NETWORKING & SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION LAB

Experiment No.: 3

Roll No: 46

Batch: B

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<u>Aim</u>

Familiarization of the linux commands.

Procedure

42, read

This command is used to read the content of a line to a variable.

```
Syntax :- $ read <variable_name>
```

\$ echo \$variable_name

Output:-

```
student@S46:~$ read something
Hello, My name is Swetha Prakash
student@S46:~$ echo $something
Hello, My name is Swetha Prakash
```

43. locate

This command is used to locate a particular file from any directory.

```
Syntax :- $ locate filename.txt
```

Output:-

```
student@S46:~$ locate space.txt
/home/student/stardust/space.txt
```

44. find

This command is used to locate a particular file from current directory.

Syntax :- \$ find filename.txt

Output:-

```
student@S46:~$ find space.txt
find: 'space.txt': No such file or directory
student@S46:~$ cd stardust
student@S46:~/stardust$ find space.txt
space.txt
```

45. grep

This command is used to search a file for a particular pattern of characters, and displays all lines that contain that pattern.

Syntax :- \$ grep <word> <filename.txt>

Output :-

student@S46:~\$ grep Find a.txt
Find more packages

46. df

This command is used to get a report on system disk space usage.

Syntax :- \$ df

Output:-

o arp ar.					
student@S46:~\$	df				
Filesystem	1K-blocks	Used	Available	Use%	Mounted on
udev	3989764	0	3989764	0%	/dev
tmpfs	803852	3436	800416	1%	/run
/dev/sda6	114460828	41838324	66765124	39%	/
tmpfs	4019252	108444	3910808	3%	/dev/shm
tmpfs	5120	4	5116	1%	/run/lock
tmpfs	4019252	0	4019252	0%	/sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/loop2	768	768	0	100%	/snap/gnome-characters/741
/dev/loop3	113408	113408	0	100%	/snap/core/12821
/dev/loop5	2688	2688	0	100%	/snap/gnome-system-monitor/169
/dev/loop4	46080	46080	0	100%	/snap/gtk-common-themes/1440
/dev/loop6	128	128	0	100%	/snap/bare/5
/dev/loop7	63488	63488	0	100%	/snap/core20/1376
/dev/loop8	144128	144128	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-26-1604/98
/dev/loop9	164096	164096	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-28-1804/116
/dev/loop11	224256	224256	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-34-1804/77
/dev/loop10	56960	56960	0	100%	/snap/core18/2284
/dev/loop12	2688	2688	0	100%	/snap/gnome-calculator/920
/dev/loop13	768	768	0	100%	/snap/gnome-characters/761
/dev/loop14	56960	56960	0	100%	/snap/core18/2344
/dev/loop15	63488	63488	0	100%	/snap/core20/1405
/dev/loop16	302848	302848	0	100%	/snap/vlc/2344
/dev/loop21	1024	1024	0	100%	/snap/gnome-logs/81
/dev/loop20	2688	2688	0	100%	/snap/gnome-system-monitor/174
/dev/loop18	254848	254848	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-38-2004/99
/dev/loop23	207872	207872	0	100%	/snap/vlc/1397
/dev/loop19	168832	168832	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-28-1804/161
/dev/loop24	640	640	0	100%	/snap/gnome-logs/106
/dev/loop22	224256	224256	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-34-1804/72
/dev/loop25	2560	2560	0	100%	/snap/gnome-calculator/884
/dev/loop27	253952	253952	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-38-2004/87
/dev/loop17	540928	540928			/snap/pycharm-community/274
/dev/loop26	66816	66816			/snap/gtk-common-themes/1519
/dev/loop28	144128	144128	0		/snap/gnome-3-26-1604/104
tmpfs	803848	16	803832		/run/user/120
tmpfs	803848	52	803796	1%	/run/user/1001
/ 1 / 20	440000	440000	^	1000	1 1 140004

47. df -m

This command is used to see the reports in megabytes.

