

Learning Objectives

- Setting up SQL Server and SQL Server Management Studio
- How to create a table from Excel to SQL and query them!
- Understanding scripts for database creation and administration and setup popular database in your local machine
- Connect SQL Server to Excel and PowerBI
- Expand learning curve using MOOCs and Github for learning

Prerequisites and setup steps

- A virtual machine or computer running Windows 10, Windows 11, with at least 4 CPUs and 8GB RAM.
- Oisplay: At least 1440x900 or 1600x900 (16:9) recommended.
- Internet connectivity: You must have the ability to connect to the Internet
- Microsoft Excel (recommended) and Microsoft Power BI Desktop installed (optional)
- You will need Administrator rights on the virtual machine or computer. It is recommended to use your own personal laptop, **do not** use company laptop or owned by others.

Why SQL?



SQL stands for Structured Query Language, and was designed in the early 1970s at IBM to manipulate and retrieve data stored in a relational database management system (RDMS)



Universal standard for SQL set by the International Organization for Standards and the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), with updates released every ~3-5 years



Companies are constantly adding new features on top of the standards, which creates different "flavors" of SQL (MySQL, PostgreSQL, SQLite, etc.)



SQL is the standard language for relational database management

Important Concept #1

| Technology / Concept | Description | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| SQL Server 2022 | The latest major version of SQL Server. <u>Microsoft SQL Server is a relational database management system (RDBMS)</u> . <u>Applications and tools connect to a SQL Server instance or database, and communicate using Transact-SQL (T-SQL)</u> . | |
| SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) | Graphical User Interface Management and Query Tool | |
| Microsoft Azure | Microsoft's cloud platform for computing, data, and applications. | |
| Database | A database in SQL Server is made up of a collection of tables that stores a specific set of structured data. | |
| Tables | <u>Tables are database objects that contain all the data in a database.</u> In table, data is logically organized in a row-and-column format similar to a spreadsheet | |
| Schema | In a SQL database, a schema is a list of logical structures of data | |
| Instance | The name of the server or instance. For example, MyServer or MyServer\MyInstance. | |
| Database normalization | Normalization is the process of structuring the tables and columns in a relational database to minimize redundancy and preserve data integrity. | |
| Cardinality | Cardinality refers to the uniqueness of values in a column of a table, commonly described as how two tables relate (one-to-one, one-to-many, or many-to-many). • Primary keys are unique, cannot contain duplicates and null • Foreign keys are non-unique, may contain duplicates and null | |

Important Concept #2

| Technology / Concept | Description |
|------------------------------------|---|
| The "Big 6" statements and clauses | SELECT, FROM, WHERE, GROUP BY, HAVING, and ORDER BY |
| "GROUP BY" aggregate functions | COUNT, COUNT(DISTINCT), MIN, MAX, AVG, and SUM |
| Query Multiple Tables using JOINS | INNER JOIN, LEFT JOIN, RIGHT JOIN, FULL OUTER JOIN, and UNION |

Important Concept #3











These flavors of SQL are much more similar than they are different – all are based on the same universal standard, with slight variations in syntax.

Common T-SQL Data Types

| Data Types | Specification | Storage |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| INT | INT(-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647) | 4 bytes |
| BIGINT | INT(- 9,223,372,036,854,775, 808) to (9,223,372,036,854,775, 807) | 8 bytes |
| FLOAT | Decimal (precise to 23 digits) | Depends on value of n |
| DECIMAL | DECIMAL Decimal (to 65 digits – most precise) | |
| Date | yyyy-MM-dd | |
| Datetime2 | yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss[.nnnnnnn] | |
| Time | hh:mm:ss[.nnnnnnn] | |

| Data Types | Specification | Storage |
|------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| CHAR | String (0 – 255) | |
| VARCHAR | String (0 – 255) | |
| TEXT | String (0 – 65535) | |
| Date | yyyy-MM-dd | |
| Datetime2 | yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss[.nnnnnnn] | |
| Time | hh:mm:ss[.nnnnnnn] | |

