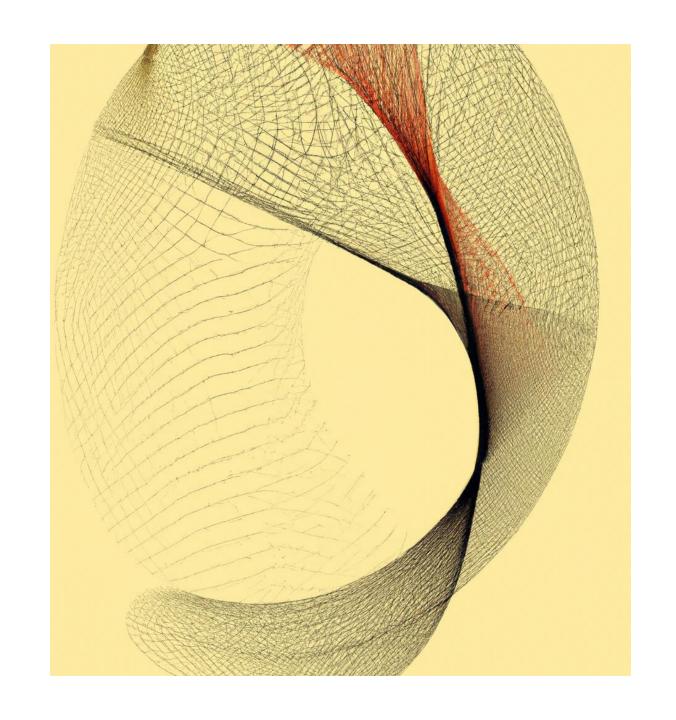
# Introduction to Machine Learning in R

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Sydney Informatic Hub





#### **Sydney Informatics Hub**

SIH is a Core Research Facility of the University of Sydney enabling excellence in computational and data-driven research through advanced digital infrastructure, expert data consultancy and analytics training

#### **Sydney Informatics Hub**

#### Empowering researchers with modern data & computational methods

#### **Research Computing**

- High performance computing
  - Bioinformatics & genomics
  - Modelling & visualisation
    - Computing training

#### **Data Science & SWE**

Consulting and project collaboration providing analysis & software development for data-driven research.

#### **Statistical Consulting**

- 1-on-1 consultancy for HDR-level and above.
- Experiment and survey design.
  - Statistical model development and testing
  - Statistics training



Consultation



Grant application support



Data Science, ML, modelling & analytics



Research compute platforms



Hacky Hour



Training

#### **Code of Conduct**

We expect all attendees of our training to follow the University of Sydney's <u>Staff</u> and <u>Student</u> Codes of Conduct, including the <u>Bullying</u>, <u>harassment and discrimination</u> <u>prevention policy</u>.

To foster a positive and professional learning environment, we encourage the following kinds of behaviours at all our events and platforms:

- Use welcoming and inclusive language
- Be respectful of different viewpoints and experiences
- Gracefully accept constructive criticism
- Focus on what is best for the community
- Show courtesy and respect towards other community members

Our full CoC, with incident reporting guidelines, is available at <a href="https://pages.github.sydney.edu.au/informatics/sih\_codeofconduct/">https://pages.github.sydney.edu.au/informatics/sih\_codeofconduct/</a>

#### (Examples of) Unacceptable behaviour

- Sustained disruption of talks, events or communications
- Written/verbal comments which have the effect of excluding people on the basis of membership of any specific group
- Causing someone to fear for their safety, such as through stalking, following, or intimidation
- Violent threats or language directed against another person
- The display of sexual or violent images
- Unwelcome sexual attention; non-consensual or unwelcome physical contact
- Insults or put downs; excessive swearing
- Sexist, racist, homophobic, transphobic, ableist, or exclusionary jokes
- Incitement to violence, suicide, or self-harm
- Continuing to initiate interaction (including photography or recording) with someone after being asked to stop

Publication of private communication without consent

#### **Asking for Help**



I need help with my computer



I need help understanding something (which likely means others do too)

