

# Recursive Least Squares Algorithm

B Swaroop Reddy and Dr G V V Sharma\*

## CONTENTS

|   |                     |   |
|---|---------------------|---|
| 1 | Source Files        | 1 |
| 2 | Problem Formulation | 1 |

**Abstract**—This manual provides an introduction to the RLS Algorithm.

and estimating  $W(n)$ . The human voice can be characterized as

$$e(n) = d(n)W^T(n)X(n) \quad (2.0.4)$$

The goal is to find  $W(n)$  that will allow  $W^T(n)X(n)$  to mimic the instrument sound in  $d(n)$ .

## 1 SOURCE FILES

- Get the git source and enter the local directory

```
git clone https://github.com/gadepall/adsp.git/
adsp.git
cd adsp/audiosource
```

- Play the **signal\_noise.wav** and **noise.wav** files.

## 2 PROBLEM FORMULATION

The signal **noise.wav**  $d(n)$  contains a human voice along with an instrument sound in the background. This sound is captured in **noise.wav**  $X(n)$ . The goal is to suppress  $X(n)$  in  $d(n)$ . Let

$$d(n) = e(n) + y(n) \quad (2.0.1)$$

where  $e(n)$  is the desired signal. We want an estimate of  $e(n)$  from  $X(n)$ . This can be done by considering

$$y(n) = W^T(n)X(n) \quad (2.0.2)$$

Where

$$X(n) = \begin{bmatrix} X(n) \\ X(n-1) \\ X(n-2) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ X(n-M+1) \end{bmatrix}_{MX1} \quad W(n) = \begin{bmatrix} w_1(n) \\ w_2(n) \\ w_3(n) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ w_{n-M+1}(n) \end{bmatrix}_{MX1} \quad (2.0.3)$$

\*The author is with the Department of Electrical Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology, Hyderabad 502285 India e-mail: gadepall@iith.ac.in. All content in this manual is released under GNU GPL. Free and open source.