Module 1

Setting SQL Server and SQL Server Management Studio





Setting up SQL Server (Developer) and SQL Server Management Studio

- Learn how to install SQL Server Management Studio
 - Install SQL Server 2022 (Developer):
 - Choose basic installation
 - Install SQL Server Management Studio:
 - Installation instruction:
 - SQL Documentation Navigation Tips
 - Tools: SQL Server, SQL Server Management Studio, Excel, <u>PowerBI (optional)</u>
 - PC Requirement: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/ssms/download-sql-server-management-studio-ssms?view=sql-server-ver16





Module 2

Creating a Database and Table From Excel to SQL

Creating a Database and Table - From Excel to SQL

Understanding the logic

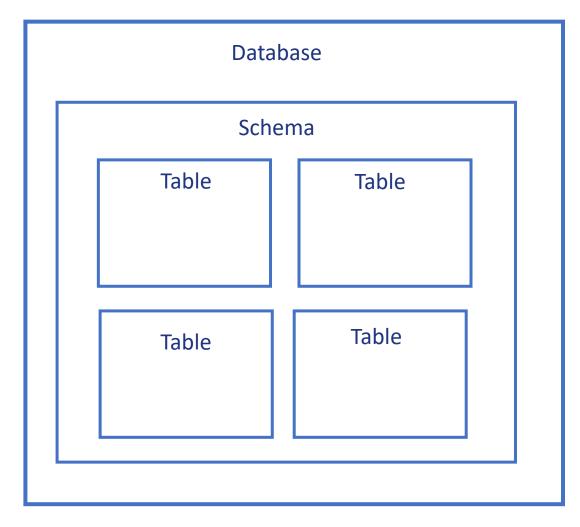






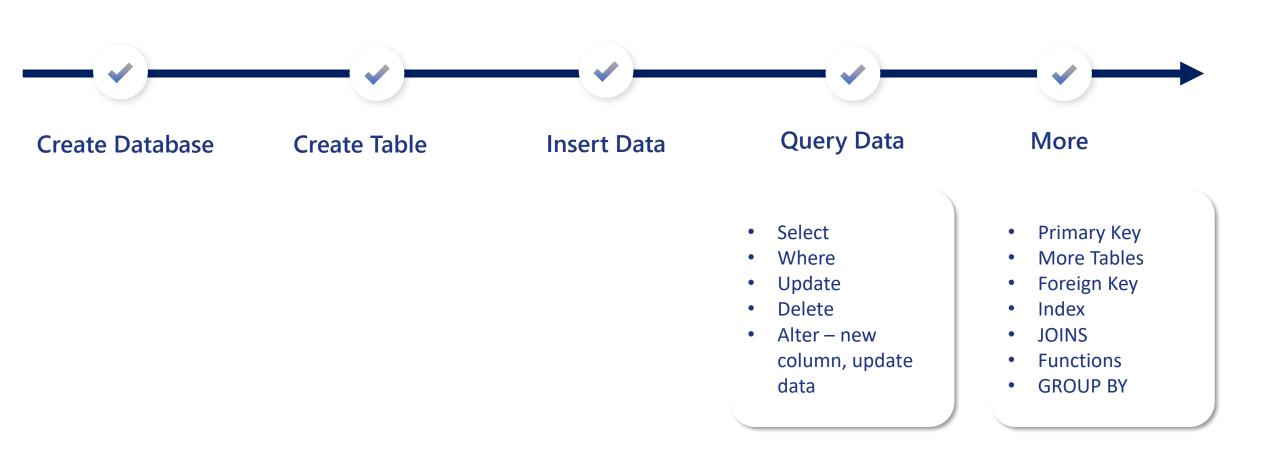
Creating a Database and Table - From Excel to SQL