## Plan for the workshop

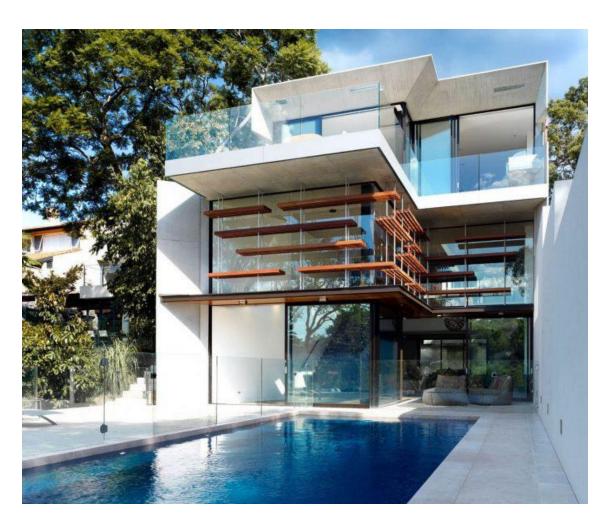
Time	Day1-March 28 <sup>th</sup>	Day2-March 30 <sup>th</sup>
9:00-9:15am	Welcome	Q&A from Day 1
9:15-10:30am	Intro to Machine Learning Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) - Regression	Intro to Classification and EDA
10:45-11:00am	Morning break	Morning break
11:00am-12:30pm	EDA - Regression (continue)	Intro to Classification and EDA (continue)
12:30-1:30pm	Lunch	Lunch
1:30-3:00pm	Intro to Tidymodels – pre-processing	Tuning hyperparameters
3:00-3:15pm	Afternoon break	Afternoon break
3:15-4:45pm	Linear Models and working with workflows	Regularized logistic regression, random forest – compare models

# How are statistics and Machine Learning related?

## Statistics: inferring from samples



#### Machine Learning: making generalizable predictors



- 5 beds
- 4 baths
- Water views
- Mosman
- Featured on fancy architecture website



## Skill comes from learning and practice





## **Terminology**

Find an algorithm f(x) that most accurately <u>predicts future values</u>
 y based on a set of inputs x

- Observations/data points - rows (in R)

- Predictor variables - columns (in R)

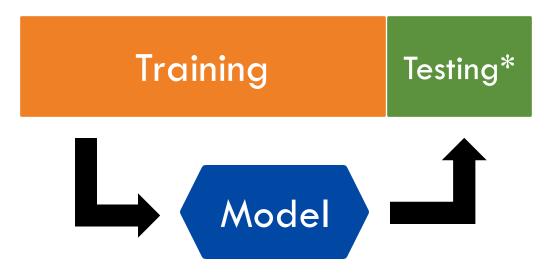
 Outcome - what you're trying to predict (usually more applicable in the context of supervised learning)

#### Generalisability and overfitting

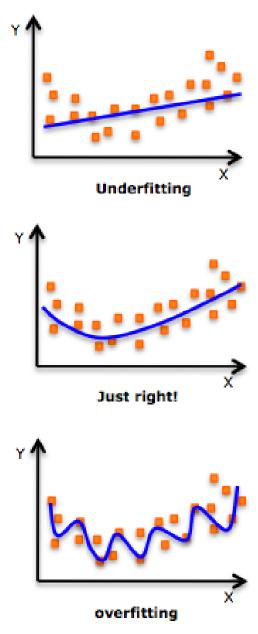
 Generalisability – ability to predict well on future, unseen data (can assess this with a validation set) – good model!

 Overfitting – model fits existing data very well (too well), but doesn't generalise to new data – bad model!

#### Training and testing



We want to train our model such that it can be generalizable enough to the test set, but not such that it is overfit to the training set.



Images from: http://epicalsoft.blogspot.com/2019/02/azure-machine-learning-sobreajuste-y.html

\*Do not touch the test set!

#### CLASSICAL MACHINE LEARNING Data is not labeled Data is pre-categorized in any Way or numerical UNSUPERVISED SUPERVISED Divide Predict. Identify sequences by similarity Predict a category a number CLUSTERING CLASSIFICATION Find hidden «Sp.it up similar clothing into stacks» dependencies Divide the socks by colorn ASSOCIATION «Find What clothes I often Wear together» REGRESSION Ø+0= ■ «Divide the ties by length» +== ## 1950+1 = de DIMENSION REDUCTION (generalization) «Make the best outfits from the given clothes»

#### Your turn!

- Form teams within your table;
- Share your backgrounds with R, data, and Machine Learning;

Choose a team name.

