First Name:	Last Name:	Last Name:	
Student ID #:			
PSC 041	Research Methods in Psychology	WQ 2024	

## Unit 2 Exam Version F Research Summary

Please answer the following questions in the space provided. Only write on the lines.

Adapted from: Ravizza, S. M., Uitvlugt, M. G., Fenn, K. M. (2016). Logged in and zoned out: How laptop

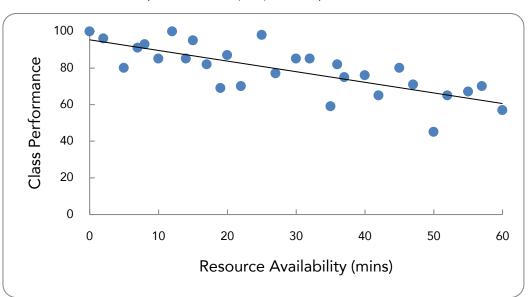
internet use relates to classroom learning. *Psychological Science*.

The transition from in-person to virtual learning poses new opportunities and challenges. One of the most prominent issues being exam formats. Many professors have turned to "open-book" exams online, allowing students to utilize class and online resources as exam aids. This might seem like a gift to students, however, does access to a virtual world of information lead to better testing performance?

To investigate the relationship between online resource availability and class performance,

researchers recruited 124 students enrolled in an introductory psychology course. When each student was ready to take an 1-hour timed exam they were instructed to restart their computer, open a single internet browser, and log into a proxy server. This proxy server tracked students' online resource availability by counting the number of minutes each student spent in any internet browser (e.g. Safari, Google Chrome, & Internet Explorer) tab other than the one opened for their exam. For each student, his, her, or their exam score (out of 100) was used as an indicator of class performance. Resource availability, as estimated by the time spent browsing other sites, was found to be related to student's class performance, r(122) = -0.25, p = .01. Researchers concluded that

when taking exams, particularly those that have a time limit, spending too much time accessing other resources may hurt students more than help them.



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## **Predictor Variable**

	Considering the predictor / independent variable, Resource Availability
10 pts	1. How did the researchers operationally define the predictor / independent variable? Describe it using your own words. Be sure to include the levels or values and indicate how the codes will be interpreted.
5 pts	<ul> <li>2. The predictor / independent variable is (fill in the box)</li> <li>Categorical</li> <li>Continuous</li> </ul>
5 pts	<ul> <li>3. How was the predictor / independent variable measured? (fill in the box)</li> <li>Observation</li> <li>Self-Report</li> <li>Physiological</li> <li>It was manipulated (under the experimenter's control)</li> </ul>
5 pts	<ul> <li>4. Is this a causal or associative claim? (fill in the box)</li> <li>Causal</li> <li>Associative</li> </ul>
20 pts	5. Threat to Construct Validity: This variable is vulnerable to a <b>Hawthorne effect</b> (reactivity). Describe why it is vulnerable to this effect. Describe how a researcher could reduce the vulnerability to this threat.

## **Outcome Variable**

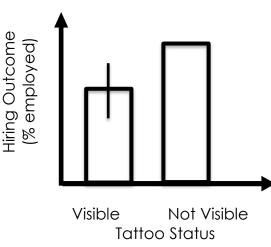
	Considering the outcome / dependent variable, Class Performance
	Partial operational definition: Grade on an exam
5 pts	6. The outcome / dependent variable is (fill in the box)   Categorical  Continuous
5 pts	<ul> <li>7. How was the outcome / dependent variable measured? (fill in the box)</li> <li>□ Observation</li> <li>□ Self-Report</li> <li>□ Physiological</li> <li>□ It was manipulated (under the experimenter's control)</li> </ul>
20 pts	8. Evaluate the <b>construct validity</b> of the outcome / dependent variable. ProTips: Give an overall evaluation. Think about the face validity, the procedure, and the method-match to inform your decision. Use specific vocabulary. Be sure to only discuss this one variable.

	Hypothesi:	S	<b>A</b>
10 pts	9. Sketch the null hypothesis:	Class Performance	
	Summarize the fi	indings	Resource Availability
5 pts	10. What sort of relationship did the research re  No relationship  Strong negative linear relationship  Moderate negative linear relationship  Weak negative linear relationship  Strong positive linear relationship  Moderate positive linear relationship  Weak positive linear relationship  Weak positive linear relationship	eveal?	
5 pts	11. The p value is Therefore, there a between the variables. (fill in the box)  □ greater than 0.05; is □ greater than 0.05; is not □ less than 0.05; is □ less than 0.05; is not	greater than 0.5; is greater than 0.5; is not less than 0.5; is not less than 0.5; is not	
5 pts -	12. Does this interpretation follow from this stud a decrease in class performance" Why or why		d internet usage caused
_			
-			

## Multiple choice/ fill in the blank / short answer.

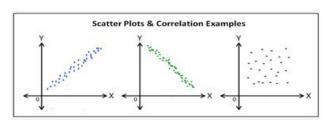
Select the <u>single best answer</u>. Indicate your choice by filling in the box to the left of your selection. Write or draw other answers in the space provided. 2.5 points each.

13. Draw the remaining error bar on this graph such that the graph supports this claim: Having visible tattoos is related to getting a job



- 14. A correlation coefficient (r) greater than .1 means that
  - ☐ as the value of one variable goes up, the other goes down
  - $\ \square$  as the value of one variable goes up, the other also goes up
- 15. Which of the following tells us the direction of a correlation coefficient?
  - □ the sign of the r-value
  - ☐ the absolute value of the r-value
- 16. Which of the following values indicates a moderate correlation coefficient?
  - □ +/- 1.00 to 1.50
  - □ +/- .50 to 1.00
  - □ +/-.30 to .50
  - □ +/-.10 to .30
  - $\Box$  0
- 17. Which of the graphs below show a strong positive correlation coefficient?

 $\Box$  A  $\Box$  B  $\Box$  C



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	Participants who spend longer browsing internet resources will do worse on the exam.  The time spent browsing internet resources will not be related to exam score.  Will participants who spend longer browsing internet resources do worse on the exam?
	of the following is an example of Faking Bad? pretending to not be in pain when you are in a lot of pain pretending to be in a lot of pain when you are not feeling much pain pretending to really like milk when you are talking with a dairy farmer lying about who you will vote for to a pollster
points	wim meet, three judges score a diver a 5, 9, and 4 out of a possible 10 s. This is an example of low internal validity external validity split-half reliability inter-rater reliability
	eliability of measure has to do with the Consistency in producing the same results The accuracy of the measurements for the construct
classr visitat	e recording any behaviors displayed by children in a third-grade oom, Emeril visits the classroom continually for three weeks. Emeril's ions will help lessen validity. reactivity. reliability. sampling bias.
	ys are most effective at gatherings information about attitudes and intentions behaviors causal relationships all of the above

tuition beca	in order to increase the number of classes and parking spaces offered?"  use it is a question.  loaded  double-barreled  simplistic  yea-saying and nay-saying
	tive correlation coefficient tells us that the relationship between our two variables is very strong. there is no relationship between variables. if we have a high score on one variable, we have a low score on the second variable. if we have a low score on one variable, we also have a low score on the second variable.
31. If it wo	as discovered that drinking fine wine was associated with good health, one
	predict that people who are healthier tend to drink fine wine conclude that people who can afford to drink wine can also afford good health care conclude that only healthy people drink wine conclude that some chemical in the wine caused improved bodily functions
would	question the construct validity of a study, which of the following questions you be asking?  How were the participants recruited?  Which statistic should be computed?  Were the variables measured accurately?  Does the predictor variable cause changes in the outcome variable?