INDIAN CRICKET TEAM DATABASE

Mini Database Project Report

Submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for award of the degree of

Bachelor of Technology (B. Tech)

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

By

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An Autonomous Institution

(NBA ACCREDITED B.TECH COURSES: EEE, ECE, MECH, CIVIL & CSE, ACCORDED NAAC 'A'GRADE) (Affiliated to Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad, Telangana)

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Mini Database project work entitled "INDIAN CRICKET TEAM DATABASE SYSTEM" is being submitted by G. SWAJAN REDDY (19AG1A0578) and T. ADITYAN (19AG1A05B3) in partial fulfilment for the award of Degree of BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY in COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING to the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad during the academic year 2020- 2021 is a record of bona-fide work carried out by them under our guidance and supervision.

The results embodied in this report have not been submitted by the students to any other university or institution for the award of any degree or diploma.

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Abstract Indian Cricket Team Database

Indian cricket team is managed by BCCI, one of the greatest cricket boards in the world. An organized and systematic manner is required to store the data about the team activities. The administration needs to maintain all the records and modules by which the team operates, there are many records that tells about a player. The basic data can be like speciality, name, salary, etc. They need to organize the data about their whole team consisting about various players, coaches, staff, etc. There are modules that are interdependent like players and matches played etc. for example if we want to know the statistics about a player then we need to know about the number of matches he played, total runs he scored in particular format of match, highest scores in each format, average and strike rates. So it needs to connect modules like players, matches, etc.

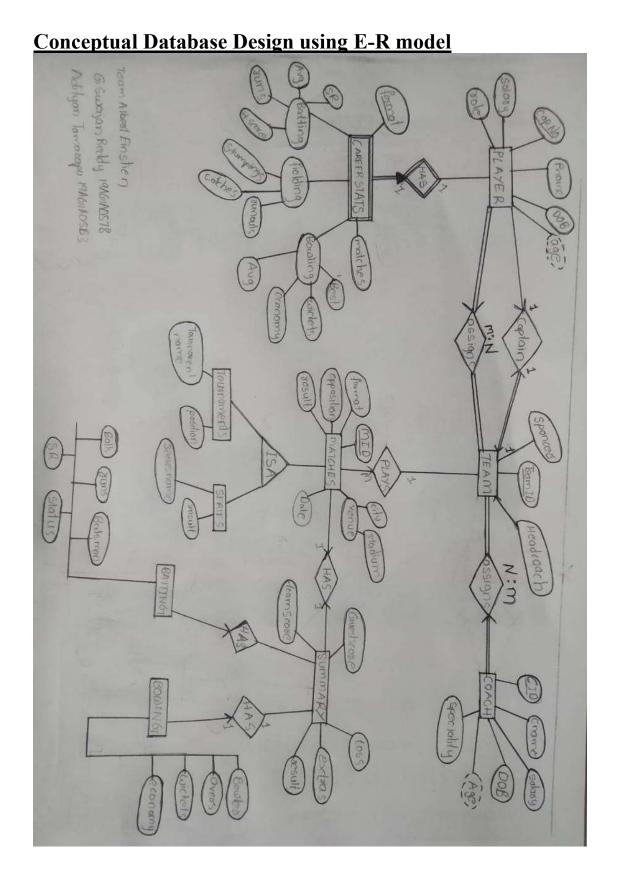
Database management system is perfect to store, organize and access the data. This database for Indian cricket system will consists data about all the members including coaches and staff in the team. This database contains all the details of coaches like their name, age, id, experience and speciality. Players statistics and their general data is stored in the database. The database also contains information about all matches played by the team and upcoming matches schedules. In general, this project aims to enhance efficiency and at the same time maintain information accurateness. Our work is useful for easy user interface. We are planning to utilize the powerful database management, data retrieval and data manipulation.

TEAM ALBERT EINSTEIN

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Logical Database Design using Relational model

TABLES:

1. Team(TeamID, captain, headcoach, sponcer)

Primary key: teamID Foreign key: headcocah, captain

2. Player(capno, name,role,DOB, age, salary)

Primary key: capno

3. Playerassigns(capno, teamID)

Primary key: capno,teamID Foreign key: capno, teamID

4. Playerstats(capno, format, matches, runs, batavg, strikerate, stumpings, runouts, catches)

Primary key: capno, format

5. Coach(cid, name, speciality, age, salary)

Primary key: cid

6. Coachassigns(cid, teamID)

Primary key: cid, teamID Foreign key: cid, teamID

7. Matchesplay(MID, TID, format, opposition, date, city, stadium)

Primary key: MID,TID Foreign key: TID

8. Series(MID, seriesname, seriesresult)

Primary key: MID Foreign key: MID

9. Tournments(MID, Tname, position, result)

Primary key: MID Foreign key: MID

10. Matchsummary(MID, homescore, guestscore, toss, result)

Primary key: MID Foreign key: MID

11. Batting(MID, batsman, runs, balls, sr, status)

Primary key: MID, batsman Foreign key: MID, batsman

12. Bowling(MID, bowler, overs, wickets, runs, eco)

Primary key: MID, bowler Foreign key: MID, bowler

TABLES / DATA

Team

Team ID	Captain	Coach	Sponsor
1	25	1	Орро
2	25	3	Byjus
3	21	1	Byjus
4	30	3	Byjus
5	25	1	Byjus

Player assigns

Team ID	Cap No	
1	21	
1	22	
1	25	
1	30	
2	31	
2	33	
2	28	
1	29	
2	25	

Players

Cap No	Name	Role	DoB	Age	Salary
21	Rohit	Batsman	1-1-87	32	1.5
22	Dhawan	Batsman	2-2-87	32	1.2
23	Pant	Wk	3-3-97	24	0.5
24	Rahul	Wk	4-4-97	28	1
25	Virat	Batsman	5-3-97	31	1.5
26	Bhumrah	Bowler	6-8-97	24	1.5
27	Bhuvi	Bowler	7-8-90	30	1
28	Jadeja	All-rounder	12-8-97	30	1
29	Ashwin	All-rounder	12-2-97	25	1
30	Shreyas	Batsman	12-6-89	28	1
31	Hardik	All-rounder	13-6-98	22	1
32	Dehabar	Bowler	14-7-96	24	0.5
33	Shardul	Bowler	14-6-90	25	0.5

