

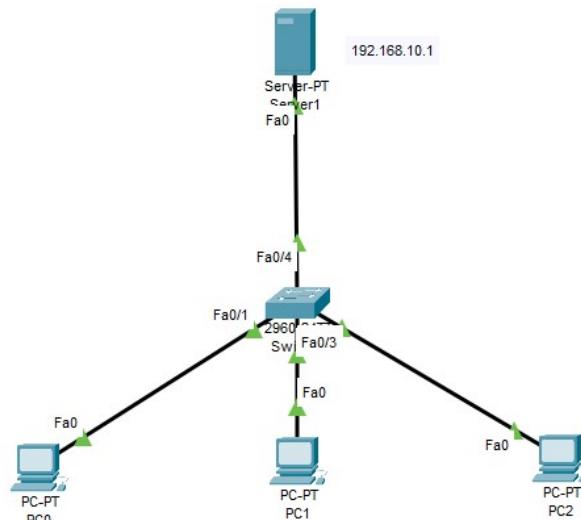
1. DHCP Configuration Using Server (No Router)

Aim: To configure a DHCP server using a Server device and dynamically assign IP addresses to client PCs.

What is DHCP? : Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is a client–server protocol that automatically provides IP configuration details to network devices, such as: IP address, Subnet mask, Default gateway, and DNS server. Without DHCP, each device must be manually configured, which is time-consuming and error-prone.

Step 1: Place and Connect Devices

1. Open Cisco Packet Tracer. Place: 1 Switch, 1 Server and 2 PCs.
2. Connect:



Step 2: Assign Static IP to Server

(Required because server itself must have a fixed address)

1. Click Server
2. Go to Desktop → IP Configuration
3. Set:
 - o IP Address: 192.168.10.1
 - o Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 - o Default Gateway: (leave blank)

Step 3: Enable DHCP Service on Server

1. Click Server
2. Go to Services
3. Select DHCP
4. Turn DHCP → ON and Fill the fields as follows:

| Field | Value |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Pool Name | serverPool |
| Default Gateway | (leave blank) |
| DNS Server | 8.8.8.8 |

| Field | Value |
|------------------|---------------|
| Start IP Address | 192.168.10.10 |
| Subnet Mask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Maximum Users | 20 |

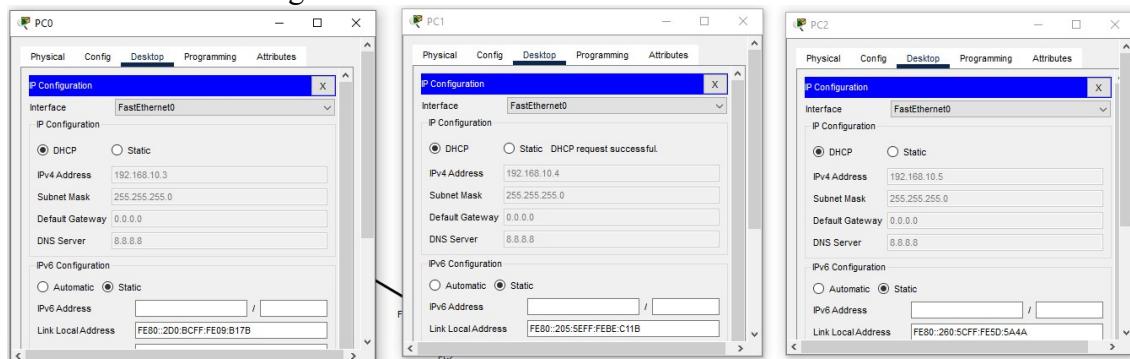
5. Save the configuration

Step 4: Configure PCs as DHCP Clients

For each PC:

1. Click PC → Desktop
2. Open IP Configuration
3. Select DHCP

DHCP server will assign IP address.



Step 5: Test Connectivity

From PC1: ping 192.168.10.3

Successful replies confirm DHCP is working.

2. Demonstration of APIPA (Automatic Private IP Addressing)

Aim: To demonstrate Automatic Private IP Addressing (APIPA) when a host fails to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server.

