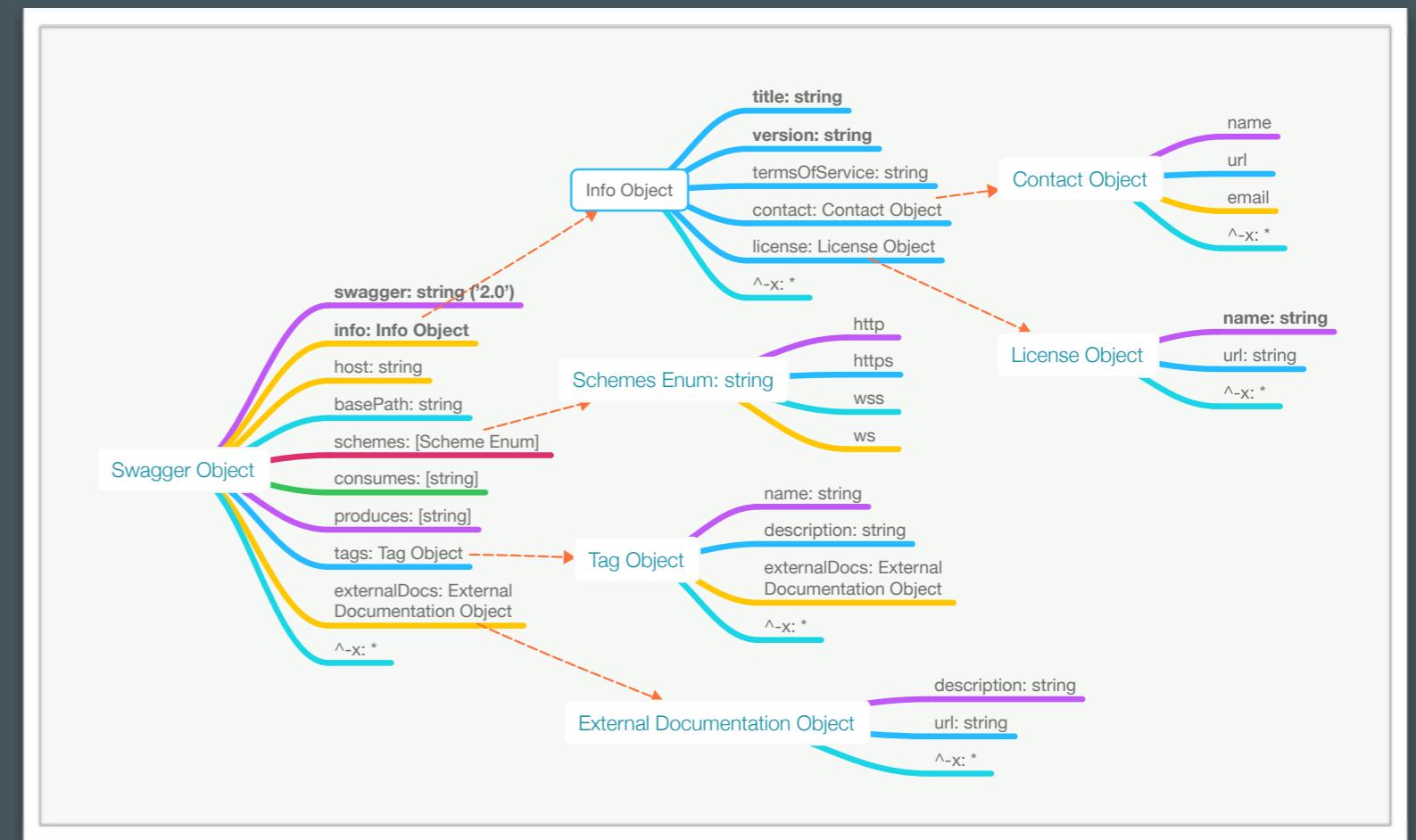
Swagger Schema



<http://openapi-map.apihandyman.io/?version=2.0>

Base Properties

- `swagger: '2.0'` (swagger spec version)
- `info`
 - `title`
 - `version`
 - `contact`
 - `license`
- `basePath`
- `host`
- `schemes`
 - `http, https, ws, wss`
- `produces`
- `consumes`
- `tags`
- `externalDocs`
- `x-` (vendor extensions)





