











SN74HCS596-Q1

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SN74HCS596-Q1 Automotive 8-Bit Shift Register With Schmitt-Trigger Inputs and Opendrain Output Registers

1 Features

- AEC-Q100 Qualified for automotive applications:
 - Device temperature grade 1: –40°C to +125°C, T_A
 - Device HBM ESD Classification Level 2
 - Device CDM ESD Classification Level C6
- Wide operating voltage range: 2 V to 6 V
- Schmitt-trigger inputs allow for slow or noisy input signals
- · Low power consumption
 - Typical I_{CC} of 100 nA
 - Typical input leakage current of ±100 nA
- ±7.8-mA output drive at 6 V

2 Applications

- · Output expansion
- LED matrix control
- 7-segment display control
- 8-bit data storage

3 Description

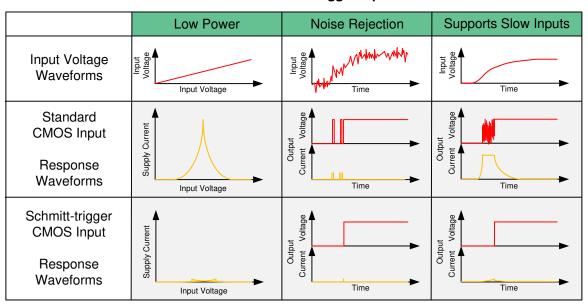
The SN74HCS596-Q1 device contains an 8-bit, serial-in, parallel-out shift register that feeds an 8-bit D-type storage register. All inputs include Schmitt-triggers, eliminating any erroneous data outputs due to slow-edged or noisy input signals. The storage register has parallel open-drain outputs. Separate clocks are provided for both the shift and storage register. The shift register has a direct overriding clear (SRCLR) input, serial (SER) input, and a serial output (Q_H) for cascading. When the output-enable (OE) input is high, the outputs are in a high-impedance state. Internal register data is not impacted by the operation of the OE input.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74HCS596QPWRQ1	TSSOP (16)	5.00 mm x 4.40 mm
SN74HCS596QDRQ1	SOIC (16)	9.90 mm x 3.90 mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Benefits of Schmitt-trigger Inputs



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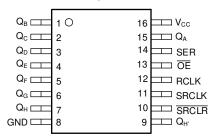
4 Revision History

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
June 2020	*	Initial release.



5 Pin Configuration and Functions

D and PW 16-Pin SOIC and TSSOP Top View



Pin Functions

P	IN	TVDE	DESCRIPTION					
NAME	NO.	TYPE	DESCRIPTION					
Q_B	1	Output	Q _B output (open-drain)					
Q_{C}	2	Output	Q _C output (open-drain)					
Q_D	3	Output	Q _D output (open-drain)					
Q_{E}	4	Output	Q _E output (open-drain)					
Q _F	5	Output	Q _F output (open-drain)					
Q_{G}	6	Output	Q _G output (open-drain)					
Q_{H}	7	Output	Q _H output (open-drain)					
GND	8	_	Ground					
$Q_{H'}$	9	Output	Serial output, can be used for cascading (push-pull)					
SRCLR	10	Input	Shift register clear, active low					
SRCLK	11	Input	Shift register clock, rising edge triggered					
RCLK	12	Input	Output register clock, rising edge triggered					
ŌĒ	13	Input	Output Enable, active low					
SER	14	Input	Serial input					
Q _A	15	Output	Q _A output (open-drain)					
V _{CC}	16	_	Positive supply					

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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		-0.5	7	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current ⁽²⁾	$V_{I} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{I} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$		±20	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current ⁽²⁾	$V_{I} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{I} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$		±20	mA
I _O	Continuous output current	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}		±35	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CC} or GN	D		±70	mA
T _J	Junction temperature (3)			150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Rating* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Condition*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Floating discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾ HBM ESD Classification Level 2	±4000	V
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100- 011 CDM ESD Classification Level C6	±1500	V

⁽¹⁾ AEC Q100-002 indicate that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	2	5	6	V
V_{I}	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	V
Vo	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	V
T _A	Ambient temperature	-40		125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		SN74HCS		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	PW (TSSOP)	D (SOIC)	UNIT
		16 PINS	16 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	141.2	122.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	78.8	80.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	85.8	80.6	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	27.7	40.4	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	85.5	80.3	°C/W
R ₀ JC(bot)	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

