聊聊前端新技术

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ES6/ES7

新特性

let和const命令 变量的解构赋值 字符串的扩展 正则的扩展 数值的扩展 数组的扩展 函数的扩展 对象的扩展 Symbol Proxy和Reflect

二进制数组 Set和Map数据结构 Iterator和for...of循环 Generator函数 Promise对象 异步操作和Async函数 * Class Decorator * Module

http://es6.ruanyifeng.com/

```
"use strict";
for(var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    setTimeout(function() {
        console.log(i);
   }, 1);
for(let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    setTimeout(function() {
        console.log(i);
    }, 1);
```

```
"use strict";
var obj = {
    name : 'world',
    hello : function() {
        setTimeout(function() {
            console.log('hello ' + this.name);
        }, 10);
};
obj.hello();
var obj = {
    name : 'world',
    hello : function() {
        setTimeout(() => {
            console.log('hello ' + this.name);
        }, 10);
obj.hello();
```



https://babeljs.io/

TypeScript

http://www.typescriptlang.org/

强类型、TypeScript Definitions File

CSS 预 / 后处理器

新特性

```
变量、函数、运算符;
嵌套、作用域;
混入、继承;
文件组织;
减少重复劳动(自动前缀);
拥抱未来;
```

```
CSS input
:fullscreen {
                                 CSS output
    :-webkit-:full-screen {
    :-moz-:full-screen {
                                                                 CSS input
                                     :root {
    :full-screen {
                                       --red: #d33;
                                       &:hover {
                                         color: color(var(--red) a(54%)
                                                                    CSS output
                                         a:hover {
                                           color: #dd3333;
                                           color: rgba(221, 51, 51, 0.54);
```



http://sass-lang.com/



http://postcss.org/

cssnext {///

http://cssnext.io/

异步编程

Promise;

Async functions;

Generators; //不推荐使用

Callback

```
var db = new Db('test', new Server('localhost', 27017));
3 // Establish connection to db
   db.open(function(err, db) {
     // Create a test collection
     db.createCollection('test group', function(err, collection) {
6
       // Peform a simple group by on an empty collection
       collection.group([], {}, {"count":0}, "function (obj, prev) { prev.count++; }", function(err, results) {
          assert.deepEqual([], results);
.0
         // Trigger some inserts on the collection
         collection.insert([{'a':2}, {'b':5}, {'a':1}], {w:1}, function(err, ids) {
11
.2
           // Perform a group count
           collection.group([], {}, {"count":0}, "function (obj, prev) { prev.count++; }", function(err, results) {
13
              assert.equal(3, results[0].count);
.4
             // Pefrom a group count using the eval method
              collection.group([], {}, {"count":0}, "function (obj, prev) { prev.count++; }", false, function(err, resul
               // Group with a conditional
                collection.group([], {'a':{'$gt':1}}, {"count":0}, "function (obj, prev) { prev.count++; }", function(er
.8
                  collection.group([], {'a':{'$gt':1}}, {"count":0}, "function (obj, prev) { prev.count++; }" , false, f
.9
20
                    collection.insert([{'a':2}, {'b':3}], {w:1}, function(err, ids) {
                      collection.group(['a'], {}, {"count":0}, "function (obj, prev) { prev.count++; }", function(err, r
21
22
                        collection.group({'a':true}, {}, {"count":0}, function (obj, prev) { prev.count++; }, true, func
23
                          // Correctly handle illegal function
24
                          collection.group([], {}, {}, "5 ++ 5", function(err, results) {
                            assert.ok(err.message != null);
25
26
                            // Use a function to select the keys used to group by
27
                            var keyf = function(doc) { return {a: doc.a}; };
                            collection.group(keyf, {a: {$gt: 0}}, {"count": 0, "value": 0}, function(obj, prev) { prev.o
28
29
                            });
                          });
30
31
                        });
32
                      });
                    });
33
34
                  });
35
                });
36
           });
37
38
         });
39
        });
10
     });
```

Promise

```
var self = this;
domainInstance.run(function(){
  return tag('app init', http).then(function(){
    return Dispatcher(http).run();
  }) then(function() {
    return tag('app begin', http);
  }) then(function() {
    return tag('action init', http);
  }) then(function() {
    return self.exec(http);
  }) then(function() {
    return tag('app end', http);
  }).catch(function(err){
    self.sendError(http, err);
```

Generators

```
var co = require('co');
function * gen() {
  var data = yield Promise.resolve(1111);
  return data;
}
co(gen).then(function(data) {
  //data is 1111
})
```