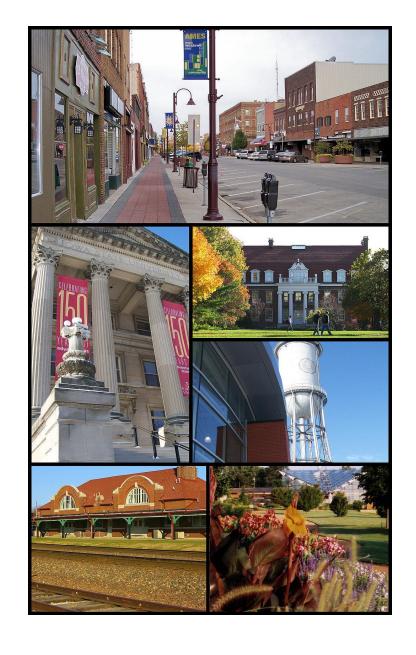
#### **Dataset - Ames Housing**

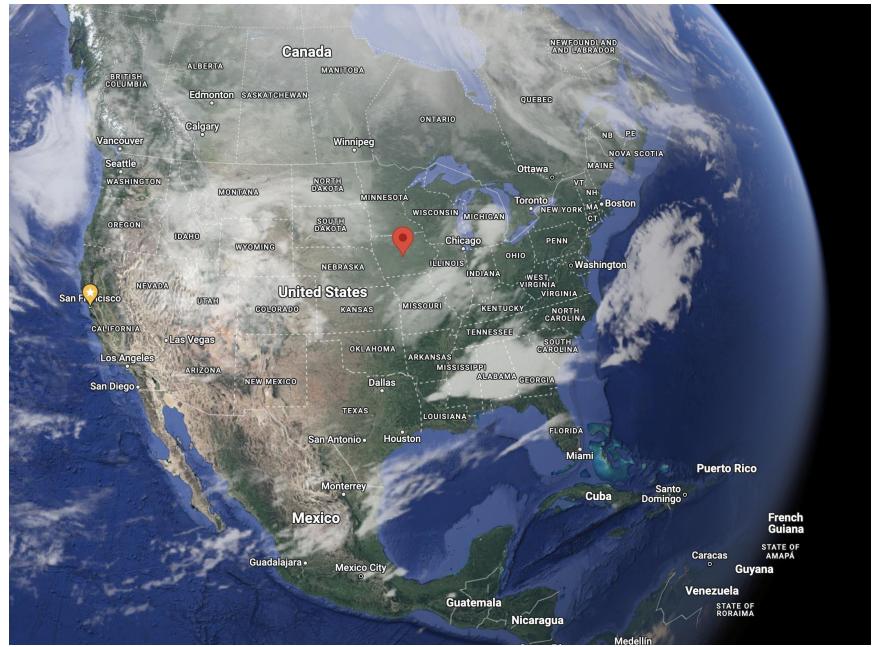
Descriptions of 2,930 houses sold in Ames, IA from 2006 to 2010, collected by the Ames Assessor's Office.

```
#install.packages("AmesHousing")
library(AmesHousing)
ameshousing <- AmesHousing::make_ames()</pre>
```

#### Meet the data: Ames housing

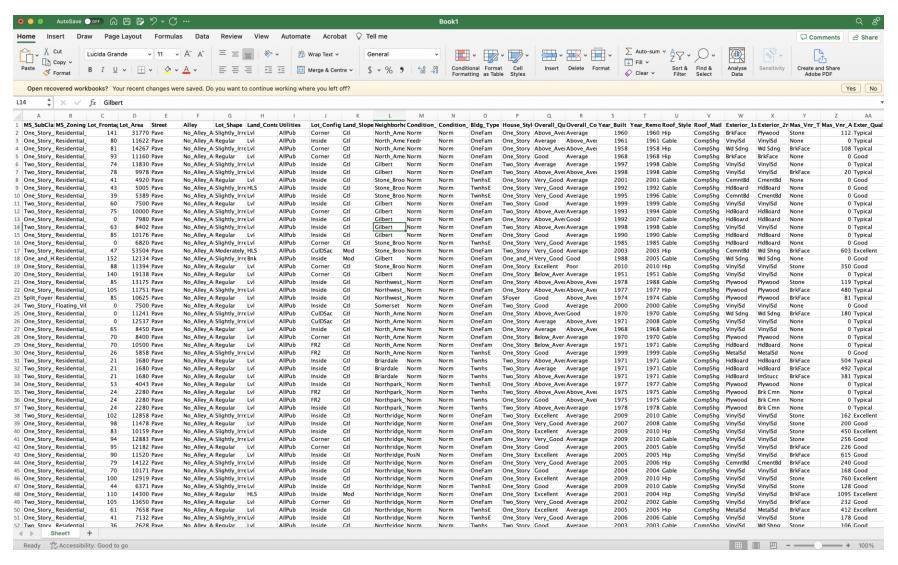
- Data set of housing data from Ames, Iowa, collected from 2006 – 2010.
- Population of  $\sim 58,000 (2010)$
- Data includes many different physical measurements or descriptions of properties.
- Assembled for an end of semester regression project by Dean De Cock at Truman University.
- Popularized by a Kaggle competition predicting housing prices