Product Folder Links: SN74HCS596-Q1

⁽³⁾ Guaranteed by design.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at $T_A = 25$ °C (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	V _{cc}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
				2 V	0.7		1.5	
V_{T+}	Positive switching threshold			4.5 V	1.7		3.15	V
				6 V	2.1		4.2	
				2 V	0.3		1.0	
V_{T-}	Negative switching threshold			4.5 V	0.9		2.2	V
				6 V	1.2		3.0	
			2 V	0.2		1.0		
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-}) ⁽¹⁾			4.5 V	0.4		1.4	V
				6 V	0.6		1.6	
			$I_{OH} = -20 \mu A$	2 V to 6 V	V _{CC} - 0.1	$V_{CC} - 0.002$		V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V	4.0	4.3		V
			$I_{OH} = -7.8 \text{ mA}$	6 V	5.4	5.75		V
			$I_{OL} = 20 \mu A$	2 V to 6 V		0.002	0.1	
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V		0.18	0.30	V
			$I_{OL} = 7.8 \text{ mA}$	6 V		0.22	0.33	
I	Input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0	,	6 V		±0.1	±1	μΑ
I _{OZ}	Off-state (high-impedance state) output current	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or 0		6 V			±0.5	μA
Icc	Supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0, I_C	0 = 0	6 V		0.1	2	μΑ
Ci	Input capacitance			2 V to 6 V			5	pF

⁽¹⁾ Guaranteed by design.

6.6 Timing Characteristics

 $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted). See Parameter Measurement Information.

				Operating	free-air	temperature	(T _A)	
	PARAMETER		V _{CC}	25°C		-40°C to 1	25°C	UNIT
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
			2 V	7		9		
t		SRCLK or RCLK high or low	4.5 V	7		7		
	Pulse duration	riigir or low	6 V	7		7		20
t _w	Fulse duration		2 V	8		10		ns
		SRCLR low	4.5 V	7		7		
			6 V	7		7		
			2 V	8		13		
		SER before SRCLK↑	4.5 V	4		5		
		OKOLK	6 V	3		4		
			2 V	11		18		
		SRCLK↑ before RCLK↑	4.5 V	5		7		
t _{su}	Cation times	TO LITY	6 V	4		6		
	Setup time		2 V	8		13		ns
		SRCLR low before RCLK↑	4.5 V	4		6		
		, tolit	6 V	4		5		ı
		SRCLR high	2 V	8		13		
		(inactive) before	4.5 V	4		6		
		SRCLK↑	6 V	4		5		



Timing Characteristics (continued)

 $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted). See Parameter Measurement Information.

			Operating					
PARAMETER			V _{cc}	25°C		-40°C to 1	25°C	UNIT
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Hold time	SER after SRCLK↑	2 V	0		0		
t _h			4.5 V	0		0		ns
			6 V	0		0		

6.7 Switching Characteristics

 $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted). See Parameter Measurement Information.

					Op	perating	free-air	tempera	ture (T _A)	
	PARAMETER	FROM	то	V _{CC}		25°C		-40°	C to 125	5°C	UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
				2 V	35			19			
f_{max}	Max switching frequency			4.5 V	110			60			MHz
				6 V	130			75			
				2 V		14	19			45	
t _{pd}		SRCLK	Q _H '	4.5 V		6	8			25	
	Propagation dolay			6 V		5	7			21	200
	Propagation delay			2 V		16	21			45	ns
		RCLK	Q _A - Q _H	4.5 V		6	9			25	
				6 V		6	8			21	
				2 V		13	19			45	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay	SRCLR	$Q_{H'}$	4.5 V		6	8			25	ns
				6 V		6	8			21	
				2 V		12	18			27	
t _{en}	Enable time	ŌĒ	Q _A - Q _H	4.5 V		6	9			13	ns
				6 V		5	8			11	
				2 V		13	16			20	
t _{dis}	Disable time	ŌĒ	Q _A - Q _H	4.5 V		9	11			13	ns
				6 V		8	10			12	
			Any output	2 V			9			16	
t _f	Falling transition-time	Any		4.5 V			5			9	ns
				6 V			4			8	

