

SMART TASK ORGANIZER

Done By: Swathi C

Date of Submission: 10/09/2024

AGENDA	Aim of the Project 3
	Problem Statement 4
	Project Description 5
	Functionalities 6
AGLINDA	Error Handling 11
	Code Implementation 12
	Results and Outcome 13
	Conclusion 14

AIM OF THE PROJECT:

- > Develop a goal-tracking system for managing daily and short-term goals.
- Focus on fitness, learning, and hobby goals, with custom short-term goal support.
- > Provide a framework to track progress and manage tasks.
- > Enhance productivity and organization for users.

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

In today's fast-paced lifestyle, people often struggle with maintaining a balance between fitness, learning, and hobbies. There is a need for an intuitive system that helps users prioritize and track their goals on a daily basis, while also keeping an eye on long-term objectives. Additionally, many goal-tracking systems lack flexibility in goal types or suffer from inefficient progress-tracking mechanisms.

This project aims to address these issues by offering:

- A customizable daily goal schedule that allows users to prioritize tasks.
- The ability to track progress for both daily and short-term goals.
- Feedback mechanisms for completed tasks, ensuring accountability and motivation.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

- Two goal types: Daily Goals (Fitness, Learning, Hobby) and Short-Term Goals (user-defined with deadlines).
- ➤ **Daily Schedule**: Users create a schedule with fitness, learning, and hobby goals, updating progress interactively.
- > Short-Term Goals: Users set goals with deadlines, tracking progress until completion.
- ➤ Goal Management: Tasks are managed and congratulated upon completion.
- ➤ **Validation**: Ensures correct input for goal priority, progress, and deadlines.
- Feedback: Provides clear task completion feedback and supports streamlined task management.

FUNCTIONALITIES

Abstract Classes & Inheritance:

•Abstract Base Class (Goal): Ensures a uniform structure for all goal types. Abstract methods (update_progress, display_status) act as a blueprint, simplifying the addition of new goal types.

Method Overriding & Flexibility

•Subclasses (e.g., FitnessGoal, LearningGoal) override methods like update_progress for tailored behavior while maintaining overall structure, enhancing code reusability and flexibility.

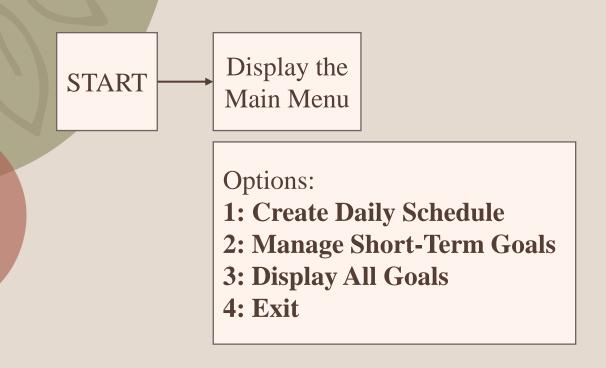
FUNCTIONALITIES

Priority-Based Goal Management

•Sorting by Priority: Goals are organized by priority in the daily schedule, ensuring high-priority tasks are addressed first, streamlining focus on key activities.

Static Methods for Validation

•Validation Logic: Static methods handle input validation (e.g., progress range, deadline formats), ensuring consistency and reducing code redundancy.





Option 1: Create Daily Schedule

- Prompt the user for the number of goals they want to schedule for the day.
- For each goal:
 - a. Ask the user to select the type of goal (Fitness, Learning, Hobby).
 - b. Request the goal's name and priority.
 - c. Add the goal to the daily schedule.
- After adding all goals, sort them by priority.
- Prompt the user to input the progress for each goal.
- Check if all tasks have been completed:

If not all tasks are completed:

- Ask the user if they want to manage short-term goals or complete pending tasks.
 - If they choose to manage short-term goals, proceed to Option 2.
 - If they choose to complete pending tasks, prompt them to update the progress of incomplete tasks.

Option 2: Manage Short-Term Goals Sub-Options:

1: Add a New Short-Term Goal

Request the name and deadline for the short-term goal.

Add the new goal to the short-term goals list.

2: Update Progress for a Short-Term Goal

Ask for the goal name and new progress.

Update the progress of the specified short-term goal.

3: Display Short-Term Goals

Show the list of all short-term goals, including their progress and deadlines.

Option 3: Display All Goals

Display all daily goals and short-term goals, including their progress and status.

Option 4: Exit

End the program.

End the Program



ERROR HANDLING:

The system includes robust error handling mechanisms to ensure smooth operation. Common validation checks and error-handling strategies include:

•Input Validation:

- •Progress values are validated to ensure they fall within the range of 0 to 100.
- •Priority values must be between 1 and 5.
- •Date inputs for short-term goals are validated to conform to the YYYY-MM-DD format.
- •Error Messages: Descriptive error messages are shown to the user when invalid inputs are provided, ensuring they understand the issue and can provide corrected inputs.
- •Exception Handling: The ValueError exception is used to catch and handle invalid inputs, especially during user input for priority, progress, and date validation.

RESULT AND OUTCOME:

- •Daily Task Management: Users can create, update, and track daily goals based on fitness, learning, and hobbies. Goals are prioritized and progress is updated interactively.
- •Short-Term Goal Management: Short-term goals are tracked with deadlines, and users are congratulated when goals are completed.
- •Progress Tracking: The system tracks progress for all goals, displaying clear statuses for both completed and ongoing tasks.
- •User-Friendly Interface: The program provides an interactive menu for easy navigation through options for daily scheduling and short-term goal management.

```
PS C:\Users\swathi\OneDrive\Desktop\smart task organizer> python main.py
MAIN MENU:
1. Create Daily Schedule
2. Manage Short-Term Goals
3. Display All Goals
4. Exit
Select an option: 1
How many goals do you want to schedule for today? 2
Select Goal Type:
1. Fitness Goal
2. Learning Goal
3. Hobby Goal
Enter choice: 1
Enter the goal name: exercise
Enter priority (1-5): 2
Select Goal Type:
1. Fitness Goal
2. Learning Goal
3. Hobby Goal
Enter choice: 2
Enter the goal name: oops
Enter priority (1-5): 1
Enter progress for 'oops' (Priority: 1) (0-100): 100
Updated progress for 'oops': 100%
&Congratulations! Task oops is completed successfully :)
Enter progress for 'exercise' (Priority: 2) (0-100): 50
Updated progress for 'exercise': 50%
Not all tasks are done. Do you want to manage short-term goals anyway? (yes/no): no
Please complete all pending tasks first.
Enter progress for 'exercise' (Priority: 2) (0-100): 100
```

CONCLUSION:

This goal-tracking system provides a practical solution for managing and prioritizing daily and short-term goals. By incorporating elements of object-oriented programming and user input validation, the system ensures flexibility, ease of use, and consistency in goal management. It is a valuable tool for individuals looking to track their personal productivity in a structured manner. Future improvements could include the addition of long-term goals, integration with calendar applications, and further customization of goals.

