# **EXPERIMENT 4.3**

# E-commerce Catalog with Nested Document Structure in MongoDB

CODE:-

### **Data Model Design**

```
Schema Structure
```javascript
{
    _id: ObjectId,
    name: String,
    price: Number,
    category: String,
    description: String,
    variants: [
      {
        _id: String,
        color: String,
        size: String,
        stock: Number,
        sku: String
    }
    ],
    _v: Number
}
```

# **MongoDB Shell Commands**

#### 1. Database Setup

```
"'javascript
// Connect to MongoDB and use the ecommerce database
use ecommerce

// Create the products collection (MongoDB creates it automatically when first document is inserted)

...
```

#### 2. Sample Data Insertion

```
""javascript
// Insert sample products with nested variants
db.products.insertMany([
{
    name: "Running Shoes",
    price: 120,
    category: "Footwear",
    description: "High-performance running shoes for athletes",
    variants: [
```

```
id: "686f68ed2bf5384209b236af",
  color: "Red",
  size: "M",
  stock: 10,
  sku: "RS-RED-M-001"
   _id: "686f68ed2bf5384209b236b0",
  color: "Blue",
  size: "L",
  stock: 5,
  sku: "RS-BLU-L-001"
  v: 0
name: "Smartphone",
price: 699,
category: "Electronics",
description: "Latest smartphone with advanced features",
variants: [
   id: "686f63eb90ac2728b3f11082",
  color: "Black",
  size: "128GB",
  stock: 15,
  sku: "SP-BLK-128-001"
   _id: "686f63eb90ac2728b3f11083",
  color: "White",
  size: "256GB",
  stock: 8,
  sku: "SP-WHT-256-001"
  v: 0
name: "Winter Jacket",
price: 200,
category: "Apparel",
description: "Warm winter jacket for cold weather",
variants: [
   _id: "686f68ed2bf5384209b236b3",
  color: "Black",
  size: "S",
  stock: 8,
  sku: "WJ-BLK-S-001"
   id: "686f68ed2bf5384209b236b4",
  color: "Gray",
```

```
size: "M",
    stock: 12,
    sku: "WJ-GRY-M-001"
    v: 0
  name: "Gaming Laptop",
  price: 1299,
  category: "Electronics",
  description: "High-performance gaming laptop",
  variants: [
     _id: "686f63eb90ac2728b3f11084",
    color: "Black",
    size: "16GB RAM",
    stock: 3,
    sku: "GL-BLK-16-001"
     id: "686f63eb90ac2728b3f11085",
    color: "Silver",
    size: "32GB RAM",
    stock: 2,
    sku: "GL-SLV-32-001"
    v: 0
])
```

#### 3. Basic Query Operations

```
Retrieve All Products
''`javascript
// Get all products db.products.find().pretty()

// Get all products with only specific fields
db.products.find({}}, { name: 1, price: 1, category: 1 }}).pretty()

Filter Products by Category
'``javascript
// Get all Electronics products
db.products.find({ category: "Electronics" }}).pretty()

// Get all Footwear products
db.products.find({ category: "Footwear" }}).pretty()

// Get products from multiple categories
db.products.find({ category: { $in: ["Electronics", "Apparel"] } }}).pretty()
```

```
Filter Products by Price Range
```javascript
// Products under $500
db.products.find({ price: { $lt: 500 } }).pretty()
// Products between $100 and $800
db.products.find({ price: { $gte: 100, $lte: 800 } }).pretty()
4. Working with Nested Variants
Query Products by Variant Color
```javascript
// Find products with Red variants
db.products.find({ "variants.color": "Red" }).pretty()
// Find products with Black variants
db.products.find({ "variants.color": "Black" }).pretty()
Query Products by Stock Availability
```javascript
// Find products with variants having stock > 10
db.products.find({ "variants.stock": { $gt: 10 } }).pretty()
// Find products with any variant out of stock
db.products.find({ "variants.stock": 0 }).pretty()
Complex Variant Queries
```javascript
// Find products with Blue variants in size L
db.products.find({
 "variants": {
  $elemMatch: {
   color: "Blue",
   size: "L"
}).pretty()
// Find Electronics with variants having stock > 5
db.products.find({
 category: "Electronics",
 "variants.stock": { $gt: 5 }
}).pretty()
5. Projection Queries
Project Specific Variant Details
```javascript
// Get only variant colors and stock for all products
db.products.find({}), {
```

