INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, KHARAGPUR

Mid-semester Examination, 2016-2017

Subject: Chemical Process Technology

Subject No.: CH 30014

Date: 21. 2.2017 (FN)

Time:2 Hrs

Full Marks: 30

Instructions: Answer <u>all questions</u>. Do not ask for clarification on any question. State and assume any missing data suitably.

Describe with a <u>neat flow diagram</u> any one process for production of hydrogen to meet the demand of hydrogen in a kerosene hydrodesulfurisation unit in a petroleum refinery.

[4marks]

Describe with a block flow diagram how lubricating oil base stock is produced in a petroleum refinery. [4 marks]

Q1c. Explain what is meant by the term 'utility systems' in a large scale chemical complex.

[4 marks

- Q2. A naphtha based fertilizer plant produces urea [CO(NH₂)₂]. The feed naphtha having 16% w/w H₂ has a density of 752 Kg/M³. This plant receives naphtha in railway wagons with unloading capacity of 1000 M³/day. Estimate the maximum daily production of <u>ammonia</u> in the ammonia production section of this plant. (Atomic weights of N, O and H are 14, 16 and 1).
- Q3. A producer gas plant uses a steady mixture of steam and air passed through the coal bed. This coal has 62%w/w carbon. Assume the major reactions to be
 - (i) C+H₂O = CO +H2 [The reaction is endothermic and Heat of reaction is $\Delta H_1 kJ/kg$ C]
 - (ii) C+O₂ = CO [The reaction is exothermic and Heat of reaction is $\Delta H_2 kJ/kg$ C]

(a) Estimate the mole ratio of steam and air.

(b) List all side reactions that possibly occur in the bed and

(c) the effect of each of these reaction on the calorific value of the product gas.

[4+3+3=10 marks]

