ultrapolaRplot: A free/open-source R library for plotting tongue traces

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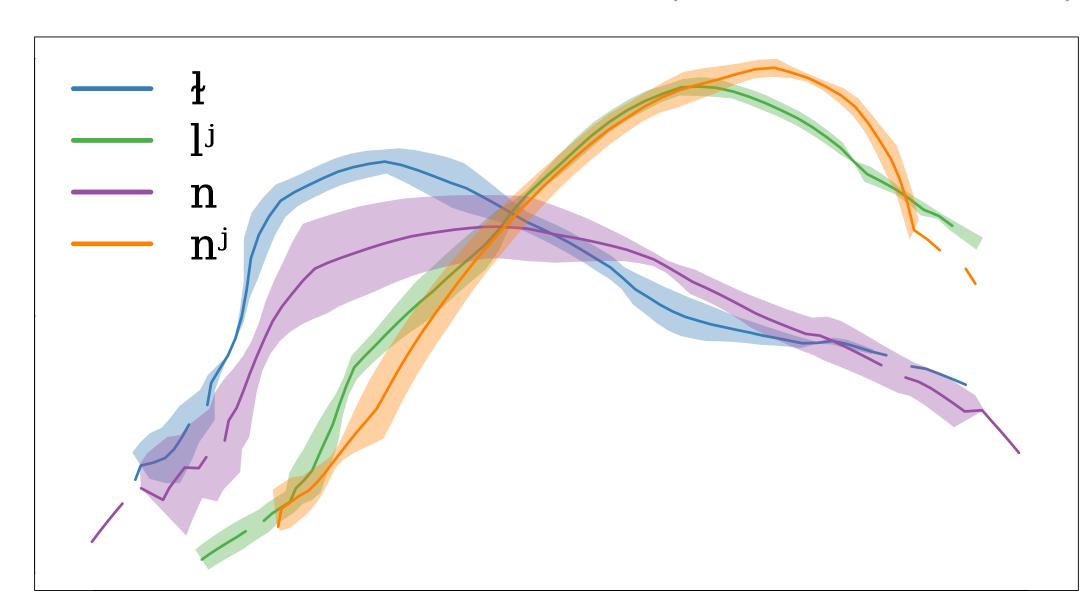
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Introduction

- R library for plotting tongue traces
- complements / uses data from UltraTrace annotation tool
- free/open-source license (GPLv3)
- simple to use!
- highly configurable!
- in CRAN! to use: install.packages('ultrapolaRplot')

Simple example:

(Russian palatal dataset)

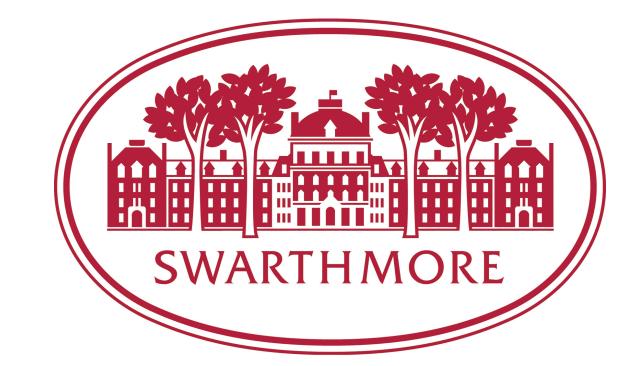


library(ultrapolaRplot) # assumed henceforth

rawTraces <- loadTraces('../palatals/', 'cons')</pre> polarTraces <- makeTracesPolar(rawTraces)</pre> plotTraces(rawTraces, polarTraces, pdf.filename="palatals.pdf")

Basics

- descriptive: mean tongue traces, standard deviation bands Washington (2016), Washington & Washington (2018), Washington (2019)
- analytical: SSANOVA, GAMs not currently supported (narrow confidence intervals deceptive)
- radial/polar coordinate system (more precise) Mielke (2015), Heyne & Derrick (2015)