Understanding the logic



Creating a Database and Table - From Excel to SQL

Understanding the logic

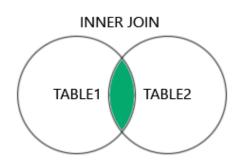


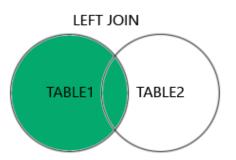
The "Big 6" Elements of SQL SELECT Statement

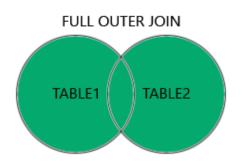
START OF STATEMENT

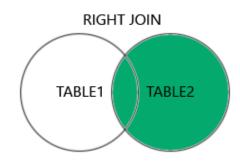
| SELECT | Identifies the column(s) you want your | SELECT columnName |
|----------|---|-------------------------|
| FROM | Identifies the table(s) your query will pull data from | FROM tableName |
| WHERE | (Optional) Specifies record-filtering criteria for filtering your results | WHERE logicalCondition |
| GROUP BY | (Optional) Specifies how to group the data in your results | GROUP BY columnName |
| HAVING | (Optional) Specifies group-filtering criteria for filtering your results | HAVING logicalCondition |
| ORDER BY | (Optional) Specifies the order in which your query results are displayed | ORDER BY columnName |

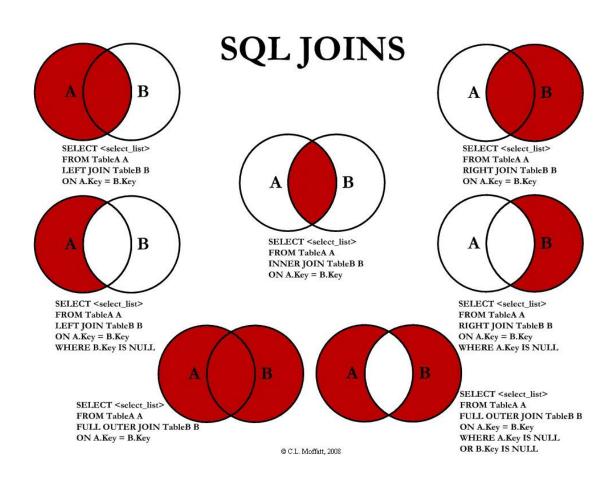
Database Join











Module 3

Understanding scripts, restore a database and templates for database creation

Understanding scripts and database restore from popular databases

- Go to this Github repositories and download the sample databases:
 - Adventureworks
 - AdventureWorks Data Dictionary
 - Stored Procedures in AdventureWorks
 - Functions in AdventureWorks
 - Contoso
 - Northwind
 - Wide World Importers
- You can replicate these databases by installing the database or installing from a backup.
- Read more here: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/samples/adventureworks-install-configure?view=sql-server-ver16&tabs=ssms

Understanding scripts and database restore from popular databases

- Installing AdventureWorks
 - Download AdventureWorks-oltp-install-script.zip and extract the zip file to the C:\Samples\AdventureWorks folder.
 - Open C:\Samples\AdventureWorks\instawdb.sql in SQL Server Management Studio and follow the instructions at the top of the file.
 - Enable SQLCMD mode via Query tab

Understanding scripts and database restore from popular databases

- Install a database from database backup
 - Locate the Backup folder for your SQL Server instance. The default path for 64-bit SQL Server 2016 is C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL13.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\Backup. The MSSQL value is MSSQL14 for SQL Server 2017, MSSQL13 for SQL Server 2016, MSSQL12 for SQL Server 2014, MSSQL11 for SQL Server 2012, and MSSQL10 for SQL Server 2008R2.
 - Download the .bak file from AdventureWorks release and save it to the Backup folder for your SQL Server instance.
 - Open SQL Server Management Studio and connect to your SQL Server instance.
 - Restore the database using the SQL Server Management Studio user interface. For more information, see Restore a database backup using SSMS.
 - Or, run the RESTORE DATABASE command in a new query Window. On the Standard toolbar, click the New Query button.

