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Question: What does TPR stand for in the context of ROC curves?

- A) True Positive Ratio
- B) True Positive Rate
- C) False Positive Rate
- D) False Positive Ratio

Correct Answer: B

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Question: Which of the following is NOT a use case of ROC curves mentioned in the text?

- A) Medical Diagnostics
- B) Fraud Detection
- C) Weather Forecasting
- D) Customer Churn Prediction

Correct Answer: C

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Question: What is a confusion matrix?

- A) A graph showing the performance of a classification model.
- B) A table visualizing the performance of a classification model by comparing predicted and actual values.
- C) A formula for calculating classification accuracy.
- D) A type of significance test.

Correct Answer: B

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Question: In a confusion matrix, what does a False Positive represent?

- A) Correctly predicting a negative instance as negative.

- B) Incorrectly predicting a positive instance as negative.
- C) Correctly predicting a positive instance as positive.
- D) Incorrectly predicting a negative instance as positive.

Correct Answer: D

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Question: The formula for classification accuracy is:

- A)  $TP / TP + FP$
- B)  $TP / TP + FN$
- C)  $(TP + TN) / (TP + TN + FP + FN)$
- D)  $(TP + FN) / (TP + TN + FP + FN)$

Correct Answer: C

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Question: Precision is calculated as:

- A)  $TP / TP + FN$
- B)  $TP / TP + FP$
- C)  $TN / TN + FP$
- D)  $TN / TN + FN$

Correct Answer: B

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Question: Recall is also known as:

- A) Specificity
- B) Precision
- C) Sensitivity
- D) F1 Score

Correct Answer: C

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Question: The F1 score is the:

- A) Arithmetic mean of precision and recall.
- B) Geometric mean of precision and recall.
- C) Harmonic mean of precision and recall.
- D) Sum of precision and recall.

Correct Answer: C

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Question: Which metric is best suited for evaluating the performance of a regression model?

- A) Classification Accuracy
- B) Recall
- C) Mean Squared Error (MSE)
- D) F1 Score

Correct Answer: C

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Question: What does a p-value less than 0.05 typically suggest in a significance test?

- A) The null hypothesis should be accepted.
- B) The observed differences are likely due to random chance.
- C) The observed differences are unlikely to have occurred by random chance.
- D) The test is inconclusive.

Correct Answer: C