

Computer Graphics Laboratory 18CSL67 Extra Programs

1.DDA Line Drawing Technique

```
#include <iostream>
#include <qlut.h>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
int xx, yy, xend, yend;
void myinit() {
     //glClearColor(2.0, 2.0, 2.0, 4.0);
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
     glLoadIdentity();
     gluOrtho2D(0, 500, 0, 500);
     glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
void setPixel(int x, int y)
     glBegin(GL POINTS);
     glVertex2f(x, y);
     glEnd();
     glFlush();
}
void lineDDA(int x0,int y0,int xend,int yend)
     int dx = xend - x0, dy = yend - y0, steps, k;
     float xIncrement, yIncrement, x = x0, y = y0;
     glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
     glPointSize(3);
     if (fabs(dx) > fabs(dy))
          steps = fabs(dx);
     else {
         steps = fabs(dy);
     xIncrement = float(dx) / float(steps);
     yIncrement = float(dy) / float(steps);
     setPixel(round(x), round(y));
     for (k = 0; k < steps; k++) {
          x = x + xIncrement;
          y = y + yIncrement;
          setPixel(round(x), round(y));
```

```
void display()
     glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
     lineDDA(xx, yy, xend, yend);
     glFlush();
int main() {
     //glutInit(&argc, argv);
     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
     glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
     glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
     glutCreateWindow("dda line");
     myinit();
     cout << "enter co-ordinates of first point: ";</pre>
     cin >> xx >> yy;
     cout << "enter co-ordinates of second point: ";</pre>
     cin >> xend >> yend;
     glutDisplayFunc(display);
     glutMainLoop();
     return 0;
2.Mid-Point Circle Generation
#include <ql/qlut.h>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void myinit()
     glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
     gluOrtho2D(-500, 500, -500, 500);
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
void Draw() {
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
     glColor3d(1, 0, 0);
     glBegin (GL TRIANGLE FAN);
     glVertex2f(0.0, 0.0);
     glVertex2f(0.0, 30.0);
     glVertex2f(20.0, 30.0);
     glVertex2f(30.0, 20.0);
     glVertex2f(30.50, 0.50);
     glVertex2f(30.0, -10.0);
     glVertex2f(20.0, -20.0);
     glVertex2f(0.0, -20.50);
     glVertex2f(-20.0, -20.0);
     glVertex2f(-30.0, -10.0);
     glEnd();
     glFlush();
```

```
void circle()
     glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
     glPointSize(2.0);
     float r = 100;
     float x = 0, y = r;
     float p = 1 - r;
     glBegin(GL POINTS);
     while (x != y)
          x++;
          if (p < 0) {
               p += 2 * (x + 1) + 1;
          }
          else {
               y--;
               p += 2 * (x + 1) + 1 - 2
          glVertex2i(x, y);
          qlVertex2i(-x, y);
          glVertex2i(x, -y);
          glVertex2i(-x, -y);
          glVertex2i(y, x);
          glVertex2i(-y, x);
          glVertex2i(y, -x);
          glVertex2i(-y, -x);
     glEnd();
     glFlush();
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
     qlutInit(&argc, argv);
     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
     glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
     glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
     glutCreateWindow("Line Draw OpenGL");
     glutDisplayFunc(Draw);
     myinit();
     glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
     glutInitWindowPosition(500, 500);
     glutCreateWindow("Draw OpenGL");
     glutDisplayFunc(circle);
     myinit();
     glutMainLoop();
     return 0;
3. Stroked Circle
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<gl/glut.h>
```

```
void myinit()
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION MATRIX);
     glLoadIdentity();
     gluOrtho2D(-50, 50, -50, 50);
     glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
void display()
     glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
     int i;
     float x1, x2, y1, y2, r1 = 15, r2 = 18, t;
     glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
     glBegin(GL QUAD STRIP);
     for (i = 0; i \le 24; i++)