6.8 Operating Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at $T_A = 25$ °C (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C_{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate	No load	2 V to 6 V		40		pF

Product Folder Links: SN74HCS596-Q1



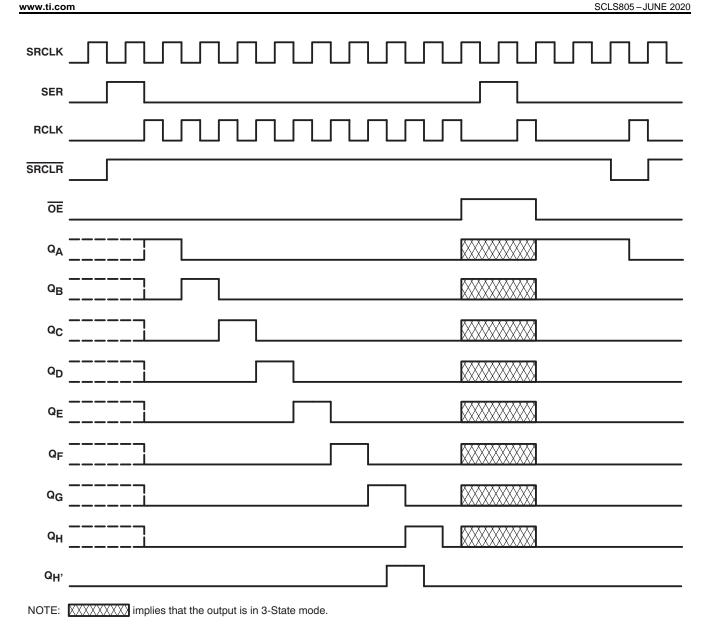
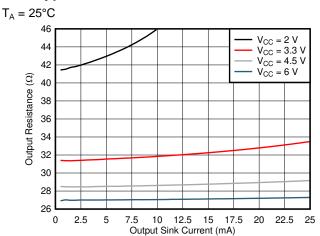


Figure 1. Timing Diagram

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6.9 Typical Characteristics



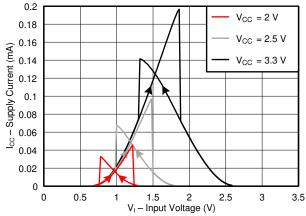


Figure 2. Output driver resistance in LOW state.

Figure 3. Supply current across input voltage, 2-, 2.5-, and 3.3-V supply

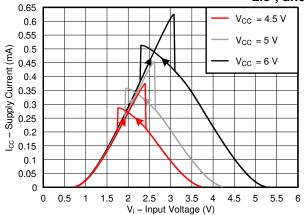


Figure 4. Supply current across input voltage, 4.5-, 5-, and 6-V supply

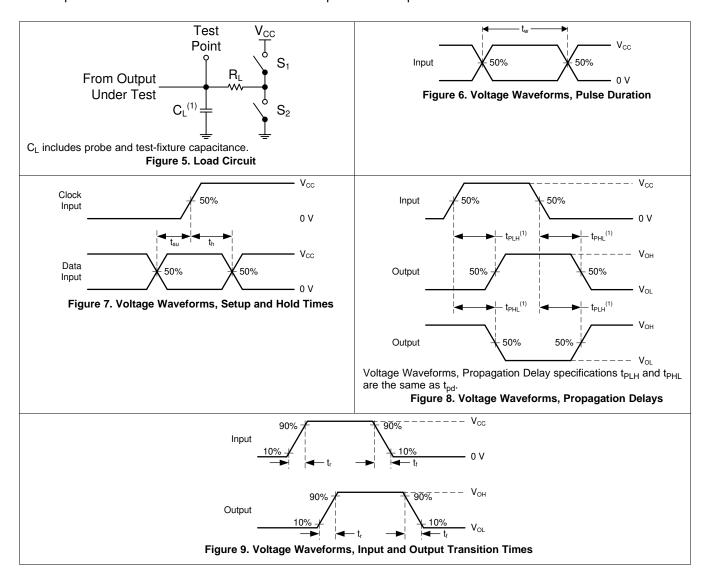
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7 Parameter Measurement Information

Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_t < 2.5 ns$.