Player Stats

Cap	For	matc	runs	bata	SR	stumpi	remo	calch	bowle	wick	bowla
no	mat	hes		rg		ngs	us	es	do	ets	vg
21	Test	38	2615	46.7	584	0	1	41	350	2	1120
21	ODI	227	9905	490	88 a	78	is	0	521	8	
21	T20	111	2864	37.5	1390	0	5	41	9.97	1	644 1130
25	Test	91	7490	594	571						
Is	ODI	254	1216 9			0	4	8g	2.88	0	-
25	T20	90	3159	591 52.6	93.2 139.0	0	21 7	132 42	6.22 8.15	4 4	1662 49.5
26	Test	19	43	25	22.5	0	0	5	7.70	83	19.1
26	ODI	67	19	3.2	38.8	0	S	17	4.65	108	253
26	T2O	so	8	40	615	0	2	7	666	59	202
28	Test	S1	1954	36.2	62.5	0	7	38	2.44	290	99.3
98	ODI	168	2411	39.6	87/	0	21	60	4.92	188	37.4
28	T20	so	217	ISS	1124	0	7	21	7/0	39	29.5
23	Test	20	1358	453	115	7	0	is	-	-	-
83	ODI	18	599	331	1142	-	0	9	-	-	-
23	T20	33	SI2	21.3	123.1	5	1	9	-	-	-
31	Test	I1	532	313	739	0	2	7	3.38	31./	17
31	ODI	60	1267	34.2	117.3	0	5	23	556	412	Ss
31	T20	48	474	19.8		0	3	30	8.17	76.7	41

coach

CID	name	speciality	DOB	Age	salary tos
1	Ravis	batting	4-6-57	65	1.5
2	Ojha	bowling	18-3-72	S1	1.0
3	kumble	fielding	19-4-63	57	1.0
4	Zaheer	bowling	12-8-82	41	1.0

Coach assigns

CID	Team ID
1	1
1	3
3	2
3	4

Matches play

M ID	TID	Format	Opposition	Date	City	Stadium
31	1	ODI	England	4-4-18	Hyderabad	RajvGarnch
						i
32	1	ODI	England	14-4-18	Bangalore	Chinaswam
						i
33	1	ODI	England	19-4-18	Chennai	Chepak
331	2	T20	Australia	16-5-18	Chennai	Chepak
34	2	T20	Australia	21-5-18	Ahmedabad	Narendarn
35	2	T20	Australia	21-5-18	Mumbai	Wakharde
36	1	T20	Sri Lanka	18-6-18	Melboure	Melboure

Tournament match

M ID	T name	Position	T Result
36	T20 world p 18	3	Not Yet
37	T20 world p 18	3	Not Yet
38	T20 world p 18	3	Not Yet

Series Matches

MID	Series Name	Series result
31	Paytm ODI	Win
32	Paytm ODI	Win
33	Paytm ODI	Win
35	Paytm T20	Win
331	Paytm T20	Win

Match Summary

M ID	Home Score	Guest Score	Toss	Extras	Result
31	295	302	India	28	Lost
32	341	278	England	10	Won
33	300	303	England	12	Won
34	171	172	India	8	Won
35	178	160	Australia	12	Lost
331	169	180	Australia	10	Won
36	156	157	India	10	Won

MID	Batsman	Runs	Balls	SR	Status
31	21	98	110	92	Out
31	22	8	12	92	Out
31	25	78	61	120	Out
31	30	79	79	100	Out
31	31	51	61	110	Out

Batting

Bowling

MID	Bowler	Overs	Runs	Wickets	Economy
31	33	10	69	3	6.1
31	32	10	51	3	5.6
31	29	10	62	1	6.0
31	28	10	44	1	4.0
31	27	10	49	1	4.1

Normalization:-

1) Team(TeamID, captain, Headcoach, Sponcer)

Functional Dependencies:(TeamID)->captain,headcoach,sponser Ck:(TeamID)
Team is in BCNF.

2) Player(capNo,name,role,dob,age,salary)

Fd:capNO->name,role,dob,age,salary Ck:capNO =>player is in BCNF

3) Playerassings(cpaNo,TeamID)

FD:- No nontrival functional dependencies

Ck:-capNo,TeamID

=>playerassigns is in BCNF.w

4) Playerstats(capNo,format,matches,runs,batavg,S.R,stumpings,runouts,catches,bowleco,wickets,bowlavg)

FD:- (capNo,Format)->matches,runs,batavg,S.R, stumpings, runouts, catches, bowleco, wickets,bowlavg)
ck:capNo,format
=>playerstats is in BCNF

5) coach(CID,name,speciality,dob,age,salary)

FD:- CID->name,speciality,dob,age,salary

CK:CID

=>Coach is in BCNF

6)coachassigns(CID,TeamID)

FD:- No Nontrivial Functional Dependencies

CK:- MID

=> matchesplay is in BCNF

7)matchesplay(MID, TeamID, format, opposition, date, city, stadium, tournament ID, series ID)

FD:-MID-> TeamID, format,opposition,date,city,stadium,tournamentID,seriesID)

CK:MID

=>matches is in BCNF

8)tounamentDetails(TournamentID,T.name,position,result)

FD:TournamentID->T.name, position,result

CK:TournmentID

=> TournmentID is in BCNF

9) SeriesDetails(SeriesID, seriesname, result)

FD:- SeriesID->seriesname,result

CK:- SeriresID

=> SeriesID is in BCNF

10)matchsummary(MID,IndianScore,Oppositionscore,toss,result,extras)

FD:- MID->IndianScore,Oppositionscore,toss,result,extras

CK:-MID

=> matchsummary is in BCNF

11)Batting(MID,batsmanID,runs balls,SA,status,innings1,innings2)

FD:- (MID,batsmanID)->,runs balls,SA,status,innings1,innings2

CK:- MID,batsmanID

= >batting is in BCNF

12)bowling(M.I.D,bowlerID,overs,suns,wickets,eco,Innings,Innings2)

FD:- (M.I.D,bowlerID)->,overs,suns,wickets,eco,Innings,Innings2

CK:- M.I.D,bowlerID

=>Bowling is in BCNF

DATABASE CREATION

1) Create player table:

Query:

create table player(capno int,name char(20),role char(10),age int,salary float,primary key(capno));

output:

table created

2) Insert data into the player table:

Query:

insert into player values(20,'MSdhoni','wk',37,1.5);

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

3) Displaying player table data:

Query:

select * from player;

output:

CAPNO	NAME	ROLE	AGE	SALARY
21	rohit	batsman	32	1.5
22	dhawan	batsman	32	1.5
24	rahul	wk	28	1
25	virat	batsman	31	1.5
26	bhumrah	bowler	24	1.5
27	bhuvaneshwar	bowler	28	1
28	Ravindra jadeja	allrounder	30	1
29	ravi ashwin	allrounder	30	1
30	shreyas	batsman	25	.5
31	hardik	allrounder	28	1

10 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download

4) Create table coach:

Query:

create table coach(cid int,name char(20),speciality char(10),age int,SalaryINcrores float,primary key(cid));

output:

Table created.