Syntax :- \$ df -m

Output :-

student@S46:~\$	df -m				
Filesystem	1M-blocks	Used	Available		Mounted on
udev	3897	0	3897	0%	/dev
tmpfs	786	4	782	1%	/run
/dev/sda6	111779	40858	65201		
tmpfs	3926	106	3820		/dev/shm
tmpfs	5	1	5		/run/lock
tmpfs	3926	0	3926		/sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/loop2	1	1	0	100%	/snap/gnome-characters/741
/dev/loop3	111	111			/snap/core/12821
/dev/loop5	3	3			/snap/gnome-system-monitor/169
/dev/loop4	45	45			/snap/gtk-common-themes/1440
/dev/loop6	1	1			/snap/bare/5
/dev/loop7	62	62			/snap/core20/1376
/dev/loop8	141	141			/snap/gnome-3-26-1604/98
/dev/loop9	161	161			/snap/gnome-3-28-1804/116
/dev/loop11	219	219			/snap/gnome-3-34-1804/77
/dev/loop10	56	56			/snap/core18/2284
/dev/loop12	3	3			/snap/gnome-calculator/920
/dev/loop13	1	1			/snap/gnome-characters/761
/dev/loop14	56	56			/snap/core18/2344
/dev/loop15	62	62			/snap/core20/1405
/dev/loop16	296	296			/snap/vlc/2344
/dev/loop21	1	1			/snap/gnome-logs/81
/dev/loop20	3	3			/snap/gnome-system-monitor/174
Document Viewe	249	249			/snap/gnome-3-38-2004/99
/dev/toop23	203	203			/snap/vlc/1397
/dev/loop19	165	165			/snap/gnome-3-28-1804/161
/dev/loop24	1	1			/snap/gnome-logs/106
/dev/loop22	219	219			/snap/gnome-3-34-1804/72
/dev/loop25	3	3			/snap/gnome-calculator/884
/dev/loop27	248	248			/snap/gnome-3-38-2004/87
/dev/loop17	529	529			/snap/pycharm-community/274
/dev/loop26	66	66			/snap/gtk-common-themes/1519
/dev/loop28	141	141			/snap/gnome-3-26-1604/104
tmpfs	786	1	785		/run/user/120
tmpfs	786	1			/run/user/1001
/dev/loop29	111	111	0	100%	/snap/core/12834

48. du

This command is used to check how much space a file or directory takes.

Syntax :- \$ du

Output :-

udev tmpfs /dev/sda6 tmpfs tmpfs tmpfs	1M-blocks 3897 786 111779 3926 5	0 4 40858 106	3897 782 65201	0% 1%	Mounted on /dev /run
tmpfs /dev/sda6 tmpfs tmpfs tmpfs	786 111779 3926 5	4 40858 106	782 65201	1%	•
/dev/sda6 tmpfs tmpfs tmpfs	111779 3926 5	40858 106	65201		/run
tmpfs tmpfs tmpfs	3926 5	106		200/	
tmpfs tmpfs	5				•
tmpfs			3820		/dev/shm
	3926	1	5	1%	/run/lock
	3320	0	3926	0%	/sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/loop2	1	1	0	100%	/snap/gnome-characters/741
/dev/loop3	111	111			/snap/core/12821
/dev/loop5	3	3	0	100%	/snap/gnome-system-monitor/169
/dev/loop4	45	45	0	100%	/snap/gtk-common-themes/1440
/dev/loop6	1	1			/snap/bare/5
/dev/loop7	62	62	0	100%	/snap/core20/1376
/dev/loop8	141	141	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-26-1604/98
/dev/loop9	161	161	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-28-1804/116
/dev/loop11	219	219	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-34-1804/77
/dev/loop10	56	56	0	100%	/snap/core18/2284
/dev/loop12	3	3	0	100%	/snap/gnome-calculator/920
/dev/loop13	1	1	0	100%	/snap/gnome-characters/761
/dev/loop14	56	56	0	100%	/snap/core18/2344
/dev/loop15	62	62	0	100%	/snap/core20/1405
/dev/loop16	296	296	0	100%	/snap/vlc/2344
/dev/loop21	1	1	0	100%	/snap/gnome-logs/81
/dev/loop20	3	3	0	100%	/snap/gnome-system-monitor/174
/dDocument Viewer	249	249	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-38-2004/99
/dev/toop23	203	203	0	100%	/snap/vlc/1397
/dev/loop19	165	165			/snap/gnome-3-28-1804/161
/dev/loop24	1	1	0	100%	/snap/gnome-logs/106
/dev/loop22	219	219			/snap/gnome-3-34-1804/72
/dev/loop25	3	3	0	100%	/snap/gnome-calculator/884
/dev/loop27	248	248			/snap/gnome-3-38-2004/87
/dev/loop17	529	529			/snap/pycharm-community/274
/dev/loop26	66	66			/snap/gtk-common-themes/1519
/dev/loop28	141	141			/snap/gnome-3-26-1604/104
tmpfs	786	1	785		/run/user/120
tmpfs	786	1	785		/run/user/1001
/dev/loop29	111	111	0		/snap/core/12834

