

```
In [105]: import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import sklearn
import scipy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score
from sklearn.ensemble import IsolationForest
from sklearn.neighbors import LocalOutlierFactor
from sklearn.svm import OneClassSVM
from pylab import rcParams

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
rcParams['figure.figsize']=14,8
RANDOM_SEED=42
LABELS=["Normal", "Fraud"]
```

```
In [74]: data=pd.read_csv("C:/Users/Rakesh Kumar/Desktop/creditcard.csv")
```

```
In [75]: data.head()
```

```
Out[75]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533

5 rows × 31 columns



```
In [76]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 284807 entries, 0 to 284806
Data columns (total 31 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Time        284807 non-null  float64
1   V1          284807 non-null  float64
2   V2          284807 non-null  float64
3   V3          284807 non-null  float64
4   V4          284807 non-null  float64
5   V5          284807 non-null  float64
6   V6          284807 non-null  float64
7   V7          284807 non-null  float64
8   V8          284807 non-null  float64
9   V9          284807 non-null  float64
10  V10         284807 non-null  float64
11  V11         284807 non-null  float64
12  V12         284807 non-null  float64
13  V13         284807 non-null  float64
14  V14         284807 non-null  float64
15  V15         284807 non-null  float64
16  V16         284807 non-null  float64
17  V17         284807 non-null  float64
18  V18         284807 non-null  float64
19  V19         284807 non-null  float64
20  V20         284807 non-null  float64
21  V21         284807 non-null  float64
22  V22         284807 non-null  float64
23  V23         284807 non-null  float64
24  V24         284807 non-null  float64
25  V25         284807 non-null  float64
26  V26         284807 non-null  float64
27  V27         284807 non-null  float64
28  V28         284807 non-null  float64
29  Amount      284807 non-null  float64
30  Class       284807 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
memory usage: 67.4 MB
```

```
In [77]: #get the fraud and normal dataset
fraud=data.loc[data['Class']==1]
normal=data.loc[data['Class']==0]
```

```
In [78]: print(fraud.shape,normal.shape)
```

```
(492, 31) (284315, 31)
```

In [79]: *##we need more information from transaction data*  
*#how different are the amount of money used in different transaction classes*  
 fraud.Amount.describe()

Out[79]: count 492.000000  
 mean 122.211321  
 std 256.683288  
 min 0.000000  
 25% 1.000000  
 50% 9.250000  
 75% 105.890000  
 max 2125.870000  
 Name: Amount, dtype: float64

In [80]: fraud.Amount.describe()

Out[80]: count 492.000000  
 mean 122.211321  
 std 256.683288  
 min 0.000000  
 25% 1.000000  
 50% 9.250000  
 75% 105.890000  
 max 2125.870000  
 Name: Amount, dtype: float64

In [81]: fraud

Out[81]:

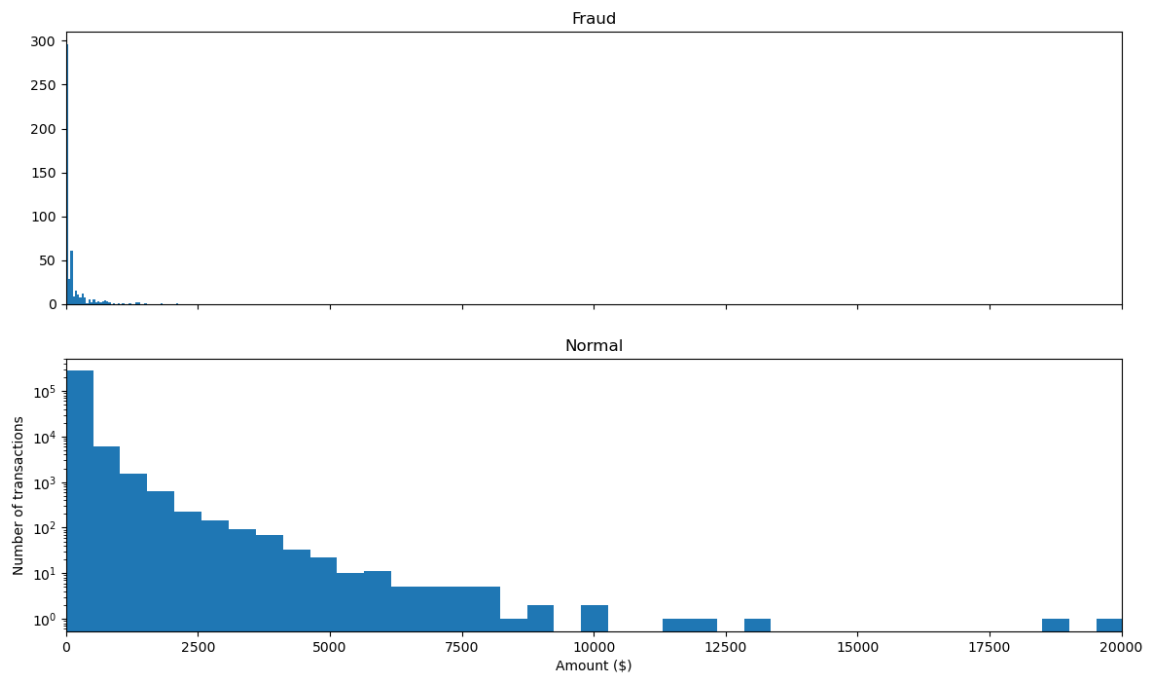
	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7
541	406.0	-2.312227	1.951992	-1.609851	3.997906	-0.522188	-1.426545	-2.537387
623	472.0	-3.043541	-3.157307	1.088463	2.288644	1.359805	-1.064823	0.325574
4920	4462.0	-2.303350	1.759247	-0.359745	2.330243	-0.821628	-0.075788	0.562320
6108	6986.0	-4.397974	1.358367	-2.592844	2.679787	-1.128131	-1.706536	-3.496197
6329	7519.0	1.234235	3.019740	-4.304597	4.732795	3.624201	-1.357746	1.713445
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
279863	169142.0	-1.927883	1.125653	-4.518331	1.749293	-1.566487	-2.010494	-0.882850
280143	169347.0	1.378559	1.289381	-5.004247	1.411850	0.442581	-1.326536	-1.413170
280149	169351.0	-0.676143	1.126366	-2.213700	0.468308	-1.120541	-0.003346	-2.234739
281144	169966.0	-3.113832	0.585864	-5.399730	1.817092	-0.840618	-2.943548	-2.208002
281674	170348.0	1.991976	0.158476	-2.583441	0.408670	1.151147	-0.096695	0.223050

492 rows × 31 columns