Mime types

- Mime types can be configured for request and response body
 - Request -> *consumes* property
 - Request “Content Type” header must be set to a mime type defined in *consumes* property
 - Response -> *produces* property
- Multi mime types allowed for *consumes* and *produces*
- Can be set on global API or resource operation level

```
swagger: '2.0'

info:
  title: Policies API
  version: '1.0.0'

basePath: /policies-api/1

consumes:
  - application/json
produces:
  - application/json
  - text/plain
```



Lab 02 - Swagger Base Properties

https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training/tree/master/labs/02_swagger_base



Resources and Operations

- Define methods of an API
- Resources are defined as path `{/pathname}` properties in the path object
- Path may contain variable parameters `{name}`
 - Path parameters must be defined in the `parameters` property with `required: true`
- Operations are defined in the operations object
 - Each operation is a (optional) property
 - Supported operations: ***GET, PUT, POST, DELETE, OPTIONS, HEAD, PATCH***
- Each operation defines the details of an API method:
 - Parameters, responses, mime types, schemes, security constraints

```
paths:
  /policies:
    get:
      summary: Gets all policies
      description: Gets policies by given parameters
      parameters: [ ] 
      responses: [ ] 

    post:
      summary: New policy
      description: Creates a new policy
      parameters: [ ] 
      security: [ ] 
      responses: [ ] 

  /policies/{policyId}:
    get:
      summary: Gets a policy
      description: Gets policy by id
      parameters: [ ] 
      responses: [ ] 

    put:
      summary: Creates or updates a policy
      description: Creates or updates a policy by id
      parameters: [ ] 
      security: [ ] 
      responses: [ ] 

    delete:
      summary: Deletes a policy
      description: Deletes a policy by id
      parameters: [ ] 
      security: [ ] 
      responses: [ ] 
```



Parameters

- Define the expected request parameters
- Supports *body*, *query*, *path*, *formData* or *header* as *in* types
- Parameters can be defined globally or on operation level

```
parameters:  
  - name: audience  
    in: query  
    type: string  
    description: Query policies by audience  
  - name: policyType  
    in: query  
    type: string  
    description: Query policies by policy type  
  - name: mandatory  
    in: query  
    type: boolean  
    description: Query mandatory policies
```