          t = 3.142 / 12 * i;
          x1 = r1 * cos(t);
          y1 = r1 * sin(t);
          x2 = r2 * cos(t);
          y2 = r2 * sin(t);
          glVertex2f(x1, y1);
          glVertex2f(x2, y2);
     glEnd();
     glFlush();
}
void main()
     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
     glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
     glutInitWindowPosition(300, 150);
     glutCreateWindow("Stroked O");
     myinit();
     glutDisplayFunc(display);
     glutMainLoop();
}
4. Raster Text Display
#include<ql/qlut.h>
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
char str[40];
int cx1 = 50, cy1 = 100, cx2 = 20, cy2 = 180, d = 10;
void myinit()
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION MATRIX);
     glLoadIdentity();
     gluOrtho2D(0, 200, 0, 200);
     glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
}
void display()
     glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
     glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
     glRasterPos2i(cx1, cy1);
     int i;
     glRasterPos2i(cx1, cy1);
     for (i = 0; i < strlen(str); i++)
       glutBitmapCharacter(GLUT BITMAP TIMES ROMAN 24, str[i]);
     }
     glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
     for (i = 0; i < strlen(str); i++)
        glRasterPos2i(cx2, cy2 - d * i);
        glutBitmapCharacter(GLUT BITMAP TIMES ROMAN 24,str[i]);
     glFlush();
void main()
     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
     glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
     glutInitWindowPosition(300, 150);
     cout << "Enter the string: \n";
     cin>>str;
     glutCreateWindow("Text");
     myinit();
     glutDisplayFunc(display);
     glutMainLoop();
}
5. 2D Gasket
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<GL/glut.h>
float v[3][2] = \{ \{-25, -25\}, \{0, 25\}, \{25, -25\} \};
void myinit()
{
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION MATRIX);
                                                                  5
```

```
glLoadIdentity();
     gluOrtho2D(-50, 50, -50, 50);
     glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
}
void display()
     glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
     glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
     glVertex2fv(v[0]);
     glVertex2fv(v[1]);
     glVertex2fv(v[2]);
     glEnd();
     float p[2] = \{ 0, 0 \};
     int i, n = 5000, j;
     glPointSize(2);
     for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
          j = rand() % 3;
          if (j == 0)
               glColor3f(1, 0, 0);
          else if (j == 1)
               glColor3f(0, 1, 0);
          else
               glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
          p[0] = (p[0] + v[j][0]) / 2;
          p[1] = (p[1] + v[j][1]) / 2;
          glBegin(GL POINTS);
          glVertex2fv(p);
          glEnd();
          glFlush();
     }
}
void main()
     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
     glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
     glutInitWindowPosition(300, 150);
     glutCreateWindow("2D Sierpinkski Gasket");
     myinit();
     glutDisplayFunc(display);
     glutMainLoop();
6. Reshape Function
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ql/qlut.h>
void myinit()
glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION MATRIX);
glLoadIdentity();
gluOrtho2D(-100,100,-100,100);
glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
```

```
void display()
glClearColor(0,0,0,1);
glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
glColor3f(1,0,0);
glBegin(GL POLYGON);
glVertex2f(-50, -50);
glVertex2f(-50,50);
glVertex2f(50,50);
glVertex2f(50, -50);
glEnd();
glFlush();
void reshape(int w, int h)
glViewport(0,0,w,h);
glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION MATRIX);
glLoadIdentity();
float t1 = (float)w/(float)h;
float t2 = (float)h/(float)w;
if(w>h)
gluOrtho2D(-100*t1,100*t1,-100,100);
gluOrtho2D(-100,100,-100*t2,100*t2);
glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
glutPostRedisplay();
void main()
glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
glutInitWindowSize(200,200);
glutInitWindowPosition(300,150);
glutCreateWindow("Reshape");
myinit();
glutDisplayFunc(display);