For clock inputs, f_{max} is measured when the input duty cycle is 50%.

The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.



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8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

Figure 10 describes the SN74HCS596-Q1, an 8-bit shift register that feeds an 8-bit D-type storage register. Both the shift register clock (SRCLK) and storage register clock (RCLK) are positive-edge triggered. If both clocks are connected together, the shift register always is one clock pulse ahead of the storage register. All inputs include Schmitt-triggers allowing for slow input transitions and providing more noise margin. Outputs Q_A through Q_H are open-drain which require a pull-up resistor to output a High. The serial output $Q_{H'}$ is push-pull.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram

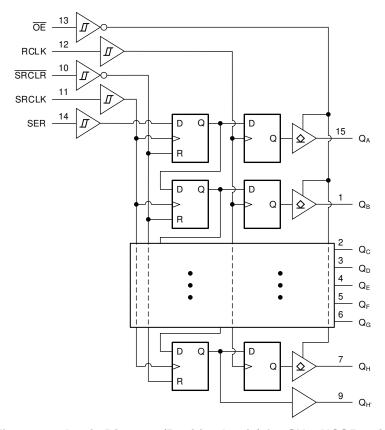


Figure 10. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic) for SN74HCS596-Q1

8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Balanced CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the output power of the device to be limited to avoid damage due to overcurrent. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

The SN74HCS596-Q1 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to the maximum load listed in the *Switching Characteristics* connected to a high-impedance CMOS input while still meeting all of the datasheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied, however it is not recommended to exceed the provided load value. If larger capacitive loads are required, it is recommended to add a series resistor between the output and the capacitor to limit output current to the values given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

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Feature Description (continued)

8.3.2 CMOS Open-Drain Outputs

The open-drain output allows the device to sink current to GND but not to source current from V_{CC} . When the output is not actively pulling the line low, it will go into a high impedance state. This allows the device to be used for a wide variety of applications, including up-translation and down-translation, as the output voltage can be determined by an external pull-up resistor.

The current drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the power output of the device to be limited to avoid thermal runaway and damage due to over-current. The electrical and thermal limits defined the in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*must be followed at all times.

The SN74HCS596-Q1 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to the maximum load listed in the *Switching Characteristics* connected to a high-impedance CMOS input while still meeting all of the datasheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied, however it is not recommended to exceed the provided load value. If larger capacitive loads are required, it is recommended to add a series resistor between the output and the capacitor to limit output current to the values given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

8.3.3 CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Inputs

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the *Electrical Characteristics*, using ohm's law $(R = V \div I)$.

The Schmitt-trigger input architecture provides hysteresis as defined by ΔV_T in the *Electrical Characteristics*, which makes this device extremely tolerant to slow or noisy inputs. While the inputs can be driven much slower than standard CMOS inputs, it is still recommended to properly terminate unused inputs. Driving the inputs slowly will also increase dynamic current consumption of the device. For additional information regarding Schmitt-trigger inputs, please see Understanding Schmitt Triggers.

8.3.4 Positive and Negative Clamping Diodes

The inputs and outputs to this device have both positive and negative clamping diodes as depicted in Figure 11.

CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

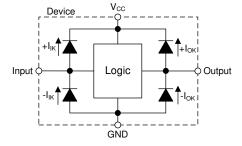


Figure 11. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

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8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the functional modes of the SN74HCS596-Q1.

Table 1. Function Table

		INPUTS			FUNCTION
SER	SRCLK	SRCLR	RCLK	OE	FUNCTION
X	Х	Х	Χ	Н	Outputs Q _A – Q _H are disabled.
X	Х	Х	Χ	L	Outputs Q _A – Q _H are enabled.
X	Х	L	Χ	Х	Shift register is cleared.
L	1	Н	Х	X	First stage of the shift register goes low. Other stages store the data of previous stage, respectively.
Н	1	Н	X	X	First stage of the shift register goes high. Other stages store the data of previous stage, respectively.
X	Х	Н	1	Х	Shift-register data is stored in the storage register.
Х	1	Н	1	Х	Data in shift register is stored in the storage register, the data is then shifted through

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Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

In this application, the SN74HCS596-Q1 is used to control seven-segment displays. Utilizing the serial output and combining a few of the input signals, this implementation reduces the number of I/O pins required to control the displays from sixteen to four. Unlike other I/O expanders, the SN74HCS596-Q1 does not need a communication interface for control. It can be easily operated with simple GPIO pins.