Theory (Brief)

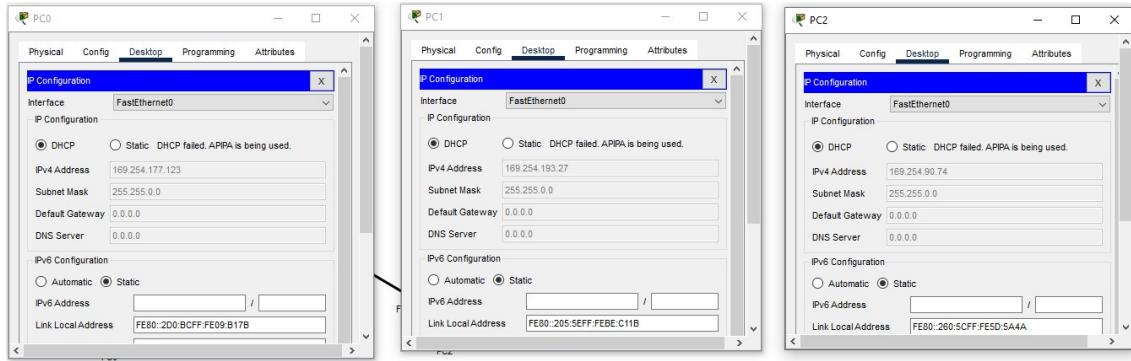
APIPA is a mechanism by which a host automatically assigns itself an IP address in the range: **169.254.0.0 – 169.254.255.255**. When a DHCP server is unavailable, APIPA allows limited local communication but does not support gateway or Internet access.

Step 1: In the above experiment, turn off the DHCP service on the server.

Step 2: For each PC:

1. Click PC → Desktop
2. Open IP Configuration
3. Select DHCP again

Observe APIPA Address Assignment



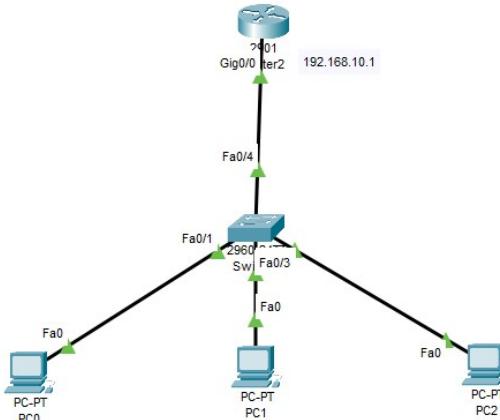
3. DHCP Configuration on a Cisco Router

Aim: To configure a Cisco router as a DHCP server and dynamically assign IP to hosts.

Why DHCP on a Router? : A Cisco router can function as: DHCP server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCP client. Using a router as a DHCP server is ideal for small to medium networks, as it eliminates the need for a dedicated DHCP server.

Configuration Steps

Create a topology as shown in the figure below.



Step 1: Configure Router Interface

```

Router> enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface gigabitEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)# ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# no shutdown
Router(config-if)# exit

```

Step 2: Exclude Static IP Addresses

```
Router(config)# ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.10.1 192.168.10.10
```

Step 3: Create DHCP Pool

```

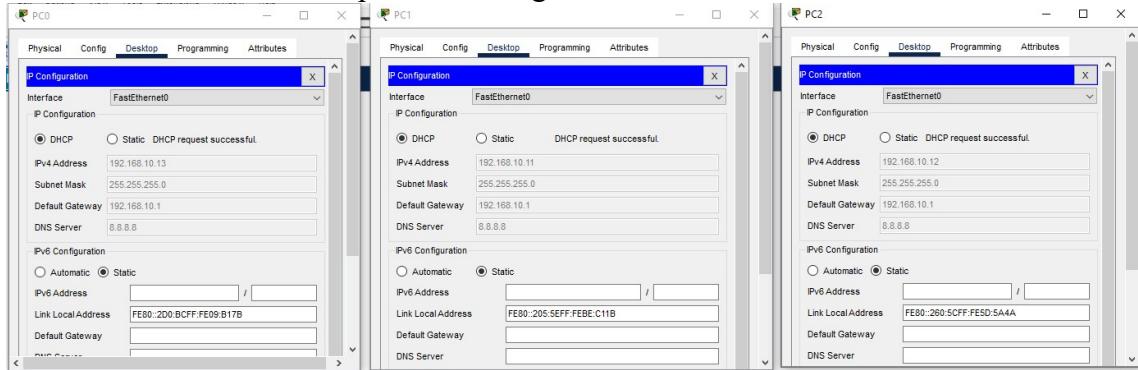
Router(config)# ip dhcp pool LAN_POOL
Router(dhcp-config)# network 192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0
Router(dhcp-config)# default-router 192.168.10.1
Router(dhcp-config)# dns-server 8.8.8.8