Use templates in SQL Server Management Studio

- There are pre-built Transact-SQL Templates that are available in SSMS.
- Use Template Browser to locate the template. You can:
 - Open a template
 - Create a database
 - Create a table
 - Edit a template
 - Locate the template on disk
 - Save the template
 - Save custom template
- Read more here: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/ssms/template/templates-ssms?view=sql-server-ver16

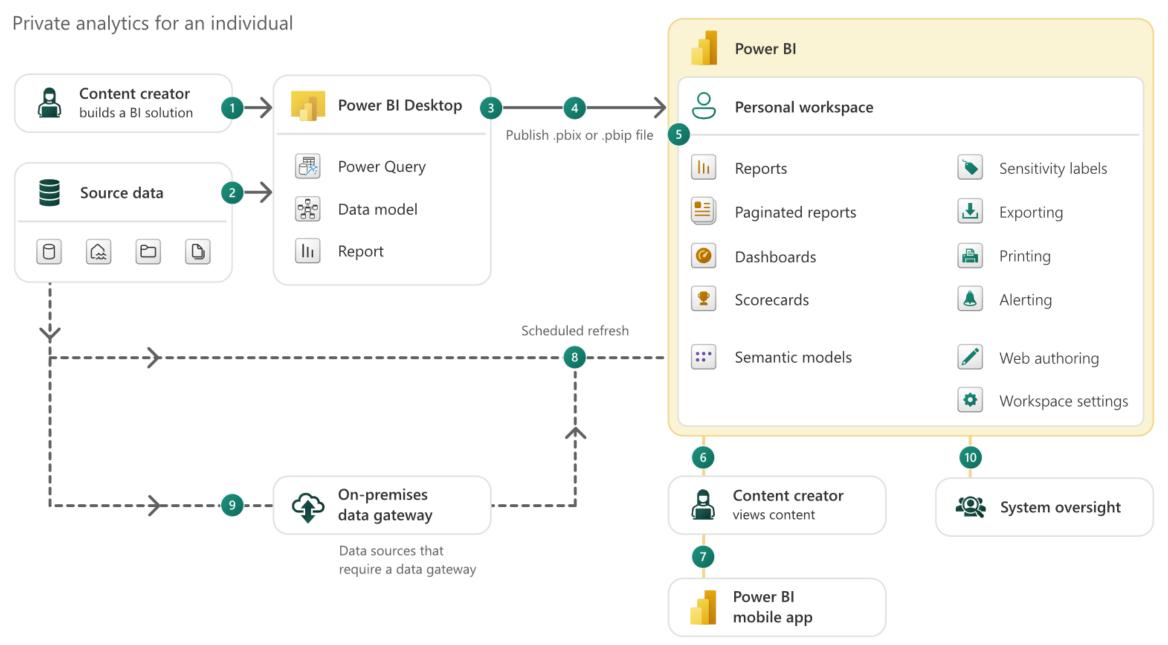
Module 4

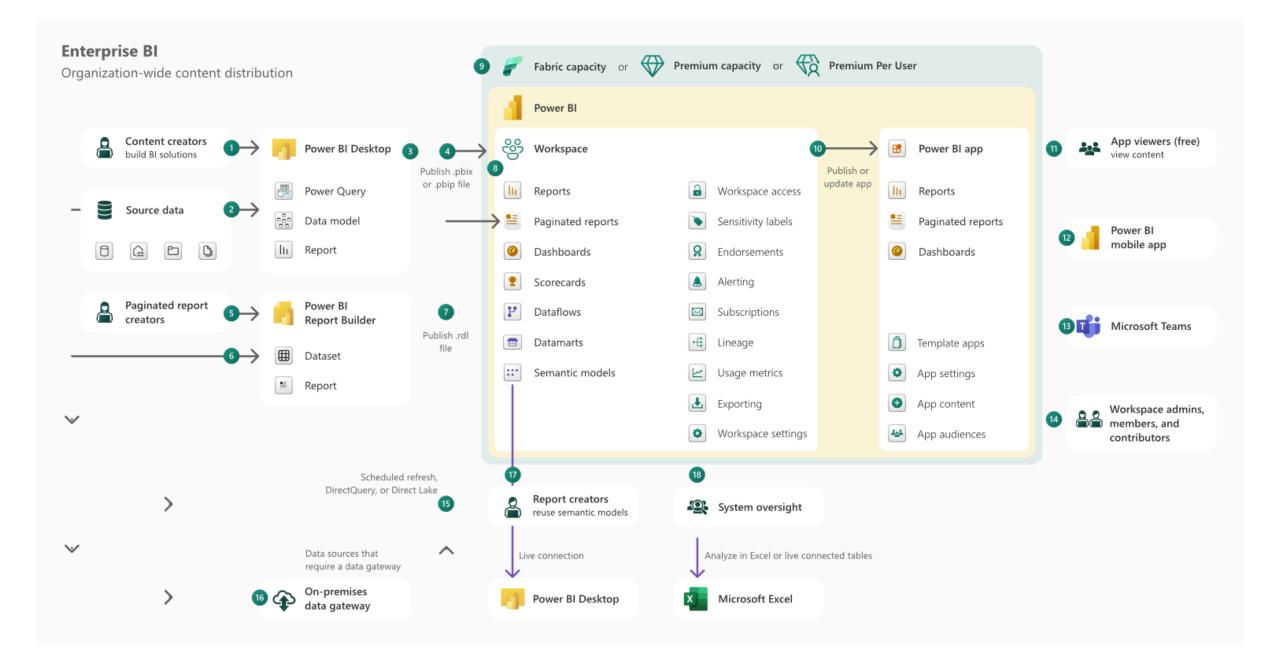
Connecting SQL Server to Excel and PowerBI

