



## Introduction

Breast cancer is the most common cancer in women worldwide. This presentation will explore how machine learning can be used to predict breast cancer diagnosis, providing a comprehensive analysis of the topic.



## **Breast Cancer Diagnosis**

Diagnosing breast cancer involves mammography, ultrasound, and biopsy. However, these methods can produce inconclusive results. Machine learning can be used to analyze these results and provide more accurate predictions.



## Types of Machine Learning

There are two types of machine learning: supervised and unsupervised. Supervised machine learning involves training the model on labeled data. Unsupervised machine learning involves clustering data to find patterns.

#### **Machine Learning Algorithms**

There are several machine learning algorithms that can be used for breast cancer diagnosis, including logistic regression, random forest, and support vector machines. Each algorithm has its own strengths and weaknesses.





## Performance Metrics

To evaluate the performance of a machine learning model, several metrics can be used, including **accuracy**, **precision**, and **recall**. These metrics can help determine the effectiveness of the model.

# Conclusion

Machine learning has the potential to improve breast cancer diagnosis by providing more accurate predictions. However, it is important to carefully evaluate the performance of the model and consider the ethical implications of using machine learning in healthcare.

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