

## RDBMS - Assignment 1

### **1. List last\_name,first\_name ,salary ,salary+300 as Incremented\_Salary from Employees**

- SQL> select last\_name,first\_name ,salary ,salary+300 as Incremented\_Salary from employees;  
107 rows selected.

### **2. List first\_name, salary,(salary+(commission\_pct\*salary))\*12 as Annual\_Salary from Employees**

- SQL> select first\_name, salary, (salary+(commission\_pct\*salary))\*12 as Annual\_Salary from employees;  
107 rows selected.

### **3. List all Employees who are not assigned a manager**

- SQL> select employee\_id,first\_name, last\_name,job\_id from employees where manager\_id is null;  
1 row selected.

### **4. Extract first 3 characters of first\_name concatenated with first 3 characters of last\_name as Emp\_full\_name**

- SQL> select first\_name,last\_name,concat(substr(first\_name,1,3),substr(last\_name,1,3)) as Emp\_full\_name from employees;  
107 rows selected.

### **5. Extract the last 4 digits of phone number, left pad with '\*' so that the total length is 10 characters long**

- SQL> select employee\_id,phone\_number , lpad(substr(phone\_number,-4),10,'\*')as phone\_no from employees;  
107 rows selected.

**6. For every Employee find out the date of confirmation with is 1 year /12 months from the date of joining**

- SQL> select employee\_id,first\_name,last\_name,hire\_date,(hire\_date+365) as confirm\_date from employees;  
107 rows selected.

**7. List every department\_name with concatenated manager id as "Department name is headed by manager id" for those departments which have a manager**

- SQL> select concat(concat(department\_name,'-'),manager\_id) DHBy\_manager from departments where manager\_id is not null;  
11 rows selected.

Note: DHBy\_manager is Department name is Headed by manager id

**8. Find the average salary of employees in each department**

- SQL> select department\_id,avg(salary) from employees group by department\_id;  
12 rows selected.

**9. Find the average salary of all working employees in each department**

- SQL> select department\_id,avg(salary) from employees where department\_id is not null group by department\_id;  
11 rows selected.

**10. Find the average salary of all working employees in each department with average salary > 5000**

- SQL> select department\_id,avg(salary) from employees where department\_id is not null group by department\_id having avg(salary)>5000;  
8 rows selected.