5) Insert data into coach table:

Query:

insert into coach values(1,'ravi shastry','batting',65,1.5);

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

6) Displaying data from coach table:

Query:

select * from coach;

output:

CID	NAME	SPECIALITY	AGE	SALARYINCRORES
1	ravi shastry	batting	65	1.5
2	dravid	batting	51	1.5
3	kumble	fielding	52	1
4	zaheer khan	bowling	42	1
5	gary	batting	65	1.5

7) Create table team:

Query:

create table team(teamid int,captain int,headcoach int,sponser char(10), primary key(teamid), foreign key(captain) references player(capno),foreign key(headcoach) references coach(cid));

output:

Table created.

8) Insert data into team table:

Query:

insert into team values(1,25,1,'oppo');

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

9) Displaying team data:

Query:

select * from team;

output:

TEAMID	CAPTAIN	HEADCOACH	SPONSER
1	25	1	орро
2	25	3	byjus
3	21	1	byjus
4	30	2	byjus
5	25	1	byjus

10) Create table playerassigns:

Query:

create table playerassigns(teamid int, capno int,primary key(capno,teamid),foreign key(capno) references player(capno),foreign key(teamid) references team(teamid)); output:

Table created.

11) Insert data into playerassigns table:

Query:

insert into playerassigns values(1,21);

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

12) Displaying playerassigns table data :

Query:

select * from playerassigns;

output:

TEAMID	CAPNO
1	21
1	22
1	25
2	25
2	28
2	29
1	30
2	31
2	33

13) Create table coachassigns:

Query:

create table coachassigns(teamid int, cid int,primary key(cid,teamid),foreign key(cid) references coach(cid),foreign key(teamid) references team(teamid));

output:

Table created.

14) Insert data into coachassigns:

Query:

insert into coachassigns values(1,1);

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

15) Diaplaying data from coachassigns:

Query:

select * from coachassigns;

output:

TEAMID	CID
1	1
3	1
5	2
2	3
4	3

16) Create table tournament details:

Query:

create table tournamentdetails(tournamentid int,tname char(20),position int ,result char(6),primary key(tournamentid));

output:

Table created.

17) Insert data into tournament details:

Query:

insert into tournamentdetails values(2,'T20 WORLDCUP 2007',1,'won');

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

18) Displaying data from tournament details:

Query:

select * from tournamentdetails;

output:

TOURNAMENTID	TNAME	POSITION	RESULT
1	T20 WORLDCUP 2018	3	notyet
2	T20 WORLDCUP 2007	1	won
3	ODI WORLDCUP 2011	2	won
4	ODI WORLDCUP 2015	3	lost

19) Create table series_details:

Query:

create table seriesdetails(seriesid int,sname char(20),result char(7),primary key(seriesid)); output:

Table created.

20) Insert data into series details:

Query:

insert into seriesdetails values(1,'paytm odi','win');

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

21) Displaying data from series details table:

Query:

select * from seriesdetails;

output:

SERIESID	SNAME	RESULT
1	paytm odi	win
2	paytm T20	win

22) Create table matches play:

Query:

create table matchesplay(mid int,tid int, format char(5),opposition char(15),matchday date,city char(15),stadium char(40),tournamentid int,seriesid int,primary key(mid),foreign key(tid) references team(teamid),foreign

key(tournamentid) references tournamentdetails(tournamentid),foreign key(seriesid) references seriesdetails(seriesid));

output:

Table created.

23) Insert data into matches_play:

Query:

insert into matchesplay values(31,1,'odi','england','4-4-2018','hyderabad','rajiv gandhi international',null,1);

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

24) Displaying matches play data:

Query:

select * from matchesplay;

output:

MID	TID	FORMAT	OPPOSITION	MATCHDAY	CITY	STADIUM	TOURNAMENTID	SERIESID
31	1	odi	england	04/04/2018	hyderabad	rajiv gandhi international	<i>-</i>	1
32	1	odi	england	04/14/2018	bangalour	chinna swammy stadium	÷	1
33	1	odi	england	04/19/2018	chennai	M.A. Chidambaram chepauk stadium	-	1
331	2	t20	australia	05/16/2018	chennai	M.A. Chidambaram chepauk stadium) -	2
34	1	t20	australia	05/21/2018	hyderabad	rajiv gandhi international	-	2
35	1	t20	australia	05/26/2018	delhi	delhi international cricket stadium	-	2
36	2	odi	srilanka	04/04/2011	mumbai	wankhande stadium	3	-
70	2	odi	southafrica	06/08/2015	melbourn	melbourn cricket stadium	4	-

25) Create match summary table:

Query:

create table matchsummary(mid int,IndianScore int,oppositionScore int, toss char(5),result char(5));

alter table matchsummary add primary key(mid) add foreign key(mid) references matchesplay(mid);

output:

Table created.

26) Insert data into match summary:

Query:

insert into matchsummary values(32,341,278,'lost','won');

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

27) Displaying match_summary table data:

Query:

select * from matchsummary;

output:

MID	INDIANSCORE	OPPOSITIONSCORE	TOSS	RESULT
31	292	302	won	lost
32	341	278	lost	won
33	303	300	lost	won
34	172	171	won	won
35	160	178	lost	lost
331	180	169	lost	won
36	157	156	won	won
70	298	248	lost	won

28) Create table batting scorecard of india in matches:

Query:

create table batting(mid int,batsman int,runs int,balls int, sr int, status char(10),innings int,primary key(mid,batsman),foreign key(mid) references matchesplay(mid),foreign key(batsman) references player(capno));

output:

Table created.

29) Insert data into batting scorecards:

Query:

insert into batting values(31,21,98,110,92,'out',2);

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

30) Displaying data of batting scorecards of indian team :

Query:

select * from batting;

output:

MID	BATSMAN		BALLS		STATUS	INNINGS
31	21	98	110	92	out	2
31	22	8	12	92	out	2
31	25	78	61	120	out	2
31	30	5	2	214	out	2
31	31	51	61	110	out	2
33	21	48	55	92	out	1
33	22	121	101	120	out	1
33	25	68	48	120	out	1
33	24	47	29	160	out	1

31) Create Indian team bowling scorecard table for matches played:

Query:

create table bowling(mid int, bowler int, overs float, runs int, wickets int, economy float, innings int, primarykey(mid,bowler),foreign key(mid) references matchesplay(mid),foreign key(bowler) references player(capno));

output:

Table created.

32) Insert data into bowling scorecards:

Query:

insert into bowling values(31,33,10,69,3,6.1,1);

output:

1 row(s) inserted.