49. wc -l

This command is used to count the number of lines from a file.

Syntax :- \$ wc -l <filename.txt>

Output :-

```
student@S46:~$ wc -l a.txt
16 a.txt
```

50. wc -w

This command is used to count the number of words from a file.

Syntax :- \$ wc -w <filename.txt>

Output :-

student@S46:~\$ wc -w a.txt
137 a.txt

51. wc -c

This command is used to count the number of characters from a file.

Syntax :- \$ wc -c <filename.txt>

Output :-

student@S46:~\$ wc -c a.txt
738 a.txt

52. wc -m

This command is used to count the number of bytes from a file.

Syntax :- \$ wc -m < filename.txt>

Output :-

student@S46:~\$ wc -m a.txt
738 a.txt

53. grep -i

This command is used for a case insensitive search and display.

Syntax:- \$ grep -i <word> <filename.txt>

Output:-

```
student@S46:~$ grep -i packAGE a.txt
PIP is a package manager for Python packages
A package contains all the files you need for a module
Downloading a package is very easy
Open the command line interface and tell PIP to download the package you want
Once the package is installed, it is ready to use
Import the "camelcase" package into your project
Find more packages
Press y and the package will be removed
Use the list command to list all the packages installed on your system
```

54. grep -v

This command is used for an inverted search and display.

Syntax :- \$ grep -v <word> <filename.txt>

Output:-

```
student@S46:~$ grep -v package a.txt
The try block lets you test a block of code for errors
The except block lets you handle the error
The else block lets you execute code when there is no error
Since the try block raises an error, the except block will be executed
Without the try block, the program will crash and raise an error
```

55. cat file | grep

This command is used for a case insensitive search.

Syntax :- \$ cat <filename.txt> | grep <word>

Output :-

```
student@S46:~$ cat a.txt | grep error
The try block lets you test a block of code for errors
The except block lets you handle the error
The else block lets you execute code when there is no error
Since the try block raises an error, the except block will be executed
Without the try block, the program will crash and raise an error
```

56. grep -A1

This command is used to display the line after the word.

Syntax :- \$ grep -A1 <word> <filename.txt>

Output :-

```
student@S46:~$ grep -A1 Galaxy star.txt
Galaxy
Supercluster
```

57. grep -B1

This command is used to display the line before the word.

Syntax :- \$ grep -B1 <word> <filename.txt>

Output:-

student@S46:~\$ grep -B1 Galaxy star.txt Alpha Centauri Galaxy

58. grep -C1

This command is used to display the line before and after the word.

Syntax :- \$ grep -C1 <word> <filename.txt>

Output:-

student@S46:~\$ grep -C1 Galaxy star.txt
Alpha Centauri
Galaxy
Supercluster