# **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)**

## **Exploring Our Data**



# **Tidymodels**

## Your data budget - Data splitting



For machine learning, we typically split data into training and test sets:

- The training set is used to estimate model parameters.
- The test set is used to find an independent assessment of model performance.



#### Pre-Process

## Your data budget - Data spending



- Spending too much data in training prevents us from computing a good assessment of predictive performance;
- Spending too much data in testing prevents us from computing a good estimate of model parameters.

Some commonly used cut-offs include:

- •60% training / 40% testing
- •70% training / 30% testing
- •80% training / 20% testing

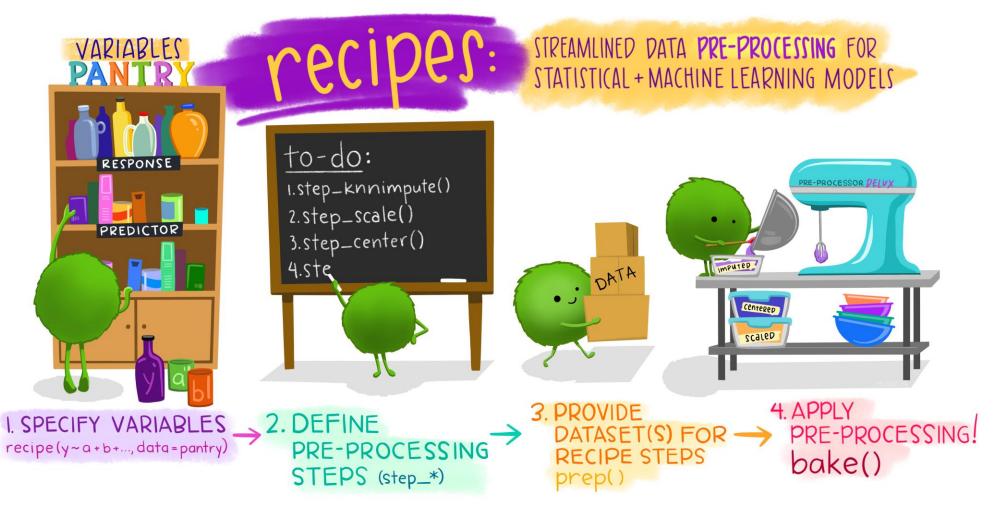




#### Pre-Process

#### Prepare your data for modeling





recipe() ----- prep() ----- bake()

**Defines** the preprocessing

Calculates statistics from the training set Applies the preprocessing to data sets

(returns a recipe)

(returns a recipe)

(returns a tibble)

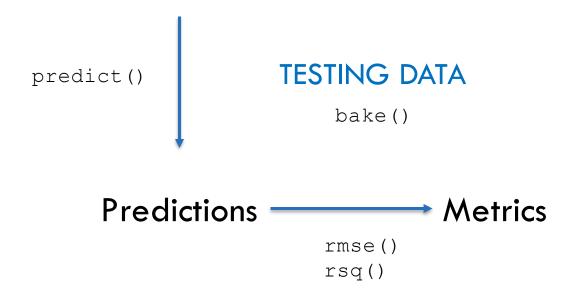
Within recipe(), the training set is used to determine the data types of each column

Within prep(), the preprocessing steps are executed using the training set

Within bake (), the training parameters are applied to the testing set.