Free/open-source R library

for plotting tongue traces

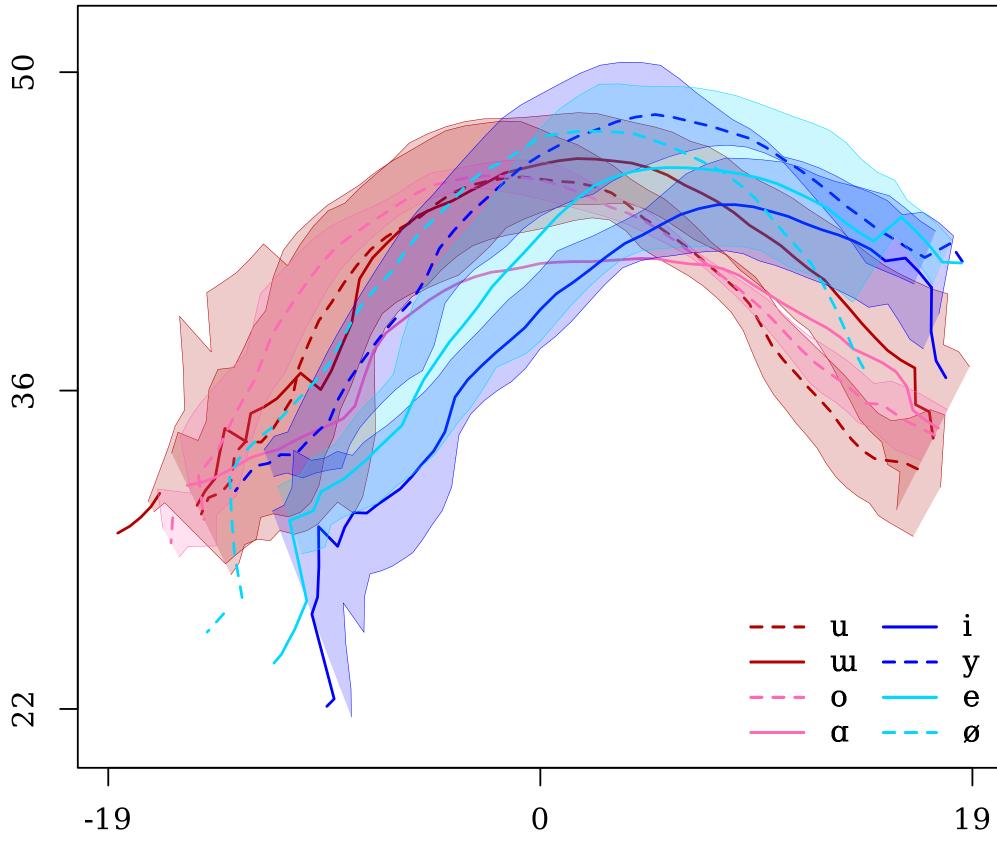




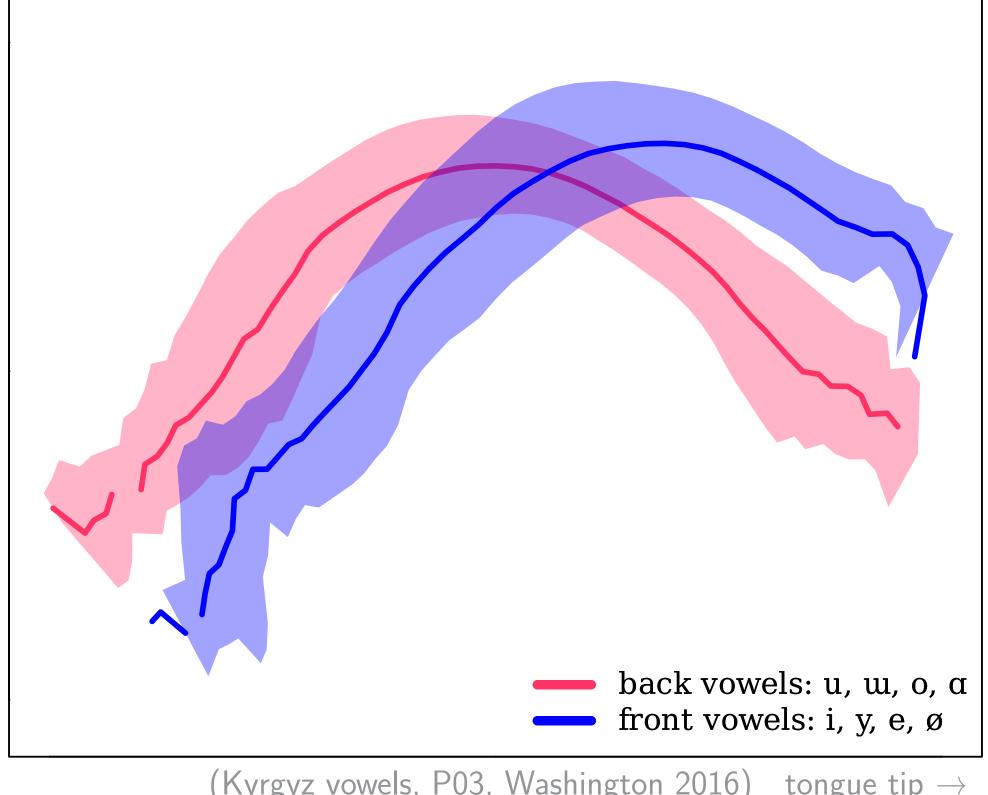
Scan with mobile camera

to access the documentation and source code & download the poster

https://github.com/SwatPhonLab/ultrapolaRplot



rawTraces <- loadTraces('../P03/', 'vowels', c('u', 'w', 'o', 'a', 'i', 'y', 'e', 'ø')) polarTraces <- makeTracesPolar(rawTraces)</pre> plotTraces(rawTraces, polarTraces, palette = c("#B30000", "#B30000", "#FF69B5", "#FF69B5", "#0000FF", "#0000FF", "#00D8FF", "#00D8FF") legend.position = "bottomright", points.display = FALSE, bands.lines = TRUE, bands.fill = TRUE, transparency = 0.2, mean.lines = TRUE, means.styles = c(2,1,2,1,1,2,1,2), plot.labels = TRUE, plot.ticks = TRUE, legend.size = 1, legend.linewidth = 1.5, means.linewidth = 1.5, tick.size = 1, bands.linewidth = 0.2, pdf.filename="P03.pdf")



