Introduction to Computer Network Project 3

TCP

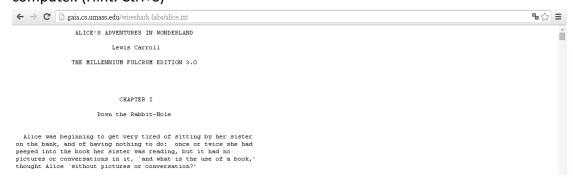
Purpose

In this lab, we will go into the detail about how TCP works in practice. You need upload a file from the local to the designated server (website); Wireshark takes charge of capturing the round trip packets. Finally, you should analyze captured data and answer the questions.

Introduction

Step 1:

Go to http://gaia.cs.umass.edu/wireshark-labs/alice.txt and save the content as "alice.txt" to your computer. (Hint. Ctrl+S)



Step 2:

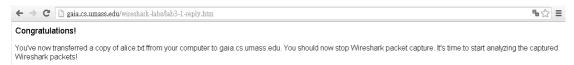
Go to http://gaia.cs.umass.edu/wireshark-labs/TCP-wireshark-file1.html and upload the file you just saved.

(Hint. Before click "Upload alice.txt", Wireshark MUST have started capturing.)



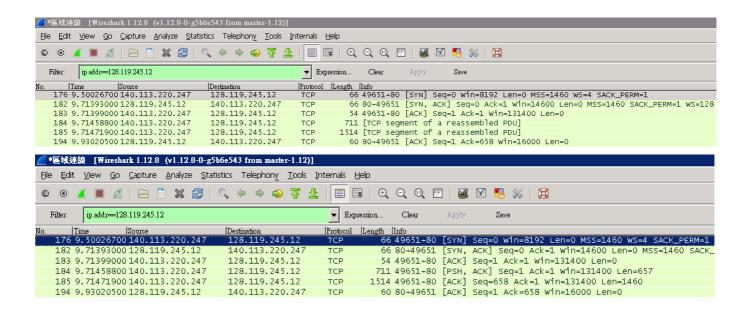
Step 3:

While the website returns some phrases including "Congratulations!", the transmission between the client and server is done. Stop capturing packets.



Tips:

- Wireshark can export packet information as .pcapng file:
 - 1. File->Save (Need to stop capturing packet first)
- You can make Wireshark not to interpret the data as application layer data (e.g. HTTP). It's more convenient to observe the TCP header information.
 - 1. Analyze->Enabled protocols
 - 2. Uncheck "HTTP"
 - 3. Apply



Question

(Notice: Wireshark uses relative sequence/ack number. You should check ASCII encode or change TCP setting for actual value.)

- 1. (For Client) What is the IP address and TCP port number used by the client computer that is transferring the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?
- 2. (For Server) What is the IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu? On what port number is it sending and receiving TCP segments for this connection?
- 3. What is the sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the TCP connection between the client computer and gaia.cs.umass.edu? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN segment?
- 4. What is the value of the ACK field in the SYN-ACK segment? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN-ACK segment?
- 5. What is the sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command? (hint. http.request.method == POST)
- 6. What is the negotiated MSS (maximum segment size)?
- 7. What is the minimum amount of available buffer size (receive window) advertised by the client?
- 8. What is the throughput (bytes transferred per unit time) for the TCP connection (except 3-way handshake)? Explain how you calculated this value.

Bonus

1. Why "TCP segment of a reassembled PDU" message appears in the Wireshark? How does hosts identify the TCP segments which belong to same application message? (10%)

Requirement

- 1. Answer each question sequentially with the screenshots or exporting texts, and give some explanations. (10% of each)
- 2. Write down your thoughts or learnings during this lab. (20%)
- 3. Do not cheat, or you will get ZERO.
- 4. Upload your report (project3_studentID.pdf) to E3, and the deadline is 12/11 23:59.
- 5. Please upload only PDF files
- 6. If you have any question, contact TAs (<u>icnta@win.cs.nctu.edu.tw</u>) or come to EC638.