#### Model

#### Trained Model



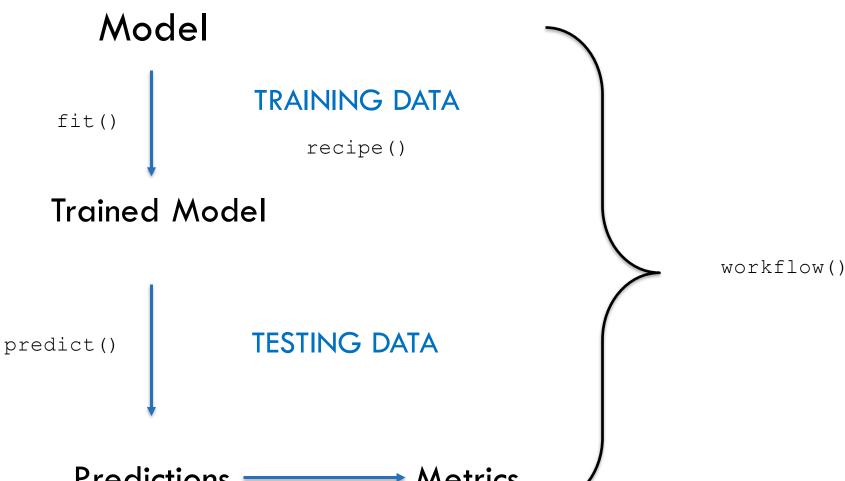
# Let's make our life easier!

#### Workflows

 The recipe prepping and model fitting can be executed using a single call to fit() instead of prep()-juice()-fit();

 The recipe baking and model predictions are handled with a single call to predict() instead of bake()-predict().

Within fit (), the training data are used for all estimation operations (from the recipe that is part of the workflow())



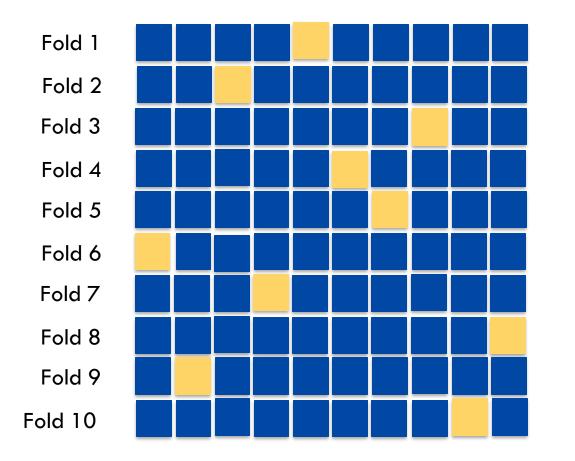
Within predict (), values from the **training** data are used to standardize the **testing** data.

**Predictions** Metrics rmse() rsq()

## Resampling - cross-validation

Original Training Testing





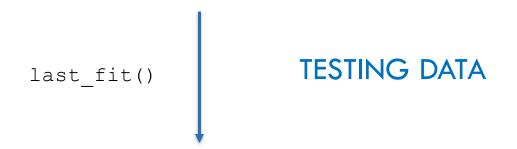
#### Pre-Process





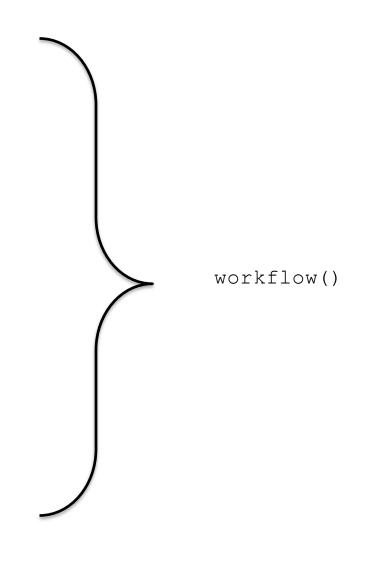
fit\_resamples()
TRAINING DATA
recipe()

#### Trained Model



Predictions — Metrics

collect\_metrics()
collect\_predictions()



#### Resources to keep learning:

- https://www.tidymodels.org/
- https://www.tmwr.org/
- http://www.feat.engineering/
- https://smltar.com/



Your feedback is important!