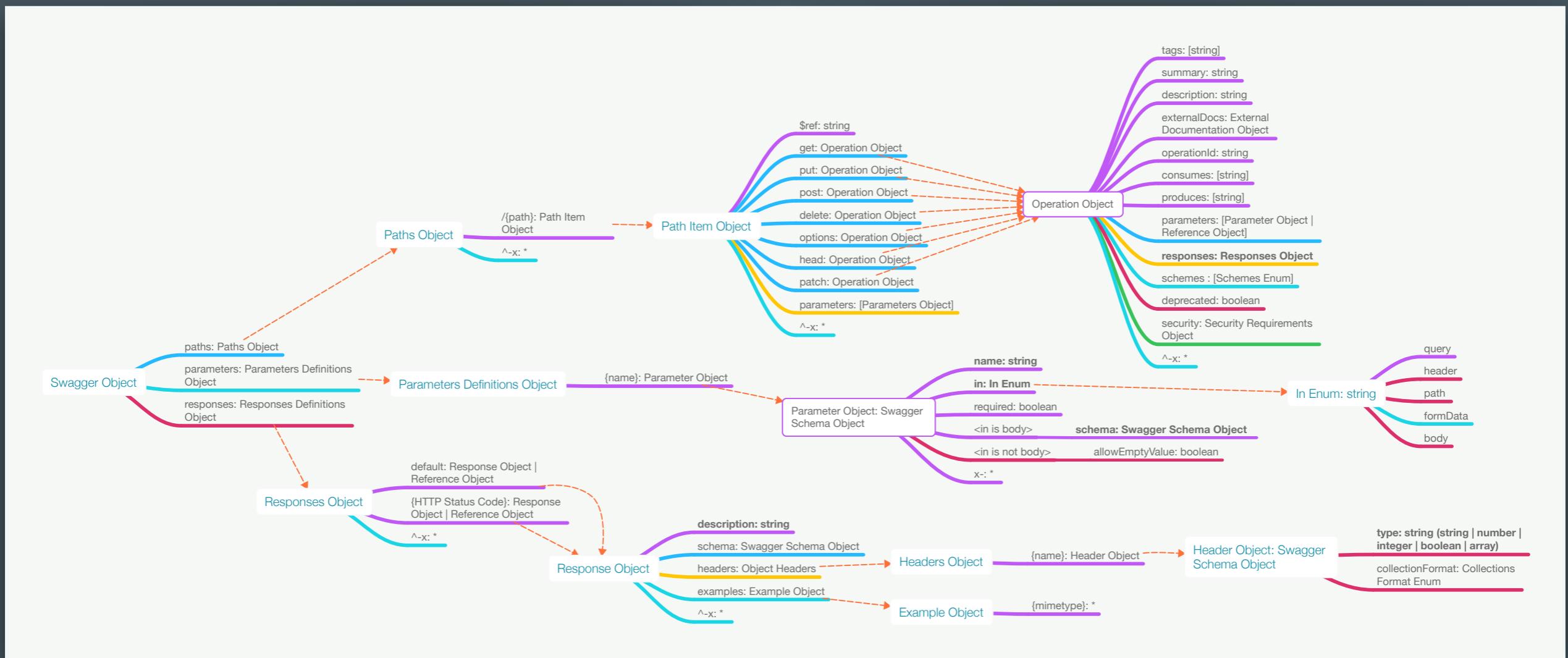


Responses

- Are defined in the **responses** object of the operations object
- Properties of the responses object are HTTP status codes (**200 OK**)
- Each status property contains the schema definition of the response type
- Responses can be defined globally or on operation level

```
responses:  
  200:  
    description: Successfully retrieved policies  
    schema:  
      type: array  
      items:  
        type: object  
        description: A policy  
        properties:  
          id:  
            type: string  
            description: An unique id  
          title:  
            type: string  
            description: The title of the policy
```

Operations Schema





Lab 03 - Creating a Resource Operation

https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training/tree/master/labs/03_swagger_get



Definitions and References

- Definitions contain reusable schemas.
- Are defined in the *definitions* root property
- Can be referenced from *schema* properties
 - body parameters
 - responses
- Can be externalized into separate schema files
- Are referenced with reference objects: \$ref
 - Format: <URI>#<Anchor>
 - internal references:
 - \$ref: '#/definitions/policy'
 - external references:
 - \$ref: './model.json#/definitions/policy'

```
definitions:
  policy: ➔

  translation:
    type: object
    description: A translation for policy
    properties:
      title:
        type: string
        description: The localized title of the policyType
      releaseDate:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: The release date of the translation revision
      language:
        $ref: '#/definitions/language'
      version:
        type: integer
        description: the major version of the policy translations
    required:
      - title
      - releaseDate
      - language
      - version

  policyType: ➔

  audience: ➔

  language:
    type: string
    description: A policy language
    minLength: 2
    maxLength: 2
    default: en
    example: de
```