33) Displaying data of bowling scorecards of Indian team:

Query:

Select * from bowling;

MID	BOWLER	OVERS	RUNS	WICKETS	ECONOMY	INNINGS
31	33	10	69	3	6.1	1
31	32	10	51	3	5.6	1
31	29	10	62	2	6	1
31	28	10	44	1	4	1
31	27	10	49	1	4.1	1

```
34) Create table players stats:
Query:
           CREATE TABLE "PLAYERSTATS" (
               "CAPNO" NUMBER,
               "FORMAT" CHAR(5),
"MATCHES" NUMBER,
               "RUNS" NUMBER,
               "BATTING AVG" FLOAT(126),
               "BATTING STRIKERATE" FLOAT(126),
               "STUMPINGS" NUMBER,
               "RUNOUTS" NUMBER,
               "CATCHES" NUMBER,
               "BOWLING_ECONOMY" FLOAT(126),
               "WICKETS" NUMBER,
               "BOWLING_AVG" FLOAT(126),
                PRIMARY KEY ("CAPNO", "FORMAT") ENABLE
     );
ALTER TABLE "PLAYERSTATS" ADD CONSTRAINT "PLAYERSTATS_FK1" FOREIGN KEY
     ("CAPNO") REFERENCES "PLAYER" ("CAPNO") ON DELETE CASCADE ENABLE;
output:
        Table created.
35) Insert data into player stats:
Query:
      insert into playerstats values(23,'test',20,1358,45.3,71.5,7,0,75,null,null,null);
output:
            1 row(s) inserted.
36) Displaying data of player stats table :
Query:
      Select * from playerstats;
Output:
```

CAPNO	FORMAT	MATCHES	RUNS	BATTING_AVG	BATTING_STRIKERATE	STUMPINGS	RUNOUTS	CATCHES	BOWLING_ECONOMY	WICKETS	BOWLING_AVG
21	test	38	2615	46.7	58.4	0	1	41	3.5	2	112
21	odi	227	9205	49	88.9	78	15	0	5.21	8	64.4
21	t20	111	2864	32.5	139	0	5	41	9.97	1	113
25	test	91	7490	52.4	57.1	0	4	88	2.88	0	
25	odi	254	12169	59.1	93.2	0	21	132	6.22	4	166.2
25	t20	90	3159	52.6	139	0	7	42	8.15	4	49.5
26	test	19	43	2.5	22.5	0	0	5	2.7	83	22.1
26	odi	67	19	3.2	38.8	0	5	17	4.65	108	25.3
26	t20	50	8	4	61.5	0	2	7	6.66	59	20.2
28	test	51	1954	36.2	62.5	0	7	38	2.44	220	24.3
28	odi	168	2411	32.6	87.1	0	21	60	4.92	188	37.4
28	t20	50	217	15.5	112.4	0	7	21	7.1	39	29.5
31	test	11	532	31.3	73.8	0	2	7	3.38	31.1	17
31	odi	60	1267	34.2	117.3	0	5	23	5.56	41.2	55
31	t20	48	474	19.8	147.7	0	3	30	8.17	26.7	41

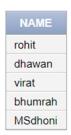
SQL QUERYS, **SELECT WITH WHERE**

1. Find all the players whose salary is 1.5cr

Query:

select name from player where salary=1.5;

Output:



2. Find all the batsman from players list whose age is below 30

Query:

select name

from player

where role='batsman' and age<30;

Output:



3. Find opposition from ODI and T20 matches played by India

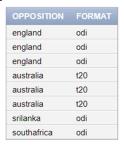
Query:

select opposition, format

from matchesplay

where format='odi' or format='t20';

Output:



4. Find coaches name whose speciality is not bowling

Query:

select name

from coach

where speciality <> 'bowling';



5. Display stadium names of located in cities 'hyderabad', "chennai"

Query:

select city,stadium from matchesplay where city in ('hyderabad','chennai');

Output:

CITY	STADIUM
hyderabad	rajiv gandhi international
chennai	M.A. Chidambaram chepauk stadium
chennai	M.A. Chidambaram chepauk stadium
hyderabad	rajiv gandhi international

6. Display team -ID of Indian team whose sponcer is not 'byjus' or 'star'

Query:

select teamid from team

where sponser not in ('oppo','star');

Output:



7. Find player cap-no whose Test batting average is above 40 below 55 Query:

select capno, batting_avg from playerstats

where format='test' and batting avg between 40 and 55;

Output:

CAPNO	BATTING_AVG
21	46.7
23	45.3
25	52.4

8. Find players of age below 25 and above 20

Query:

select name

from player

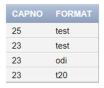
where age between 20 and 25;



9. Find players capno whose bowling average is null and specify format Query:

select capno,format from playerstats where bowling avg is null;

Output:



10. Find t20 tournaments in that are played by India

Query:

select tname from tournamentdetails where tname like '%T20%';

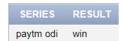
Output:



11. Find result of odi series that india played

Query:

select sname as series , result from seriesdetails where sname like '%odi%';



SQL queries with order by , aggregate functions and set manipulation operators

Order by:

1. Display player names in alphabetical order

Query:

select name from player order by name asc;

Output:



2. Display coach names with their age in decreasing order

Query:

select name, age from coach order by age desc;

Output:

NAME	AGE
ravi shastry	65
gary	65
kumble	52
dravid	51
zaheer khan	42

3. Display player names alphabetical order and decreasing order of their salary Query:

select name, salary as SalaryInCR from player order by name asc ,salary desc;

NAME	SALARYINCR
Bhumrah	1.5
Bhuvaneshwar	1
Deepak chahar	.5
Dhawan	1.5
Hardik	1
MSdhoni	1.5
Rahul	1
Ravi ashwin	1
Ravindra jadeja	1
Rishab pant	.5
More than 10 rows available.	Increase rows selector to view more rows

4. Display details of India matches played in the order of the match date and format

Query:

select *

from matchesplay

order by matchday asc, format asc;

Output:

MID	TID	FORMAT	OPPOSITION	MATCHDAY	CITY	STADIUM	TOURNAMENTID	SERIESID
36	2	odi	srilanka	04/04/2011	mumbai	wankhande stadium	3	
70	2	odi	southafrica	06/08/2015	melbourn	melbourn cricket stadium	4	-
31	1	odi	england	04/04/2018	hyderabad	rajiv gandhi international	-	1
32	1	odi	england	04/14/2018	bangalour	chinna swammy stadium	-	1
33	1	odi	england	04/19/2018	chennai	M.A. Chidambaram chepauk stadium	-	1
331	2	t20	australia	05/16/2018	chennai	M.A. Chidambaram chepauk stadium	-	2
34	1	t20	australia	05/21/2018	hyderabad	rajiv gandhi international	-	2
35	1	t20	australia	05/26/2018	delhi	delhi international cricket stadium	-	2

Aggregate functions:

5. Find how many times India lost toss in how many matches

Query:

select count(toss) as losttoss from matchsummary where toss='lost';

Output:



6. Find total matches played by player cap-no 21

Query:

select sum(matches) as matches from playerstats where capno=21;

Output:



7. Find total wickets picked by player cap-no 26 across all formats

Query:

select sum(wickets) as wickets from playerstats where capno=26;

Output:



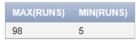
8. Find highest score and minimum score by Indian batsman scored in match whose match-id is 31

Query:

select max(runs),min(runs)

from batting where mid=31;

Output:



9. Find average Indian score in odi matches

Query:

select avg(indianscore) from matchsummary s,matchesplay m where m.mid=s.mid and m.format='odi';

Output:



10. Find average age of players

Query:

select avg(age)
from player;

Output:

AVG(AGE) 28.2

Set manipulation operators:

11. Find player names whose role is batsman and salary is above 1 crore Query:

select name from player

where role='batsman'

INTERSECT

select name

from player

where salary>1;

Output:



12. Find coaches whose speciality is batting or age is above 55 or both

Query:

select name

from coach

where speciality='batting'

UNION

select name

from coach

where age > 55;

Output:



13. Find players cap-no whose batting average is above 35 but bowling economy is not above 89 in T20 matches and display them

Query:

select capno,batting_avg,bowling_economy from playerstats where batting_avg>30 and format='t20' MINUS select capno,batting_avg,bowling_economy from playerstats where bowling_economy>9 and format='t20';

CAPNO	BATTING_AVG	BOWLING_ECONOMY
25	52.6	8.15

SQL QUERIES USING (GROUB BY AND HAVING)

1. Find how many matches played in each city

Query:

select city , count(mid) as MatchesPlayed from matchesplay group by city;

Output:

CITY	MATCHESPLAYED
mumbai	1
hyderabad	2
melbourn	1
chennai	2
bangalour	1
delhi	1

2. Find average Indian score in ODI won and lost matches

Query:

select result, cast(avg(indianscore) as decimal(10,2)) as AvgScore from matchsummary s, matchesplay m where s.mid=m.mid and m.format='odi' group by result;

Output:

RESULT	AVGSCORE
won	274.75
lost	292

3. Find number of catches players took in across all 3 formats

Query:

select capno, sum(catches) as catches from playerstats group by capno;

Output:

CAPNO	CATCHES
21	82
23	93
25	262
26	29
28	119
31	60

4. Find number of batsman ,bowlers , wicket keepers and all rounders in the team

Query:

select role, count(role) as totalplayers from player group by role;

ROLE	TOTALPLAYERS
batsman	4
wk	3
bowler	5
allrounder	3

5. Find players CapNo and their total runs scored across all formats who played at least overall 200 matches

Query:

select capno, sum(runs) from playerstats group by capno having sum(matches)>200;

Output:

CAPNO	SUM(RUNS)
21	14684
25	22818
28	4582

6. Find how many matches played against opposition teams if at least more than one match is played across all formats

Query:

select opposition , count(opposition) as matchesplayed from matchesplay group by opposition having count(opposition)>1;

Output:

OPPOSITION	MATCHESPLAYED
england	3
australia	3

7. Find how many batsman are out and notout in matches given more than 4 wickets have been fallen and display respective match id

Query:

select mid,status,count(status) as total from batting group by mid,status having count(status)>4;

MID	STATUS	TOTAL
31	out	5

JOINS

1. Find Indian team captains and team-id

Query:

select name as captain,teamid from team t, player p where t.captain=p.capno;

Output:

CAPTAIN	TEAMID
Rohit	3
ViratKohli	5
ViratKohli	2
ViratKohli	1
Shreyas	4
MSdhoni	6

2. Find bowlers who picked 3 wickets in matchid 31

Query:

select name , wickets from bowling b , player p where b.bowler=p.capno and mid=31 and wickets=3;

Output:

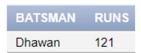
NAME	WICKETS
Deepak chahar	3
Shardul	3

3. Find batsman who scored a century in match-id=33

Query:

select name as batsman , runs from batting b innerjoin player p where b.batsman=p.capno and b.mid=33 and runs>=10;

Output:



4. Find places where the PAYTM ODI series held against England Query:

select city

from seriesdetails s join matchesplay m on s.seriesid=m.seriesid where s.sname='paytm odi' and m.opposition='england';



5. Display batsman name and batting average whose batting average is greater than or equal to 45 in ODI matches

Query:

select p.name as player, s.batting_avg as average from player p join playerstats s on p.capno=s.capno where s.format='odi' and s.batting_avg>=45;

Output:

PLAYER	AVERAGE
Rohit	49
ViratKohli	59.1

6. Display all the teams and matches if the team has played any

Query:

select teamid, mid

from team t left outer join matchesplay m on t.teamid=m.tid;

Output:

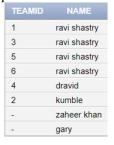
TEAMID	MID
1	31
1	32
1	33
2	331
1	34
1	35
2	36
2	70
6	-
5	-
More than 10 rows available. Increa	ase rows selector to view more rows

7. Display all the coaches and the teams if the coach has been optioned has the headcoach Query:

select teamid,name

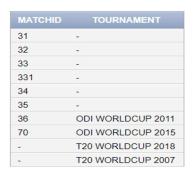
from team t right outer join coach c on t.headcoach=c.cid;

Output:



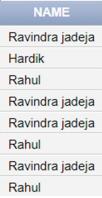
8. Display all the matches and tournament names if the match is played in any tournament Query: select m.mid as matchid,t.tname as tournament

from matchesplay m full outer join tournamentdetails t on m.tournamentid=t.tournamentid;



9. Find players with salary 1 crore whose capno is equal to any other players age Query:

select p1.name from player p1, player p2 where p1.capno=p2.age and p1.salary=1;



Views

1. Create a view containing players batting statistics like capno, format, matches, batting avg, runs, strike rate

Query:

Create view batstats(capno, format, matches, runs, batting_avg, strike_rate) as Select b.capno, b.format, b.matches, b.runs, b.batting_avg, b.battingstrikerate from playerstats b;

Output:

View created.

a) Display the view

Query:

select * from batstats;

Output:

CAPNO	FORMAT	MATCHES	RUNS	BATTING_AVG	STRIKE_RATE
21	test	38	2615	46.7	58.4
21	odi	227	9205	49	88.9
21	t20	111	2864	32.5	139
25	test	91	7490	52.4	57.1
25	odi	254	12169	59.1	93.2
25	t20	90	3159	52.6	139
26	test	19	43	2.5	22.5
26	odi	67	19	3.2	38.8
26	t20	50	8	4	61.5
28	test	51	1954	36.2	62.5

b) Find total runs in all formats scored by each player

Ouerv:

select capno,sum(runs) as total_runs from batstats

group by capno;