```
In [82]: f,(ax1,ax2)=plt.subplots(2,1,sharex=True)
f.suptitle("Amount per transaction by class")
bins=50
ax1.hist(fraud.Amount,bins=bins)
ax1.set_title('Fraud')
ax2.hist(normal.Amount,bins=bins)
ax2.set_title('Normal')
plt.xlabel('Amount ($)')
plt.ylabel("Number of transactions")
plt.xlim(0,20000)
plt.yscale('log')
plt.show();
```

Amount per transaction by class



```
In [83]: len(fraud)
```

```
Out[83]: 492
```

```
In [84]: fraud.sum()
```

```
Out[84]: Time      3.972743e+07  
V1      -2.347799e+03  
V2       1.782899e+03  
V3      -3.460374e+03  
V4       2.234678e+03  
V5      -1.550403e+03  
V6      -6.876865e+02  
V7      -2.739816e+03  
V8       2.807529e+02  
V9      -1.269912e+03  
V10     -2.793026e+03  
V11      1.869685e+03  
V12     -3.079621e+03  
V13     -5.379224e+01  
V14     -3.430088e+03  
V15     -4.572094e+01  
V16     -2.036853e+03  
V17     -3.279592e+03  
V18     -1.105184e+03  
V19      3.348844e+02  
V20      1.831811e+02  
V21      3.510855e+02  
V22      6.912050e+00  
V23     -1.983152e+01  
V24     -5.172411e+01  
V25      2.039285e+01  
V26      2.541088e+01  
V27      8.392280e+01  
V28      3.722831e+01  
Amount   6.012797e+04  
Class    4.920000e+02  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [85]: len(normal)
```

```
Out[85]: 284315
```

```
In [86]: X=data.iloc[:, :-1]  
y=data['Class']
```

```
In [87]: X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.35)
```

```
In [88]: clf=linear_model.LogisticRegression(C=1e5)
```

```
In [89]: clf.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

C:\Users\Rakesh Kumar\anaconda3\anaconda\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear\_model\\_logistic.py:814: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (stat us=1):  
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

Increase the number of iterations (max\_iter) or scale the data as shown i n:

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html> (<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>)

Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:

[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression) ([https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression))

```
n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
```

```
Out[89]: LogisticRegression(C=100000.0)
```

```
In [90]: y_pred=np.array(clf.predict(X_test))
y=np.array(y_test)
```

```
In [91]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report,accuracy_
```

```
In [92]: print(confusion_matrix(y,y_pred))
```

```
[[99444   48]
 [   63  128]]
```

```
In [93]: print(accuracy_score(y,y_pred))
```

```
0.9988864701102494
```

```
In [94]: print(classification_report(y,y_pred))
```

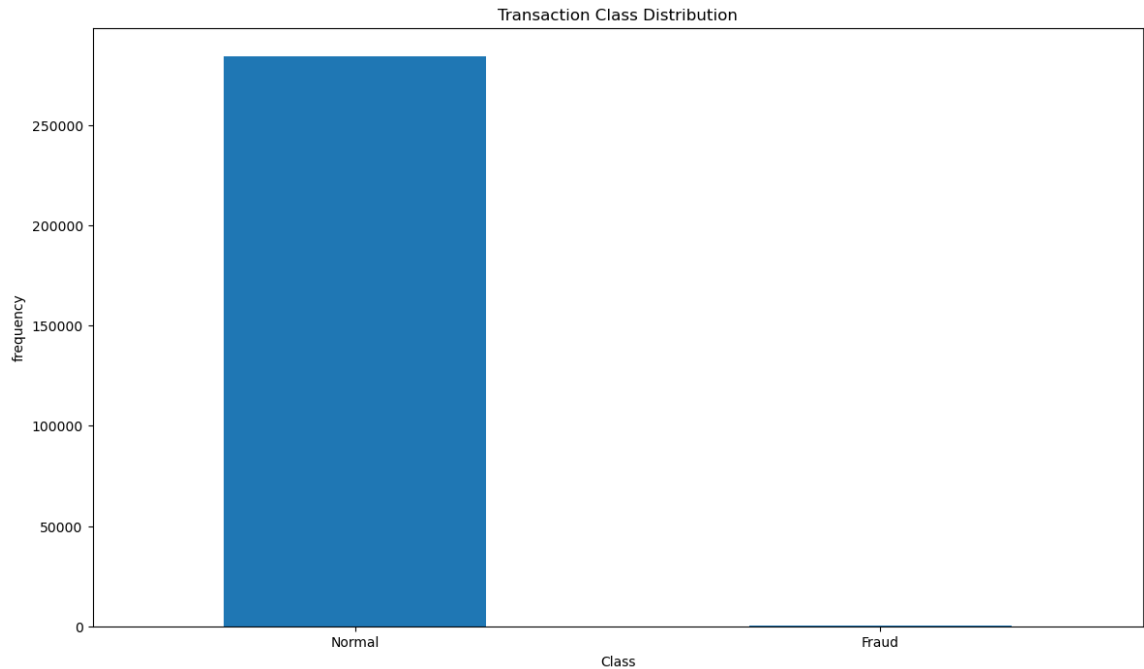
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	99492
1	0.73	0.67	0.70	191
accuracy			1.00	99683
macro avg	0.86	0.83	0.85	99683
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	99683

```
In [95]: #EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS
data.isnull().values.any()
```

```
Out[95]: False
```

```
In [96]: count_classes=pd.value_counts(data['Class'],sort=True)
count_classes.plot(kind='bar',rot=0)
plt.title("Transaction Class Distribution")
plt.xticks(range(2),LABELS)
plt.xlabel("Class")
plt.ylabel("frequency")
```