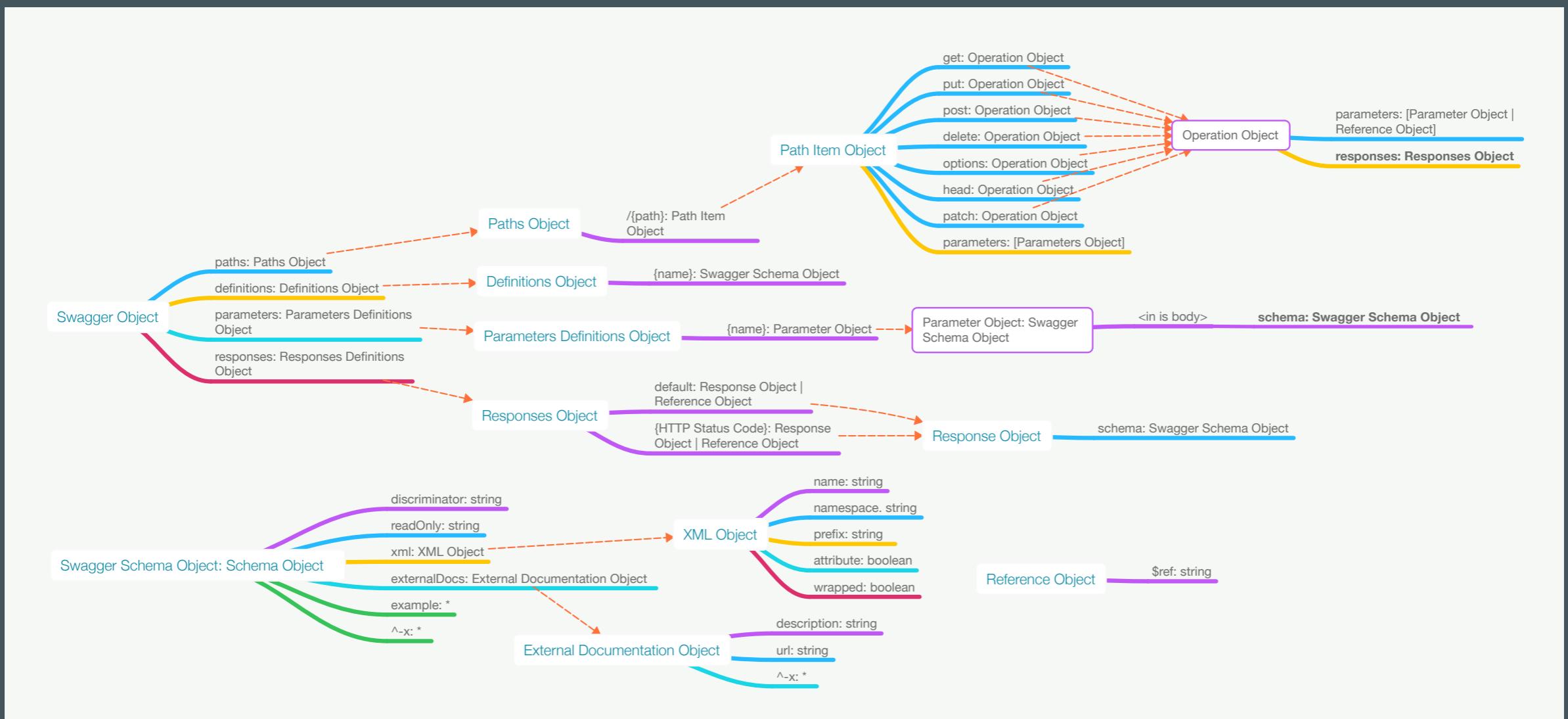


Parameter & Response Definitions

- Reusable Parameter Definitions can be defined on ...
 - ... global specification level in the property *parameters*
 - ... path item level for all operations of the resource in the property *parameters*
- Reusable Response Definitions in the root level *responses* property

```
responses:  
  success:  
    description: Object not found.  
    schema:  
      $ref: '#/definitions/Success'  
    examples:  
      application/json:  
        message: The operation succeeded.
```

Definitions, Parameter Definitions & Response Definitions





Lab 04 - Reuse

https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training/tree/master/labs/04_swagger_reuse



CRUD Operations

- Create, Update, Delete
- Are represented by HTTP methods, not separate resources
 - GET
 - POST
 - PUT
 - DELETE
 - PATCH
 - HEAD
 - OPTIONS

```
paths:  
  /policies:  
    get: [ ]  
  
    post: [ ]  
  
  /policies/{policyId}:  
    get: [ ]  
  
    put: [ ]  
  
    delete: [ ]
```