The OE pin is used to easily disable the outputs when the displays need to be turned off or connected to a PWM signal to control brightness. However, this pin can be tied low and the outputs of the SN74HCS596-Q1 can be controlled accordingly to turn off all the segments reducing the I/O needed to three. There is no practical limitation to how many SN74HCS596-Q1 devices can be cascaded. To add more, the serial output will need to be connected to the following serial input and the clocks will need to be connected accordingly. Since the Q_H prime is push-pull, there is no need for a pull-up to drive High. With separate control for the shift registers and output registers, the desired digit can be displayed while the data for the next digit is loaded into the shift register.

At power-up, the initial state of the shift registers and output registers are unknown. To give them a defined state, the shift register needs to be cleared and then clocked into the output register. An RC can be connected to the SRCLR pin as shown in Figure 12 to initialize the shift register to all zeros. With the OE pin pulled up with a resistor, this process can be performed while the outputs are in a high impedance state eliminating any erroneous data causing issues with the displays.

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9.2 Typical Application

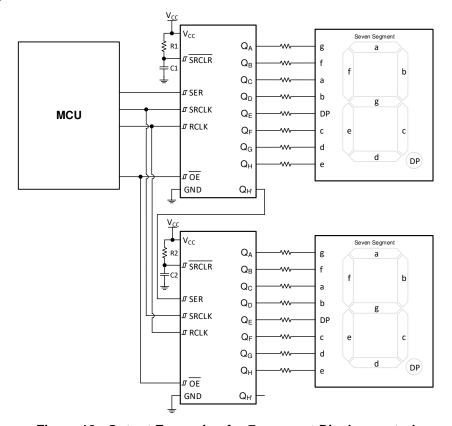


Figure 12. Output Expansion for 7-segment Display control

9.2.1 Design Requirements

- The 7-segment displays should be common anode
- The RC values for the SRCLR pin should be chosen such that the signal doesn't reach V_{t+}(min) until the supply settles
- The resistors at the outputs should be chosen such that the total current through the V_{CC} or GND pin doesn't exceed the maximum value in Absolute Maximum Ratings
- Follow timing requirements given in Timing Characteristics

9.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the device's electrical characteristics as described in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SN74HCS596-Q1 plus the maximum supply current, I_{CC}, listed in *Electrical Characteristics*. The logic device can only sink as much current as is provided by the external pull-up resistor or other supply source. Be sure not to exceed the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The SN74HCS596-Q1 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50 pF connected to a high-impedance CMOS input while still meeting all of the datasheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied, however it is not recommended to exceed 70 pF.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in CMOS Power Consumption and C_{nd} Calculation.

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices.

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Typical Application (continued)

CAUTION

The maximum junction temperature, T_J(max) listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an *additional limitation* to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

9.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross V_t (min) to be considered a logic LOW, and V_{t+} (max) to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either V_{CC} or ground. These can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input is to be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The resistor size is limited by drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74HCS596-Q1, as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and the desired input transition rate. A 10-k Ω resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The SN74HCS596-Q1 has no input signal transition rate requirements because it has Schmitt-trigger inputs.

Another benefit to having Schmitt-trigger inputs is the ability to reject noise. Noise with a large enough amplitude can still cause issues. To know how much noise is too much, please refer to the ΔV_T (min) in the *Electrical Characteristics*. This hysteresis value will provide the peak-to-peak limit.

Unlike what happens with standard CMOS inputs, Schmitt-trigger inputs can be held at any valid value without causing huge increases in power consumption. The typical additional current caused by holding an input at a value other than V_{CC} or ground is plotted in the *Typical Characteristics*.

Refer to the *Feature Description* for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

9.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the V_{OL} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Open-drain outputs can be directly connected together to produce a wired-AND. This is possible because the outputs cannot source current, and thus can never be in bus-contention.

