

Second Midterm Exam

Zurich, December 11th, 2018

Exercise 1

We consider the languages

$$L_\lambda = \{\text{Kod}(M) \mid \lambda \in L(M)\}$$

and

$$L_{\text{all}} = \{\text{Kod}(M) \mid L(M) = \Sigma_{\text{bool}}^*\}.$$

(a) Prove that $L_U \leq_{\text{EE}} L_\lambda$.

(b) Prove that $L_{\text{all}} \notin \mathcal{L}_R$.

You may use all results from the lecture and from the exercise sheets.

7+3 points

Exercise 2

We consider the language

$$L_{\cap \neq \emptyset} = \{\text{Kod}(M_1) \# \text{Kod}(M_2) \mid L(M_1) \cap L(M_2) \neq \emptyset\}.$$

(a) Prove that $L_{\cap \neq \emptyset} \in \mathcal{L}_{\text{RE}}$.

(b) Prove that $L_{\cap \neq \emptyset} \notin \mathcal{L}_R$.

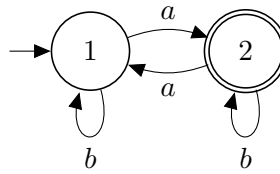
You may use all results from the lecture and from the exercise sheets.

5+5 points

(please turn the page)

Exercise 3

- (a) We consider the finite automaton A as shown below.



Use the dynamic-programming method from the lecture to derive a regular expression α with $L(\alpha) = L(A)$.

- (b) Give a regular grammar G satisfying

$$L(G) = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid 2|w|_b \bmod 3 = 2 \text{ or } w \text{ contains the subword } bba\}.$$

Give a brief and informal explanation of the idea behind your construction.

5+5 points

Exercise 4

- (a) Let $G = (V, E)$ be an undirected graph with vertex set $V = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$ and edge set $E = \{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_m\}$.

Give a construction that transforms G into a 3CNF formula Φ that is satisfiable if and only if G contains a vertex cover of size 2.

- (b) Let TRIPLE-SAT denote the set of all CNF formulas having *at least* three satisfying assignments. Prove that TRIPLE-SAT is NP-complete.

You may use all results from the lecture and from the exercise sheets.

4+6 points