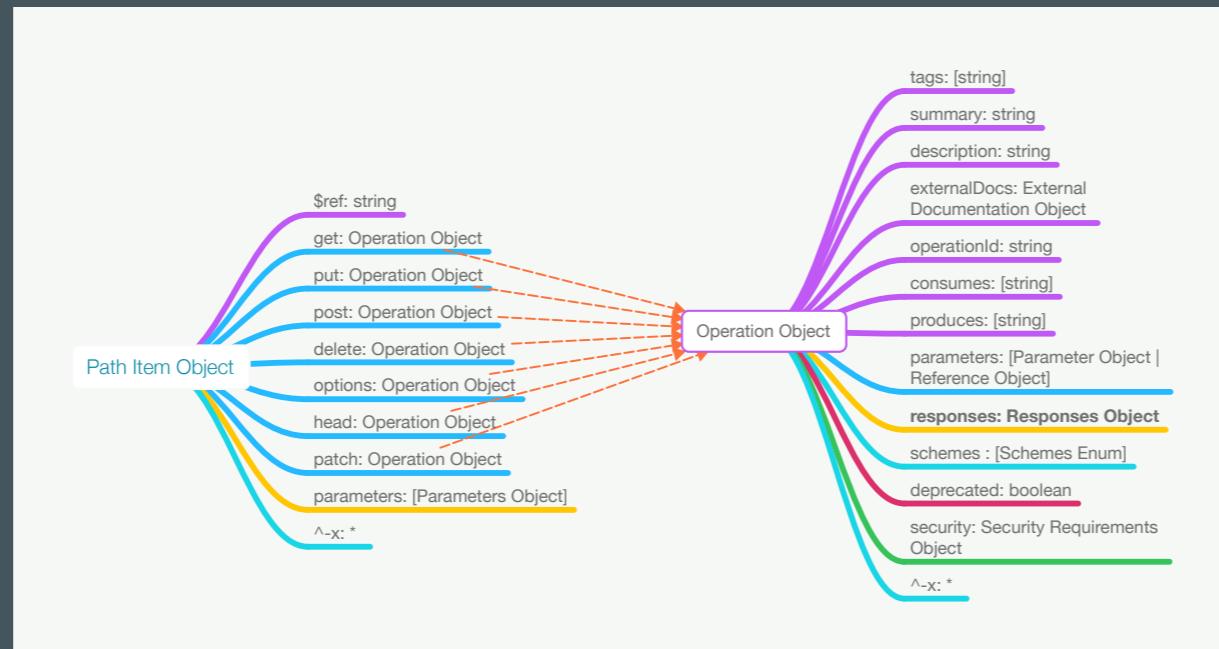
3kraft™

CRUD Operations

URL	GET	PUT	PATCH	POST	DELETE
collection: https://api.example.com/resources	lists elements	replaces the whole list	typically not implemented	creates a new element, typically returns the newly created id or element	deletes the whole list
element: https://api.service.com/resources/item10	fetches a single element (by id)	replaces an element, or creates a new one, if it does not exist	replaces a specific property of an element	typically not implemented	deletes an element from the list

CRUD Response Codes

GET	PUT	PATCH	POST	DELETE
200 OK	200 OK 201 Created	200 OK	201 Created	203 No Content



```

paths:
  /policies:
    get:
      summary: Gets all policies
      description: Gets policies by given parameters
      parameters: [Parameter Object]
      responses:
        200: [Response Object]
    post:
      summary: New policy
      description: Creates a new policy
      parameters: [Parameter Object]
      security: [Security Object]
      responses:
        201: [Response Object]
  /policies/{policyId}:
    get:
      summary: Gets a policy
      description: Gets policy by id
      parameters: [Parameter Object]
      responses:
        200: [Response Object]
    put:
      summary: Creates or updates a policy
      description: Creates or updates a policy by id
      parameters: [Parameter Object]
      security: [Security Object]
      responses:
        200: [Response Object]
    delete:
      summary: Deletes a policy
      description: Deletes a policy by id
      parameters: [Parameter Object]
      security: [Security Object]
      responses:
        204: [Response Object]
        404: [Response Object]
  
