```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# coding: utf-8
# In[1]:
import pandas as pd
xls file = 'cluster.xlsx'
data1 = pd.read excel(xls file)
# In[5]:
#normalization
import pandas as pd
#https://scikit-
learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.normalize.htm
#https://scikit-
learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.Normalizer.ht
from sklearn import preprocessing
normalized data=data1.drop(['Column1'],axis=1)
normal=preprocessing.normalize(normalized data,norm='12')
normal df=pd.DataFrame(normal)
normal df.head()
# In[3]:
norm list=[]
norm list=normal df.values.tolist()
print(len(norm list))
# In[20]:
a list=[]
for i in range (50):
    a list.append(norm list[i])
c list=[]
for k in range (211, 269):
    c list.append(norm list[k])
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import random
# min list=[]
f list=[]
for j in range (269,329):
    f list.append(norm list[j])
v list=[]
for 1 in range (50,211):
    v list.append(norm list[l])
#initial centers
import numpy as np
def initial centers(k):
    centers=[]
    for i in range(k):
        r=random.randint(0,329)
        centers.append(norm list[r])
    return centers
#calculating euclidean distance
def cal euclidean distance(list1, list2, k):
    appended list=[]
    for i in range(len(list2)):
        1=[]
        appended list.append(1)
    for i in list1:
        min list=[]
        for j in list2:
#
              print(len(j))
            d=distance.euclidean(j,i)
            min_list.append(d)
        min val=999999
        for x in min list:
            if(x<min val):</pre>
                \min val=x
        min index=min list.index(min val)
        appended list[min index].append(i)
    return appended list
recall en=[]
precision en=[]
cluster no en=[]
f score en=[]
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def next centroid(list app):
    new center=[]
    for i in list app:
        temp clus=[]
        length=len(i)
        for k in range (300):
            temp3=[]
            for j in i:
#
                  print(type(j))
                temp3.append(j[k])
#
              print(len(temp3))
            sum1=sum(temp3)
            if(length!=0):
                sum final=sum1/length
                temp clus.append(sum final)
        new center.append(temp clus)
    return new center
def comb(n):
    return (n*(n-1))/2
def compare centroids(list1, list2):
    return (list1) == (list2)
# print(len(listdata1[0]))
def count(clusture list):
    c ani=0
    c fruit=0
    c veg=0
    c country=0
    tem=[]
    for g in clusture list:
        if g in a list:
            c ani+=1
        elif g in f list:
            c fruit+=1
        elif g in v list:
            c veg+=1
        else:
            c country+=1
    tem.append(c ani)
    tem.append(c country)
    tem.append(c fruit)
    tem.append(c veg)
    return tem
#main function
for cluster in range (1,11):
    list distance euc=[]
    cfm=[]
      for i in range(cluster):
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```
#
          1=[]
          cfm.append(1)
    old clist=initial centers(cluster)
    list distance euc=
cal euclidean distance(norm list,old clist,cluster)
    new clist=next centroid(list distance euc)
    while(compare centroids(new clist,old clist)!=True):
        old clist=new clist
        list distance euc=
cal euclidean distance(norm list,old clist,cluster)
        new clist=next centroid(list distance euc)
    total p=0
    for i in list distance euc:
        list1=count(i)
        cfm.append(list1)
        t=comb(len(i))
        total p+=t
    tps=0
    fn=0
      print (cfm)
    for i in cfm:
        mul=1
        for k in range(4):
             tps+=comb(i[k])
    for i in range(len(cfm)):
        for j in range(i+1,len(cfm)):
             for k in range(4):
                 mul=cfm[i][k]+cfm[j][k]
                 fn=fn+mul
    recall=tps/(tps+fn)
    recall en.append(recall)
    pres=tps/total p
    precision en.append(pres)
    cluster no en.append(cluster)
    f score=(2*(recall*pres))/(recall+pres)
    f score en.append(f score)
print("number of clusters: " ,cluster_no_en)
print("recall for euclidean distance: " ,recall_en)
print("prescision for euclidean distance: ",precision en)
print("f-score for euclidean distance: ", f score en)
```

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#https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/graph-plotting-in-python-set-1/
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(cluster_no_en, recall_en,color="red", label = "recall")
plt.plot(cluster_no_en, precision_en, color="blue",label =
"precision")
plt.plot(cluster_no_en, f_score_en,color="green", label = "f-score")
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
plt.ylabel('Recall, prescision and f-score for euclidean')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Graph for normalized Euclidean Distance')
plt.show()
# In[]:
```