$$\frac{v_x}{U} = 2 \left[\frac{y}{\delta} \right] - \left[\frac{y}{\delta} \right]^2$$

Obtain an expression for δ . Determine the total viscous drag force on the plate assuming the pressure drag is negligible. (kinematic viscosity of water is $1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$).

Thin flat plate in water atomie tunnel.

Check
$$Re_{L} = 8 \frac{UL}{V} = \frac{2 \times 0.13}{10^{-6}} = 6 \times 10^{5}$$
, so laminar

MI ENT
$$T_{W} = PU^{2} \frac{ds}{dx} \int \frac{u}{u} \left(1 - \frac{u}{u}\right) d\eta$$

or,
$$\frac{U}{8} = \frac{A(u/u)}{A(v/s)} \left[\frac{1}{v/s} + \frac{1}{v/s} - \frac{1}{$$

or,
$$\frac{2\mu}{8} = \rho \frac{d8}{dx} \left[\int_{0}^{\pi} (2\eta - 5\eta^{2} + 4\eta^{3} - \eta^{4}) d\eta \right]$$

or, $\frac{2\mu}{8} = \rho \frac{d8}{dx} \left[\int_{0}^{\pi} (2\eta - 5\eta^{2} + 4\eta^{3} - \eta^{4}) d\eta \right]$

or,
$$\frac{24}{8} = PU \frac{d8}{dx} \left[\int_{0}^{\infty} (2\eta^{-5}\eta^{-4} + 4\eta^{4} - \frac{1}{5}\eta^{5}) \right]_{0}^{\infty}$$

or,
$$\frac{24}{8} = PU \frac{d8}{dx} \left[\frac{\pi}{1} - \frac{3}{5} + 1 - \frac{1}{5} \right] = \frac{2}{15} PU \frac{d8}{dx}$$
or, $\frac{24}{8} = PU \frac{d8}{dx} \left[1 - \frac{5}{5} + 1 - \frac{1}{5} \right] = \frac{2}{15} PU \frac{d8}{dx}$

$$S^2 = 30 \mu x + C.$$
 $S = 0$ at $x = 0 = 7$ $C = 0$

$$=\frac{8}{5.48}$$
 by $\sqrt{\frac{p_U}{\mu}}$. $L^{1/2}$

$$= \frac{8}{5.48} \times 1 \text{ m/x} \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg} \cdot 2 \text{ m} \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m/x}}{10^{-3}} \text{ kg}$$

$$= \frac{8}{5.48} \times 1 \text{ m/x} \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg} \cdot 2 \text{ m} \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m/x}}{10^{-3}} \text{ kg}$$