

1. WAP to implement singly linked list with following operations.

- a) Create a linked list.
- b) Insertion of a node at first position, at any position and at end of list. Display the contents of the linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

Struct node
{
    int data;
    Struct node *next;
};

Struct node *start = NULL;
Struct node *create_ll(Struct node *);
Struct node *display(Struct node *);
Struct node *insert_beg(Struct node *);
Struct node *insert_end(Struct node *);
Struct node *insert_after(Struct node *);
Struct node *sort_ll(Struct node *);
```

int main()

{

int choice;

printf ("In ***menu *** In 1.create a digit list
2. display list 3. Insert - beg list 4. Insert - end list
5. Insert - before list 6. Insert - after ");

do

{

printf ("In Enter the choice: ");

scanf ("%d", &choice);

switch (choice)

{

case 1: start = create_ll (start);

printf ("In linked digit created ");

break;

case 2: start = display (start);

break;

case 3: start = insert - beg (start);

break;

case 4: start = insert - end (start);

break;

case 5: start = insert - before (start);

break;

case 6: start = insert - after (start);

break;

3.

while (choice != 3);

return 0;

3.

start node *current_ll (start node *start)

{

start node *new_node, *prior;

int num;

printf("In enter -1 to end");

printf("In enter the data: ");

scanf("%d", &num);

while (num != -1)

{

new_node = (start node *) malloc (sizeof (start node));

new_node -> data = num;

If (start == NULL)

{

new_node -> next = NULL;

start = new_node;

3.

edge

{

prior = start;

while (prior -> next != NULL)

prior = prior -> next;

$p_{tor} \rightarrow next = new_node;$

$new_node \rightarrow next = NULL;$

g.

printf("In Enter the data: ");

scanf("%d", &num);

g.

return start;

g:

struct node *display(struct node *start)

{

struct node *ptr;

ptr = start;

while (ptr != NULL)

{

printf("It %d", ptr->data);

ptr = ptr->next;

g.

return start;

g:

struct node *insert_beg (struct node *start)

{

struct node *new_node;

int num;

printf ("In Enter the data: ");

scanf ("%d", &num);

new_node = (struct node *) malloc (sizeof (struct node));

new_node->data = num;

new_node->next = start;

start = new_node;

return start;

}

struct node *insert_end (struct node *start)

{

struct node *new_node, *ptr;

int num;

printf ("In Enter the data: ");

scanf ("%d", &num);

new_node = (struct node *) malloc (sizeof (struct node));

new_node->data = num;

new_node->next = NULL;

ptr = start;

if (start == NULL)

L

start = new_node;

3

edge

2

while ($p_{\text{ptr}} \rightarrow \text{next} \neq \text{NULL}$)

$p_{\text{ptr}} = p_{\text{ptr}} \rightarrow \text{next};$

$p_{\text{ptr}} \rightarrow \text{next} = \text{new_node};$

return start;

3.

3:

start node + $p_{\text{ptr}} = \text{before}(\text{start node} + \text{start})$

2

start node + new-node, * p_{ptr} , * $p_{\text{one_ptr}}$;

Print num, val

printf ("In Enter the data: ");

scanf ("%d", &num);

printf ("In Enter the value before which data has
to be inserted: ");

scanf ("%d", &val);

new-node \rightarrow data = num;

$p_{\text{ptr}} = \text{start};$

while ($p_{\text{ptr}} \rightarrow \text{data} \neq \text{val}$)

2

$p_{\text{one_ptr}} = p_{\text{ptr}};$

$p_{\text{ptr}} = p_{\text{ptr}} \rightarrow \text{next};$

3.

`pnext->next = new-node;`

`new-node->next = ptar;`

`return start;`

`};`

insert node + insert after (struct node *start)

`L`

`struct node *new-node, *ptar, *pnext;`

`int num, val;`

`printf ("In enter the data :");`

`scanf ("%d", &num);`

`printf ("In enter the value after which data has to
be inserted :");`

`scanf ("%d", &val);`

`new-node = (struct node*) malloc (sizeof (struct node));`

`new-node->data = num;`

`ptar = start;`

`pnext = ptar;`

`while (pnext->data != val)`

`L`

`pnext = ptar;`

`ptar = ptar->next;`

`};`

`pnext->next = new-node;`

`new-node->next = ptar;`

`return start;`

`;`

struct node * delete_beg (struct node * start)

{

struct node * pptr;

pptr = start;

start = start -> next;

free (pptr);

return start;

};

struct node * delete_end (struct node * start)

{

struct node * pptr, * prepptr;

pptr = start;

while (pptr -> next != NULL)

{

prepptr = pptr;

pptr = pptr -> next;

.

prepptr -> next = NULL;

free (pptr);

return start;

};

start node + delete node (start node + start)

5

start node *ptr, *preptr;

int val:

printf ("In Enter the value to be deleted: ");

scanf ("%d", &val);

ptr = start;

If (ptr->data == val)

2

start = delete_beg (start);

return start;

3.

else

while (ptr->data != val)

4

preptr = ptr;

ptr = ptr->next;

5.

preptr->next = ptr->next;

free (ptr);

return start;

6

};

start node * delete - after (start node + start);

2

start node * p1; * pnext;

int val;

printf ("In Enter the value after which the node has
to be deleted: ");

scanf ("%d", &val);

p1 = start;

pnext = p1;

while (pnext->data != val)

2

pnext = p1;

p1 = p1->next;

3.

pnext->next = p1->next;

free (p1);

return start;

3;

struct node * delete_digt (struct node * start)

{

struct node * pto;

if (start == NULL)

{

pto = start;

while (pto != NULL)

{

printf ("%d is deleted\n", pto->data);

start = delete_beg (pto);

pto = start;

g.

}

return start;

g;

struct node * start;

Output:

-- menu --

1. create linked list
2. display
3. insert - beg
4. insert - beg
5. insert - end
6. insert - before
7. insert - after
8. del - beg
9. del - end
10. del - node
11. exit.

Enter your choice : 1

Enter -1 to exit.

Enter the num : 2

Enter the num : 3

Enter the num : 4

Enter the num = 5

Enter the num = -1

linked digit corrected enter the choice 9.

2 3 4 5 6.

Enter the choice: 10

exit.

~~delete~~ ~~9~~ ~~22/1/2021~~

ok

Enter the choice: 7

Enter the choice: 2

2 3 4

Enter the choice: 7

Enter the choice: 2

2 3

Enter the choice: 9.

enter the value that has to be deleted: 2.

Enter the choice: 2

3.