```



Lab 05 - CRUD Operations

https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training/tree/master/labs/05_swagger_crud



Error Handling

- Use HTTP Status Codes to transmit error conditions when calling a resource
 - 2xx (Success category)
 - 200 Ok, 201 Created, 204 No Content
 - 3xx (Redirection Category)
 - 304 Not Modified
 - 4xx (Client Error Category)
 - 400 Bad Request, 401 Unauthorized, 403 Forbidden, 404 Not Found, 410 Gone
 - 5xx (Server Error Category)
 - 500 Internal Server Error, 503 Service Unavailable
- Create and use reusable error responses

```
paths:  
  /policies: ➔  
  
  /policies/{policyId}:  
    get: ➔  
  
    put: ➔  
    delete:  
      summary: Deletes a policy  
      description: Deletes a policy by id  
      parameters: ➔  
      responses:  
        204: ➔  
        404:  
          $ref: '#/responses/notFound'  
  
      responses:  
        notFound:  
          description: Not found  
          schema:  
            $ref: '#/definitions/error'  
          examples:  
            text/plain:  
              element not found  
  
definitions:  
  error:  
    type: string  
    description: An error message
```



Lab 06 - Error Handling

https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training/tree/master/labs/06_swagger_errors



Model Relationships

Schema references between model objects

```
policy ▼ {
    description:           A policy
    id*                  string($uuid)
    title*                string
    maxLength: 50
    The title of the policy
    policyType string
    A valid policy type
    Enum:
        ▶ Array [ 3 ]
        audience string
        default: international
        The target audience
        Enum:
            ▶ Array [ 2 ]
            language string
            minLength: 2
            maxLength: 2
            default: en
            example: de
            A policy language
            boolean
            default: false
    translations:
        ▶ [translation ▼ {
            description:           A translation for policy
            title*                string
            The localized title of the policyType
            releaseDate*          string($date-time)
            The release date of the translation revision
            language*              string
            minLength: 2
            maxLength: 2
            default: en
            example: de
            A policy language
            integer
            the major version of the policy translations
        }]
}
```

```
definitions:
  policy:
    type: object
    description: A policy
    properties:
      id: □→
      title: □→
      policyType: □→
      audience: □→
      defaultLanguage: □→
      mandatory: □→
      translations:
        type: array
        items:
          $ref: '#/definitions/translation'
      required: □→
      example: □→

  translation:
    type: object
    description: A translation for policy
    properties:
      title: □→
      releaseDate: □→
      language: □→
      version: □→
    required: □→
```



Resource Relationships

Relationships between objects are represented in the resource url

GET	/policies/{policyId}/translations	Gets policy translations
GET	/policies/{policyId}/translations/{language}	Gets a specific translation
DELETE	/policies/{policyId}/translations/{language}	Deletes a specific translation
PUT	/policies/{policyId}/translations/{language}	Creates or updates a translation

```
paths:  
  /policies:➡  
  
  /policies/{policyId}:➡  
  
  /policies/{policyId}/translations:➡  
  
  /policies/{policyId}/translations/{language}:➡
```



API Relationships Best Practices

- Reduce resource calls
 - Avoid 1*N calls to resolve relationships
- Optimize transferred data volume
 - Only transmit what is required by the API client
- Model object relationships as compositions for objects that do not exist on their own
- Model the resources with the consumers in mind
 - Do not mirror the relational database scheme
 - What does the API client need to perform its operation?



Lab 07 - Object Relationships

https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training/tree/master/labs/07_swagger_relationships