Async functions

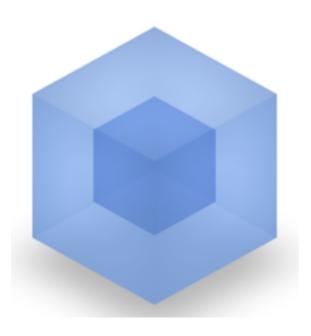
```
async exec() {
 await this.hook('resource');
 await this.hook('route parse');
  await this.hook('logic before');
  await this.execLogic();
  await this.hook('logic after');
  await this.hook('controller before');
  await this.execController();
  await this.hook('controller after');
 await this.hook('response end');
```

模块化/构建工具

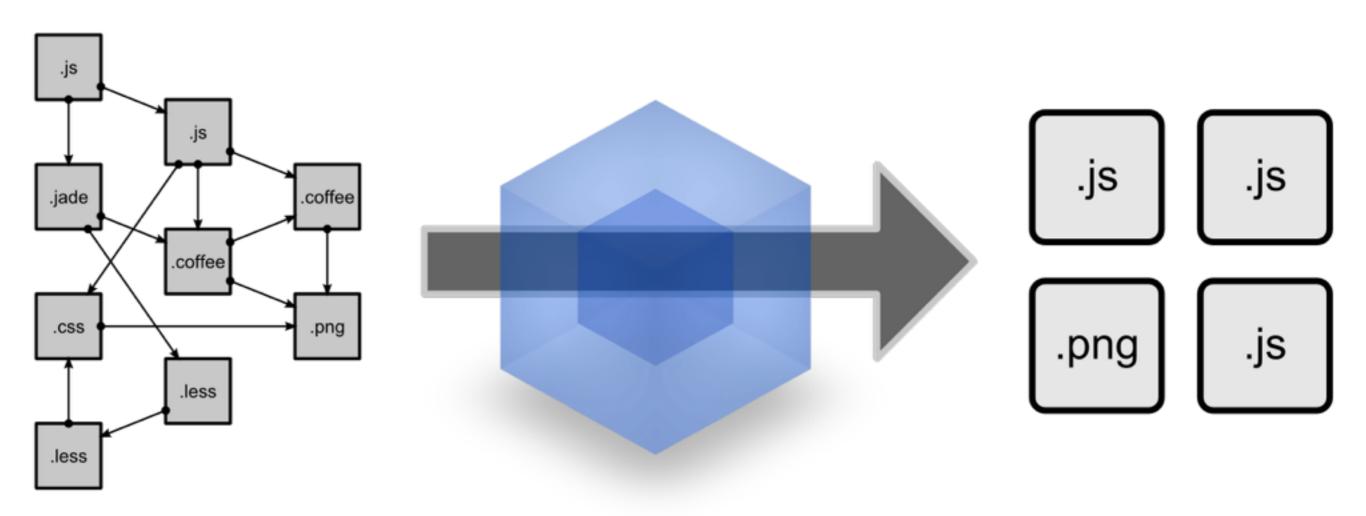
CommonJS (CJS);

Asynchronous Module Design (AMD);

ES6 modules;



https://webpack.github.io/



modules with dependencies

webpack MODULE BUNDLER

static assets

框架

解决的问题

数据到 DOM 的声明式映射;

组件的组织方式;

组件之间如何组合与沟通;

组件的高内聚, 高可移植性;



https://angular.io/



https://facebook.github.io/react/



http://vuejs.org/

测试

代码规范



http://eslint.org/

单元测试



https://karma-runner.github.io/0.13/index.html

覆盖率测试

istanbul

https://gotwarlost.github.io/istanbul/

集成测试

CasperJS

http://casperjs.org/

Nightwatch.js

http://nightwatchjs.org/

工作流

解决的问题

开发环境:

提供静态服务器;

基础编译;

实时编译;

实时更新(热更新);

上线:

代码审查;

编译;

合并;