Output:

CAPNO	TOTAL_RUNS
21	14684
23	2399
25	22818
26	70
28	4582
31	2273

c) Query the view to display players capno who have scored more than 8000 runs in ODIs Query:

select capno,runs

from batstats

where runs>8000 and format='odi';

Output:

CAPNO	RUNS
21	9205
25	12169

d) Update the view to increase ODI matches played by 1 and display capno, format, matches, runs, batting avg, strike rate from the playerstats table to find the difference Query:

update batstats set matches = matches + 1 where format='odi';

Query:

select capno,format,matches,runs,batting_avg,batting_strikerate from playerstats;

Output:

CAPNO	FORMAT	MATCHES	RUNS	BATTING_AVG	BATTING_STRIKERATE
21	test	38	2615	46.7	58.4
21	odi	228	9205	49	88.9
21	t20	111	2864	32.5	139
25	test	91	7490	52.4	57.1
25	odi	255	12169	59.1	93.2
25	t20	90	3159	52.6	139
26	test	19	43	2.5	22.5
26	odi	68	19	3.2	38.8
26	t20	50	8	4	61.5
28	test	51	1954	36.2	62.5
More than	10 rows ava	ilable. Increas	e rows sel	ector to view more	rows.

2. Create a view to find captain name, teamID and sponcer of that team Query:

create view teams(team_ID, captain, sponcer) as select t.teamID, p.name, t.sponser from team t, player p where t.captain=p.capno;

Output:

View created.

a) Display the view

Query:

select * from teams;

Output:

TEAM_ID	CAPTAIN	SPONCER
3	Rohit	byjus
5	ViratKohli	byjus
2	ViratKohli	byjus
1	ViratKohli	орро
4	Shreyas	byjus
6	MSdhoni	star

b) Find captain names when the team sponcer is Oppo Query:

select captain,sponcer from teams

where sponcer='oppo';

Output:

CAPTAIN	SPONCER
ViratKohli	орро

c) Find how many teams are played under each sponcership Query:

select sponcer, count(*) as no of teams

from teams group by sponcer;

Output:

SPONCER	NO_OF_TEAMS
орро	1
star	1
byjus	4

d) Insert a record <7,25,1,'oppo'> into team table and execute the above c query again to see the difference

Query:

select sponcer , count(*) as no_of_teams
from teams
group by sponcer;

Output:

SPONCER	NO_OF_TEAMS
oppo	2
star	1
byjus	4

3. Create a view containing match_ID, bowler name, bowling economy and wickets from that match Query:

Create view bowl(match_id, bowler, wickets, economy) as select b.mid, p.name, b.wickets, b.economy from bowling b, player p where b.bowler=p.capno;

Output:

View created.

a) Display the view

Query:

select * from bowl;

Output:

MATCH_ID	BOWLER	WICKETS	ECONOMY
31	Bhuvaneshwar	1	4.1
31	Ravindra jadeja	1	4
31	Ravi ashwin	2	6
31	Deepak chahar	3	5.6
31	Shardul	3	6.1

b) Find how many bowlers picked 3 or more wickets in each match

Query:

select match_ID, count(bowler) as no_of_bowlers from bowl where wickets>2 group by match_ID;

Output:

1	MATCH_ID	NO_OF_BOWLERS
	31	2

c) Find bowlers and match ID in which the bowler bowling economy < 4.5

Query:

select match_ID, bowler from bowl where economy<4.5;

MATCH_ID	BOWLER
31	Ravindra jadeja
31	Bhuvaneshwar

Oracle functions

1. Display player names and capno with even capno

Query:

select name, capno from player where mod(capno,2)=0;

Output:

NAME	CAPNO
Dhawan	22
Rahul	24
Bhumrah	26
Ravindra jadeja	28
Shreyas	30
Deepak chahar	32
MSdhoni	20

2. Display player names and their batting average in tests (display batting average to the nearest integer value).

Query:

select p.name, round(s.batting_avg)
from player p, playerstats s
where p.capno=s.capno and s.format='test';

Output:

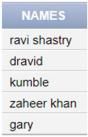
NAME	ROUND(S.BATTING_AVG)
Rohit	47
ViratKohli	52
Bhumrah	3
Ravindra jadeja	36
Hardik	31
Rishab pant	45

3. Display all the coaches names in lower case

Query:

select lower(name) as names from coach;

Output:

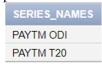


4. Display all series names in upper case

Query:

select upper(sname) as series_names
from seriesdetails;

Output:



5. Display all the player names with first letter in capital

Query:

select initcap(name) as player_name
from player;

Output:



6. Display 4 letters of tournament_names from 3rd character.

Query:

select substr(tname,3,4) as sub string

from tournamentdetails;

Output:



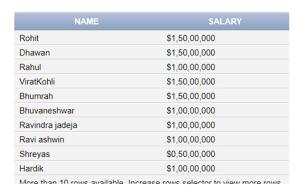
7. Display player names and their salary in "\$ crore's" format.

Query:

select name,to_char((salary*10000000),'\$0,00,00,000') as salary

from player;

Output:



8. Display match ID and the match date in dd-mon-yyyy format Query:

select mid as match_ID,to_char(matchday,'dd-mon-yyyy') as match_date from matchesplay;

Output:

MATCH_ID	MATCH_DATE	
31	04-apr-2018	
32	14-apr-2018	
33	19-apr-2018	
331	16-may-2018	
34	21-may-2018	
35	26-may-2018	
36	04-apr-2011	
70	08-jun-2015	

 Display all the match_ID and captain name and year of that match in the order of their year of that match, which played before 2016
 Query:

select m.mid as match_id,p.name as captain
,to_number(to_char(to_date(m.matchday,'mm/dd/yyyy'),'yyyy')) as year
from matchesplay m,team t, player p
where m.tid=t.teamid and p.capno=t.captain and

to_number(to_char(to_date(m.matchday,'mm/dd/yyyy'),'yyyy'))<2016

order by to_number(to_char(to_date(m.matchday,'mm/dd/yyyy'),'yyyy'));

Output:

MATCH_ID	CAPTAIN	YEAR
36	ViratKohli	2011
70	ViratKohli	2015

NESTED QUERIES

Find captain name of Indian team ID = 3
 Query:
 select name as captain
 from player
 where capno in (select captain

from team where teamid=3);

Output:



2. Find all player names whose economy is under 2.8 in Test career

Query:

select name as players
from player
where capno in (select capno
from playerstats
where format='test' and bowling economy<2.8);

Output:



3. Find name of the players whose batting average in ODIs is better than Rohit Query:

```
select name as players
from player
where capno in (select capno
from playerstats
where format='odi' and batting_avg > (select batting_avg
from playerstats
where format='odi' and capno = (select capno
from player
where name='Rohit')));
```

Output:



4. Create a copy of table team

Query:

create table team copy as (select * from team);

Output:

Table created.

