## 1. 简答题: (8分 × 4)

(1) 
$$x = P_1(x)$$
, 故: 当  $l = 1$  时,原式 = 2/3 (4分)

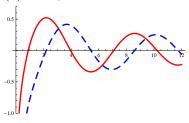
当 
$$l=2, 3$$
 时,原式  $=0$  (2分  $+2$ 分)

(2) 几个特征:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(a)} & \lim_{x\to 0}N_0(x)=\infty, & \lim_{x\to 0}N_1(0)=\infty \\ \text{(b)} & N_1 \text{ 的第一个根大于 } N_0 \text{ 的第一个根} \end{array} \tag{2分)}$$

(b) 
$$N_1$$
 的第一个根大于  $N_0$  的第一个根 (3分)

$$(c)$$
  $N_0$  与  $N_1$  根交错出现  $(3分)$ 



$$(3) u(l,t) = 0$$

$$YSu_x(0,t) = ku(0,t) \tag{4}$$

(4) 只有向右传播的波: 
$$u = f(t - x/a)$$
 (2分)

$$t = 0$$
 时  $u = 0$ ,故  $f(-x/a) = 0$  if  $x \ge 0$  (2分)

$$t \ge 0$$
 的  $x = 0$  处, $SYu_x = \sin \omega t = f(t)$  (2分)

$$t \ge 0 \text{ 的 } x = 0 \text{ 处}, \quad SYu_x = \sin \omega t = f(t)$$

(2分)

综上: 
$$u = \begin{cases} \frac{a}{\omega SY} [\cos \omega (t - x/a) - 1] & t \ge x/a \\ 0 & t < x/a \end{cases}$$
(2分)

(5) 
$$u = \sum_{l} B_{l} r^{-l-1} P_{l}(\cos \theta)$$
 (2 $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{H}}$ )

边条: 
$$u(a,\theta) = \cos^2 \theta = \frac{2}{3} P_2(\cos \theta) + \frac{1}{3} P_0(\cos \theta)$$
 (2分)

$$B_0 = \frac{a}{3}, \qquad B_2 = \frac{2a^3}{3}, \qquad u = \frac{1}{3}\frac{a}{r} + \frac{2}{3}\frac{a^3}{r^3}P_2(\cos\theta)$$
 (三式各 2分)

2. 定解问题: 
$$\begin{cases} u_t = a^2 u_{xx} & (2分) \\ u(0,t) = u_0, & u(l,t) = u_0 \\ u(x,0) = 0, & (2分) \end{cases}$$

$$u(x,t) = u_0 + \sum_{n} A_n \exp[-(n\pi a/l)^2 t] \sin\frac{n\pi}{l} x$$
(5分)

$$u(x,0) = 0 \implies A_n = -\frac{2u_0}{l} \int_0^l \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx \tag{45}$$

$$A_{2n+1} = \frac{4u_0}{(2n+1)\pi}, \quad A_{2n} = 0 \tag{35}$$

3. 
$$u_t = a^2 \nabla^2 u$$
,  $u\Big|_{t=0} = u_0$ ,  $u\Big|_{r=b} = u_1$   $(1+1+1 \, \hat{\mathcal{T}})$ 

u = v + w,  $v = u_1$ , w 满足齐次方程、齐次边条

$$w_t = a^2 \nabla^2 w, \quad w \Big|_{t=0} = u_0 - u_1, \quad w \Big|_{r=b} = 0$$
 (3 $\mathref{h}$ )

w = R(r)T(t)

$$r^2 R''(r) + rR(r) + \mu^2 r^2 R(r) = 0 \implies R_n(r) = J_0 \left(\frac{x_n^{(0)}}{b}r\right)$$
 (4分)

$$T''(z) + a^2 \mu^2 T(z) = 0 \implies T(t) = \exp\left[-\left(\frac{x_n^{(0)}}{b}a\right)^2 t\right]$$
 (45)

$$w(r,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n J_0\left(\frac{x_n^{(0)}}{b}r\right) \exp\left[-\left(\frac{x_n^{(0)}}{b}a\right)^2 t\right]$$
(25)

应用初条: 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n J_0\left(\frac{x_n^{(0)}}{b}r\right) = (u_0 - u_1)$$
 (2分)

$$c_n = \frac{(u_0 - u_1) \int_0^b J_0 \left(\frac{x_n^{(0)}}{b} r\right) r dr}{\int_0^b J_0^2 \left(\frac{x_n^{(0)}}{b} r\right) r dr}$$
(25)

$$\begin{cases}
\nabla^2 u = 0 & a \le r < \infty \\
0 & a \le r \le \infty
\end{cases}$$

4. 定解问题:  $\begin{cases} \nabla^2 u = 0 & a \le r < \infty \\ \lim_{r \to 0} u(r, \theta, \phi) = 有界 \\ (ku_r + Hu) \Big|_{r=a} = \begin{cases} q_0 \cos \theta & 0 \le \theta \le \pi/2 \\ 0 & \pi/2 < \theta < \pi \end{cases}$ (2<math>%)

$$(ku_r + Hu) \Big|_{r=a} = \begin{cases} q_0 \cos \theta & 0 \le \theta \le \pi/2 \\ 0 & \pi/2 \le \theta \le \pi \end{cases}$$
 (4 $\mathbf{\mathcal{H}}$ )

$$u = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} A_l r^l P_l(\cos \theta) \tag{4}$$

利用 r = a 处的边界条件:

$$HA_l a^l + klA_l a^{l-1} = \frac{2l+1}{2} q_0 \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos\theta P_l(\cos\theta) \sin\theta d\theta \tag{45}$$

求球心温度,只需求 
$$A_0$$
 (2分)

$$A_0 = \frac{q_0}{2H} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos\theta \sin\theta d\theta = \frac{q_0}{4H} \tag{25}$$

5. 定解问题: 
$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} - a^2 u_{xx} = h \sin \omega t, \\ u(0,t) = u(l,t) = 0 \\ u(x,0) = 0, \quad u_t(x,0) = 0 \end{cases}$$
 (每行 1 分)

$$v(x,t) = A(x)\sin \omega t, \quad A(0) = A(l) = 0 \tag{2分}$$

$$-\omega^2 A - a^2 A'' = h \tag{25}$$

$$A(x) = -\frac{h}{\omega^2} + F(x) \tag{25}$$

$$F'' + (\omega/a)^2 F(x) = 0 \implies F = \alpha \cos(\omega/a)x + \beta \sin(\omega/a)x$$
 (25)

曲 
$$A(0) = A(l) = 0$$
 可得:  $\alpha = \frac{h}{\omega^2}$ ,  $\beta = \frac{h}{\omega^2} \frac{1 - \cos\frac{\omega l}{a}}{\sin\frac{\omega l}{a}}$  (4分)

$$v(x,t) = \frac{h}{\omega^2} \frac{\sin \omega t}{\sin \frac{\omega l}{a}} \left[ \sin \frac{\omega x}{a} - \sin \frac{\omega l}{a} + \sin \left( \frac{\omega l}{a} - \frac{\omega x}{a} \right) \right]$$
 (55)