G

Sorting + Greedy contest

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Hello Muscat Programming Bootcamp 2019

A. Inspection

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Can you figure out how to solve this problem with only one pass?

B. Sorting

Sort the given array with a quadratic sorting algorithm.

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Just implement any of the sorting algorithms: bubble, insertion or selection.

C. Inversions

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Number of inversions is a measure of how well the array is sorted. Stay tuned for a surprise reveal!

D. Selection sort

Implement the selection sort. Increase counter by 1 whenever the position of the minimum element among $i \dots n-1$ is not equal to i (in this case we actually swap elements at two distinct positions).

E. Insertion sort

Implement the insertion sort from lecture, increment counter whenever you swap two elements.

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Now you see that insertion sort is effective when the number of insertions is low, which means that an array is "almost sorted".

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F. Archive creation

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Why is it optimal?

Consider any better answer. We can transform this answer so it only contains a prefix in sorted order, which is exactly what we are doing.

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Or create a vector of pairs (a%10, a), sort them, output second elements.

H. Digital root

Again, you can create a vector of pairs and sort them.

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Fun fact d(x), the digital root of x is almost the same as $x \mod 9$.

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If new segment is entirely to the right, we add the old union to answer, and start a new union.

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Otherwise, we extend the union to the right.

J. Minimal cover

Repeat the following steps until you reach M.

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Look at all segments with left border ≤ 0

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Look at all segments with left border ≤ 0

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Repeat, but now consider segments with left border $\leqslant r$, and so on.