

# Homework 1

Swaraj Khadanga

September 25, 2017

1. a. Estimate Maximum Likelihood for

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{\theta^2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\theta^2}\right)$$

$$\text{so Maximum Likelihood function (ML)} = \prod_1^N \frac{x_i}{\theta^2} \exp\left(-\frac{x_i^2}{2\theta^2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Maximum Log Likelihood function (MLL)} =$$

$$\sum_1^N \left[ \log x_i - 2 \log \theta - \frac{x_i^2}{2\theta^2} \right]$$

$$\text{To maximize MLL we need to set } \frac{\partial MLL}{\partial \theta} = 0 \Rightarrow \sum_1^N \left[ 0 - \frac{2}{\theta} - \frac{x_i^2}{2} \cdot \frac{-2}{\theta^3} \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_1^N \left[ -\frac{2}{\theta} + \frac{x_i^2}{\theta^3} \right] = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\theta} \sum_1^N \left[ 2 + \frac{x_i^2}{\theta^2} \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_1^N \left[ -2 + \frac{x_i^2}{\theta^2} \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_1^N -2 + \sum_1^N \frac{x_i^2}{\theta^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -2N + \frac{1}{\theta^2} \sum_1^N x_i^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\theta^2} \sum_1^N x_i^2 = 2N$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sum_1^N x_i^2}{2N} = \theta^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_1^N x_i^2}{2N}}$$

$$\text{c. } f(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} \forall 0 \leq x \leq \theta$$

$$\text{so Maximum Likelihood (ML)} = \prod_1^N \frac{1}{\theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow ML = \frac{1}{\theta^N}$$

To maximize the above likelihood we need to minimize  $\theta$

But we also have a constraint that  $0 \leq x \leq \theta$

$$\text{so } \hat{\theta} = \max[x_i]$$