glutReshapeFunc(reshape);
glutMainLoop();
7. Square shape drawn on Mouse Click
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<GL/glut.h>
int wh = 500, ww = 500; float siz = 3;
void myinit()
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
     glLoadIdentity();
     gluOrtho2D(0, wh, 0, ww);// xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax
     glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
}
```

```
void drawsq(int x, int y)
     y = wh - y;
     glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
     glBegin(GL POLYGON);
     qlVertex2f(x + siz, y + siz);
     glVertex2f(x - siz, y + siz);
     glVertex2f(x - siz, y - siz);
     glVertex2f(x + siz, y - siz);
     glEnd();
     glFlush();
void display()
     glClearColor(1, 1, 1, 1);
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
}
void myMouse(int button, int state, int x, int y)
     if (button == GLUT_LEFT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN)
          drawsq(x, y);
     if (button == GLUT RIGHT BUTTON && state == GLUT DOWN)
          exit(0);
void main(int argc, char** argv)
     glutInit(&argc, argv);
     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT RGB | GLUT SINGLE);
     glutInitWindowSize(wh, ww);
     glutCreateWindow("square");
     glutDisplayFunc(display);
     glutMouseFunc(myMouse);
     myinit();
     glutMainLoop();
8. Display List Demonstration
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ql/qlut.h>
#define sq 10
void myinit()
glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION MATRIX);
glLoadIdentity();
gluOrtho2D(-100,100,-100,100);
glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
void display()
glClearColor(0,0,0,1);
glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
glColor3f(1,0,0);
glNewList(sq,GL COMPILE);
```

```
glBegin(GL POLYGON);
glVertex2f(-50, -50);
glVertex2f(-50,50);
glVertex2f(50,50);
glVertex2f(50, -50);
glEnd();
glEndList();
glCallList(sq);
glFlush();
void main()
glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
glutInitWindowSize(600,600);
glutInitWindowPosition(300,150);
glutCreateWindow("Display List");
myinit();
glutDisplayFunc(display);
glutMainLoop();
9. Rubberband Technique
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ql/qlut.h>
float xm, ym, xmm, ymm;
int first = 0, w = 600, h = 600;
void init()
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION MATRIX);
     glLoadIdentity();
     gluOrtho2D(0, w, 0, h);
     glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);
}
void disp()
     glClearColor(0, 0, 0, 1);
     glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
     glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
     qlLineWidth(5);
     glFlush();
}
void mouse(int b, int s, int x, int y)
     glColor3f(0, 0, 1);
     y = h - y;
     if (b == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && s == GLUT DOWN)
          xm = x;
          ym = y;
          first = 0;
     if (b == GLUT LEFT BUTTON && s == GLUT UP)
```

```
glLogicOp(GL XOR);
          glBegin(GL LINES);
          glVertex2f(xm, ym);
          glVertex2f(xmm, ymm);
          glEnd();
          glFlush();
          glLogicOp(GL COPY);
          glBegin(GL LINES);
          glVertex2f(xm, ym);
          glVertex2f(xmm, ymm);
          glEnd();
          glFlush();
     if (b == GLUT RIGHT BUTTON && s == GLUT DOWN)
          glClearColor(0, 0, 0, 1);
          glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
          glFlush();
     glFlush();
void move(int x, int y)
     y = h - y;
     if (first == 1)
          glLogicOp(GL XOR);
          glBegin(GL LINES);
          glVertex2f(xm, ym);
          glVertex2f(xmm, ymm);
          glEnd();
     xmm = x;
     ymm = y;
     glLogicOp(GL XOR);
     glBegin(GL LINES);
     glVertex2f(xm, ym);
     glVertex2f(xmm, ymm);
     glEnd();
     glFlush();
     first = 1;
}
void main()
     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
     glutInitWindowSize(600, 600);
     glutInitWindowPosition(300, 150);
     glutCreateWindow("Rubberband Technique");
     init();
     glEnable(GL COLOR LOGIC OP);
     glutDisplayFunc(disp);
     glutMouseFunc(mouse);
```

```
glutMotionFunc(move);
     glutMainLoop();
10.Menu based Interaction.