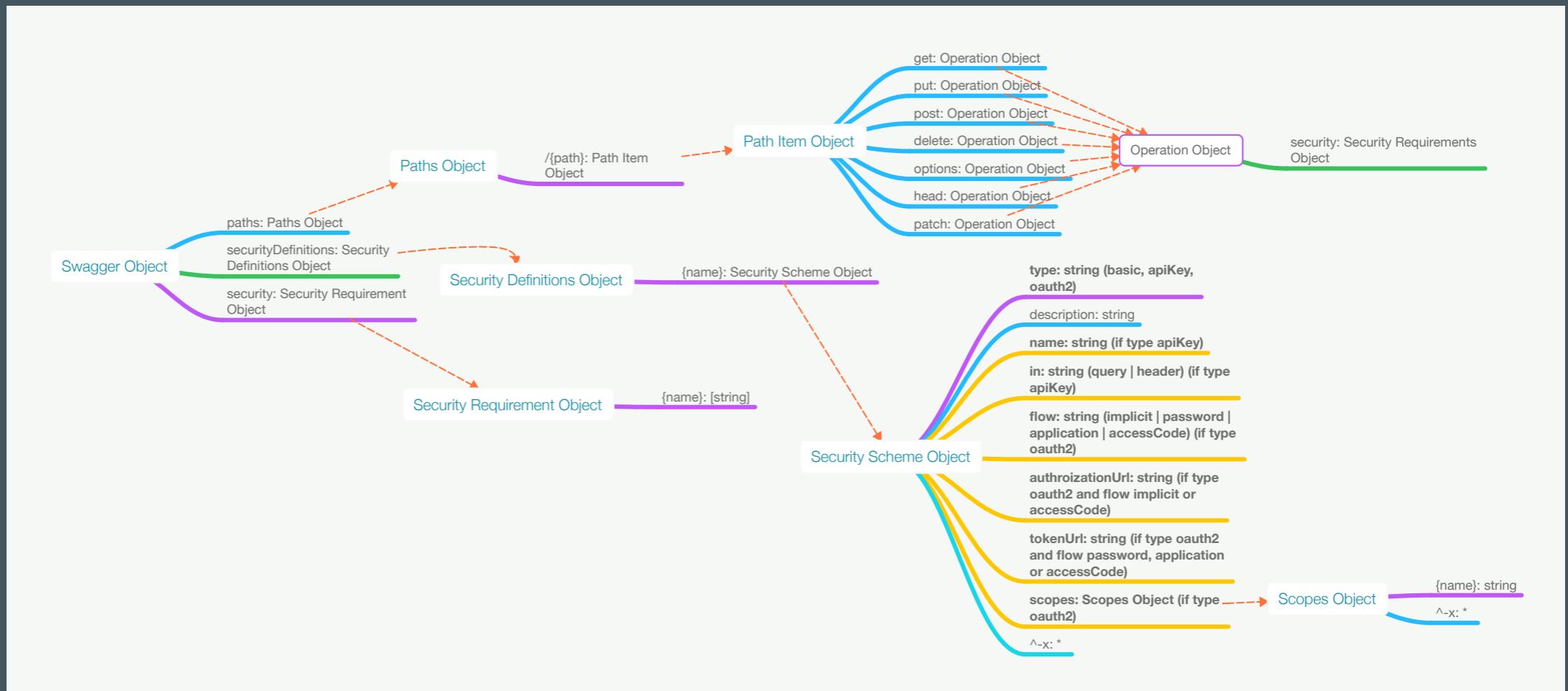


Swagger Security

- Security definitions
 - Configures security options for an API
 - Supports OAUTH, Basic Auth and API Key authentication
- Security requirements
 - Assigns security definitions to resource operations
 - Can be set globally for the API or operation level
 - Multiple security definitions can be used on one resource (AND, OR, override)

```
securityDefinitions:  
  external:  
    type: apiKey  
    name: policy-api-key  
    in: header  
  admin:  
    type: basic  
  
  security:  
    - external: []
```

Swagger Security Scheme





Lab 08 - Securing the API

https://github.com/Swagger-Training/swagger-training/tree/master/labs/08_swagger_security