```

```
Router(dhcp-config)# exit
```

Step 4: Configure PCs

On each PC: Desktop → IP Configuration → Select DHCP



Step 5: Verification

On Router

show ip dhcp binding
show ip dhcp pool

On PC

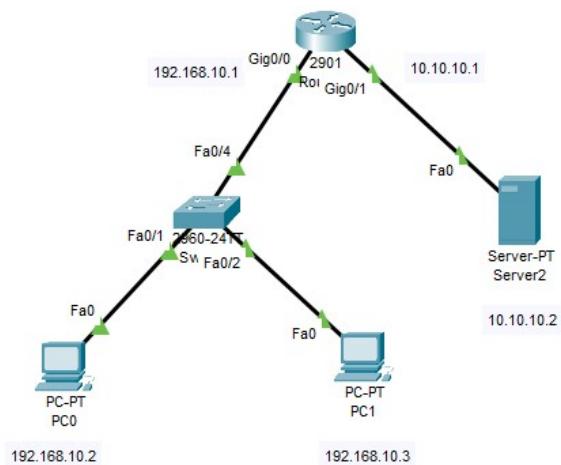
Ipconfig

4. Configuring a Client–Server Network and Analyzing FTP Packet Communication

Aim: To configure a client–server network using FTP (File Transfer Protocol) and analyze the message communication (packets) exchanged between the client and server.

What is FTP? : File Transfer Protocol (FTP) is an application-layer protocol used to: Upload files to a server, Download files from a server, and Manage files (list, delete, rename). FTP works over TCP, ensuring reliable data transfer.

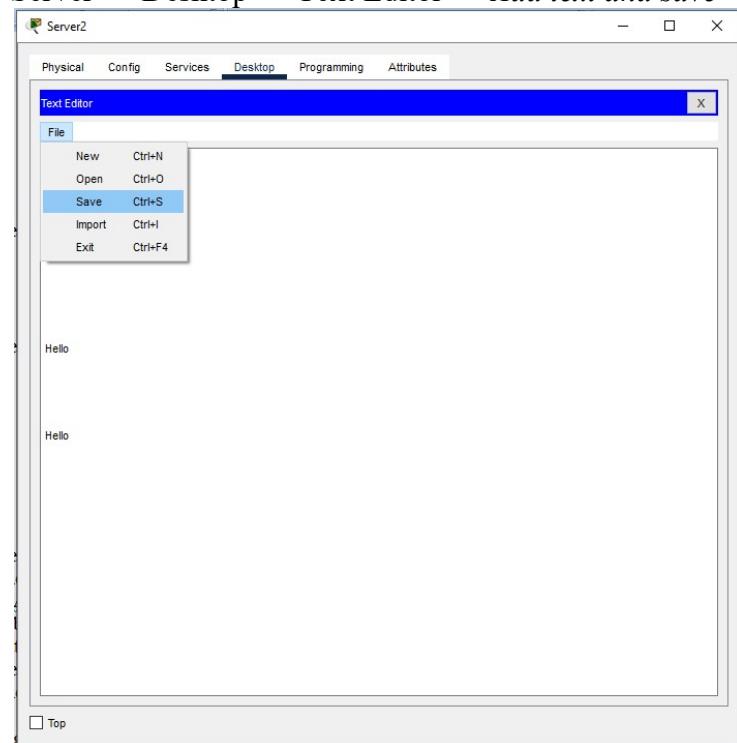
Network Topology (Packet Tracer)



Configuration Steps (Cisco Packet Tracer)