(Kyrgyz vowels, P03, Washington 2016) tongue tip \rightarrow

rawTraces <- loadTraces('../P03/', categoriesAll =</pre> list(c('u', 'w', 'o', 'a'), c('i', 'y', 'e', 'ø')), mergeCategories = TRUE) polarTraces <- makeTracesPolar(rawTraces,</pre> origin.algorithm = "BottomMean") plotTraces(rawTraces, polarTraces, pdf.filename = "P03 combined.pdf", maskCategories = c("back vowels: u, w, o, a", "front vowels: i, y, e, \emptyset "), legend.position = "bottomright", palette = c("#FF3366", "#0000FF"))

← advanced styling

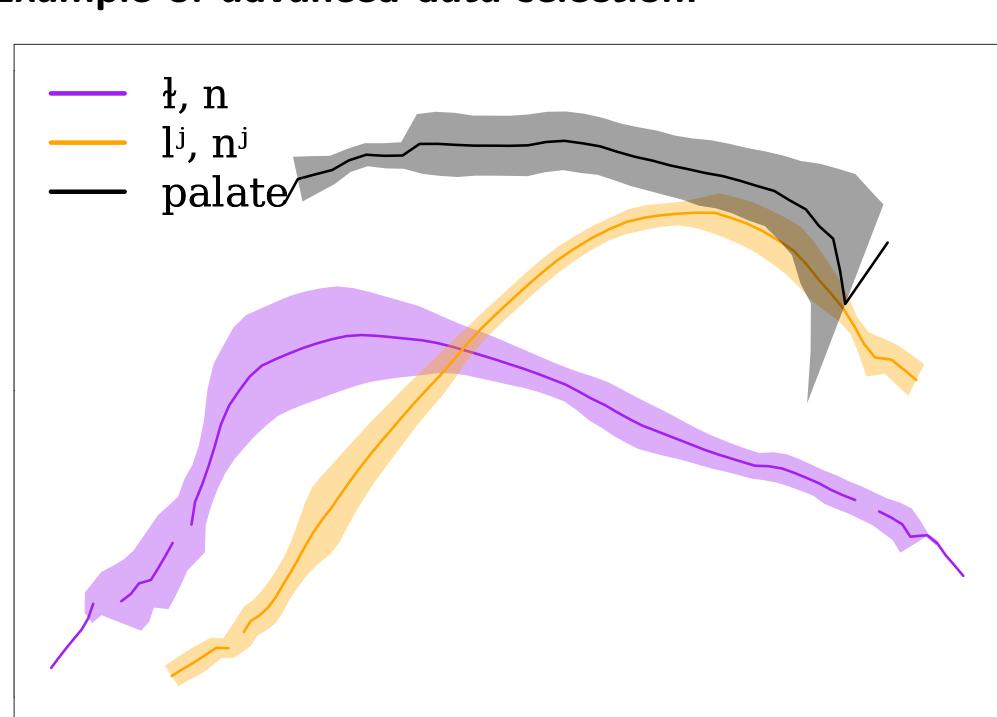
grouping categories

Implementation

loadTraces()

- Reads metadata.json (UltraTrace data) and TextGrids
- Allows data selection via interval, tier, and layer labels makeTracesPolar()
- Polar coordinate conversion
- Options for estimating or specifying transducer origin plotTraces()
- Plots mean lines and standard deviation bands (samples traces every n° , finds polar coordinate intersects)
- Customizable raw annotations, colors, transparency, labels

Example of advanced data selection:



```
rawTraces <- loadTraces('../palatals/', tiernameAll =
  c("cons","cons", ""), categoriesAll = list(c("\lambda","n"),
   c("l^{j}", "n^{j}"), c("")), layersAll = c('tongue',
   'tongue', 'palate'), mergeCategories = TRUE)
polarTraces <- makeTracesPolar(rawTraces, scaling.factor =</pre>
  592/412, origin.algorithm = "BottomMean")
plotTraces(rawTraces, polarTraces, palette = c("purple",
  "orange", "black"), maskCategories = c("\lambda, n", "l',
  n<sup>j</sup>", "palate"), pdf.filename = "RusPal alllevels.pdf")
```

Future work

Difference plots (difference between categories)

Washington (2016), Washington & Washington (2018), Coretta (2020)

- Different annotation formats (data input)
- Additional plotting options:
- algorithms used in SSANOVA and GAMs
- panel/grid layout; legend font; different axis units
- -transducer origin directly from DICOM?
- Remove need for makeTracesPolar()
- Filtering data after loading (more efficient)

Conclusion

- Versatile tool
- Lowers entry bar for ultrasound speech research
- Useful tool for experienced researchers
- Usable in qualitative research
- Free/Open Source Software (GNU GPL v3)