$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 + 2\beta (1 - \cos \phi) & -\beta (1 - \cos \phi) \\
\beta (1 - \cos \phi) & -\beta
\end{pmatrix}
\begin{pmatrix}
\ddot{\theta} \\
\ddot{\phi}
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{pmatrix}
-\beta \sin \phi (\dot{\phi}^2 - 2\dot{\theta}\dot{\phi}) \\
\beta \dot{\theta} \sin \phi
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{pmatrix}
\frac{\beta g}{l} \left[\sin (\theta - \phi - \gamma) - \sin (\theta - \gamma)\right] - \frac{g}{l} \sin (\theta - \gamma) \\
\frac{\beta g}{l} \sin (\theta - \phi - \gamma)
\end{pmatrix} = 0$$

```
def equations(t, variable_list):
   theta, the ta_dot, phi, phi_dot = variable_list 变量解包 \theta, \phi, \phi
   matrix_A = np.array([[1+2*beta*(1-np.cos(phi)), -beta*(1-np.cos(phi))],
                       [beta*(1-np.cos(phi)), -beta
                                                                        ]])
   vector_B = np.array([-beta*np.sin(phi)*(phi_dot**2-2*theta_dot*phi_dot),
                      beta*theta_dot**2*np.sin(phi)
                                                                          ])
   vector_C = np.array([beta*g/l*(np.sin(theta-phi-gamma)-np.sin(theta-gamma)-g/l*np.sin(theta-gamma)),
                        beta*g/l*np.sin(theta-phi-gamma)])
   theta_ddot, phi_ddot = np.linalg.solve(matrix_A, -vector_B-vector_C) \mathbb{H} \oplus \theta, \phi
                                                      以列表的形式返回一次微分后的结果
   return [theta_dot, theta_ddot, phi_dot, phi_ddot]
                                                      之后会对它们积分
```