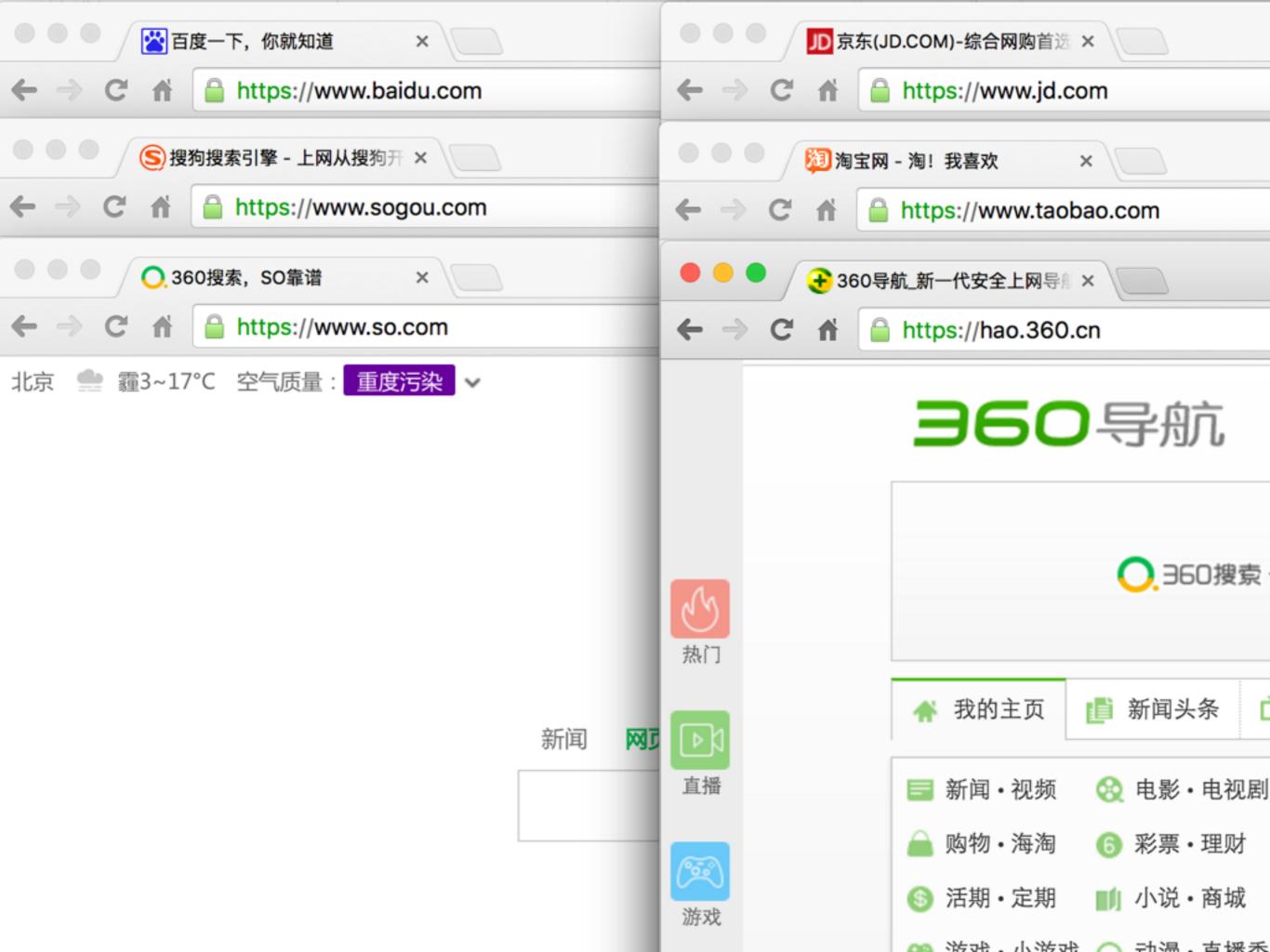
优化;

压缩;

发布到 CDN;



网络协议



HTTPS

了解 TLS 握手基本原理;

了解证书信任链基本原理;

了解 HTTP Strict Transport Security 等新增响应头;

理解 Mixed Content;

HTTP/2

了解 HTTP/2 新增功能;

了解 HTTP/2 针对性能优化所做的改进点;

了解如何针对 HTTP/2 进行前端性能优化;

移动 APP 开发

难点

用户体验;

调试;

资源包更新;

调用系统功能;



https://facebook.github.io/react-native/

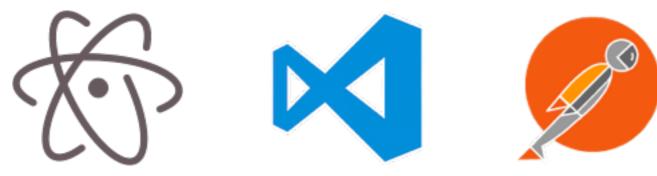
桌面客户端开发

难点

```
安装包(windows);
自动升级;
崩溃报告;
调试工具;
系统菜单、托盘图标等;
```



http://electron.atom.io/







服务端开发

(Node.js)

特性

事件驱动, 异步编程;

非阻塞 IO;

NPM 丰富的资源;

JS 知识无缝迁移;

适合 IO 密集型项目,不适合 CPU 密集型项目;



https://thinkjs.org/

Thank You!

Q & A

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