## 6. Aggregation Pipeline Examples

```
Count Products by Category
```javascript
db.products.aggregate([
  $group: {
    _id: "$category",
   count: { $sum: 1 },
   avgPrice: { $avg: "$price" }
])
Total Stock by Color
```javascript
db.products.aggregate([
  { $unwind: "$variants" },
  $group: {
    _id: "$variants.color",
   totalStock: { $sum: "$variants.stock" },
   productCount: { $sum: 1 }
 { $sort: { totalStock: -1 } }
```

Products with Low Stock Variants

``javascript

#### 7. Update Operations

```
Update Product Price
  `javascript
// Update price for a specific product
db.products.updateOne(
 { name: "Running Shoes" },
 { $set: { price: 130 } }
)"
Update Variant Stock
```javascript
// Update stock for a specific variant
db.products.updateOne(
 {"variants.\_id": "686f68ed2bf5384209b236af"},
 { $set: { "variants.$.stock": 15 } }
)
// Decrease stock for a variant (simulating a purchase)
db.products.updateOne(
 { "variants. id": "686f68ed2bf5384209b236af" },
 { $inc: { "variants.$.stock": -1 } }
)
Add New Variant to Product
```javascript
// Add a new variant to an existing product
db.products.updateOne(
  { name: "Running Shoes" },
  $push: {
   variants: {
```

```
id: "686f68ed2bf5384209b236b5",
color: "Green",
size: "XL",
stock: 7,
sku: "RS-GRN-XL-001"
```

# **Mongoose Implementation**

```
If you're using Node.js with Mongoose, here's the corresponding schema and operations:
Schema Definition
```javascript
const mongoose = require('mongoose');
const variantSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
  id: { type: String, required: true },
 color: { type: String, required: true },
 size: { type: String, required: true },
 stock: { type: Number, required: true, min: 0 },
 sku: { type: String, required: true, unique: true }
});
const productSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
 name: { type: String, required: true },
 price: { type: Number, required: true, min: 0 },
 category: { type: String, required: true },
 description: String,
 variants: [variantSchema]
});
const Product = mongoose.model('Product', productSchema);
Mongoose Query Examples
```javascript
// Find all products
const allProducts = await Product.find();
// Find products by category
const electronicsProducts = await Product.find({ category: 'Electronics' });
// Find products with specific variant color
const redProducts = await Product.find({ 'variants.color': 'Red' });
// Find products with low stock variants
const lowStockProducts = await Product.find({ 'variants.stock': { $lt: 5 } });
// Project specific fields
const productSummary = await Product.find({}, 'name price category variants.color
```

```
variants.stock');
```

### **Best Practices**

```
    Index Strategy: Create indexes on frequently queried fields
"javascript
db.products.createIndex({ category: 1 })
db.products.createIndex({ "variants.color": 1 })
db.products.createIndex({ "variants.stock": 1 })
```

- 2. Validation: Use MongoDB schema validation or Mongoose schemas to ensure data integrity
- 3. Limit Nesting: Keep nested arrays reasonably sized (MongoDB has a 16MB document limit)
- 4. Use \$elemMatch: For complex queries on array elements with multiple conditions
- 5. **Consider Denormalization**: For frequently accessed data, consider duplicating information to avoid complex joins

This implementation demonstrates MongoDB's flexibility in handling complex, nested data structures while maintaining query performance and data integrity.