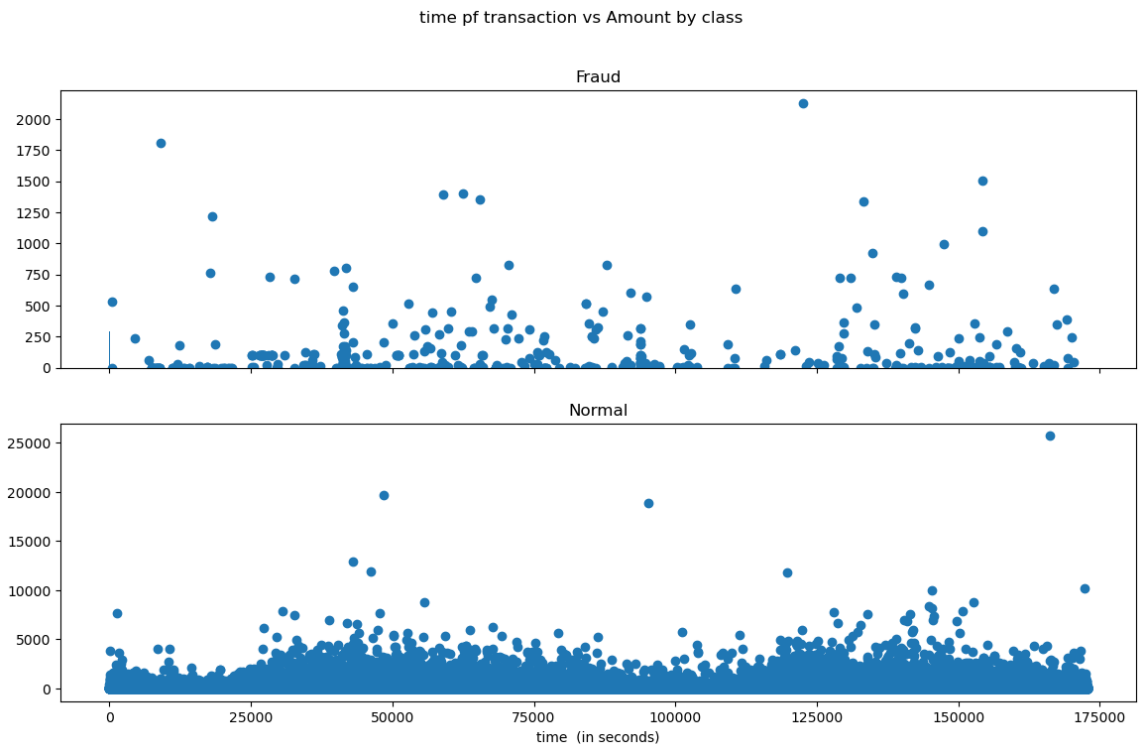
Out[96]: Text(0, 0.5, 'frequency')



```
In [97]: # we will check do fraudulent transactions occur more often during certain t
f, (ax1,ax2)=plt.subplots(2,1,sharex=True)

f.suptitle("time pf transaction vs Amount by class")
ax1.scatter(fraud.Time,fraud.Amount)
ax1.hist(fraud.Amount,bins=bins)
ax1.set_title('Fraud')
ax2.scatter(normal.Time,normal.Amount)
ax2.set_title('Normal')
plt.xlabel('time (in seconds)')

plt.show();
```



```
In [98]: data1=data.sample(frac=0.1,random_state=1)
data1.shape
```

Out[98]: (28481, 31)

```
In [99]: data.shape
```

Out[99]: (284807, 31)

