DECEMBER 2020: END SEMESTER ASSESSMENT B Tech CSE 5th SEMESTER UE18CS303 - MACHINE INTELLIGENCE

		Time: 3 Hrs		Answer Al	Questions		Max Marks: 100	
	a)	When is a concep When is a concep Using the comple When is a version	t consistent? (1 teness and con-	sistency de				5
	b)	When is a version space set convex?(1) For each of the following activities, give a PEAS description of the task environment and characterize it in terms of the properties A. Exploring the subsurface oceans of Titan. (1) B. Shopping for used AI books on the Internet. (1) C. Playing a tennis match. (1) D. Practicing tennis against a wall. (1) E. Performing a high jump.(1) Example: Playing Soccer Partially observable, stochastic, sequential, dynamic, continuous, multi-agent.						
1	c)	Consider the foll	owing search r	problem:				5
	-,	Consider the ron			Node	h		1
		-	4		Α	3		
		5 -0	1) 5		В	2		
		1	0 10			100		
		(8)	*(G)		C	0	-	
		S is the start Sta	visited: (1 ma	TK TOT CACI	erform BFS, search algor	DFS, UCS rithm)	S, A*, Greedy Search an	d
			Consider the following data set:					
The second second	d		Ownig data					
The second second	d			v airling	profitable			
	d	Price mainter	nance capacity	v airbag	· yes /,			
	d	Price mainter low low low me	nance capacity v	no yes	yes /			
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And the following	g negatively labelled data points in R ²					
	$\binom{0}{1}$ $\binom{0}{1}$ $\binom{0}{1}$ $\binom{-1}{0}$ $\binom{-1}{0}$					
	in pursion and termination criteria	10				
define your symbo	algorithms in terms of initialization, induction/recursion and termination criteria kov model in terms of alpha, beta, gamma and di-gamma probabilities. Please ots for each and draw a diagram for the induction process(1)					
	l Algorithm (3)	5				
State the 3 advan	State the 3 advantages of Naive-Bayes classifier. (3) We want to classify a student into two classes "hirable (H)" and "non-hirable (N) = We want to classify a student into two classes "hirable (H)" and "non-hirable (N) = We want to classify a student into two classes "hirable (H)" and "non-hirable (N) = One of the class of Naive-Bayes classifier. (3)					
A a structure for	and that probability r (m - viii)	5				
as which Bayes	classifier will classify a student who has					
to which Bayes	classifier will classify a student who has					
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to which Bayes c) The following are Attributes are C The data set given	classifier will classify a student who has been the attributes of a car stolen database: Color , Type , Origin, and the subject, stolen can be either yes or no. ven is as follows Origin Stolen?	,				
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(a)	The database of transact Let the min_support =	ctions in a book mart is as follows: 27%	
	Trans_ID 101 102 103 104 105	Book, Pen, Eraser Pen, Pencil Notebook, Book, Pen, Eraser Book, Pen Book, Notebook, Eraser	
	(Use alphabets B for B	Book, P for Pen, E for Eraser, PN for Pencil and N for Notebook)	
OL OL	Write the FP tree, of Suppose that the data representing location) B3(6.4),C1(1,2), C2(4,	sonditional pattern base and conditional FP-Tree conditional pattern base and conditional FP-Tree mining tasks is to cluster the following 8 points (with (x,y) into 3 clusters: A1(2,10), A2(2,5), A3(8,4), B1(5,8), B2(7,5), 9).Plot a rough sketch of these 8 points.	5
	Suppose that the data representing location) B3(6,4),C1(1,2), C2(4, The distance function as the center of each cl	conditional pattern base and conditional FP-Tree mining tasks is to cluster the following 8 points (with (x,y) into 3 clusters: A1(2,10), A2(2,5), A3(8,4), B1(5,8), B2(7,5), 9). Plot a rough sketch of these 8 points. is Euclidean distance. Suppose initially we assign A1, B1 and C1 luster, respectively. Use K-means algorithm to show only the three e first round of execution	5
N. A.	Suppose that the data representing location) B3(6,4),C1(1,2), C2(4, The distance function as the center of each cl	sonditional pattern base and conditional FP-Tree mining tasks is to cluster the following 8 points (with (x,y) into 3 clusters: A1(2,10), A2(2,5), A3(8,4), B1(5,8), B2(7,5), .9).Plot a rough sketch of these 8 points. is Euclidean distance. Suppose initially we assign A1, B1 and C1 luster, respectively. Use K-means algorithm to show only the three e first round of execution inkage and Complete Linkage Techniques	

		ivel probability is proportional the Rank of the chromosome. Is	5
	a)	In roulette wheel selection the survival probability is proportional the Rank of the chromosome. Is this statement True/False(1)	
ı		In Genetic algorithm the cross-over probability and mutation probability can be either High or Low. Should both the probabilities be High or Low or which should be High and which should be low?(1)	
ı		the selection problem what is the type encounty and crossover adopted	
ļ		Which GA operation is the most computationally expensive operation(1) In a travelling salesman problem if there are 10 cities and the direction between cities is not	5
ı	b)	important	
l	1	How many genes do we use in a chromosome?(1)	
l		2. How many genes will be there in the alphabet of the algorithm?(1) The standard Genetic Algorithms is	
ı		The Fitness Function in Genetic Algorithms is method to measure how fit a candidate solution is in solving the problem.	
l		- The objective function for the optimization problem being solved.	
ı		- a substitute to approximate the survival abilities of individuals in nature	
ı		Which of the following statements are True (3)	
1	9	Assume we used 200 training examples to produce the above decision tree plot. If we wish to reduce the overfitting to half of what we observe there, how many training examples would you suggest we use? Justify your answer in terms of the agnostic PAC bound, in no more than two sentences.(2)	6
		Give a one sentence explanation of why you are not certain that your recommended number of training examples will reduce overfitting by exactly one half (2)	
		Let us consider the below plot of training and test error from the perspective of agnostic PAC bounds	
		0.9 +	
		0.85	
		0.8	
		0.75	
		0.65	
		0.55 -	
		05	
		0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Size of tree (number of nodes)	
	10	Consider the agnostic PAC bound	
	7	4	
	1	$m \ge \frac{1}{2\epsilon^2} (\ln H + \ln(1/\delta))$	
	1	where e is defined to be the difference between errortrue(h) and errortrain(h) for any hypothesis h output by the learner.	
	13	State in one carefully worded sentence what the above PAC bound guarantees about the	
d	10	wo curves in our decision tree plot above(2)	
7	P	State which of the following are True/False PSO carries out both local and global search (1)	1
	F	SO is faster and less computationally expensive then GA (1)	
	16	SO generally solves minimization problems (1)	
	1.11	PSO cognitive part of the equation requires the global best (1)	

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