



Swetha V

Final Project



PROJECT TITLE

A Deep Dive into Shape Recognition: Utilizing CNNs for Circle and Square Identification

3/21/2024Annual Review

AGENDA

- Introduction to Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs)
- Synthetic Data Generation for Training
- Building a CNN Architecture for Shape Classification
- Training and Evaluating the Model
- Demonstration of Shape Prediction
- Discussion of Project Extensions



PROBLEM STATEMENTS

- How can we effectively classify images of shapes using machine learning?
- Can we successfully train a CNN without relying on external datasets?
- What are the key considerations for building and training a CNN for shape classification?
- How can we visualize and interpret the results of a CNN for better understanding?
- What are potential ways to extend this project for more complex image classification tasks?



PROJECT OVERVIEW

- Develop a CNN model capable of classifying images into circles and squares.
- Generate synthetic data to train the model without external datasets.
- Explore the model's architecture and training process.
- Evaluate model performance using accuracy metrics.
- Demonstrate model prediction capabilities on sample images.



WHO ARE THE END USERS?

- Machine learning enthusiasts seeking introductory CNN projects
- Students exploring computer vision and image classification
- Educators teaching deep learning concepts
- Developers experimenting with synthetic data generation
- Researchers interested in basic shape classification tasks

MY SOLUTION AND ITS VALUE PROPOSITION

- Accessible CNN Learning: Hands-on experience building a CNN without complex datasets.
- Understanding CNN Concepts: Explores core CNN layers, model compilation, and training techniques.
- Synthetic Data Exploration: Demonstrates data generation for model training.
- Visualization and Interpretation: Opportunities to visualize model results for better comprehension.
- Foundation for Extension: Serves as a basis for further experiments and real-world applications.

THE WOW IN MY SOLUTION

- Learning Without Datasets: Empowers users to create their own training data for CNNs.
- Unlocking Shape Recognition: Witness a machine's ability to "see" and classify shapes.
- Building Intuition for Deep Learning: Develop a deeper understanding of CNN mechanisms.
- Potential for Real-World Applications: Bridges the gap between learning and practical use cases.
- Adaptable and Expandable: Encourages experimentation with different shapes and model architectures.



MODELLING

- Visualizing CNN Architecture: Diagrams illustrating model layers and data flow.
- Data Generation Process: Graphical representation of synthetic image creation.
- Performance Visualization: Graphs depicting training progress and accuracy metrics.
- **Prediction Demonstration**: Interactive interface for testing the model on user-provided images.

RESULTS

- Achieved accuracy of 0.8075000047683716 on the generated test set.
- Successfully identified circles and squares in sample images

```
In [9]: test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(X test, y test)
         print('Test accuracy:', test acc)
         63/63
                           Os 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.8153 - loss: 0.4200
         Test accuracy: 0.8075000047683716
In [10]: sample_image = np.expand_dims(X_test[0], axis=0) # Add batch dimension
         prediction = model.predict(sample image)
         predicted class = np.argmax(prediction)
         print('Predicted class:', ('Circle' if predicted class == 0 else 'Square'))
                                 0s 117ms/step
         Predicted class: Square
```