5. Create a table batsman_stats that contains only batsman records of the player stats table Query:

```
create table batsman stats as (select * from playerstats
                          where capno in (select capno
                                    from player
                                    where role='batsman'));
 Output:
          Table created.
6. Insert allrounders records from player stats table to batsman stats table
 Query:
       insert into batsman stats(select * from playerstats
                       where capno in (select capno
                                 from player
                                 where role='allrounder'));
 Output:
      6 row(s) inserted.
7. Delete record from batsman stats having least batting average in test format
     delete from batsman stats where format= 'test' and batting avg=(select
        min(batting avg) from batsman stats where format='test');
 Output:
           2 row(s) deleted.
8. Find players whose bowling average is less than All Rounder's bowling average in T20
    format
 Query:
        select name as players
        from player
        where role !='allrounder' and capno in (select capno
                 from playerstats
                 where format='t20' and bowling avg < any(select bowling avg
                                          from playerstats
                                          where format='t20' and capno in (select capno
                                                                   from player
                                                                  where role='allrounder')));
 Output:
      PLAYERS
      Bhumrah
```

With clause, multicolumn subquery and correlated sub query

MULTICOLUMN:

1. Find the player records whose capno is same as players age and vice versa Query:

select *
from player

where (capno, age) in (select age, capno from player);

Output:

CAPNO	NAME	ROLE	AGE	SALARY
22	Dhawan	batsman	32	1.5
32	Deepak chahar	bowler	22	.5

2. Find players who turned into coaches after retirement

Query:

select *
from player

where (name, age) in (select name, age from coach);

Output:

CAPNO	NAME	ROLE	AGE	SALARY
1	ravi shastry	batting	65	-
2	dravid	batsman	51	-
3	kumble	allrounder	52	-
4	zaheer khan	bowler	42	-

WITH CLUASE:

3. Find all roles where average age of players in that role is greater than the average age of players in all roles

Query:

```
with spec(role, avg_age) as
        (select role,avg(age)
        from player
        group by role),
        role_age(average) as
        (select avg(avg_age)
        from spec)
select role
from spec,role_age
where avg_age > average;
```

Output:



4. Find team records under 'oppo' sponcership where team-ID is same as headcoach-ID Query:

```
with abc(hc) as
(select headcoach
from team
where sponser='oppo')
select *
from team,abc
where teamid=hc;
```

Output:

TEAMID	CAPTAIN	HEADCOACH	SPONSER	НС
1	25	1	oppo	1
1	25	1	oppo	1

WITHOUT WITH CLAUSE:

5. Find all roles where average age of players in that role is less than the average age of players in all roles

Query:

select role from player group by role having sum(age) < (select sum(age)/count(distinct role) from player);

Output:



correlated sub query

6. Find captain name of team ID 3

Query:

select name
from player
where 3 in (select teamid
from team
where player.capno=team.captain);

Output:

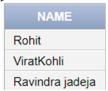


7. Find players who played atleast 100 ODI matches

Query:

```
select p.name
from player p
where (select matches
from playerstats s
where p.capno=s.capno and format='odi')>99;
```

Output:



Exists:

8. Find captain of the match played on 19/4/2018

Query:

```
select p.name as captain
from player p, team t
where p.capno=t.captain and exists(select *
from matchesplay m
where m.tid=t.teamid and matchday='04/19/2018');
```

Output:



9. Find all players who are not a batsman

Query:

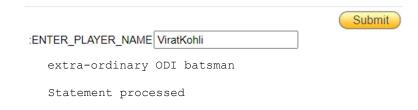
```
select p.name as players
from player p
where not exists(select *
from player q
where p.capno=q.capno and role='batsman');
```

Output:



PL/SQL PROGRAMS:

1. Display player name of given capno Query: declare n player.name%TYPE; c int:=:enter capno; begin select name into n from player where capno=c; dbms output.put line('player name: '||n); end; Output: Submit :ENTER_CAPNO 21 player name : Rohit Statement processed. 2. Find the no of players whose age is below 30 Query: declare n int; begin select count(*) into n from player where age<30; dbms output.put line('number of players whose age is below 30: '||n); end; Output: number of players whose age is below 30 : 9 Statement processed. 3. Program to read player name and display 'extra-ordinary batsman' if ODI batting average is above 50 and 'excellent batsman' if ODI batting average is above 45. Query: declare b int: c int: n player.name%TYPE:=:enter player name; select capno into c from player where name=n; select batting avg into b from playerstats where capno=c and format='odi'; if (b>50) then dbms output.put line('extra-ordinary ODI batsman'); elsif (b>45 and b<=50) then dbms output.put line('excellent ODI batsman'); else dbms output.put line('good ODI batsman'); end if; end; Output:



4. Update Rohit statistics in ODI format, runs by 59 and matches by 1 Query:

```
declare
    c int;
    n player.name%TYPE := 'Rohit';
    begin
    select capno into c from player where name=n;
    update playerstats set runs=runs+59 where capno=c and format='odi';
    update playerstats set matches=matches+1 where capno=c and format='odi';
    --comment line('x,rohits tuple updated');
    end;
Output:
    Statement processed.
```

Statement processed.

PROCEDURES:

5. Procedure to update salary of the given coach and display updated salary.

```
Query:
    create procedure updatesalary(n in coach.name%TYPE,us in int, s out int) as
   begin
    update coach set salaryincrores=us where name=n;
    select salaryincrores into s from coach where name=n;
    end;
Output:
   Procedure created.
Query:
   declare
   n coach.name%TYPE:=:enter coach name;
   us int:= :enter new salary;
   s int;
   begin
   updatesalary(n,us,s);
    dbms output.put line('updated salary: '||s);
    end;
Output:
                                                         Submit
        :ENTER_COACH_NAME dravid
        :ENTER NEW SALARY 2.0
        updated salary: 2
```

6. Create a procedure to count no of batsman in the team. Query: create procedure noofbatsman as n int; begin select count(*) into n from player where role='batsman'; dbms output.put line('number of batsman in the team: '||n); end; Output: Procedure created. Ouery: begin noofbatsman; end; Output: number of batsman in the team : 5 Statement processed. 7. Create a procedure to know the result of the given match ID Query: create procedure knowresult(m in int,r out matchsummary.result%TYPE) as select result into r from matchsummary where mid=m; end; Output: Procedure created. Query: declare r matchsummary.result%TYPE; m int:=:enter match ID; begin knowresult(m,r); dbms output.put line('match result: '||r); end; Output: Submit :ENTER_MATCH_ID 32 match result : won Statement processed.