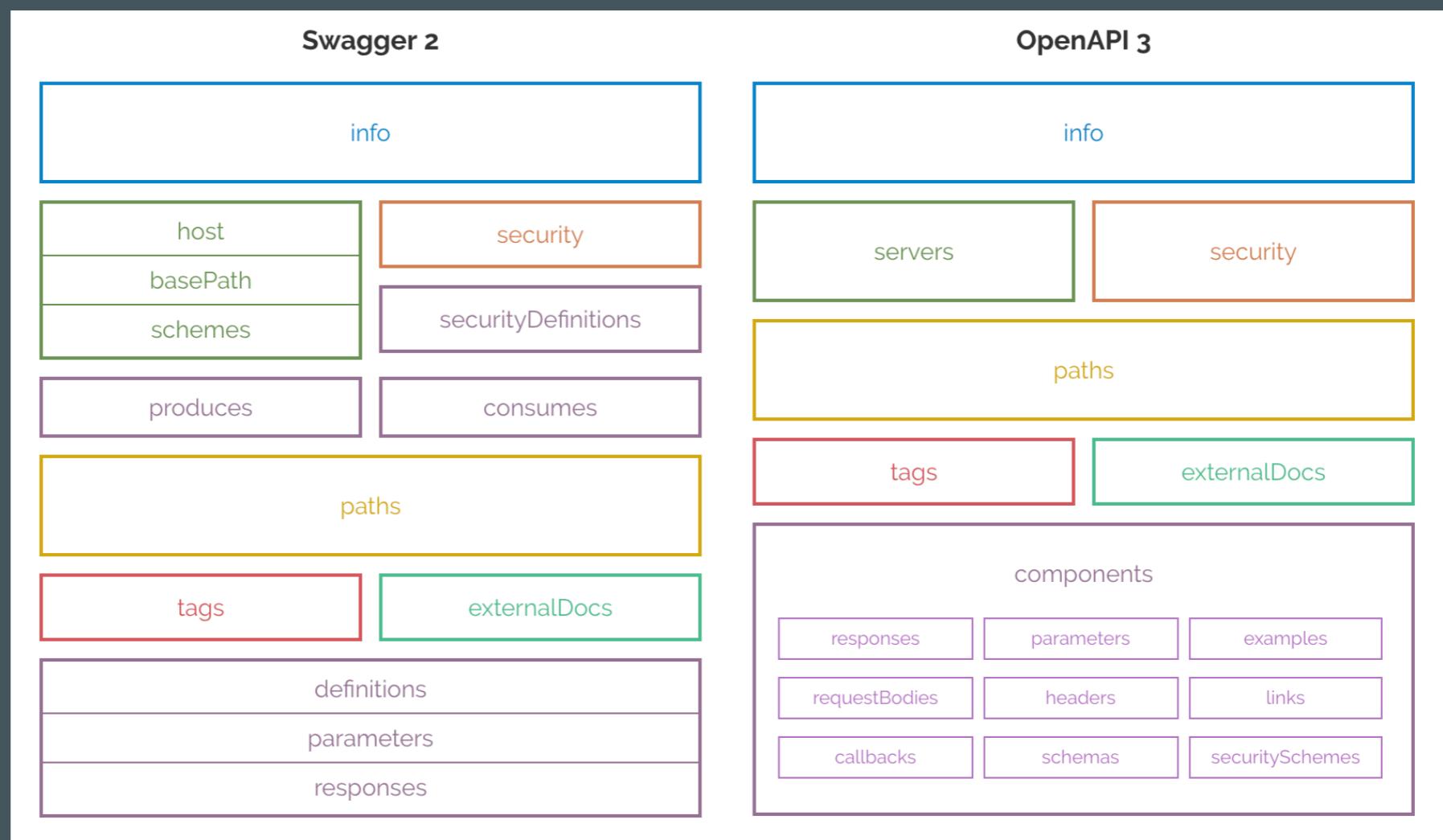


REST API Design Best Practices

- The paths should contain the plural form of resources and the HTTP method should define the kind of action to be performed on the resource.
- The URL is a sentence, where resources are nouns and HTTP methods are verbs.
- Use HTTP response status codes.
- Searching, sorting, filtering and pagination -> No new API's methods, instead append query params to existing GET methods.
- Versioning -> Use version numbers in the API base url. Change version number on the url with every breaking API change, but not bug fixes and extensions.



OpenAPI Spec 3.0



<https://blog.readme.io/an-example-filled-guide-to-swagger-3-2/>