



Life cycle of Flower

Swetha M S



1. POLLINATION

Pollination is the act of transferring pollen grains from the male another of a flower to the female stigma. These plants depend on insects, birds, wind, animal, water and pollinators.

2. FERTILIZATION

It is the combination stage of sperm and ovum.

After the pollination, It will started to grow.





3. SEED DISPERSAL

Seed dispersal is the prominent one for flower life cycle. Seeds are spreading in many ways like wind and animal.

4. SEED

The life cycle of flower is start with seed. It intakes water, swells, and extends it's first root.





5. GERMINATION

This method is initiated by specific enzymes that became activated once the seed is exposed to water. The roots grow downwardly, and also the shoot grows upwards towards the soil surface.

6. SEED GROWTH

Seeds grow into larger plants through the process of germination. It grows up towards the sunlight. Seed needs temperature and water, air for the seed to turn into a plant.