Functions:

1. Function to find age and salary of a given player

```
Query:
```

```
create function findsalaryage(n in player.name%TYPE) return int as a int; s float; begin select age into a from player where name=n;
```

```
select salary into s from player where name=n;
      dbms output.put line('player salary: '||a);
      end;
Output:
    Function created.
Query:
      declare
      a int;
      begin
      a := findsalaryage('Rohit');
      dbms output.put line('age is: '||a);
Output:
          player salary : 1.5
          age is : 32
          Statement processed.
2. Function to find no of players went for batting in a certain match of the given match-ID
Query:
      create function playersbat(m in int) return int as
      n int;
      begin
      select count(*) into n from batting where mid=m group by(mid);
      return n;
          end;
Output:
              Function created.
Query:
      declare
      a int;
      m int:=:enter match ID;
      begin
      a := playersbat(m);
      dbms output.put line('Number of players went to batting in the match '||m ||' is: '||a);
Output:
                                        Submit
    :ENTER_MATCH_ID 33
          Number of players went to batting in the match 33 is: 4
    Statement processed.
3. Function to find speciality of a given coach
Query:
      create or replace function coachrole(n in coach.name%TYPE) return
          coach.speciality%TYPE as
      s coach.speciality%TYPE;
      begin
      select speciality into s from coach where name=n;
      return s;
```

```
end;
Output:
    Function created.

Query:
    declare
    m coach.name%TYPE:=:enter_coach_name;
    a coach.speciality%TYPE;
    begin
    a := coachrole(m);
    dbms_output.put_line('Mr.'||m||' speciality is '||a);
    end;
Output:
        Mr.gary speciality is batting
        Statement processed.
```

CURSORS:

1. Display match-ID, format, opponent, venue using cursor.

opponent: australia

opponent: australia

opponent: australia

opponent: southafrica

opponent: southafrica

opponent: srilanka

```
Queue:
            declare
            m id matchesplay.mid%type;
            opponent matchesplay.opposition%type;
            mf matchesplay.format%type;
            venue matchesplay.city%type;
            cursor matches is select mid, opposition, format, city from matchesplay;
            begin
            open matches;
            loop
             fetch matches into m id,opponent,mf,venue;
             dbms output.put line('matchID: '||m id||'
                                                       opponent: '||opponent||'
                                                                                 format: '||mf||'
               venue: '||venue);
             exit when matches%notfound;
            end loop;
            close matches;
            end;
     Output:
matchID: 31 matchID: 32
                   opponent: england
                                                       format: odi
                                                                             venue: hyderabad
                   opponent: england
                                                       format: odi
                                                                             venue: bangalour
                                                                             venue: chennai
matchID: 33
                   opponent: england
                                                      format: odi
```

Statement processed.

2. Display current contract players and their crisis allowance of 10% of their salaries.

```
Query:
```

matchID: 331

matchID: 34

matchID: 35

matchID: 36

matchID: 70

matchID: 70

```
declare
p name player.name%type;
ammount int;
s float;
cursor crisis allowance is select name, salary from player;
open crisis allowance;
loop
 fetch crisis allowance into p name,s;
 ammount:=0.1*(s*1000000);
 if (s>0) then
  dbms output.put line('name: '||p name||'
                                                 crisis allowance in rupees: '||ammount);
 exit when crisis allowance%notfound;
end loop;
close crisis allowance;
end;
```

format: t20

format: t20

format: t20

format: odi

format: odi

format: odi

venue: chennai

venue: delhi

venue: mumbai

venue: hyderabad

venue: melbourn

venue: melbourn

```
Output:
    name: Rohit
                                        crisis_allowance in rupees: 1500000
    name: Dhawan
                                        crisis_allowance in rupees: 1500000
    name: Rahul
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 1000000
    name: ViratKohli
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 1500000
    name: Bhumrah
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 1500000
    name: Bhuvaneshwar
                                        crisis_allowance in rupees: 1000000
    name: Ravindra jadeja
                                        crisis_allowance in rupees: 1000000
    name: Ravi ashwin
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 1000000
    name: Shreyas
                                        crisis_allowance in rupees: 500000
    name: Hardik
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 1000000
    name: Deepak chahar
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 500000
                                        crisis_allowance in rupees: 500000
    name: Shardul
    name: MSdhoni
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 1500000
    name: Yuzi chahal
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 1000000
    name: Rishab pant
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 500000
    name: Rishab pant
                                        crisis allowance in rupees: 500000
```

EXCEPTIONS:

3. Display player age of given player name, Raise an exception when age of the player is more than 30.

```
Query:
      declare
              e exception;
              n player.name%type:= :enter player name;
              a int:
      begin
              select name, age into n,a from player where name=n;
              if a>30 then
                  raise e;
              end if;
              dbms output.put line('name: '||n||' age: '||a);
              exception
              when e then
                 dbms output.put line('player age is more than 30, please enter another player
                  name...');
      end;
Output:
                                          Submit
    ENTER PLAYER NAME Rohit
    player age is more than 30, please enter another player name...
    Statement processed.
```

4. Display coach name of given coach-ID and raise no data found exception if coach-ID is wrong or no coach is assigned to given coach-ID.

```
Query:
    declare
    n coach.name%type;
    a int:=:enter_coach_ID;
    begin
```

```
select name, cid into n,a from coach where cid=a;
              dbms output.put line('NAME: '||n||' COACH-ID: '||a);
              exception
              when no data found then
                    dbms output.put line('given coach ID does not exist...');
      end;
Output:
                                   Submit
    :ENTER_COACH_ID 8
          given coach ID does not exist ...
          Statement processed.
```

TRIGGERS:

5. Enter the retired coaches details from table coach to another table using triggers.

Query:

```
Creating trigger:
```

```
create or replace trigger del coach
before delete on coach
for each row
```

begin

insert into retirecoach values(:OLD.CID, :OLD.NAME, :OLD.SPECIALITY, :OLD.AGE, :OLD.SALARYINCRORES);

end:

deleting from coach:

delete from coach where cid=6;

displaying table consists of retired coaches:

select * from retirecoach;

Output:

CID	NAME	SPECIALITY	AGE_WHEN_RETIRE	SALARY_WHEN_RETIRE
6	duncan	batting	70	1

6. Update age of Shreyas (cap no=30) by 50 lakhs and display old and new salary using trigger. Query:

```
create or replace trigger change player salary
      before update of salary on player
      for each row
      begin
      dbms output.put line('old salary: '||:OLD.salary);
      dbms output.put line('new salary: '||:NEW.salary);
      end;
      update player set salary=1.0 where capno=30;
Output:
          old salary : .5
          new salary : 1
```

1 row(s) updated.