Unused outputs can be left floating.

Refer to Feature Description for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

9.2.1.4 Timing Considerations

The SN74HCS596-Q1 is a clocked device. As such, it requires special timing considerations to ensure normal operation.

Primary timing factors to consider:

- Maximum clock frequency: the maximum operating clock frequency defined in *Timing Characteristics* is the
 maximum frequency at which the device is guaranteed to function. This value refers specifically to the
 triggering waveform, measuring from one trigger level to the next.
- Pulse duration: ensure that the triggering event duration is larger than the minimum pulse duration, as defined in the *Timing Characteristics*.
- Setup time: ensure that the data has changed at least one setup time prior to the triggering event, as defined
 in the *Timing Characteristics*.
- Hold time: ensure that the data remains in the desired state at least one hold time after the triggering event, as defined in the *Timing Characteristics*.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

1. Recommended Input Conditions:



Typical Application (continued)

 Input signals to Schmitt-trigger inputs, like those found on the HCS family of devices, can support unlimited edge rates.

- Input thresholds are listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*.
- Inputs include positive clamp diodes. Input voltages can exceed the device's supply so long as the clamp current ratings are observed from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. Do not exceed the absolute maximum voltage rating of the device or it could be damaged.

2. Recommended Output Conditions:

- Load currents should not exceed the value listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings.
- Series resistors on the output may be used if the user desires to slow the output edge signal or limit the output current.

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Typical Application (continued)

9.2.3 Application Curve

Figure 13 illustrates the functionality of the SN74HCS596-Q1.

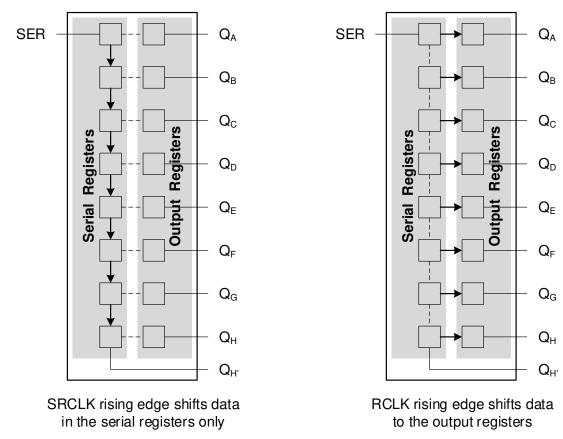


Figure 13. Simplified Functionality of the SN74HCS596-Q1 Registers

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table. Each V_{CC} terminal should have a bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For this device, a 0.1- μ F capacitor is recommended. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1- μ F and 1- μ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminals as possible for best results.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4 channels are used. Such input pins should not be left completely unconnected because the unknown voltages result in undefined operational states.

Specified in Figure 14 are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they are tied to GND or V_{CC} , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is recommended to float outputs unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin, it disables the output section of the part when asserted. This pin keeps the input section of the I/Os from being disabled and floated.

11.2 Layout Example

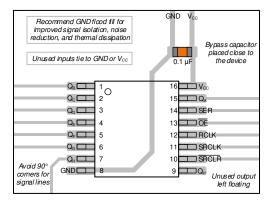


Figure 14. Layout Example



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs application report
- Texas Instruments, Reduce Noise and Save Power with the New HCS Logic Family application report
- Texas Instruments, Understanding Schmitt Triggers application report

12.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

12.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.4 Community Resources

TI E2E™ support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

12.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

12.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.7 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical packaging and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left hand navigation.

www.ti.com 23-May-2025

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
	(-)	(=/			(=)	(4)	(5)		(-)
SN74HCS596QDRQ1	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 16	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HCS596Q
SN74HCS596QDRQ1.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 16	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HCS596Q
SN74HCS596QPWRQ1	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HCS596Q
SN74HCS596QPWRQ1.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HCS596Q

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74HCS596-Q1:

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 23-May-2025

Catalog : SN74HCS596

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 3-Jun-2022

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74HCS596QDRQ1	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HCS596QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 3-Jun-2022



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74HCS596QDRQ1	SOIC	D	16	2500	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74HCS596QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0

D (R-PDS0-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.





SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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