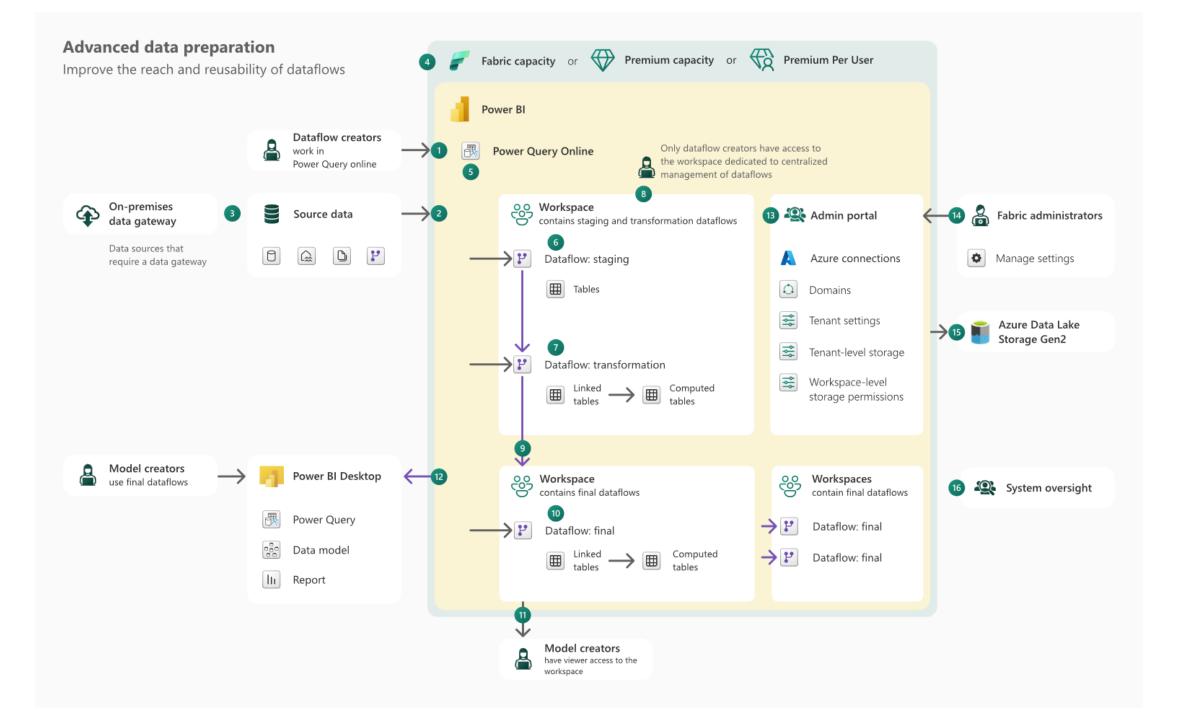
Connect to the Database Engine

- **Connection options:** When you connect to the Database Engine, you must provide an instance name (that is, the server or instance where the Database Engine is installed), a network protocol, and a connection port, in the following format:
- Connect to SQL Server on the same machine as the client (this session): If you're connecting to a server configured with default settings, use one of the following options:
 - localhost
 - 127.0.0.1
 - . (a single period)
- Use get data from Excel or PowerBl.

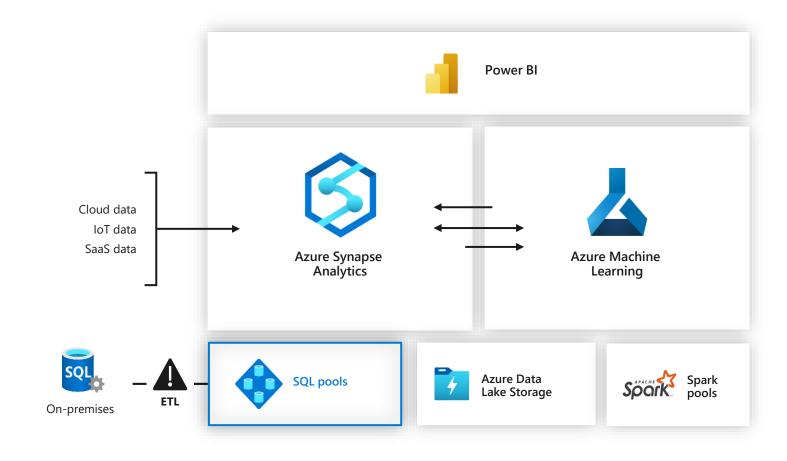
Personal BI







Azure Synapse Link for SQL Server



Module 5

Expand learning curve using MOOCs and Github for learning

Microsoft Career Path

Explore careers



Administrator

Scale technical solutions across the



Define and implement cutting-edge Al



App Maker

Build business applications the easy way.



Business User

Increase efficiency and productivity in your business.



Data Analyst

Make meaningful decisions with your



Data Engineer

Make your complex data available and accessible.



Data Scientist

Find the trends and develop data-driven solutions for your business.



Developer

Make technology work for everyone.



DevOps Engineer

Blend your technical expertise with business savvy.



Functional Consultant

Implement custom business applications.

Microsoft Certifications



MB 200

Microsoft Learn, Documentation, Github and Microsoft Github



Introduction to Microsoft Learn and Documentation

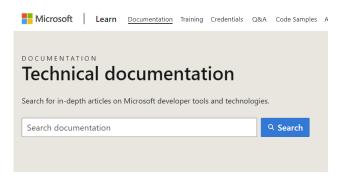


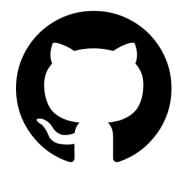
Introduction to Github and Microsoft Github



Leveraging X for learning – lots of nerds on X!







Thank you for your attention!

Follow me on:



@SyarmineS



@ Syarmine Shah – connect and say hi!