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<GL/glut.h>
float x1,x2,x3,x4,y1,y2,y3,y4;
void d menu(int op)
     if(op==1)
          glColor3f(1.0,0.0,0.0);
     else if (op==2)
          glColor3f(0.0,1.0,0.0);
     else if (op==3)
          glColor3f(0.0,0.0,1.0);
     else if(op==4)
          exit(0);
     glutPostRedisplay();
}
void display()
     x1=200.0; y1=200.0; x2=100.0; y2=300.0;
     x3=200.0; y3=400.0; x4=300.0; y4=300.0;
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
     glBegin (GL LINE LOOP);
     glVertex2f(x1,y1);
     glVertex2f(x2,y2);
     glVertex2f(x3,y3);
     glVertex2f(x4,y4);
     glEnd();
     glFlush();
}
void myinit()
     glClearColor(1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0);
     glColor3f(1.0,0.0,1.0);
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
     glLoadIdentity();
     qluOrtho2D(0.0,499.0,0.0,499.0);
}
void main(int argc,char **argv)
     glutInit(&argc,argv);
     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE|GLUT RGB);
     glutInitWindowSize(500,500);
     glutInitWindowPosition(0,0);
     glutCreateWindow("polygon");
     glutCreateMenu(d menu);
```

```
glutAddMenuEntry("Red",1);
     glutAddMenuEntry("Green",2);
     glutAddMenuEntry("Blue",3);
     glutAddMenuEntry("Quit",4);
     glutAttachMenu(GLUT RIGHT BUTTON);
     myinit();
     glutDisplayFunc(display);
     glutMainLoop();
11. Simple Bezier Curve
#include<GL/qlut.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
/* Set initial size of the display window. */
GLsizei winWidth = 600, winHeight = 600;
/* Set size of world-coordinate clipping window.*/
GLfloat xwcMin = -50.0, xwcMax = 50.0;
GLfloat ywcMin = -50.0, ywcMax = 50.0;
class wcPt3D
{
public:
     GLfloat x, y, z;
};
void init(void)
     /* Set color of display window to white. */
     glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0);
void plotPoint(wcPt3D bezCurvePt)
     glBegin(GL POINTS);
     glVertex2f(bezCurvePt.x, bezCurvePt.y);
     glEnd();
void binomialCoeffs(GLint n, GLint* C)
     GLint k, j;
     for (k = 0; k \le n; k++) {
          /* Compute n!/(k!(n - k)!). */
          C[k] = 1;
         for (j = n; j >= k + 1; j--)
               C[k] *= j;
          for (j = n - k; j >= 2; j--)
               C[k] /= j;
     }
void computeBezPt(GLfloat u, wcPt3D* bezPt, GLint nCtrlPts,
wcPt3D* ctrlPts, GLint* C)
     GLint k, n = nCtrlPts - 1;
     GLfloat bezBlendFcn;
```

```
bezPt->x = bezPt->y = bezPt->z = 0.0;
     /* Compute blending functions and blend control points. */
     for (k = 0; k < nCtrlPts; k++) {
          bezBlendFcn = C[k] * pow(u, k) * pow(1 - u, n - k);
          bezPt->x += ctrlPts[k].x * bezBlendFcn;
          bezPt->y += ctrlPts[k].y * bezBlendFcn;
          bezPt->z += ctrlPts[k].z * bezBlendFcn;
}
void bezier(wcPt3D* ctrlPts, GLint nCtrlPts, GLint nBezCurvePts)
     wcPt3D bezCurvePt;
     GLfloat u;
     GLint* C, k;
    C = new GLint[nCtrlPts];
     binomialCoeffs(nCtrlPts - 1, C);
     for (k = 0; k <= nBezCurvePts; k++)</pre>
     u = GLfloat(k) / GLfloat(nBezCurvePts);
     computeBezPt(u, &bezCurvePt, nCtrlPts, ctrlPts, C);
     plotPoint(bezCurvePt);
delete[] C;
void displayFcn(void)
/* Set example number of control points and number of curve
positions to be plotted along the Bezier curve. */
GLint nCtrlPts = 4, nBezCurvePts = 1000;
wcPt3D ctrlPts[4] = \{ \{-40.0, -40.0, 0.0\}, \{-10.0, 200.0, \} \}
0.0, \{10.0, -200.0, 0.0\}, \{40.0, 40.0, 0.0\}};
glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT); // Clear display window.
glPointSize(4);
glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0); // Set point color to red.
bezier(ctrlPts, nCtrlPts, nBezCurvePts);
glFlush();
void winReshapeFcn(GLint newWidth, GLint newHeight)
     /* Maintain an aspect ratio of 1.0. */
     glViewport(0, 0, newHeight, newHeight);
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
     glLoadIdentity();
     gluOrtho2D(xwcMin, xwcMax, ywcMin, ywcMax);
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
void main(int argc, char** argv)
     qlutInit(&argc, argv);
     qlutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE |GLUT_RGB);
     glutInitWindowPosition(50, 50);
     glutInitWindowSize(winWidth, winHeight);
```

```
glutCreateWindow("Bezier Curve");
init();
glutDisplayFunc(displayFcn);
glutReshapeFunc(winReshapeFcn);
glutMainLoop();
}
```