Step 1: Configure Client IP

- Client PC0 → Desktop → IP Configuration
*IP Address: 192.168.10.2
 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 Gateway : 192.168.10.1*
- Client PC1 → Desktop → IP Configuration
*IP Address: 192.168.10.3
 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 Gateway : 192.168.10.1*
- Add a sample file (e.g., test.txt)
 Server → Desktop → Text Editor → *Add text and save*



Step 2: Configure Server IP

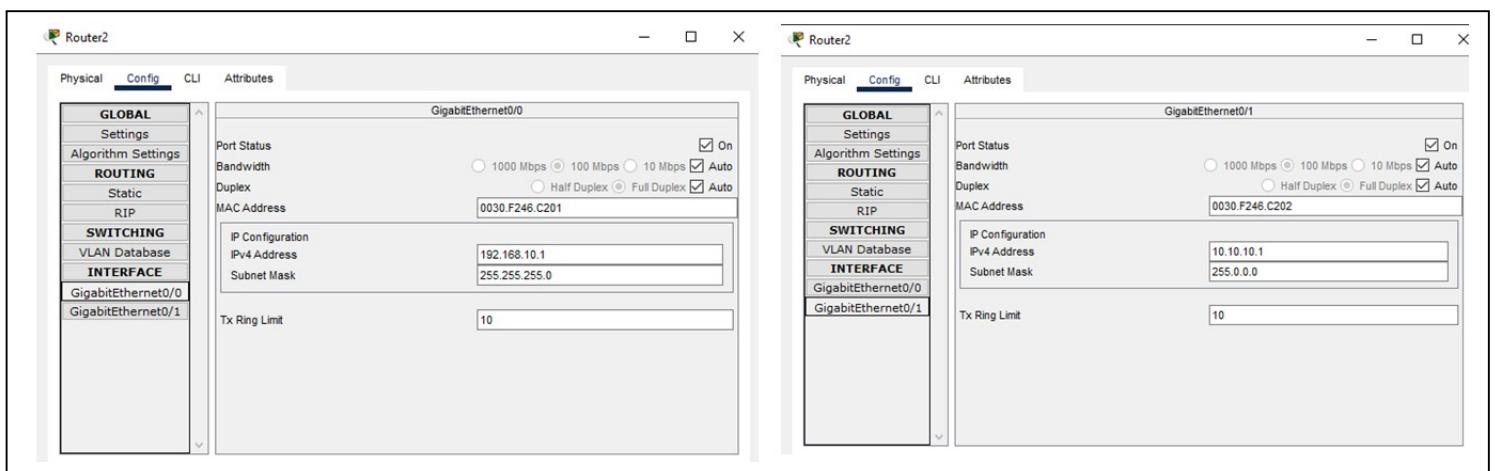
- Server → Desktop → IP Configuration
 - IP Address: 10.10.10.2
 - Subnet Mask: 255.0.0.0
 - Gateway : 10.10.10.1

Step 3: Enable FTP Service on Server

- Server → Services → FTP
 - Turn FTP: ON
- Create user:
 - Username: S2C2
 - Password: iter

Step 4: Configure Router

Configure Router's interfaces as shown in the figure below.



Step 5: FTP Communication between Clients (PC0 to PC1)

- Client (PC0) → Desktop → Command Prompt

C:> dir # will list test.txt on PC0
ftp 10.10.10.2

Login:
Username: S2C2
Password: iter
FTP Commands:

dir # will not list test.txt on ftp server
put test.txt
dir # will list now test.txt on ftp server

```

ftp>put test.txt
Writing file test.txt to 10.10.10.2:
File transfer in progress...

[Transfer complete - 21 bytes]

21 bytes copied in 0.089 secs (235 bytes/sec)
ftp>dir

Listing /ftp directory from 10.10.10.2:
0 : asa842-k8.bin                                5571584
1 : asa923-k8.bin                                30468096
2 : c1841-adviservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin      33591768
3 : c1841-ipbasek-mz.123-14.T7.bin              13832032
4 : c1841-ipbasek9-mz.124-12.bin                16599160
5 : c1900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin     33591768
6 : c2600-adviservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin      33591768
7 : c2600-i-mz.122-28.bin                        5571584
8 : c2600-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin                 13169700
9 : c2800mm-adviservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin    50938004
10 : c2800mm-adviservicesk9-mz.151-4.M4.bin    33591768
11 : c2800mm-ipbasek-mz.123-14.T7.bin          5571584
12 : c2800mm-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin              15522644
13 : c2900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin    33591768
14 : c2950-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin            30580408
15 : c2950-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA8.bin            3117390
16 : c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.FX.bin            4414921
17 : c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.SEEL.bin          4670455
18 : c2960-lanbasek9-mz.150-2.SE4.bin          4670455
19 : c3560-adviservicesk9-mz.122-37.SE1.bin    8662192
20 : c3560-adviservicesk9-mz.122-46.SE.bin     10713279
21 : c800-universalk9-mz.SPA.152-4.M4.bin      33591768
22 : c800-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-3.M6a.bin     83029236
23 : cat3k_caa-universalk9.16.03.02.SPA.bin   505532849
24 : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-2.CG       159487552
25 : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.CG       184530138
26 : ir800-universalk9-bundle.SPA.156-3.M.bin  160968869
27 : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.M          61750062
28 : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.M          63753767
29 : ir800_yocto-1.7.2.tar                     2877440
30 : ir800_yocto-1.7.2_python-2.7.3.tar       6912000
31 : pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin                    5571584
32 : pt3000-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin          3117390
33 : test.txt                                    21

```

- Client (PC1) → Desktop → Command Prompt

C:> dir # will not list test.txt on PC1

ftp 10.10.10.2

Login:

Username: S2C2

Password: iter

FTP Commands:

get test.txt # get file from server

quit

C:> dir # will now list test.txt on PC1

```

-- : sess0.xls
ftp>get test.txt

Reading file test.txt from 10.10.10.2:
File transfer in progress...

[Transfer complete - 21 bytes]

21 bytes copied in 0.01 secs (2100 bytes/sec)
ftp>dir

Listing /ftp directory from 10.10.10.2:
0   : asa842-k8.bin                         5571584
1   : asa923-k8.bin                         30468096
2   : c1841-advp�servicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin 33591768
3   : c1841-ipbasek9-mz.123-14.T7.bin       13832032
4   : c1841-ipbasek9-mz.124-12.bin          16599160
5   : c1900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin 33591768
6   : c2600-advp�servicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin 33591768
7   : c2600-i-mz.122-28.bin                  5571584
8   : c2600-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin           13169700
9   : c2800nm-advp�servicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin 50938004
10  : c2800nm-advp�servicesk9-mz.151-4.M4.bin 33591768
11  : c2800nm-ipbasek9-mz.123-14.T7.bin     5571584
12  : c2800nm-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin          15522644
13  : c2900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin 33591768
14  : c2950-i6q412-mz.121-22.EA4.bin        3058048
15  : c2950-i6q412-mz.121-22.EA8.bin        3117390
16  : c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.FX.bin        4414921
17  : c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.SE1.bin       4670455
18  : c2960-lanbasek9-mz.150-2.SE4.bin      4670455
19  : c3560-advp�servicesk9-mz.122-37.SE1.bin 8662192
20  : c3560-advp�servicesk9-mz.122-46.SE.bin 10713279
21  : c800-universalk9-mz.SPA.152-4.M4.bin  33591768
22  : c800-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-3.M6a.bin  83029236
23  : cat3k_caa-universalk9.16.03.02.SPA.bin 505532849
24  : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-2.CG    159487552
25  : cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.CG    184530138
26  : ir800-universalk9-bundle.SPA.156-3.M.bin 160968869
27  : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M       61750062
28  : ir800-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-3.M       63753767
29  : ir800_yocto-1.7.2.tar                 2877440
30  : ir800_yocto-1.7.2_python-2.7.3.tar    6912000
31  : pt1000-i-mz.122-28.bin                5571584
32  : pt3000-i6q412-mz.121-22.EA4.bin      3117390
33  : test.txt                                21
ftp>

```

- Client (PC0) → Desktop → Command Prompt

delete test.txt

dir # will not list test.txt on ftp server