

# Assignment 10

## Probability and Random Variables

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### I. PROBLEM

Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots$  be i.i.d  $N(1,1)$  random variable.  
Let  $S_n = (X_1)^2 + (X_2)^2 + (X_3)^2 + \dots + (X_n)^2$  for  $n \geq 1$ .  
Then  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\text{Var}(S_n)}{n}$  is :

### II. SOLUTION

We know, If  $Z_i$  for  $1 \leq i \leq n$  are independent standard normal random variables,  $X = \sum_{i=1}^n Z_i^2$  has chi-square distribution with  $n$  degree of freedom. The moment generating function for the same is given as:

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{tx^2} f(x; 1, 1) dx \quad (1)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{\frac{-(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} e^{tx^2} dx \quad (2)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{-(x-1)^2}{2 \times 1}} e^{\frac{tx^2}{2}} dx \quad (3)$$

$$= e^{\frac{t^2-t}{2}} \quad (4)$$

From moment generating function, the second moment is the variance ( $t=1$ ). This gives  $\text{Var}(X^2) = 1$ . The given random variables are i.i.d, so  $\text{Var}(S_n) = n\text{Var}(X^2)$ .

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\text{Var}(S_n)}{n} = n \frac{\text{Var}(X^2)}{n} \quad (5)$$

$$= \text{Var}(X^2) = 1 \quad (6)$$

**Download latex code from here-**

[https://github.com/Swati-Mohanty/AI5002/blob/main/Assignment\\_10/codes/assignment10.tex](https://github.com/Swati-Mohanty/AI5002/blob/main/Assignment_10/codes/assignment10.tex)