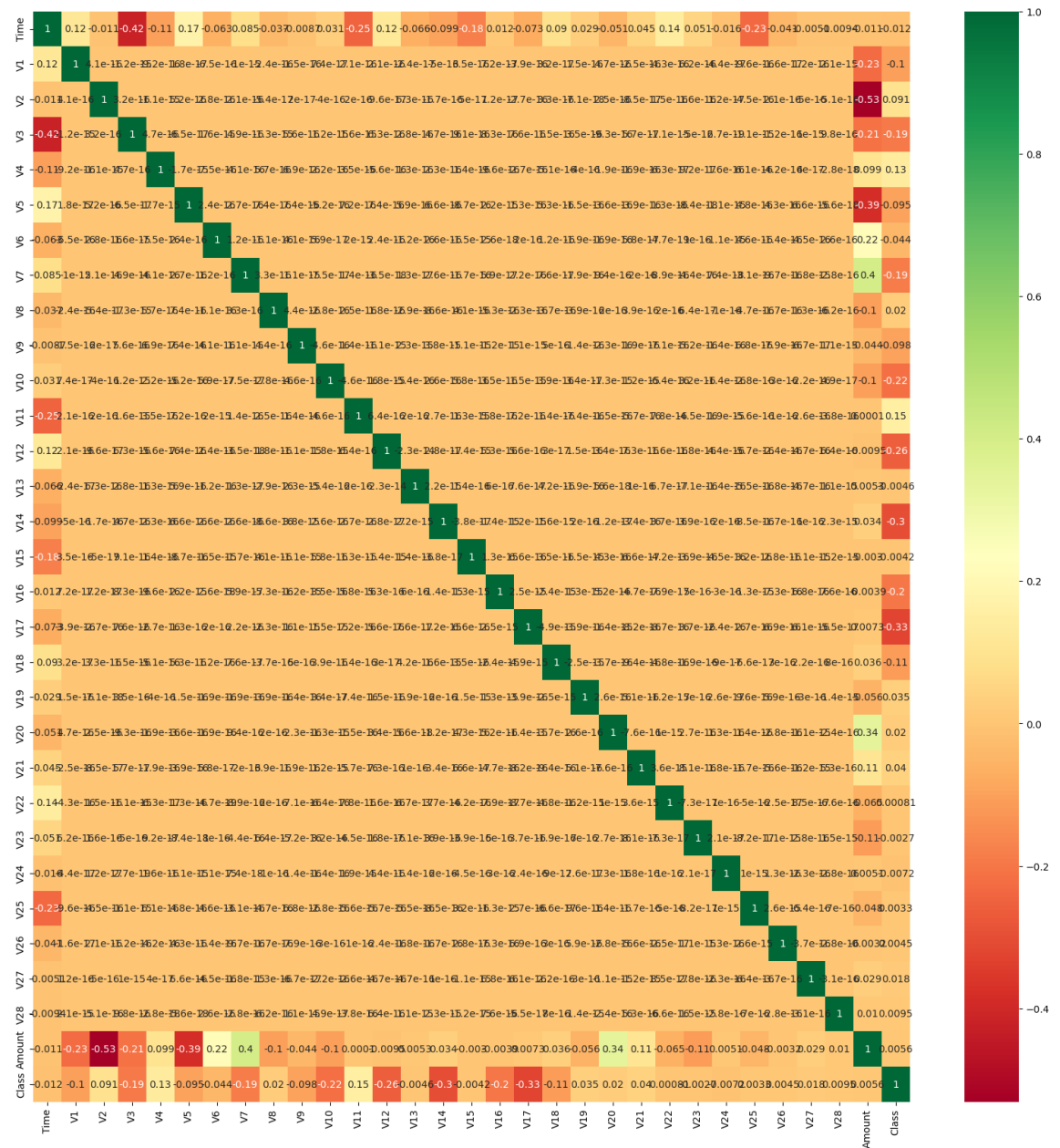
```
In [100]: #Determine the number of fraud and valid transactions in the dataset
Fraud=data1[data1['Class']==1]
Valid=data1[data1['Class']==0]
outlier_fraction=len(Fraud)/float(len(Valid))
```



```
In [101]: print(outlier_fraction)
print("Fraud Cases:{}".format(len(Fraud)))
print("Valid Cases:{}".format(len(Valid)))
```

0.0017234102419808666  
 Fraud Cases:49  
 Valid Cases:28432

```
In [102]: ##correlation
import seaborn as sns
corrmat=data1.corr()
top_corr_features=corrmat.index
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
g=sns.heatmap(data[top_corr_features].corr(),annot=True,cmap="RdYlGn")
```



```
In [103]: #create dependent and independent features
columns=data.columns.tolist()
columns=[c for c in columns if c not in ["Class"]]
target="Class"
state=np.random.RandomState(42)
X=data1[columns]
Y=data1[target]
X_outliers=state.uniform(low=0,high=1,size=(X.shape[0],X.shape[1]))
print(X.shape)
print(Y.shape)
```

```
(28481, 30)
```

```
(28481,)
```

```
In [116]: from sklearn.svm import OneClassSVM
from sklearn.ensemble import IsolationForest
from sklearn.neighbors import LocalOutlierFactor

classifiers = {
    "Isolation Forest": IsolationForest(n_estimators=100, max_samples=len(X),
                                         contamination=outlier_fraction, vert
    "Local Outlier Factor": LocalOutlierFactor(n_neighbors=20, algorithm='au
                                         contamination=outlier_fractions
    "Support Vector Machine": OneClassSVM(kernel='rbf', degree=3, gamma=0.1)
}
```

```
In [117]: type(classifiers)
```

```
Out[117]: dict
```

```
In [*]: n_outliers=len(Fraud)
for i,(clf_name,clf) in enumerate(classifiers.items()):
    if clf_name=="Local Outlier Factor":
        y_pred==clf.fit_predict(X)
        scores_prediction=clf.negative_outlier_factor_
    elif clf_name=="Support Vector Machine":
        clf.fit(X)
        y_pred=clf.predict(X)
    else:
        clf.fit(X)
        scores_prediction=clf.decision_function(X)
        y_pred=clf.predict(X)

y_pred[y_pred==1]=0
y_pred[y_pred==-1]=1
n_errors=(y_pred!=Y).sum()

print("{}:{}".format(clf_name,n_errors))
print("Accuracy Score :")
print(accuracy_score(Y,y_pred))
print("Classification Report :")
print(classification_report(Y,y_pred))
```

In [ ]:

In [ ]:

In [ ]: